

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

2-Amino-5-chloropyridinium 6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-2-carboxylate 0.85-hydrate

Madhukar Hemamalini and Hoong-Kun Fun*‡

X-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800

USM, Penang, Malaysia

Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

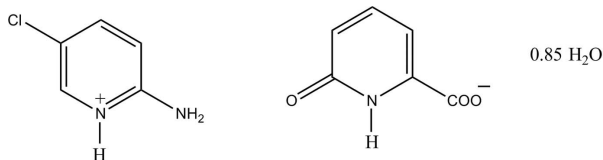
Received 8 August 2010; accepted 11 August 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.113; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.9.

In the title salt, $\text{C}_5\text{H}_6\text{ClN}_2^+ \cdot \text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NO}_3^- \cdot 0.85\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the pyridinium ring is planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.010 (2) Å. In the crystal structure, the cations, anions and water molecules are linked *via* $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$, $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For applications of intermolecular interactions, see: Braga *et al.* (2002); Lam & Mak (2000). For related structures, see: Hemamalini & Fun (2010*a,b,c,d,e,f*); Sawada & Ohashi (1998). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_5\text{H}_6\text{ClN}_2^+ \cdot \text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NO}_3^- \cdot 0.85\text{H}_2\text{O}$ $M_r = 282.98$ Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ $a = 3.8096$ (1) Å $b = 15.6046$ (3) Å $c = 20.9370$ (3) Å $V = 1244.65$ (4) Å³ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.32$ mm⁻¹ $T = 296$ K $0.52 \times 0.22 \times 0.11$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)

 $T_{\min} = 0.851$, $T_{\max} = 0.966$

15196 measured reflections

3632 independent reflections

3129 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$ $wR(F^2) = 0.113$ $S = 1.10$

3632 reflections

215 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.20$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.17$ e Å⁻³

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), with 1458 Friedel pairs

Flack parameter: -0.04 (6)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{O1W}-\text{H1W1} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.85	1.85	2.696 (3)	174
$\text{O1W}-\text{H2W1} \cdots \text{O1W}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85	1.99	2.732 (5)	145
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N1} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{iii}}$	0.98 (2)	1.67 (2)	2.637 (2)	170 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H1N2} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{iv}}$	0.87 (2)	1.97 (2)	2.823 (2)	168 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2N2} \cdots \text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.84 (3)	2.04 (3)	2.882 (2)	179 (3)
$\text{C4}-\text{H4} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{v}}$	0.93 (2)	2.39 (2)	3.296 (2)	166 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 2$; (iii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + 2, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$; (v) $x, y, z + 1$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank the Malaysian Government and Universiti Sains Malaysia for Research University Golden Goose grant No. 1001/PFIZIK/811012. MH also thanks Universiti Sains Malaysia for a postdoctoral research fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI5153).

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‡ Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o2338 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810032307]

2-Amino-5-chloropyridinium 6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-2-carboxylate 0.85-hydrate

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S1. Comment

Intermolecular interaction analyses in crystalline systems are very important in supramolecular chemistry (Braga *et al.*, 2002). These interactions are responsible for crystal packing, and through an understanding of such interactions we can comprehend collective properties and design new crystals with specific physical and chemical properties (Lam & Mak, 2000). We have been interested in hydrogen-bonded systems formed by 2-amino pyridines and carboxylic acids that generate molecular assemblies (Hemamalini & Fun, 2010*a,b,c,d,e,f*). In continuation of our studies of pyridinium derivatives, the crystal structure determination of the title compound has been undertaken.

The asymmetric unit, (Fig. 1), contains one 2-amino-5-chloropyridinium cation, one 6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-2-carboxylate anion and one water molecule with a refined site occupancy of 0.85. The pyridinium ring is essentially planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.010 (2) Å for atom C5. In the 2-amino-5-chloropyridinium cation, a wider than normal angle [C1—N1—C2 = 122.55 (14)°] is subtended at the protonated N1 atom. The anion exists in the keto–enol tautomerism of the –CONH moiety. Similar tautomerism is also observed in the crystal structure of 2-oxo-1,2-dihydropyridine-6-carboxylic acid (Sawada & Ohashi, 1998).

In the crystal packing (Fig. 2), the protonated N1 atom and the 2-amino group (N2) are hydrogen-bonded to the carboxylate oxygen atoms (O2 and O3) via a pair of intermolecular N1—H1N1···O3 and N2—H2N2···O2 hydrogen bonds, forming an $R_2^2(8)$ ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The ion pairs are further connected via O1W—H1W1···O3, O1W—H2W1···O1W, N2—H1N2···O1 and C4—H4···O1 (Table 1) hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional network. The crystal of title compound is isomorphous with that of 2-amino-5-bromopyridinium 6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-2-carboxylate monohydrate (Hemamalini & Fun, 2010*f*).

S2. Experimental

A hot methanol solution (20 ml) of 2-amino-5-chloropyridine (64 mg, Aldrich) and 6-hydroxypicolinic acid (69 mg, Merck) were mixed and warmed over a heating magnetic stirrer hotplate for a few minutes. The resulting solution was allowed to cool slowly at room temperature and crystals of the title compound appeared after a few days.

