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Bis[3-(methoxycarbonyl)anilinium] hexachloridostannate(IV)

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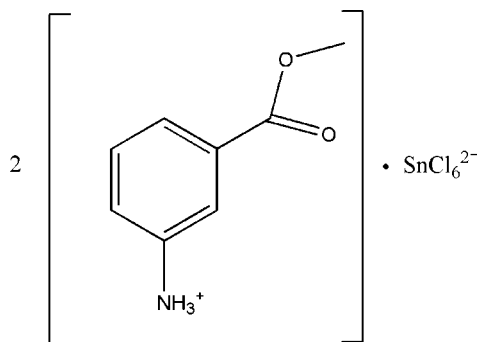
Received 9 December 2010; accepted 26 December 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.009$ Å; R factor = 0.057; wR factor = 0.156; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.4.

In the title compound, $(\text{NH}_3\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3)_2[\text{SnCl}_6]$, the anions are situated on inversion centers so the asymmetric unit contains one cation and one half-anion. In the crystal, intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ and $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the cations and anions into layers parallel to the ac plane. The crystal packing exhibits voids of 37 Å³.

Related literature

For general background to inorganic-organic hybrid compounds, see: Cheetham *et al.* (1999); Descalzo *et al.* (2006); Sanchez *et al.* (2003, 2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

$(\text{C}_8\text{H}_{10}\text{NO}_2)_2[\text{SnCl}_6]$
 $M_r = 635.73$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.2320$ (7) Å

$b = 8.2701$ (9) Å
 $c = 11.2801$ (12) Å
 $\alpha = 86.980$ (2)°
 $\beta = 81.970$ (2)°
 $\gamma = 65.870$ (1)°
 $V = 609.66$ (11) Å³

$Z = 1$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.73$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.18 \times 0.16 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.746$, $T_{\max} = 0.819$

3096 measured reflections
2084 independent reflections
1846 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.156$
 $S = 1.01$
2084 reflections

135 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 3.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.32$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.89	1.99	2.832 (7)	157
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{i}}$	0.89	3.00	3.542 (6)	121
$\text{N1}-\text{H1C}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.89	2.57	3.419 (6)	160
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{Cl3}^{\text{iii}}$	0.89	2.42	3.267 (6)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 2, -y, -z + 1$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z + 1$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5016).

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supporting information

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Bis[3-(methoxycarbonyl)anilinium] hexachloridostannate(IV)

Rui-Ting Xue, Xian-Wang Song, Shou-Gang Chen and Yan-Sheng Yin

S1. Comment

Inorganic-organic hybrid materials have been of great interest over recent years [Cheetham *et al.*, 1999]. The supramolecular chemistry, the optical properties and the applications of the inorganic-organic nanocomposites have been reviewed in the literatures [Descalzo *et al.*, 2006; Sanchez *et al.*, 2003, 2005]. Recently, we have prepared the title compound. Here we present its crystal structure.

The title compound contains SnCl₆ inorganic anions and organic cations. The SnCl₆ inorganic anion displays regular octahedron, with average Sn—Cl distance of 2.4073 Å. The angles of Cl—Sn—Cl are 89.45 to 90.95° for the chlorine atoms in *cis* positions. In the organic cation, the dihedral angle between the ester group and the phenyl ring is 5.7(0.3)°.

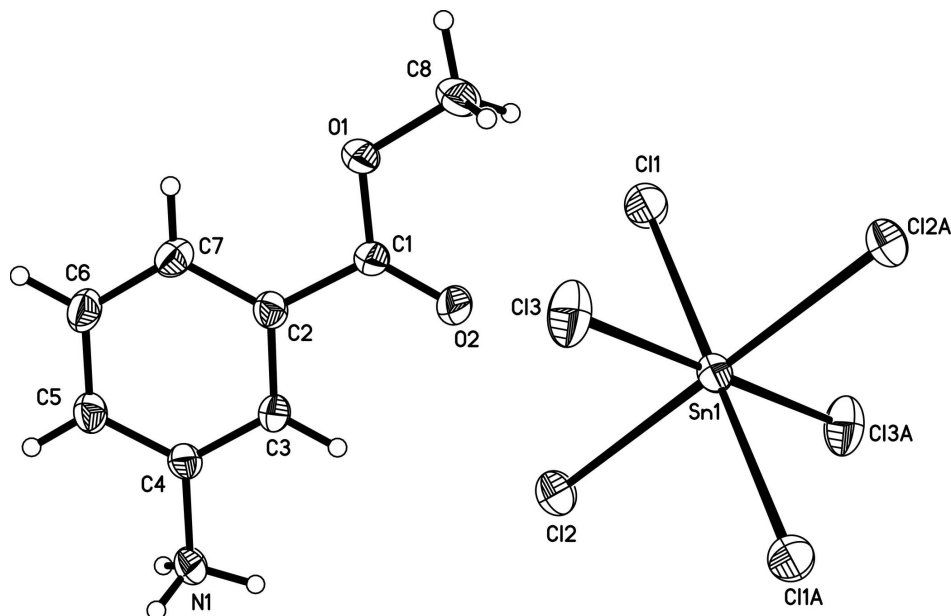
In the crystal structure, intermolecular N—H⋯Cl and N—H⋯O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link cations and anions into layers parallel to *ac* plane.

