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## Structure Reports

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## 1-Benzylidene-4-ethylthiosemicarbazide

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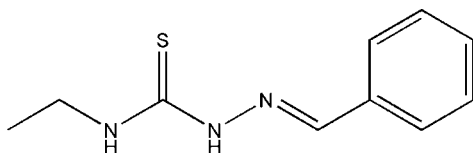
Received 25 September 2010; accepted 26 September 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.051;  $wR$  factor = 0.152; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.4.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{S}$ , was prepared by the reaction of 4-ethylthiosemicarbazide and benzaldehyde. The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the thiourea unit is  $8.96(7)^\circ$  and an intramolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bond generates an  $S(5)$  ring. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  hydrogen bonds generate  $R_2^2(8)$  loops.

## Related literature

For background to the coordination chemistry of Schiff bases, see: Habermehl *et al.* (2006). For a related structure, see: Li & Jian (2010).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_3\text{S}$  $M_r = 207.30$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 8.4899(17)$  Å  
 $b = 13.467(3)$  Å  
 $c = 10.015(2)$  Å  
 $\beta = 96.04(3)^\circ$   
 $V = 1138.7(4)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.25$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
 $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.18$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD  
 diffractometer  
 10048 measured reflections

2596 independent reflections  
 2118 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.152$   
 $S = 1.09$   
 2596 reflections

127 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.40$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{N3}$	0.86	2.23	2.628 (2)	108
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{S1}^1$	0.86	2.74	3.5565 (16)	158

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5654).

## References

- Bruker (1997). *SMART* and *SAINTE*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Habermehl, N. C., Angus, P. M. & Kilah, N. L. (2006). *Inorg. Chem.* **45**, 1445–1462.  
 Li, Y.-F. & Jian, F.-F. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o1399.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o2686 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810038444]

## 1-Benzylidene-4-ethylthiosemicarbazide

Yu-Feng Li and Yun-Cheng Zhang

### S1. Comment

Schiff bases are important intermediates which have been reported to be chiral coordination compound with many interesting properties (Habermehl *et al.*, 2006). As part of our research for new Schiff-base compounds we synthesized the title compound (I), and describe its structure here. In the molecule structure, the dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the thiourea unit is 8.96 (7)°.

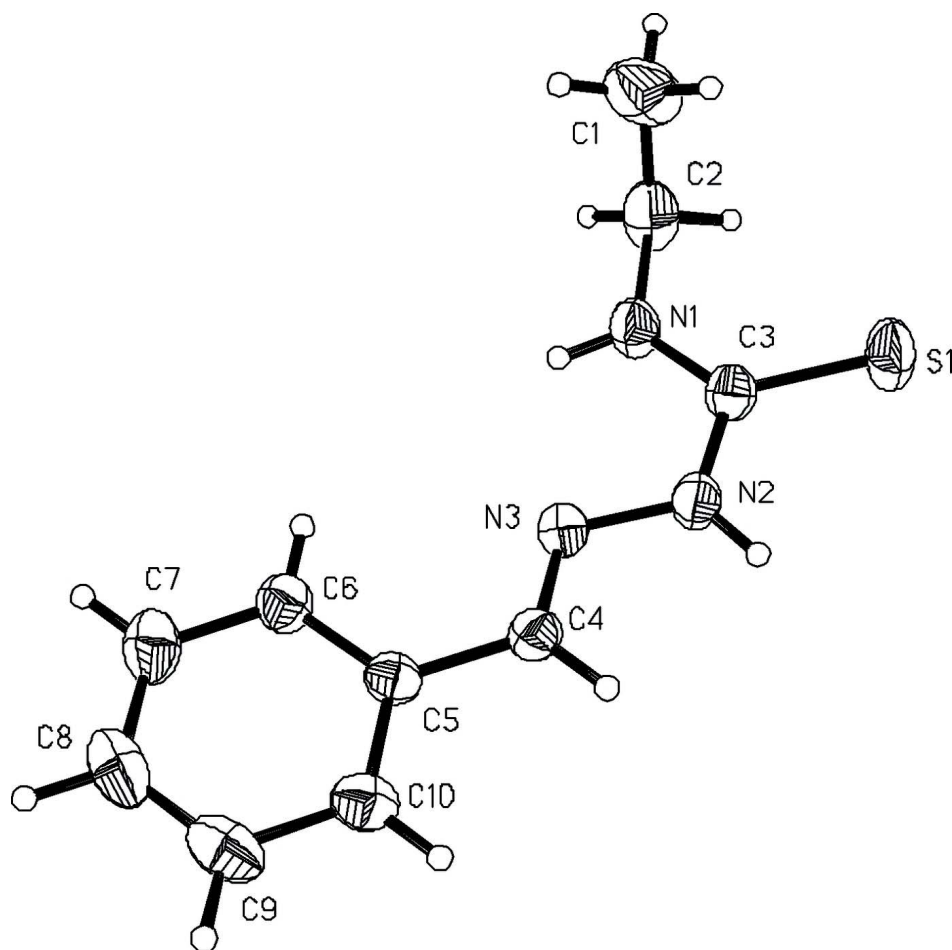
Bond lengths and angles agree with those observed in a related structure (Li & Jian, 2010).

