

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## 5-(4-Fluorobenzylidene)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione

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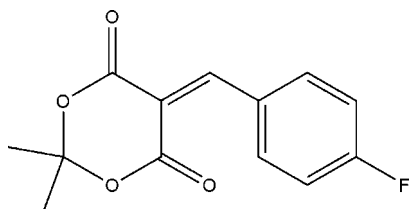
Received 8 August 2010; accepted 17 August 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.048;  $wR$  factor = 0.182; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.9.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{FO}_4$ , was prepared by the reaction of 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione and 4-fluorobenzaldehyde in ethanol. The 1,3-dioxane ring adopts an envelope conformation. The crystal structure is stabilized by weak intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For background information on the use of Meldrum's acid (2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione) in organic synthesis, see: Kuhn *et al.* (2003); Casadesus *et al.* (2006). For a related structure, see: Zeng & Jian (2009).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{11}\text{FO}_4$   
 $M_r = 250.22$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 10.607$  (2) Å  
 $b = 10.413$  (2) Å  
 $c = 11.366$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 106.09$  (3)°  
 $V = 1206.2$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
 $0.17 \times 0.15 \times 0.10$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer  
11341 measured reflections  
2748 independent reflections  
1773 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.182$   
 $S = 1.16$   
2748 reflections  
163 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.16$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C10}-\text{H10A}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.93	2.47	3.373 (3)	164

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5116).

## References

- Bruker (1997). *SMART* and *SAINTE*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
Casadesus, M., Coogan, M. P. & Ooi, L. L. (2006). *Org. Biomol. Chem.* **58**, 3822–3830.  
Kuhn, N., Al-Sheikh, A. & Steimann, M. (2003). *Z. Naturforsch.* **58**, 381–384.  
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.  
Zeng, W.-L. & Jian, F.-F. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, o2587.

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o2366 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810033155]

**5-(4-Fluorobenzylidene)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione****Wu-Lan Zeng****S1. Comment**

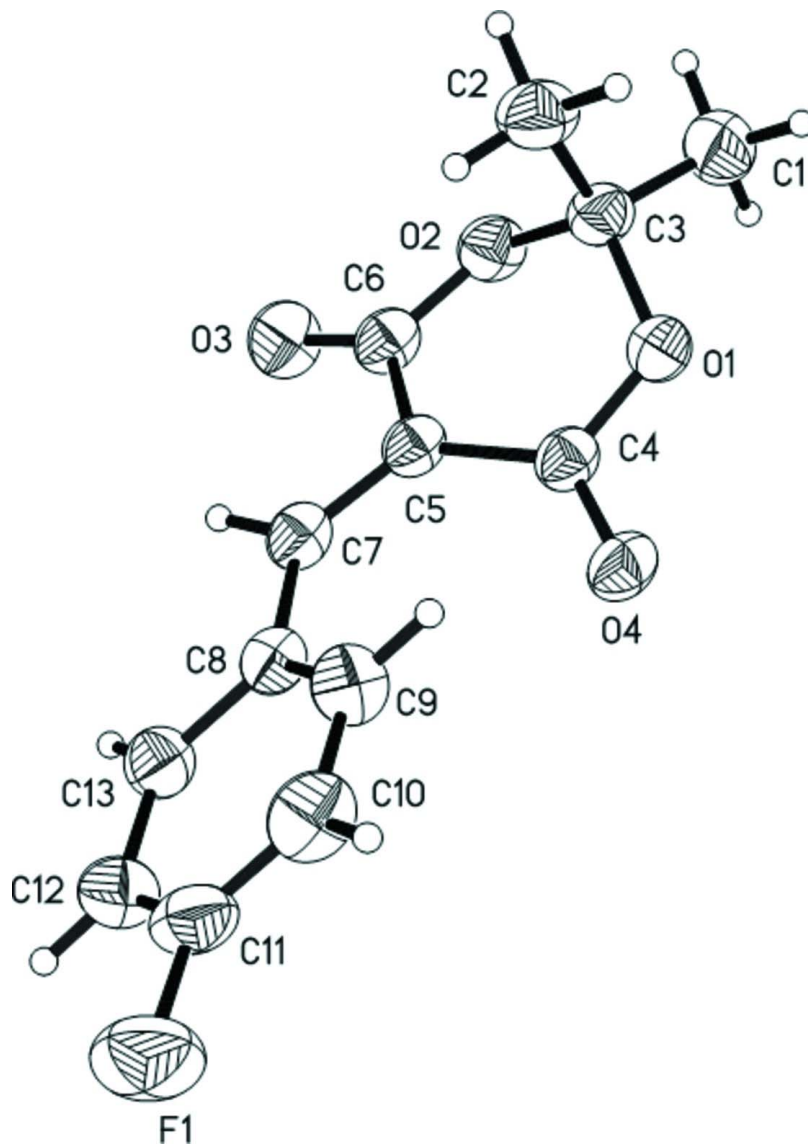
Starting with its discovery and correct structural assignment, Meldrum's acid has become a widely used reagent in organic synthesis (Kuhn *et al.*, 2003; Casadesus *et al.*, 2006). We have recently reported the crystal structure of 5-(2-fluorobenzylidene)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione (Zeng & Jian, 2009). As part of our search for new Meldrum's acid derivatives the title compound, (I) (Fig. 1), has been synthesized and its crystal structure is reported herein. The crystal structure analysis confirms the title compound with atom C7 connected to a benzene ring via the C7-C8 single bond [1.451 (2) Å] and a 1,3-dioxane ring via the C7=C5 double bond [1.349 (2) Å]. The crystal structure is stabilized by weak intermolecular C—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

