

2-Aminopyrimidinium 4-hydroxy-pyridinium-2,6-dicarboxylate monohydrate

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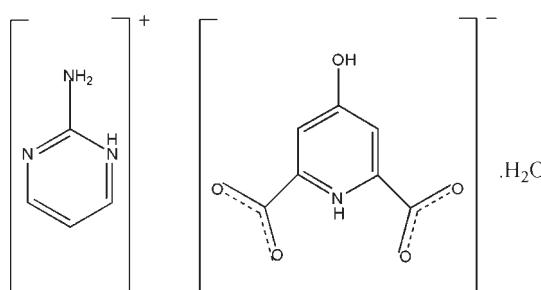
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.134; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.7.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{N}_3^+ \cdot \text{C}_7\text{H}_4\text{NO}_5^- \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$, $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the cations and anions into almost planar sheets parallel to (102). These hydrogen-bonded sheets are packed into the crystal with the formation of centrosymmetric voids of 68 \AA^3 , which are filled by the water molecules, each of which is disordered over four positions.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Aghabozorg *et al.* (2008); Moghimi *et al.* (2005); Hall *et al.* (2000); Lynch & Jones (2004); Eshtiagh-Hosseini *et al.* (2010); Smith *et al.* (2006a,b). For hydrogen bonding, see: Desiraju (1989).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{N}_3^+ \cdot \text{C}_7\text{H}_4\text{NO}_5^- \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 296.25$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$

$a = 17.822(2)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 12.2233(14)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 12.0676(14)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 103.345(2)^\circ$	$\mu = 0.13\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 2557.8(5)\text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 100\text{ K}$
$Z = 8$	$0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.15\text{ mm}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.970$, $T_{\max} = 0.983$

14881 measured reflections
3383 independent reflections
2703 reflections with $I > 2/s(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.134$
 $S = 0.90$
3383 reflections
203 parameters

13 restraints
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.45\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
N4—H4NA···O2	0.91	1.90	2.795 (2)	172
N4—H4NB···N2 ⁱ	0.89	2.11	2.990 (2)	171
N3—H3N···O1	0.93	1.76	2.683 (2)	171
O3—H3O···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.95	1.55	2.4910 (19)	171

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$; (ii) $-x + \frac{5}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2745).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o2210 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810029533]

2-Aminopyrimidinium 4-hydroxypyridinium-2,6-dicarboxylate monohydrate

Hossein Eshtiagh-Hosseini, Milad Mahjoobizadeh and Masoud Mirzaei

S1. Comment

A number of cases were reported in which a proton transferred from a carboxylic acid to an amine to form some novel proton transfer compounds (Aghabozorg *et al.*, 2008). There have been several attempts to prepare proton transfer compounds involving carboxylic acids and amines, for example, ion pairs have been reported between H₂pyzdc and various organic bases such as 8-hydroxy quinoline (Smith *et al.*, 2006a), guanidine (Smith *et al.*, 2006b) and 2,4,6-triamine-1,3,5-triazin (Eshtiagh-Hosseini *et al.*, 2010). However, there are few papers only concerning the 4-hydroxypyridine-2,6-dicarboxylic acid (hereafter hypydcH₃). For example, ion pair including guanidine (Moghimi *et al.*, 2005) and hydrated form of hypydcH₃ (Hall *et al.*, 2000) have been reported. In this paper, we have chosen hypydcH₃ and 2-aminopyromidine (hereafter 2-apym) to obtain an ionic molecular crystal.

