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## Structure Reports

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## Diisopropyl pyrazine-2,5-dicarboxylate

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Received 19 June 2010; accepted 22 July 2010
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=296 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.003 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.048 ; w R$ factor $=0.148$; data-to-parameter ratio $=16.2$.

## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
$M_{r}=252.27$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
$a=4.7804$ (1) A
$b=15.6842$ (3) $\AA$
$c=9.1877(2) \AA$
$\beta=104.227$ (2) ${ }^{\circ}$
Data collection
Bruker P4 diffractometer
10015 measured reflections 1361 independent reflections

Refinement
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.048 \quad 84$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.148$
$S=1.07$
1361 reflections

$$
\begin{aligned}
& V=667.74(2) \AA^{3} \\
& Z=2 \\
& \text { Mo } K \alpha \text { radiation } \\
& \mu=0.10 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
& T=296 \mathrm{~K} \\
& 0.44 \times 0.20 \times 0.09 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

969 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.028$

H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.22$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.16 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

The molecule of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$, is located on an inversion center. The carboxylate groups are twisted slightly with respect to the pyrazine ring, making a dihedral angle of $6.4(3)^{\circ}$.

## Related literature

For related structures, see: Cockriel et al. (2008); Vishweshwar et al. (2004).


Data collection: XSCANS (Bruker, 1999); cell refinement: XSCANS; data reduction: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: DN2583).

## References

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## supporting information

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## Diisopropyl pyrazine-2,5-dicarboxylate

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## S1. Comment

The molecule of the title compound is is organized around inversion center (Fig. 1). The carboxylate group are slightly twisted with respect to the pyrazine ring making a dihedral angle of 6.4 (3) ${ }^{\circ}$.The carboxyl $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ bonds are normal, while the bond angle of $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{C}$ are slightly smaller than those in pyrazine-2,5-dicarboxylic acid dihydrate (Vishweshwar et al.,2004). The angle C3-O1-C4 of 117.60 (14) is larger compared to the value of 115.04 (16) in Pyrazine-2,5-dicarboxylic acid dimethyl ester (Cockriel et al., 2008). The atoms of $\mathrm{O}(1)$ to $\mathrm{C}(5)$ may be considered to control the molecular packing through intermolecular hydrophobic interaction of the isopropyl groups. The crystal structure is stabilized via van der Waals forces.

## S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by dissolving 2,5-pyrazinedicarboxylic acid ( $200 \mathrm{mg}, 11.9 \mathrm{mmol}$ )in 200 ml 2 propanol, while stirring 2 ml concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ was added slowly.The solution was left to reflux for 12 h , then distillation under reduced pressure until no solution to outflow after filtered. The solution was made neutral with $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$, extracted with 30 ml e thyl acetate.Orange crystals of the title compound would be grew by slow evaporating at room temperature after five days.

## S3. Refinement

The C-bound H atoms were included in the riding model approximation with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93$, all these H atoms included in the final refinement. The $U_{\text {iso }}$ of each H atom $=1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$. The $U_{\text {eq }}$ of C 4 is regular. The checkcif considers the $U_{\text {eq }}$ of C 4 is low, this is because it is lower compared with the C 5 and C 6 .


Figure 1
Molecular view of the title compound with the atom labeling scheme. Ellipsoids are drawn at the $30 \%$ probability level. [Symmetry code: (A) $-\mathrm{x}+1,-\mathrm{y}+1,-\mathrm{z}+1]$.

## Diisopropyl pyrazine-2,5-dicarboxylate

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
$M_{r}=252.27$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=4.7804$ (1) $\AA$
$b=15.6842(3) \AA$
$c=9.1877(2) \AA$
$\beta=104.227$ (2) ${ }^{\circ}$
$V=667.74(2) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& F(000)=268 \\
& D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.255 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3} \\
& \text { Mo } K \alpha \text { radiation, } \lambda=0.71073 \AA \\
& \text { Cell parameters from } 1552 \text { reflections } \\
& \theta=2.6-27.7^{\circ} \\
& \mu=0.10 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
& T=296 \mathrm{~K} \\
& \text { Block, orange } \\
& 0.44 \times 0.20 \times 0.09 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Data collection

## Bruker P4

diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 0 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
$\omega$ scans
10015 measured reflections

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1361 \text { independent reflections } \\
& 969 \text { reflections with } I>2 \sigma(I) \\
& R_{\text {int }}=0.028 \\
& \theta_{\max }=26.4^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=2.6^{\circ} \\
& h=-5 \rightarrow 5 \\
& k=0 \rightarrow 19 \\
& l=0 \rightarrow 11
\end{aligned}
$$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.048$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.148$
$S=1.07$
1361 reflections
84 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors $(\mathrm{gt})$ etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iss }} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.2207(3)$ | $0.61807(8)$ | $0.76556(16)$ | $0.0760(5)$ |
| O2 | $0.0875(4)$ | $0.48234(10)$ | $0.7742(2)$ | $0.0932(6)$ |
| N1 | $0.4741(4)$ | $0.58450(9)$ | $0.54265(18)$ | $0.0671(5)$ |
| C1 | $0.3667(4)$ | $0.52028(10)$ | $0.6052(2)$ | $0.0563(5)$ |
| C2 | $0.6071(4)$ | $0.56289(12)$ | $0.4371(2)$ | $0.0683(5)$ |


| H2A | 0.6858 | 0.6058 | 0.3898 | $0.082^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C3 | $0.2104(4)$ | $0.53794(12)$ | $0.7251(2)$ | $0.0625(5)$ |
| C4 | $0.0807(5)$ | $0.64177(14)$ | $0.8860(2)$ | $0.0803(6)$ |
| H4A | -0.0748 | 0.6011 | 0.8864 | $0.096^{*}$ |
| C5 | $-0.0461(8)$ | $0.72695(18)$ | $0.8468(4)$ | $0.1229(11)$ |
| H5A | -0.1475 | 0.7443 | 0.9200 | $0.184^{*}$ |
| H5B | -0.1781 | 0.7249 | 0.7494 | $0.184^{*}$ |
| H5C | 0.1046 | 0.7672 | 0.8454 | $0.184^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.2971(8)$ | $0.6359(3)$ | $1.0299(3)$ | $0.1457(15)$ |
| H6A | 0.2050 | 0.6437 | 1.1108 | $0.219^{*}$ |
| H6B | 0.4403 | 0.6795 | 1.0346 | $0.219^{*}$ |
| H6C | 0.3877 | 0.5809 | 1.0384 | $0.219^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{\beta 3}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.0981(11)$ | $0.0603(8)$ | $0.0829(9)$ | $-0.0050(7)$ | $0.0476(8)$ | $-0.0104(6)$ |
| O2 | $0.1167(13)$ | $0.0701(9)$ | $0.1115(13)$ | $-0.0127(8)$ | $0.0640(11)$ | $-0.0055(8)$ |
| N1 | $0.0815(11)$ | $0.0508(8)$ | $0.0747(10)$ | $-0.0003(7)$ | $0.0303(8)$ | $-0.0029(7)$ |
| C1 | $0.0563(10)$ | $0.0523(9)$ | $0.0600(10)$ | $0.0013(7)$ | $0.0139(8)$ | $-0.0013(7)$ |
| C2 | $0.0830(13)$ | $0.0535(10)$ | $0.0758(12)$ | $-0.0043(9)$ | $0.0334(11)$ | $-0.0006(9)$ |
| C3 | $0.0650(11)$ | $0.0580(10)$ | $0.0671(11)$ | $0.0028(8)$ | $0.0209(9)$ | $0.0002(8)$ |
| C4 | $0.1000(16)$ | $0.0706(12)$ | $0.0855(15)$ | $-0.0042(11)$ | $0.0519(13)$ | $-0.0096(10)$ |
| C5 | $0.173(3)$ | $0.0914(18)$ | $0.124(2)$ | $0.0344(19)$ | $0.075(2)$ | $-0.0047(16)$ |
| C6 | $0.141(3)$ | $0.231(4)$ | $0.0736(17)$ | $0.040(3)$ | $0.0424(18)$ | $0.000(2)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA{ }^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ )

| O1-C3 | 1.308 (2) | C4- C 5 | 1.475 (4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O1-C4 | 1.474 (2) | C4-H4A | 0.9800 |
| O2-C3 | 1.200 (2) | C5-H5A | 0.9600 |
| N1-C1 | 1.324 (2) | C5-H5B | 0.9600 |
| N1-C2 | 1.327 (2) | C5-H5C | 0.9600 |
| C1-C2 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.376 (2) | C6-H6A | 0.9600 |
| C1-C3 | 1.500 (3) | C6-H6B | 0.9600 |
| C2-H2A | 0.9300 | C6-H6C | 0.9600 |
| C4-C6 | 1.468 (4) |  |  |
| C3-O1-C4 | 117.61 (15) | O1-C4-H4A | 108.9 |
| C1-N1-C2 | 115.43 (15) | C5-C4-H4A | 108.9 |
| N1-C1-C2 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 121.76 (17) | C4-C5-H5A | 109.5 |
| N1-C1-C3 | 119.62 (15) | C4-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| C2 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ - $12-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 118.62 (16) | H5A-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | 122.82 (17) | C4-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| N1-C2-H2A | 118.6 | H5A-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\text {i }}$ - $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 118.6 | H5B-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| O2-C3-O1 | 125.35 (18) | C4-C6-H6A | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 121.35 (17) | C4- $66-\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |


| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $113.29(16)$ | $\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $108.1(2)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $115.6(3)$ | $\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $106.28(18)$ | $\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $-6.0(3)$ |  |  |

[^0]
[^0]:    Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$.