**S2. Experimental**

A mixture of malonic acid (6.24 g, 0.06 mol) and acetic anhydride (9 ml) in strong sulfuric acid (0.25 ml) was stirred with water at 303 K. After dissolving, propan-2-one (3.48 g, 0.06 mol) was added dropwise into solution for 1 h. The reaction was allowed to proceed for 2 h. The mixture was cooled and filtered, and then an ethanol solution of 4-fluorobenzaldehyde (7.67 g, 0.06 mol) was added. The solution was then filtered and concentrated. Single crystals were obtained by evaporation of an petroleum ether-ethylacetate (3:1 v/v) solution of (I) at room temperature over a period of several days.

**S3. Refinement**

The H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å), and refined as riding with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{methyl C})$ .



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), drawn with 30% probability ellipsoids and spheres of arbitrary size for the H atoms.

#### 5-(4-Fluorobenzylidene)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione

##### Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{11}FO_4$

$M_r = 250.22$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 10.607\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 10.413\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 11.366\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 106.09\ (3)^\circ$

$V = 1206.2\ (4)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 520$

$D_x = 1.378\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 2748 reflections

$\theta = 3.0\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.11\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293\ \text{K}$

Block, colorless

$0.17 \times 0.15 \times 0.10\ \text{mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

11341 measured reflections

2748 independent reflections

1773 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$

$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$

$l = -14 \rightarrow 13$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$

$wR(F^2) = 0.182$

$S = 1.16$

2748 reflections

163 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O2	0.19531 (11)	0.04581 (14)	0.03108 (11)	0.0683 (4)
O4	0.48662 (11)	0.09217 (13)	-0.12156 (11)	0.0669 (4)
O1	0.29516 (11)	0.01292 (14)	-0.12672 (11)	0.0685 (4)
C7	0.46120 (16)	0.27281 (18)	0.07462 (14)	0.0588 (4)
H7A	0.4452	0.3029	0.1462	0.071*
O3	0.27783 (14)	0.17669 (16)	0.18433 (12)	0.0848 (5)
C5	0.38086 (15)	0.17577 (16)	0.02221 (13)	0.0541 (4)
C4	0.39340 (15)	0.09646 (17)	-0.08040 (15)	0.0566 (4)
C8	0.56723 (16)	0.34028 (17)	0.04331 (14)	0.0577 (4)
C6	0.28220 (17)	0.13664 (19)	0.08633 (16)	0.0625 (5)
C3	0.17201 (16)	0.0255 (2)	-0.09776 (16)	0.0661 (5)
C13	0.65632 (18)	0.4046 (2)	0.13807 (17)	0.0693 (5)
H13A	0.6460	0.4008	0.2166	0.083*
C9	0.5822 (2)	0.3527 (2)	-0.07392 (17)	0.0706 (5)
H9A	0.5226	0.3128	-0.1394	0.085*
F1	0.86826 (14)	0.55357 (17)	-0.01890 (16)	0.1227 (6)
C10	0.6833 (2)	0.4228 (2)	-0.0945 (2)	0.0837 (6)