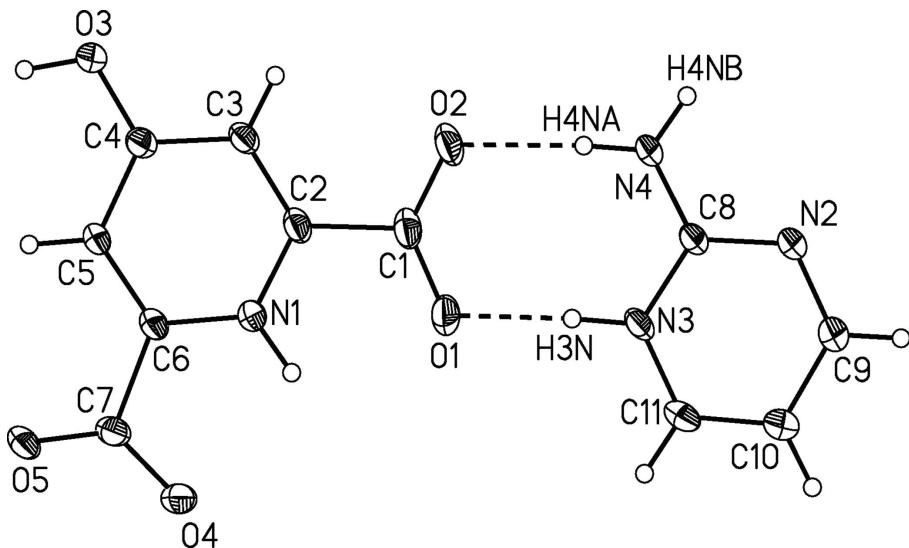
The crystal structure of the title proton transfer compound shows that a single proton from one of the carboxyl groups was transferred to the N-ring atom of the 2-apym molecule (Fig. 1). On the other hand, an interesting feature exhibited by the crystal structure is that an intramolecular proton transfer has occurred from the other carboxyl group to the N atom of the aromatic ring of hypydcH₃. The cation is hydrogen bonded to the anion with a cyclic R₂²(8) pattern (Fig. 1) in similar manner as reported by Lynch (Lynch & Jones, 2004). In the crystal structure, intermolecular N—H···N, N—H···O and O—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link cations and anions into almost planar sheets parallel to the (102) plane. These hydrogen-bonded sheets are further packed into crystal with the formation of centrosymmetric voids of 68 Å³, which are filled by the water molecules disordered between four positions each.

S2. Experimental

The title proton transfer compound was synthesized *via* the reaction of hypydcH₃ (0.01 g, 0.5 mmol) with 2-apym (0.01 g, 0.1 mmol) in a aqueous solution (25 ml). The solution was stirred for 3 h in 358 K, and finally a colourless solution was obtained. Prism colourless crystals were obtained after slow evaporation of the solvent at RT.

S3. Refinement

The solvate water molecule was disordered over four positions near the inversion center with the occupancies refined to 0.292 (3), 0.249 (3), 0.236 (3) and 0.224 (3), respectively. The O(water)-bound hydrogen atoms were positioned manually with O—H 0.85–0.88 Å. The hydroxy and amino H atoms were found in a difference Fourier map. C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically. All hydrogen atoms were refined as riding, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 - 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}$ of the parent atom.

**Figure 1**

View of the title compound with the atomic numbering and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. Dashed lines denote hydrogen bonds. The disordered water molecules were omitted for clarity.

2-Aminopyrimidinium 4-hydroxypyridinum-2,6-dicarboxylate monohydrate

Crystal data



$M_r = 296.25$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

$a = 17.822 (2)$ Å

$b = 12.2233 (14)$ Å

$c = 12.0676 (14)$ Å

$\beta = 103.345 (2)^\circ$

$V = 2557.8 (5)$ Å³

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1232$

$D_x = 1.539 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2135 reflections

$\theta = 3-30^\circ$

$\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100$ K

Prism, colourless

$0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.15$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

phi and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.970$, $T_{\max} = 0.983$

14881 measured reflections

3383 independent reflections

2703 reflections with $I > 2/s(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

$\theta_{\max} = 29.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$

$h = -24 \rightarrow 24$

$k = -16 \rightarrow 16$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$

$wR(F^2) = 0.134$

$S = 0.90$

3383 reflections

203 parameters

13 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: mixed
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0847P)^2 + 2.9446P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
N1	1.14962 (8)	-0.04289 (11)	0.20255 (13)	0.0224 (3)	
H1N	1.1618	0.0308	0.2020	0.027*	
O1	1.04750 (7)	0.11863 (10)	0.14699 (12)	0.0282 (3)	
O2	0.94910 (7)	-0.00108 (11)	0.09859 (11)	0.0285 (3)	
O3	1.08809 (7)	-0.36262 (10)	0.17357 (11)	0.0255 (3)	
H3O	1.1310	-0.4104	0.1904	0.031*	
O4	1.29127 (7)	0.02724 (11)	0.27479 (14)	0.0350 (4)	
O5	1.33747 (7)	-0.14137 (11)	0.32416 (14)	0.0373 (4)	
C1	1.01849 (10)	0.02443 (14)	0.13234 (15)	0.0239 (3)	
C2	1.07491 (9)	-0.06993 (14)	0.16221 (14)	0.0208 (3)	
C3	1.05349 (9)	-0.17748 (14)	0.15300 (13)	0.0197 (3)	
H3A	1.0009	-0.1967	0.1244	0.024*	
C4	1.10958 (9)	-0.25973 (13)	0.18601 (14)	0.0197 (3)	
C5	1.18672 (9)	-0.22748 (13)	0.23042 (14)	0.0207 (3)	
H5A	1.2257	-0.2810	0.2551	0.025*	
C6	1.20497 (9)	-0.11862 (13)	0.23764 (15)	0.0222 (3)	
C7	1.28608 (10)	-0.07533 (15)	0.28376 (17)	0.0290 (4)	
N2	0.82237 (8)	0.35778 (12)	0.04751 (13)	0.0223 (3)	
N3	0.94887 (8)	0.28765 (12)	0.10759 (12)	0.0206 (3)	
H3N	0.9807	0.2273	0.1274	0.025*	
N4	0.84352 (8)	0.17156 (12)	0.06968 (13)	0.0233 (3)	
H4NA	0.8755	0.1131	0.0843	0.028*	
H4NB	0.7931	0.1639	0.0425	0.028*	
C8	0.87116 (9)	0.27213 (13)	0.07514 (14)	0.0194 (3)	
C9	0.85244 (10)	0.45737 (14)	0.05743 (15)	0.0244 (4)	
H9A	0.8184	0.5180	0.0396	0.029*	
C10	0.93171 (10)	0.47828 (14)	0.09281 (15)	0.0247 (4)	
H10A	0.9515	0.5508	0.1004	0.030*	
C11	0.97917 (9)	0.38928 (15)	0.11582 (14)	0.0227 (3)	
H11A	1.0335	0.3990	0.1376	0.027*	
O1W	0.8160 (2)	0.8577 (4)	-0.0224 (4)	0.0257 (5)	0.292 (3)
H1WA	0.8468	0.8115	0.0198	0.031*	0.292 (3)