### S2. Experimental

A mixture of 4-ethylthiosemicarbazide (0.1 mol) and benzaldehyde (0.1 mol) was stirred in refluxing ethanol (25 mL) for 2 h to afford the title compound (0.079 mol, yield 79%). Colourless blocks of (I) were obtained by recrystallization from ethanol at room temperature.

### S3. Refinement

H atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their attached atoms, with C—H distances=0.97 Å, and with  $U_{\text{iso}}=1.2-1.5U_{\text{eq}}$ .

**Figure 1**

The structure of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

### 1-Benzylidene-4-ethylthiosemicarbazide

#### Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{13}N_3S$

$M_r = 207.30$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P 2_1/c$

$a = 8.4899 (17) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 13.467 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 10.015 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 96.04 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1138.7 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 440$

$D_x = 1.209 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2596 reflections

$\theta = 3.0\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, colorless

$0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

phi and  $\omega$  scans

10048 measured reflections

2596 independent reflections

2118 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$

$h = -10 \rightarrow 9$   
 $k = -17 \rightarrow 17$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.152$   
 $S = 1.09$   
 2596 reflections  
 127 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0834P)^2 + 0.1728P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.28967 (7)	0.39580 (4)	-0.07292 (4)	0.0744 (2)
N1	0.25491 (17)	0.29999 (11)	0.15603 (14)	0.0596 (4)
H1A	0.2916	0.2862	0.2372	0.072*
N2	0.46620 (17)	0.40411 (10)	0.15771 (13)	0.0537 (3)
H2A	0.5279	0.4416	0.1171	0.064*
N3	0.50010 (15)	0.38467 (9)	0.29257 (13)	0.0479 (3)
C4	0.61893 (18)	0.43036 (12)	0.35133 (16)	0.0504 (4)
H4A	0.6768	0.4724	0.3014	0.061*
C3	0.3357 (2)	0.36416 (12)	0.08914 (15)	0.0516 (4)
C5	0.66728 (17)	0.41886 (11)	0.49435 (16)	0.0473 (3)
C6	0.5847 (2)	0.35906 (13)	0.57650 (17)	0.0566 (4)
H6A	0.4966	0.3235	0.5399	0.068*
C10	0.7983 (2)	0.47106 (14)	0.55174 (19)	0.0624 (4)
H10A	0.8542	0.5117	0.4983	0.075*
C7	0.6330 (3)	0.35251 (16)	0.71139 (19)	0.0721 (5)
H7A	0.5773	0.3125	0.7658	0.087*
C9	0.8465 (2)	0.46324 (17)	0.6869 (2)	0.0765 (6)
H9A	0.9356	0.4977	0.7238	0.092*
C8	0.7637 (3)	0.40488 (16)	0.7670 (2)	0.0775 (6)
H8A	0.7953	0.4005	0.8586	0.093*
C1	-0.0363 (3)	0.3091 (2)	0.1253 (3)	0.1024 (9)
H1B	-0.1290	0.2740	0.0876	0.154*