S2. Experimental

3-aminobenzoic acid (10 mmol) was dissolved to methanol (10 ml) and 5 ml hydrochloric acid was added. A few minutes later, a methanol solution (10 ml) of tin tetrachloride (5 mmol) was added with stirring. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h, a yellow solid then separated out. The precipitate formed was filtered off, washed several times with anhydrous methanol and dried under vacuum. Yellow block crystals of the title compound were obtained from methanol solution after four days by slow evaporation at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All H-atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.96 Å (methyl), 0.93 Å (aromatic), N—H = 0.89 Å (ammonium) and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.52U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$. The highest residual peak of 3.34 e Å⁻³ is situated 1.75 Å at atom H1B.

**Figure 1**

The structure of the title compound, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme [symmetry code: (A) $-x + 2, -y, -z$]

Bis[3-(methoxycarbonyl)anilinium] hexachloridostannate(IV)

Crystal data

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$M_r = 635.73$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

$a = 7.2320$ (7) Å

$b = 8.2701$ (9) Å

$c = 11.2801$ (12) Å

$\alpha = 86.980$ (2)°

$\beta = 81.970$ (2)°

$\gamma = 65.870$ (1)°

$V = 609.66$ (11) Å³

$Z = 1$

$F(000) = 314$

$D_x = 1.732$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2281 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}27.6^\circ$

$\mu = 1.73$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Block, colourless

$0.18 \times 0.16 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

phi and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.746$, $T_{\max} = 0.819$

3096 measured reflections

2084 independent reflections

1846 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$

$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 5$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$

$wR(F^2) = 0.156$

$S = 1.01$

2084 reflections

135 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.121P)^2]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 3.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Sn1	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0328 (3)
Cl1	0.6515 (2)	0.2167 (2)	0.03141 (14)	0.0513 (5)
Cl2	0.9962 (3)	-0.0365 (2)	0.21342 (12)	0.0508 (4)
Cl3	1.1248 (3)	0.2268 (2)	0.00885 (15)	0.0552 (5)
N1	0.5099 (9)	0.0834 (7)	0.7957 (4)	0.0449 (13)
H1A	0.5244	-0.0115	0.7554	0.067*
H1B	0.4246	0.0948	0.8628	0.067*
H1C	0.6309	0.0709	0.8138	0.067*
O1	0.2054 (7)	0.4933 (6)	0.3593 (4)	0.0454 (10)
O2	0.3547 (9)	0.2009 (6)	0.3694 (4)	0.0652 (15)
C1	0.2955 (9)	0.3441 (8)	0.4139 (5)	0.0390 (13)
C2	0.3176 (9)	0.3708 (8)	0.5388 (5)	0.0374 (13)
C3	0.3979 (9)	0.2212 (8)	0.6087 (5)	0.0392 (13)
H3	0.4309	0.1090	0.5783	0.047*
C4	0.4274 (9)	0.2416 (8)	0.7219 (5)	0.0357 (12)
C5	0.3753 (10)	0.4048 (8)	0.7713 (5)	0.0426 (14)
H5	0.3942	0.4151	0.8500	0.051*
C6	0.2944 (11)	0.5536 (9)	0.7020 (6)	0.0473 (15)
H6	0.2596	0.6652	0.7339	0.057*
C7	0.2650 (9)	0.5377 (8)	0.5864 (6)	0.0424 (14)
H7	0.2100	0.6382	0.5400	0.051*
C8	0.1833 (12)	0.4799 (10)	0.2347 (6)	0.0552 (18)
H8A	0.3156	0.4360	0.1879	0.083*
H8B	0.1003	0.5948	0.2062	0.083*
H8C	0.1193	0.4000	0.2277	0.083*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Sn1	0.0336 (4)	0.0345 (4)	0.0272 (3)	-0.0093 (3)	-0.0072 (2)	-0.0035 (2)