H1WB	0.8055	0.9096	0.0223	0.031*	0.292 (3)
O2W	0.8104 (3)	0.9291 (4)	0.0129 (4)	0.0257 (5)	0.249 (3)
H2WA	0.8544	0.9496	0.0513	0.031*	0.249 (3)
H2WB	0.8178	0.8757	-0.0286	0.031*	0.249 (3)
O3W	0.8024 (3)	0.7046 (4)	0.0112 (5)	0.0257 (5)	0.236 (3)
H3WA	0.8188	0.7058	-0.0496	0.031*	0.236 (3)
H3WB	0.7571	0.6781	-0.0054	0.031*	0.236 (3)
O4W	0.8561 (3)	0.7918 (5)	0.0081 (5)	0.0257 (5)	0.224 (3)
H4WA	0.8132	0.8099	-0.0354	0.031*	0.224 (3)
H4WB	0.8853	0.8478	0.0157	0.031*	0.224 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0147 (6)	0.0179 (6)	0.0343 (8)	0.0014 (5)	0.0046 (5)	-0.0010 (5)
O1	0.0217 (6)	0.0226 (6)	0.0404 (7)	0.0071 (5)	0.0073 (5)	0.0056 (5)
O2	0.0163 (6)	0.0317 (7)	0.0376 (7)	0.0079 (5)	0.0064 (5)	0.0096 (5)
O3	0.0164 (5)	0.0187 (6)	0.0386 (7)	-0.0016 (4)	0.0010 (5)	0.0032 (5)
O4	0.0188 (6)	0.0212 (6)	0.0616 (9)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0024 (6)	-0.0111 (6)
O5	0.0145 (6)	0.0261 (7)	0.0649 (10)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0041 (6)	-0.0122 (6)
C1	0.0192 (8)	0.0243 (8)	0.0292 (8)	0.0072 (6)	0.0077 (6)	0.0066 (6)
C2	0.0144 (7)	0.0233 (8)	0.0245 (8)	0.0042 (6)	0.0041 (6)	0.0023 (6)
C3	0.0127 (7)	0.0233 (8)	0.0223 (7)	0.0006 (6)	0.0027 (5)	0.0014 (6)
C4	0.0156 (7)	0.0211 (7)	0.0218 (7)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0031 (6)	0.0014 (6)
C5	0.0139 (7)	0.0195 (7)	0.0270 (8)	0.0024 (5)	0.0010 (6)	-0.0010 (6)
C6	0.0132 (7)	0.0208 (7)	0.0311 (8)	0.0021 (6)	0.0018 (6)	-0.0039 (6)
C7	0.0151 (7)	0.0234 (8)	0.0460 (11)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0020 (7)	-0.0125 (7)
N2	0.0139 (6)	0.0213 (7)	0.0301 (7)	0.0010 (5)	0.0018 (5)	0.0020 (5)
N3	0.0112 (6)	0.0252 (7)	0.0235 (7)	0.0014 (5)	0.0001 (5)	0.0016 (5)
N4	0.0119 (6)	0.0206 (7)	0.0351 (8)	0.0015 (5)	0.0008 (5)	0.0035 (6)
C8	0.0128 (7)	0.0220 (7)	0.0220 (7)	0.0010 (5)	0.0015 (6)	0.0017 (6)
C9	0.0179 (8)	0.0225 (8)	0.0314 (9)	0.0018 (6)	0.0025 (6)	0.0023 (6)
C10	0.0189 (8)	0.0244 (8)	0.0297 (8)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0031 (6)	0.0002 (6)
C11	0.0139 (7)	0.0298 (8)	0.0231 (8)	-0.0037 (6)	0.0015 (6)	0.0003 (6)
O1W	0.0201 (11)	0.0265 (12)	0.0296 (13)	-0.0109 (9)	0.0042 (9)	-0.0058 (10)
O2W	0.0201 (11)	0.0265 (12)	0.0296 (13)	-0.0109 (9)	0.0042 (9)	-0.0058 (10)
O3W	0.0201 (11)	0.0265 (12)	0.0296 (13)	-0.0109 (9)	0.0042 (9)	-0.0058 (10)
O4W	0.0201 (11)	0.0265 (12)	0.0296 (13)	-0.0109 (9)	0.0042 (9)	-0.0058 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

N1—C6	1.348 (2)	N3—C11	1.349 (2)
N1—C2	1.349 (2)	N3—C8	1.363 (2)
N1—H1N	0.9263	N3—H3N	0.9273
O1—C1	1.258 (2)	N4—C8	1.320 (2)
O2—C1	1.249 (2)	N4—H4NA	0.9056
O3—C4	1.3131 (19)	N4—H4NB	0.8882
O3—H3O	0.9466	C9—C10	1.402 (2)