H10A	0.6928	0.4306	-0.1731	0.100*
C2	0.0951 (2)	0.1370 (2)	-0.16850 (19)	0.0837 (6)
H2A	0.1444	0.2149	-0.1462	0.126*
H2B	0.0128	0.1447	-0.1494	0.126*
H2C	0.0794	0.1222	-0.2547	0.126*
C12	0.75946 (19)	0.4739 (2)	0.1185 (2)	0.0806 (6)
H12A	0.8200	0.5144	0.1828	0.097*
C11	0.7695 (2)	0.4809 (2)	0.0023 (2)	0.0814 (6)
C1	0.1052 (2)	-0.1014 (2)	-0.1254 (2)	0.0918 (7)
H1A	0.1597	-0.1669	-0.0775	0.138*
H1B	0.0900	-0.1205	-0.2109	0.138*
H1C	0.0229	-0.0986	-0.1058	0.138*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O2	0.0660 (7)	0.0800 (9)	0.0650 (8)	-0.0019 (6)	0.0283 (6)	0.0010 (6)
O4	0.0655 (7)	0.0787 (9)	0.0648 (8)	0.0073 (6)	0.0321 (6)	-0.0021 (6)
O1	0.0620 (7)	0.0813 (9)	0.0663 (8)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0244 (6)	-0.0140 (6)
C7	0.0654 (9)	0.0671 (11)	0.0449 (8)	0.0118 (8)	0.0173 (7)	0.0042 (7)
O3	0.0943 (10)	0.1107 (13)	0.0621 (8)	-0.0072 (8)	0.0427 (7)	-0.0087 (7)
C5	0.0562 (8)	0.0627 (10)	0.0464 (8)	0.0083 (7)	0.0192 (6)	0.0048 (7)
C4	0.0580 (9)	0.0631 (10)	0.0500 (8)	0.0089 (7)	0.0169 (7)	0.0027 (7)
C8	0.0615 (9)	0.0602 (10)	0.0516 (9)	0.0086 (7)	0.0162 (7)	0.0035 (7)
C6	0.0659 (10)	0.0709 (12)	0.0552 (10)	0.0076 (8)	0.0244 (8)	0.0058 (8)
C3	0.0568 (9)	0.0811 (13)	0.0635 (10)	0.0024 (8)	0.0219 (8)	-0.0051 (9)
C13	0.0696 (11)	0.0759 (13)	0.0609 (10)	0.0036 (9)	0.0157 (8)	-0.0028 (9)
C9	0.0817 (12)	0.0749 (13)	0.0558 (10)	-0.0003 (10)	0.0199 (9)	0.0067 (8)
F1	0.0936 (9)	0.1271 (13)	0.1624 (16)	-0.0198 (9)	0.0608 (10)	0.0147 (10)
C10	0.0994 (15)	0.0889 (16)	0.0738 (13)	0.0043 (12)	0.0424 (12)	0.0138 (11)
C2	0.0683 (11)	0.0995 (16)	0.0783 (13)	0.0120 (11)	0.0121 (10)	0.0050 (12)
C12	0.0655 (11)	0.0870 (15)	0.0845 (14)	-0.0003 (10)	0.0130 (10)	-0.0014 (11)
C11	0.0621 (10)	0.0815 (14)	0.1091 (16)	0.0033 (10)	0.0377 (11)	0.0108 (13)
C1	0.0819 (13)	0.0876 (16)	0.1103 (18)	-0.0143 (11)	0.0337 (12)	-0.0196 (13)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O2—C6	1.348 (2)	C13—C12	1.379 (3)
O2—C3	1.432 (2)	C13—H13A	0.9300
O4—C4	1.2063 (19)	C9—C10	1.370 (3)
O1—C4	1.347 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9300
O1—C3	1.4388 (19)	F1—C11	1.367 (2)
C7—C5	1.349 (2)	C10—C11	1.362 (3)
C7—C8	1.451 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C7—H7A	0.9300	C2—H2A	0.9600
O3—C6	1.202 (2)	C2—H2B	0.9600
C5—C4	1.465 (2)	C2—H2C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.488 (2)	C12—C11	1.356 (3)

C8—C9	1.391 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C8—C13	1.392 (3)	C1—H1A	0.9600
C3—C1	1.491 (3)	C1—H1B	0.9600
C3—C2	1.516 (3)	C1—H1C	0.9600
C6—O2—C3	118.82 (14)	C8—C13—H13A	119.1
C4—O1—C3	120.31 (14)	C10—C9—C8	121.03 (19)
C5—C7—C8	133.77 (16)	C10—C9—H9A	119.5
C5—C7—H7A	113.1	C8—C9—H9A	119.5
C8—C7—H7A	113.1	C11—C10—C9	118.7 (2)
C7—C5—C4	126.02 (15)	C11—C10—H10A	120.6
C7—C5—C6	115.63 (15)	C9—C10—H10A	120.6
C4—C5—C6	117.82 (15)	C3—C2—H2A	109.5
O4—C4—O1	116.92 (15)	C3—C2—H2B	109.5
O4—C4—C5	126.49 (16)	H2A—C2—H2B	109.5
O1—C4—C5	116.36 (14)	C3—C2—H2C	109.5
C9—C8—C13	117.60 (18)	H2A—C2—H2C	109.5
C9—C8—C7	125.56 (16)	H2B—C2—H2C	109.5
C13—C8—C7	116.70 (15)	C11—C12—C13	117.8 (2)
O3—C6—O2	118.56 (17)	C11—C12—H12A	121.1
O3—C6—C5	124.86 (18)	C13—C12—H12A	121.1
O2—C6—C5	116.53 (15)	C12—C11—C10	123.1 (2)
O2—C3—O1	109.70 (13)	C12—C11—F1	118.2 (2)
O2—C3—C1	106.49 (17)	C10—C11—F1	118.6 (2)
O1—C3—C1	106.23 (16)	C3—C1—H1A	109.5
O2—C3—C2	110.14 (16)	C3—C1—H1B	109.5
O1—C3—C2	109.73 (16)	H1A—C1—H1B	109.5
C1—C3—C2	114.39 (16)	C3—C1—H1C	109.5
C12—C13—C8	121.71 (19)	H1A—C1—H1C	109.5
C12—C13—H13A	119.1	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5

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*Hydrogen-bond geometry* (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C10—H10A···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.47	3.373 (3)	164

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z-1/2$ .