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## Structure Reports

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## (R)-(1-Ammonioethyl)phosphonate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=150 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.025 ; w R$ factor $=0.070$; data-to-parameter ratio $=32.9$.

The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{P}$, crystallizes in its zwitterionic form $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}^{+} \mathrm{CH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) \mathrm{PO}\left(\mathrm{O}^{-}\right)(\mathrm{OH})$. In the crystal, the molecules are linked by $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For the antibacterial activity of the title compound, see: Allen et al. (1979). For the use of the title compound as a co-crystallizing inhibitor on the X-ray structure of the alanine racemase from Bacillus anthracis, a potential anti-anthrax drug target, see: Au et al. (2008). For examples of coordination compounds of the title compound, see: Cui et al. (2006); Carraro et al. (2008). For a description of the graph-set notation for hydrogen-bonded aggregates, see: Grell et al. (1999). For previous work from our research group on the assembly of coordination polymers using phosphonic-based molecules, see: Cunha-Silva, Ananias et al. (2009); CunhaSilva, Lima et al. (2009); Shi, Cunha-Silva et al. (2008); Shi, Trindade et al. (2008).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{P} \quad b=10.3928$ (3) $\AA$
$M_{r}=125.06 \quad c=10.4668$ (3) A
Orthorhombic, $P 2_{1} 2_{1} 2_{1} \quad V=524.93$ (2) $\AA^{3}$
$a=4.8256$ (1) A

Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.42 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$

Data collection
Bruker X8 Kappa CCD APEXII diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1997) $T_{\text {min }}=0.951, T_{\text {max }}=0.983$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.025$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.070$
$S=1.07$
2535 reflections
77 parameters
7 restraints
$T=150 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.12 \times 0.08 \times 0.04 \mathrm{~mm}$

7972 measured reflections 2535 independent reflections 2362 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.027$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | D-H | H $\cdots$ A | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{H} 4 \cdots \mathrm{O} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 0.92 (1) | 1.63 (1) | 2.5484 (10) | 175 (2) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 0.94 (1) | 1.91 (1) | 2.8033 (11) | 157 (1) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{O} 3^{\text {iii }}$ | 0.94 (1) | 1.90 (1) | 2.8369 (12) | 178 (1) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 3 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\text {iv }}$ | 0.95 (1) | 1.87 (1) | 2.8160 (12) | 171 (1) |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y, z$; (ii) $x+\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{1}{2},-z$; (iii) $-x, y+\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x-\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{1}{2},-z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: SAINTPlus (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK2694).

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## supporting information

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## (R)-(1-Ammonioethyl)phosphonate

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## S1. Comment

The title compound, $R$-1-aminoethylphosphonic acid $\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{P}\right)$, is the phosphonic analogue of the amino acid alanine and, therefore, it is commonly represented as L-Ala-P (Au et al., 2008). It presents antibacterial activity (Allen et al., 1979) and it has been employed as inhibitor in the crystallization of the enzyme alanine racemase from Bacillus anthracis (Au et al., 2008). Remarkably, only two coordination compounds containing L-Ala-P as ligand are known, namely a racemic coordination polymer of zinc (Cui et al., 2006) and a chiral molybdenum cluster (Carraro et al., 2008).
Following our interest in the use of phosphonic acid molecules in the construction of multi-dimensional coordination polymers (Cunha-Silva, Ananias et al., 2009; Cunha-Silva, Lima et al., 2009; Shi, Cunha-Silva et al., 2008; Shi, Trindade et al., 2008), herein we wish to describe the crystal structure of the title compound.

The title compound crystallises in its zwitterionic form in which the acidic phosphonate moiety donates one proton to the amino group (Fig. 1). Individual molecular units are disposed in a zigzag fashion along the [100] direction of the unit cell, leading to the formation of a supramolecular chain held together by a combination of the inner $\cdots \mathrm{O} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 1-\mathrm{N}^{+}-$ $\mathrm{H} 3 \cdots$ hydrogen bonds [graph set motif $\mathrm{C}^{1}{ }_{2}(4)$, Grell et al. (1999) - green dashed bonds in Fig. 2], and the outer isolated $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{H} 4 \cdots \mathrm{O} 3$ interactions (violet dashed bonds in Fig. 2). Supramolecular chains are in turn interconnected in the bc plane via the remnant $\mathrm{N}^{+}-\mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2$ hydrogen bonds as depicted in Fig. 3 (orange dashed lines). It is noteworthy that all hydrogen bonding interactions are rather strong and directional: while the internuclear $\mathrm{D} \cdots \mathrm{A}$ distances range from 2.5484 (10) to 2.8369 (12) $\AA$, the $\left\langle(\mathrm{DHA})\right.$ are all greater than $157^{\circ}$. As depicted in Fig. 3, the crystal packing promotes a close proximity between the substituent $-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ groups which point toward each other.

## S2. Experimental

The title compound was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich ( $>97.0 \%$, Fluka) and was used as received without purification. Suitable single crystals were grown from an aqueous solution over a period of two weeks.
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(300.13 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \delta: 1.27\left(\mathrm{dd}, 3 \mathrm{H}, J\left({ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right)=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$ and $\left.J\left({ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{-31} \mathrm{P}\right)=14.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $3.19(\mathrm{dq}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $J\left({ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right)=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and $\left.J\left({ }^{1} \mathrm{H}-{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\right)=12.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right)$.
${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(75.47 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \delta: 16.4\left(\mathrm{~d}, J\left({ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\right)=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and $47.6\left(\mathrm{~d}, J\left({ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-{ }^{31} \mathrm{P}\right)=145.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right)$.
${ }^{31} \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{NMR}\left(121.49 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \delta: 14.8\left(\mathrm{dq}, J\left({ }^{31} \mathrm{P}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}\right)=13.8\right.$ and 14.6 Hz$)$.

## S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms bound to carbon were located at their idealized positions and were included in the final model in the riding-motion approximation with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=1.00 \AA$ (tertiary $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H})$ or $0.98 \AA\left(-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. The isotropic thermal displacement parameters for these atoms were fixed at 1.2 (for methine-H) or 1.5 (methyl-H) times $U_{\text {eq }}$ of the respective parent atom.

Hydrogen atoms associated with the protonated $-\mathrm{NH}_{3}{ }^{+}$group or the pendant -OH moiety were located from difference Fourier maps and were included in the final model with the distances restrained to 0.95 (1) $\AA$ and $U_{\text {iso }}=1.5 \times U_{\text {eq }}$ of the respective parent atom. The $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{H}$ distances of the $-\mathrm{NH}_{3}{ }^{+}$terminal group were further restrained to 1.55 (1) $\AA$ in order to ensure a chemically reasonable geometry for this moiety.


Figure 1
Molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $80 \%$ probability level and the atomic labeling is provided for all non-hydrogen atoms.


Figure 2
Supramolecular one-dimensional zigzag chain running parallel to the [100] direction of the unit cell. The inner $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interactions composing the graph set motif $\mathrm{C}_{2}^{1}(4)$ are represented as dashed green lines, while the outer $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ bonds as violet dashed green lines. For hydrogen bonding geometrical details see Table 1. Symmetry operations used to generate equivalent atoms have been omitted for simplicity.


Figure 3
Crystal packing of the title compound viewed in perspective along the [100] direction of the unit cell. Hydrogen bonds are represented as dashed green (intra-chain $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ type), violet $(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ ) or orange (inter-chain $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interactions) lines.

## (R)-(1-Ammonioethyl)phosphonate

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{P}$
$M_{r}=125.06$
Orthorhombic, $P 2_{1} 2_{1} 2_{1}$
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab
$a=4.8256$ (1) $\AA$
$b=10.3928$ (3) $\AA$
$c=10.4668$ (3) $\AA$
$V=524.93(2) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

Bruker X8 Kappa CCD APEXII diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\omega$ and phi scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1997)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.951, T_{\text {max }}=0.983$
$F(000)=264$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.583 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 3869 reflections
$\theta=2.8-35.9^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.42 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=150 \mathrm{~K}$
Prism, colourless
$0.12 \times 0.08 \times 0.04 \mathrm{~mm}$

7972 measured reflections
2535 independent reflections
2362 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.027$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=36.3^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=3.9^{\circ}$
$h=-7 \rightarrow 8$
$k=-16 \rightarrow 17$
$l=-17 \rightarrow 16$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.025$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.070$
$S=1.07$
2535 reflections
77 parameters
7 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

> Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
> H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
> $w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.0415 P)^{2}\right]$ where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
> $(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001$
> $\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.50$ e $\AA^{-3}$
> $\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.26$ e $\AA^{-3}$

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1051 Friedel pairs
Absolute structure parameter: 0.00 (8)

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors $(\mathrm{gt})$ etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} *^{*} U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1 | $0.12299(5)$ | $0.08570(2)$ | $0.11153(2)$ | $0.01023(6)$ |
| O1 | $0.15178(17)$ | $0.13133(7)$ | $-0.02404(7)$ | $0.01436(13)$ |
| O2 | $0.33072(15)$ | $-0.02579(7)$ | $0.14607(8)$ | $0.01551(14)$ |
| H4 | $0.512(2)$ | $0.0009(18)$ | $0.1437(15)$ | $0.023^{*}$ |
| O3 | $-0.16015(15)$ | $0.03922(8)$ | $0.15035(8)$ | $0.01671(15)$ |
| N1 | $0.15332(19)$ | $0.34471(8)$ | $0.15951(8)$ | $0.01264(14)$ |
| H1 | $0.290(2)$ | $0.3648(15)$ | $0.0983(11)$ | $0.019^{*}$ |
| H2 | $0.152(3)$ | $0.4080(12)$ | $0.2239(10)$ | $0.019^{*}$ |
| H3 | $-0.0211(19)$ | $0.3439(15)$ | $0.1171(13)$ | $0.019^{*}$ |
| C1 | $0.2286(2)$ | $0.21731(10)$ | $0.21766(9)$ | $0.01326(17)$ |
| H1A | 0.4352 | 0.2143 | 0.2248 | $0.016^{*}$ |
| C2 | $0.1111(4)$ | $0.20387(11)$ | $0.35212(10)$ | $0.0253(2)$ |
| H2A | 0.1924 | 0.2698 | 0.4075 | $0.038^{*}$ |
| H2B | 0.1557 | 0.1184 | 0.3858 | $0.038^{*}$ |
| H2C | -0.0906 | 0.2148 | 0.3495 | $0.038^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1 | $0.00725(9)$ | $0.01088(9)$ | $0.01254(9)$ | $-0.00054(8)$ | $-0.00037(8)$ | $0.00118(8)$ |
| O1 | $0.0141(3)$ | $0.0168(3)$ | $0.0121(3)$ | $-0.0005(3)$ | $-0.0003(3)$ | $0.0012(2)$ |
| O2 | $0.0087(3)$ | $0.0130(3)$ | $0.0248(4)$ | $0.0004(2)$ | $-0.0024(2)$ | $0.0025(3)$ |
| O3 | $0.0076(3)$ | $0.0195(3)$ | $0.0229(3)$ | $-0.0017(2)$ | $0.0002(3)$ | $0.0051(3)$ |


| N 1 | $0.0126(3)$ | $0.0122(3)$ | $0.0132(3)$ | $0.0000(3)$ | $0.0000(3)$ | $-0.0004(3)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C 1 | $0.0134(4)$ | $0.0137(4)$ | $0.0126(4)$ | $-0.0001(3)$ | $-0.0025(3)$ | $0.0011(3)$ |
| C 2 | $0.0425(7)$ | $0.0216(5)$ | $0.0118(4)$ | $0.0001(5)$ | $0.0004(5)$ | $0.0019(4)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 1$ | 1.5025 (8) | N1—H2 | 0.942 (7) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 3$ | 1.5051 (8) | N1-H3 | 0.951 (7) |
| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 1.5742 (8) | C1-C2 | 1.5238 (16) |
| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 1.8344 (10) | C1—H1A | 1.0000 |
| O2-H4 | 0.918 (9) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9800 |
| N1-C1 | 1.5018 (13) | C2-H2B | 0.9800 |
| N1-H1 | 0.943 (8) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 3$ | 116.12 (4) | $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 111.41 (9) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 112.98 (4) | N1-C1-P1 | 110.17 (6) |
| $\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 106.25 (4) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{P} 1$ | 112.80 (8) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 108.11 (5) | N1-C1-H1A | 107.4 |
| $\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 109.15 (5) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 107.4 |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 103.46 (4) | P1-C1-H1A | 107.4 |
| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{H} 4$ | 112.2 (12) | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 107.5 (10) | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| C1-N1-H2 | 109.1 (9) | $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| H1-N1-H2 | 109.6 (9) | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| C1-N1-H3 | 113.3 (10) | $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 107.7 (9) | $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| H2-N1-H3 | 109.5 (10) |  |  |
| O1-P1-C1-N1 | 33.30 (8) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 158.48 (8) |
| O3-P1-C1-N1 | -93.86 (7) | $\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 31.32 (10) |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 153.33 (7) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | -81.49 (9) |

Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\hat{A},{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D — \mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 2 — \mathrm{H} 4 \cdots 3^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.92(1)$ | $1.63(1)$ | $2.5484(10)$ | $175(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.94(1)$ | $1.91(1)$ | $2.8033(11)$ | $157(1)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $0.94(1)$ | $1.90(1)$ | $2.8369(12)$ | $178(1)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 3 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | $0.95(1)$ | $1.87(1)$ | $2.8160(12)$ | $171(1)$ |

[^0]
[^0]:    Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y, z$; (ii) $x+1 / 2,-y+1 / 2,-z$; (iii) $-x, y+1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$; (iv) $x-1 / 2,-y+1 / 2,-z$.