H1C	-0.0324	0.3729	0.0832	0.154*
H1D	-0.0405	0.3176	0.2200	0.154*
C2	0.1083 (3)	0.25096 (16)	0.1020 (2)	0.0777 (6)
H2B	0.1027	0.1862	0.1435	0.093*
H2C	0.1102	0.2410	0.0063	0.093*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0973 (4)	0.0820 (4)	0.0422 (3)	-0.0240 (3)	-0.0006 (2)	0.00516 (19)
N1	0.0682 (9)	0.0602 (8)	0.0491 (7)	-0.0158 (7)	0.0001 (6)	0.0046 (6)
N2	0.0586 (8)	0.0584 (8)	0.0443 (7)	-0.0070 (6)	0.0066 (6)	0.0044 (5)
N3	0.0514 (7)	0.0472 (7)	0.0451 (7)	0.0009 (5)	0.0046 (5)	0.0014 (5)
C4	0.0470 (8)	0.0513 (8)	0.0534 (8)	-0.0022 (6)	0.0070 (6)	0.0066 (7)
C3	0.0598 (9)	0.0503 (8)	0.0450 (8)	-0.0013 (7)	0.0070 (6)	-0.0036 (6)
C5	0.0444 (7)	0.0436 (7)	0.0533 (8)	0.0039 (6)	0.0026 (6)	0.0001 (6)
C6	0.0599 (9)	0.0524 (8)	0.0572 (9)	-0.0016 (7)	0.0049 (7)	0.0063 (7)
C10	0.0529 (9)	0.0616 (10)	0.0714 (11)	-0.0050 (8)	0.0000 (8)	-0.0015 (8)
C7	0.0932 (14)	0.0654 (11)	0.0584 (10)	0.0106 (10)	0.0110 (9)	0.0107 (9)
C9	0.0693 (12)	0.0740 (12)	0.0806 (13)	0.0041 (10)	-0.0182 (10)	-0.0179 (10)
C8	0.0976 (15)	0.0781 (13)	0.0528 (10)	0.0246 (11)	-0.0108 (10)	-0.0087 (9)
C1	0.0765 (14)	0.0977 (18)	0.126 (2)	-0.0322 (14)	-0.0217 (14)	0.0169 (15)
C2	0.0950 (15)	0.0722 (12)	0.0629 (11)	-0.0365 (11)	-0.0059 (10)	0.0025 (9)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

S1—C3	1.6838 (16)	C10—C9	1.376 (3)
N1—C3	1.328 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9300
N1—C2	1.462 (2)	C7—C8	1.382 (3)
N1—H1A	0.8600	C7—H7A	0.9300
N2—C3	1.352 (2)	C9—C8	1.370 (3)
N2—N3	1.3761 (18)	C9—H9A	0.9300
N2—H2A	0.8600	C8—H8A	0.9300
N3—C4	1.272 (2)	C1—C2	1.495 (4)
C4—C5	1.456 (2)	C1—H1B	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9300	C1—H1C	0.9600
C5—C10	1.389 (2)	C1—H1D	0.9600
C5—C6	1.392 (2)	C2—H2B	0.9700
C6—C7	1.373 (2)	C2—H2C	0.9700
C6—H6A	0.9300		
C3—N1—C2	124.92 (15)	C6—C7—C8	120.6 (2)
C3—N1—H1A	117.5	C6—C7—H7A	119.7
C2—N1—H1A	117.5	C8—C7—H7A	119.7
C3—N2—N3	119.89 (13)	C8—C9—C10	120.19 (19)
C3—N2—H2A	120.1	C8—C9—H9A	119.9
N3—N2—H2A	120.1	C10—C9—H9A	119.9
C4—N3—N2	115.84 (13)	C9—C8—C7	119.75 (19)

N3—C4—C5	122.10 (14)	C9—C8—H8A	120.1
N3—C4—H4A	118.9	C7—C8—H8A	120.1
C5—C4—H4A	118.9	C2—C1—H1B	109.5
N1—C3—N2	116.22 (14)	C2—C1—H1C	109.5
N1—C3—S1	124.84 (13)	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
N2—C3—S1	118.92 (13)	C2—C1—H1D	109.5
C10—C5—C6	118.67 (15)	H1B—C1—H1D	109.5
C10—C5—C4	118.95 (15)	H1C—C1—H1D	109.5
C6—C5—C4	122.37 (14)	N1—C2—C1	112.78 (18)
C7—C6—C5	120.11 (17)	N1—C2—H2B	109.0
C7—C6—H6A	119.9	C1—C2—H2B	109.0
C5—C6—H6A	119.9	N1—C2—H2C	109.0
C9—C10—C5	120.71 (18)	C1—C2—H2C	109.0
C9—C10—H10A	119.6	H2B—C2—H2C	107.8
C5—C10—H10A	119.6		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
N1—H1A...N3	0.86	2.23	2.628 (2)	108
N2—H2A...S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.74	3.5565 (16)	158

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ .