Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Bis(acridine- κN)dibromidoplatinum(II)

Kwang Ha

School of Applied Chemical Engineering, The Research Institute of Catalysis, Chonnam National University, Gwangju 500-757, Republic of Korea Correspondence e-mail: hakwang@chonnam.ac.kr

Received 7 August 2010: accepted 17 August 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 200 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.009 Å; R factor = 0.031; wR factor = 0.070; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.7.

In the title complex, $[PtBr_2(C_{13}H_9N)_2]$, the Pt^{II} ion is fourcoordinated in a slightly distorted square-planar environment by two N atoms from two acridine ligands and two Br atoms. The Pt atom is located on an inversion centre, and thus the asymmetric unit contains one half of the complex and the PtN₂Br₂ unit is exactly planar. The dihedral angle between the PtN₂Br₂ unit and acridine ligand is 78.98 (9)°. In the crystal structure, the complex molecules are arranged in two distinct chains along [110] and [110]. In the chains, intermolecular $\pi - \pi$ interactions between the pyridyl and benzene rings connect the complex molecules, with a centroid-centroid distance of 3.631 (4) Å.

Related literature

For the crystal structure of [PtCl₂(acridine)₂], see: Ha (2010). For the formation of polymorphs of acridine using dicarboxylic acids, see: Mei & Wolf (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[PtBr_2(C_{13}H_9N)_2]$	V = 2152.1 (2) A ³
$M_r = 713.33$	Z = 4
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo Ka radiation
a = 16.0256 (9) Å	$\mu = 10.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
b = 8.6845 (5) Å	$T = 200 { m K}$
c = 17.0646 (10) Å	$0.35 \times 0.06 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 115.017 \ (1)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001) $T_{\min} = 0.601, \ T_{\max} = 1.000$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$	142 parameters
$vR(F^2) = 0.070$	H-atom parameters constrained
2091 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 2.19 \text{ e A}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.92 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

6467 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.048$

2091 independent reflections

1672 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1

elected bond	lengths (Å).	
--------------	--------------	--

Pt1-N1	2.058 (4)	Pt1-Br1	2.4385 (7)

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

This work was supported by the Priority Research Centers Program through the National Research Foundation of Korea (NRF) funded by the Ministry of Education, Science and Technology (2009-0094056).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HY2340).

References

Bruker (2001). SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA. Bruker (2007). SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

Farrugia, L. J. (1997). J. Appl. Cryst. 30, 565.

- Ha, K. (2010). Z. Kristallogr. New Cryst. Struct. 225, 323-324.
- Mei, X. & Wolf, C. (2004). Cryst. Growth Des. 4, 1099-1103.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

Spek, A. L. (2009). Acta Cryst. D65, 148-155.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m1142 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S160053681003309X]

Bis(acridine-*k*N)dibromidoplatinum(II)

Kwang Ha

S1. Comment

The title complex, $[PtBr_2(acr)_2]$ (acr = acridine), is isomorphous with the chlorido analogue $[PtCl_2(acr)_2]$ (Ha, 2010). In the complex, the Pt^{II} ion is four-coordinated in an essentially square-planar environment by two N atoms from two acridine ligands and two Br atoms (Table 1 and Fig. 1). The Pt atom is located on an inversion centre, and thus the asymmetric unit contains one half of the complex and the PtN₂Br₂ unit is exactly planar. The nearly planar acridine ligands, with a maximum deviation of 0.072 (6) Å (C11) from the least-squares plane, are parallel. The dihedral angle between the PtN₂Br₂ unit and acridine ligand is 78.98 (9)°. The Br atoms are in a *trans* arrangement and almost perpendicular to the acridine planes, with the bond angle N1—Pt1—Br1 = 88.65 (14)°. In the crystal structure, the complex molecules are arranged in two distinct chains along [1 1 0] and [1 1 0] (Fig. 2). In the chains, intermolecular π - π interactions between the pyridyl and benzene rings connect the complex molecules, with a centroid–centroid distance of 3.631 (4) Å, and the dihedral angle between the ring planes is 1.2 (3)°. The packing pattern is considerably similar to that of the most stable polymorph of acridine (Mei & Wolf, 2004).

S2. Experimental

To a solution of K_2PtBr_4 (0.203 g, 0.342 mmol) in H_2O (30 ml) was added acridine (0.131 g, 0.730 mmol) and the mixture was refluxed for 3 h. The precipitate was then separated by filtration, washed with H_2O and EtOH and dried under vacuum to give a yellow powder (0.186 g). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation from an *N*,*N*-dimethylformamide solution at 323 K.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their respective parent atoms [C—H = 0.95 Å and $U_{iso}(H)$ = $1.2U_{eq}(C)$]. The highest peak (2.19 e Å⁻³) and the deepest hole (-0.92 e Å⁻³) in the difference Fourier map are located 1.04 and 0.76 Å from the Pt1 atom, respectively.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title complex. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 40% probability level. [Symmetry code: (i) 1-x, 1-y, 1-z.]



Figure 2

View of the unit-cell contents of the title complex. H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

Bis(acridine-*k*N)dibromidoplatinum(II)

Crystal data

[PtBr₂(C₁₃H₉N)₂] $M_r = 713.33$ Monoclinic, C2/c Hall symbol: -C 2yc a = 16.0256 (9) Å b = 8.6845 (5) Å c = 17.0646 (10) Å $\beta = 115.017$ (1)° V = 2152.1 (2) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD	6467 measured reflections
diffractometer	2091 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1672 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.048$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 26.0^\circ, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.6^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -19 \longrightarrow 19$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\min} = 0.601, \ T_{\max} = 1.000$	$l = -14 \rightarrow 21$
Definion out	

F(000) = 1344

 $\theta = 2.7 - 26.0^{\circ}$

Rod, yellow

 $\mu = 10.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 200 K

 $0.35 \times 0.06 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$

 $D_{\rm x} = 2.202 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo *Ka* radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 3125 reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier Least-squares matrix: full map $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$ Hydrogen site location: inferred from $wR(F^2) = 0.070$ neighbouring sites S = 1.00H-atom parameters constrained 2091 reflections $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0286P)^2]$ 142 parameters where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 0 restraints $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 2.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariant $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.92 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ direct methods

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Pt1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.02062 (12)	
Br1	0.51478 (4)	0.44407 (8)	0.36640 (5)	0.03216 (18)	
N1	0.3748 (3)	0.3887 (5)	0.4493 (3)	0.0218 (11)	
C1	0.3686 (4)	0.2391 (6)	0.4712 (4)	0.0215 (13)	
C2	0.4437 (4)	0.1654 (6)	0.5371 (4)	0.0267 (15)	
H2	0.4997	0.2201	0.5666	0.032*	
C3	0.4373 (4)	0.0170 (6)	0.5592 (5)	0.0326 (16)	
Н3	0.4891	-0.0305	0.6036	0.039*	
C4	0.3550 (4)	-0.0683 (7)	0.5172 (4)	0.0299 (15)	
H4	0.3519	-0.1725	0.5328	0.036*	
C5	0.2809 (4)	-0.0004 (6)	0.4549 (5)	0.0300 (15)	
Н5	0.2252	-0.0569	0.4275	0.036*	
C6	0.2850 (4)	0.1547 (7)	0.4295 (4)	0.0256 (14)	

C7	0.2099 (4)	0.2251 (6)	0.3653 (4)	0.0243 (14)	
H7	0.1546	0.1688	0.3358	0.029*	
C8	0.2149 (4)	0.3780 (7)	0.3437 (4)	0.0232 (14)	
С9	0.1382 (4)	0.4572 (7)	0.2798 (5)	0.0339 (17)	
H9	0.0824	0.4031	0.2483	0.041*	
C10	0.1441 (4)	0.6080(7)	0.2638 (4)	0.0334 (16)	
H10	0.0921	0.6598	0.2220	0.040*	
C11	0.2273 (4)	0.6896 (7)	0.3088 (5)	0.0347 (16)	
H11	0.2305	0.7956	0.2968	0.042*	
C12	0.3023 (4)	0.6182 (7)	0.3687 (4)	0.0283 (15)	
H12	0.3574	0.6750	0.3984	0.034*	
C13	0.2995 (4)	0.4596 (6)	0.3878 (4)	0.0232 (14)	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Pt1	0.01485 (17)	0.02395 (18)	0.0197 (2)	-0.00426 (13)	0.00406 (14)	-0.00171 (15)
Br1	0.0278 (3)	0.0431 (4)	0.0263 (4)	-0.0104 (3)	0.0121 (3)	-0.0085 (3)
N1	0.017 (2)	0.024 (3)	0.023 (3)	-0.0023 (19)	0.007 (2)	-0.004(2)
C1	0.019 (3)	0.026 (3)	0.020 (4)	0.001 (2)	0.009 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C2	0.022 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.024 (4)	-0.005 (3)	0.005 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C3	0.029 (3)	0.033 (4)	0.033 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.002 (3)
C4	0.034 (4)	0.024 (3)	0.034 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.000 (3)
C5	0.031 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.035 (4)	-0.005 (3)	0.020 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C6	0.021 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.028 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.012 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C7	0.015 (3)	0.032 (3)	0.024 (4)	-0.005 (2)	0.005 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C8	0.017 (3)	0.031 (3)	0.020 (4)	0.002 (2)	0.006 (3)	-0.004 (3)
C9	0.022 (3)	0.039 (4)	0.032 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.002(3)
C10	0.028 (4)	0.044 (4)	0.022 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.005 (3)
C11	0.039 (4)	0.033 (4)	0.028 (4)	0.000 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.003 (3)
C12	0.019 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.027 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.004 (3)
C13	0.016 (3)	0.030 (4)	0.020 (4)	-0.005 (2)	0.005 (3)	-0.006 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Pt1—N1	2.058 (4)	C6—C7	1.380 (8)
Pt1—Br1	2.4385 (7)	C7—C8	1.389 (8)
N1-C13	1.366 (7)	С7—Н7	0.9500
N1-C1	1.367 (7)	C8—C9	1.428 (8)
C1—C2	1.406 (8)	C8—C13	1.430 (7)
C1—C6	1.426 (7)	C9—C10	1.349 (9)
С2—С3	1.359 (8)	С9—Н9	0.9500
С2—Н2	0.9500	C10—C11	1.415 (8)
C3—C4	1.415 (9)	C10—H10	0.9500
С3—Н3	0.9500	C11—C12	1.355 (8)
C4—C5	1.349 (9)	C11—H11	0.9500
C4—H4	0.9500	C12—C13	1.420 (8)
C5—C6	1.425 (8)	C12—H12	0.9500

С5—Н5	0.9500		
N1—Pt1—N1 ⁱ	180.00 (16)	C7—C6—C5	121.6 (5)
N1—Pt1—Br1 ⁱ	91.35 (14)	C7—C6—C1	119.2 (5)
N1 ⁱ —Pt1—Br1 ⁱ	88.65 (14)	C5—C6—C1	119.2 (5)
N1—Pt1—Br1	88.65 (14)	C6—C7—C8	120.3 (5)
N1 ⁱ —Pt1—Br1	91.35 (14)	С6—С7—Н7	119.8
Br1 ⁱ —Pt1—Br1	180.0	С8—С7—Н7	119.8
C13—N1—C1	119.7 (5)	С7—С8—С9	122.4 (5)
C13—N1—Pt1	119.9 (4)	C7—C8—C13	118.8 (5)
C1—N1—Pt1	120.1 (4)	C9—C8—C13	118.8 (5)
N1—C1—C2	120.9 (5)	C10—C9—C8	120.7 (6)
N1—C1—C6	120.9 (5)	С10—С9—Н9	119.7
C2—C1—C6	118.1 (5)	С8—С9—Н9	119.7
C3—C2—C1	120.9 (6)	C9—C10—C11	120.4 (6)
С3—С2—Н2	119.5	C9—C10—H10	119.8
C1—C2—H2	119.5	C11-C10-H10	119.8
C2—C3—C4	121.3 (6)	C12—C11—C10	120.8 (6)
С2—С3—Н3	119.3	C12—C11—H11	119.6
С4—С3—Н3	119.3	C10-C11-H11	119.6
C5—C4—C3	119.4 (6)	C11—C12—C13	120.9 (5)
С5—С4—Н4	120.3	C11—C12—H12	119.6
C3—C4—H4	120.3	C13—C12—H12	119.6
C4—C5—C6	121.0 (6)	N1-C13-C12	120.7 (5)
C4—C5—H5	119.5	N1—C13—C8	120.9 (5)
С6—С5—Н5	119.5	C12—C13—C8	118.3 (5)
Br1 ⁱ —Pt1—N1—C13	104.3 (4)	C5—C6—C7—C8	178.0 (6)
Br1-Pt1-N1-C13	-75.7 (4)	C1—C6—C7—C8	-2.1 (9)
Br1 ⁱ —Pt1—N1—C1	-81.7 (4)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-177.9 (6)
Br1—Pt1—N1—C1	98.3 (4)	C6—C7—C8—C13	1.2 (9)
C13—N1—C1—C2	-177.0 (6)	C7—C8—C9—C10	176.4 (6)
Pt1-N1-C1-C2	8.9 (8)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-2.7 (10)
C13—N1—C1—C6	1.2 (8)	C8—C9—C10—C11	1.4 (10)
Pt1-N1-C1-C6	-172.8 (4)	C9-C10-C11-C12	-0.1 (11)
N1—C1—C2—C3	179.6 (6)	C10-C11-C12-C13	0.2 (10)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.3 (9)	C1—N1—C13—C12	175.2 (6)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.4 (10)	Pt1-N1-C13-C12	-10.8 (8)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.0 (10)	C1—N1—C13—C8	-2.1 (9)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.3 (10)	Pt1-N1-C13-C8	171.9 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.5 (6)	C11—C12—C13—N1	-178.9 (6)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.4 (10)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-1.5 (9)
N1—C1—C6—C7	0.9 (9)	C7—C8—C13—N1	1.0 (9)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.2 (6)	C9—C8—C13—N1	-179.9 (6)
N1-C1-C6-C5	-179.2 (6)	C7—C8—C13—C12	-176.4 (6)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-0.9 (9)	C9—C8—C13—C12	2.7 (9)

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1.