Cl1	0.0371 (8)	0.0534 (10)	0.0467 (9)	0.0012 (7)	-0.0095 (6)	-0.0131 (7)
Cl2	0.0680 (11)	0.0481 (9)	0.0257 (8)	-0.0119 (8)	-0.0085 (6)	-0.0018 (6)
Cl3	0.0693 (11)	0.0552 (10)	0.0520 (9)	-0.0379 (9)	0.0033 (8)	-0.0157 (8)
N1	0.062 (3)	0.044 (3)	0.027 (2)	-0.019 (3)	-0.012 (2)	0.000 (2)
O1	0.056 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.032 (2)	-0.009 (2)	-0.0126 (18)	0.0018 (18)
O2	0.108 (4)	0.037 (3)	0.037 (2)	-0.011 (3)	-0.023 (3)	-0.003 (2)
C1	0.046 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.033 (3)	-0.010 (3)	-0.008 (2)	0.000 (3)
C2	0.037 (3)	0.040 (3)	0.032 (3)	-0.012 (3)	-0.003 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C3	0.044 (3)	0.036 (3)	0.032 (3)	-0.010 (3)	-0.003 (2)	-0.008 (2)
C4	0.038 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.027 (3)	-0.014 (3)	-0.002 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C5	0.047 (3)	0.046 (4)	0.033 (3)	-0.017 (3)	-0.004 (2)	-0.008 (3)
C6	0.060 (4)	0.039 (3)	0.040 (3)	-0.019 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.010 (3)
C7	0.045 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.043 (3)	-0.012 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C8	0.063 (4)	0.055 (4)	0.035 (3)	-0.010 (3)	-0.013 (3)	0.005 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Sn1—Cl3	2.4028 (16)	C2—C3	1.388 (9)
Sn1—Cl3 ⁱ	2.4028 (16)	C2—C7	1.389 (9)
Sn1—Cl2 ⁱ	2.4081 (14)	C3—C4	1.354 (8)
Sn1—Cl2	2.4081 (14)	C3—H3	0.9300
Sn1—Cl1 ⁱ	2.4111 (15)	C4—C5	1.371 (9)
Sn1—Cl1	2.4111 (15)	C5—C6	1.381 (9)
N1—C4	1.465 (7)	C5—H5	0.9300
N1—H1A	0.8900	C6—C7	1.372 (9)
N1—H1B	0.8900	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—H1C	0.8900	C7—H7	0.9300
O1—C1	1.305 (7)	C8—H8A	0.9600
O1—C8	1.451 (7)	C8—H8B	0.9600
O2—C1	1.195 (7)	C8—H8C	0.9600
C1—C2	1.477 (8)		
Cl3—Sn1—Cl3 ⁱ	180.00 (3)	C3—C2—C7	119.9 (5)
Cl3—Sn1—Cl2 ⁱ	90.55 (6)	C3—C2—C1	117.6 (5)
Cl3 ⁱ —Sn1—Cl2 ⁱ	89.45 (6)	C7—C2—C1	122.4 (6)
Cl3—Sn1—Cl2	89.45 (6)	C4—C3—C2	118.8 (5)
Cl3 ⁱ —Sn1—Cl2	90.55 (6)	C4—C3—H3	120.6
Cl2 ⁱ —Sn1—Cl2	180.00 (9)	C2—C3—H3	120.6
Cl3—Sn1—Cl1 ⁱ	89.05 (7)	C3—C4—C5	122.5 (6)
Cl3 ⁱ —Sn1—Cl1 ⁱ	90.95 (7)	C3—C4—N1	118.5 (5)
Cl2 ⁱ —Sn1—Cl1 ⁱ	89.55 (6)	C5—C4—N1	119.0 (5)
Cl2—Sn1—Cl1 ⁱ	90.45 (6)	C4—C5—C6	118.7 (5)
Cl3—Sn1—Cl1	90.95 (7)	C4—C5—H5	120.7
Cl3 ⁱ —Sn1—Cl1	89.05 (7)	C6—C5—H5	120.7
Cl2 ⁱ —Sn1—Cl1	90.45 (6)	C7—C6—C5	120.4 (6)
Cl2—Sn1—Cl1	89.55 (6)	C7—C6—H6	119.8
Cl1 ⁱ —Sn1—Cl1	180.00 (6)	C5—C6—H6	119.8
C4—N1—H1A	109.5	C6—C7—C2	119.7 (6)

C4—N1—H1B	109.5	C6—C7—H7	120.1
H1A—N1—H1B	109.5	C2—C7—H7	120.1
C4—N1—H1C	109.5	O1—C8—H8A	109.5
H1A—N1—H1C	109.5	O1—C8—H8B	109.5
H1B—N1—H1C	109.5	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C1—O1—C8	116.2 (5)	O1—C8—H8C	109.5
O2—C1—O1	124.6 (5)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
O2—C1—C2	123.0 (5)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
O1—C1—C2	112.5 (5)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, -y, -z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1A \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.89	1.99	2.832 (7)	157
N1—H1B \cdots Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.89	3.00	3.542 (6)	121
N1—H1C \cdots Cl2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.57	3.419 (6)	160
N1—H1B \cdots Cl3 ^{iv}	0.89	2.42	3.267 (6)	159

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iii) $-x+2, -y, -z+1$; (iv) $x-1, y, z+1$.