O4—C7	1.264 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9500
O5—C7	1.234 (2)	C10—C11	1.367 (2)
C1—C2	1.518 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9500
C2—C3	1.366 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9500
C3—C4	1.409 (2)	O1W—H1WA	0.8664
C3—H3A	0.9500	O1W—H1WB	0.8805
C4—C5	1.411 (2)	O2W—H2WA	0.8508
C5—C6	1.368 (2)	O2W—H2WB	0.8509
C5—H5A	0.9500	O3W—H3WA	0.8500
C6—C7	1.519 (2)	O3W—H3WB	0.8501
N2—C9	1.324 (2)	O4W—H4WA	0.8501
N2—C8	1.353 (2)	O4W—H4WB	0.8523
C6—N1—C2	122.33 (15)	O4—C7—C6	113.36 (15)
C6—N1—H1N	121.0	C9—N2—C8	117.74 (14)
C2—N1—H1N	116.7	C11—N3—C8	120.82 (14)
C4—O3—H3O	111.5	C11—N3—H3N	120.2
O2—C1—O1	128.19 (15)	C8—N3—H3N	119.0
O2—C1—C2	116.07 (15)	C8—N4—H4NA	121.0
O1—C1—C2	115.72 (15)	C8—N4—H4NB	116.8
N1—C2—C3	119.94 (14)	H4NA—N4—H4NB	121.7
N1—C2—C1	116.36 (15)	N4—C8—N2	119.81 (14)
C3—C2—C1	123.68 (14)	N4—C8—N3	119.12 (14)
C2—C3—C4	119.80 (14)	N2—C8—N3	121.07 (15)
C2—C3—H3A	120.1	N2—C9—C10	123.61 (15)
C4—C3—H3A	120.1	N2—C9—H9A	118.2
O3—C4—C3	118.81 (14)	C10—C9—H9A	118.2
O3—C4—C5	122.94 (14)	C11—C10—C9	116.72 (16)
C3—C4—C5	118.25 (15)	C11—C10—H10A	121.6
C6—C5—C4	119.49 (14)	C9—C10—H10A	121.6
C6—C5—H5A	120.3	N3—C11—C10	119.98 (15)
C4—C5—H5A	120.3	N3—C11—H11A	120.0
N1—C6—C5	120.14 (15)	C10—C11—H11A	120.0
N1—C6—C7	116.19 (15)	H1WA—O1W—H1WB	107.7
C5—C6—C7	123.67 (14)	H2WA—O2W—H2WB	107.3
O5—C7—O4	128.37 (16)	H3WA—O3W—H3WB	107.4
O5—C7—C6	118.28 (16)	H4WA—O4W—H4WB	107.2
C6—N1—C2—C3	-1.8 (3)	C4—C5—C6—N1	0.0 (3)
C6—N1—C2—C1	176.57 (15)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.86 (16)
O2—C1—C2—N1	-177.73 (15)	N1—C6—C7—O5	175.00 (18)
O1—C1—C2—N1	0.9 (2)	C5—C6—C7—O5	-5.1 (3)
O2—C1—C2—C3	0.5 (2)	N1—C6—C7—O4	-5.0 (2)
O1—C1—C2—C3	179.14 (16)	C5—C6—C7—O4	174.86 (17)
N1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (2)	C9—N2—C8—N4	178.06 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-178.04 (15)	C9—N2—C8—N3	-2.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4—O3	-178.17 (15)	C11—N3—C8—N4	-178.99 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.4 (2)	C11—N3—C8—N2	1.7 (2)

O3—C4—C5—C6	178.07 (16)	C8—N2—C9—C10	1.2 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.5 (2)	N2—C9—C10—C11	1.2 (3)
C2—N1—C6—C5	1.7 (3)	C8—N3—C11—C10	0.8 (2)
C2—N1—C6—C7	-178.45 (16)	C9—C10—C11—N3	-2.1 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N4—H4NA···O2	0.91	1.90	2.795 (2)	172
N1—H1N···O1	0.93	2.26	2.6639 (19)	105
N1—H1N···O4	0.93	2.27	2.618 (2)	101
N4—H4NB···N2 ⁱ	0.89	2.11	2.990 (2)	171
N3—H3N···O1	0.93	1.76	2.683 (2)	171
O3—H3O···O4 ⁱⁱ	0.95	1.55	2.4910 (19)	171

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2, -y+1/2, -z$; (ii) $-x+5/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.