S3. Refinement

The site occupancy of the water molecule was initially refined and then fixed at 0.85 in the final refinement. The H-atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely [ranges of C—H = 0.89 (2)–0.95 (2) Å and N—H = 0.82 (3)–0.97 (2) Å]. The water H atoms were allowed to ride on the parent O atom.

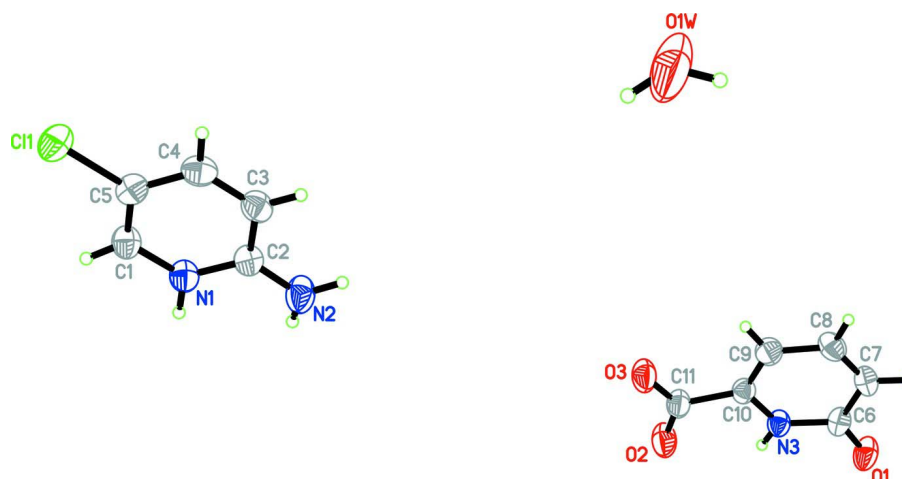


Figure 1

The asymmetric unit of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

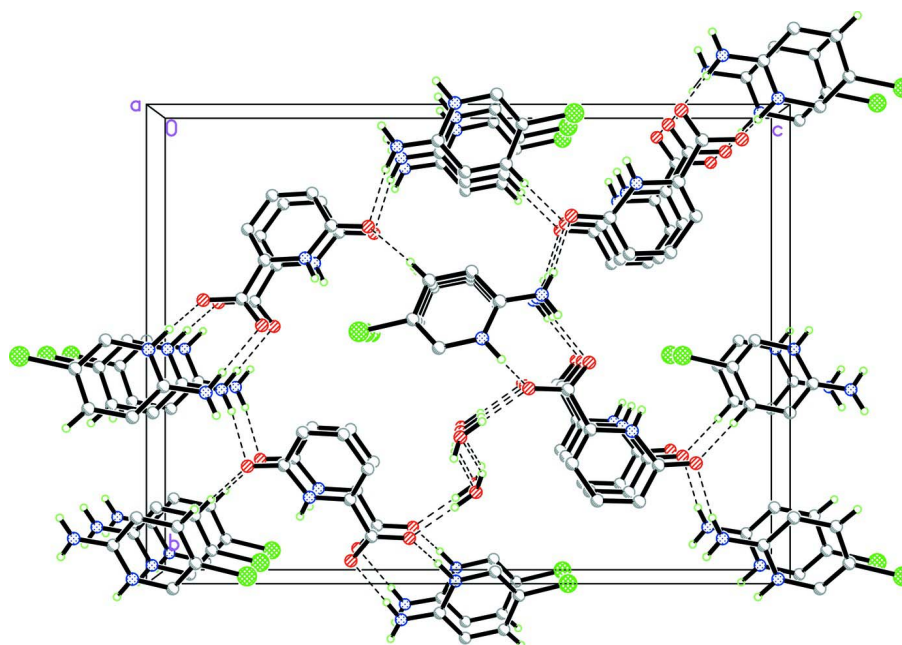


Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound, showing part of a hydrogen-bonded network. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

2-Amino-5-chloropyridinium 6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridine-2-carboxylate 0.85-hydrate

Crystal data

$C_5H_6ClN_2^+ \cdot C_6H_4NO_3^- \cdot 0.85H_2O$

$M_r = 282.98$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$

Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab

$a = 3.8096 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 15.6046 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 20.9370 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$V = 1244.65 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 586$

$D_x = 1.510 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 6806 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}29.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.32 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$

Needle, green
 $0.52 \times 0.22 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.851$, $T_{\max} = 0.966$

15196 measured reflections
 3632 independent reflections
 3129 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$
 $\theta_{\max} = 30.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.6^\circ$
 $h = -4 \rightarrow 5$
 $k = -21 \rightarrow 21$
 $l = -29 \rightarrow 29$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.113$
 $S = 1.10$
 3632 reflections
 215 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0653P)^2 + 0.0443P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983), with 1458
 Fridel pairs
 Absolute structure parameter: $-0.04 (6)$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Cl1	0.29968 (15)	0.97559 (3)	1.16268 (2)	0.04826 (15)	
N1	0.0504 (4)	0.98883 (9)	0.97983 (7)	0.0358 (3)	
N2	0.1288 (6)	0.90253 (11)	0.89193 (7)	0.0473 (4)	
C1	0.0873 (5)	1.00748 (10)	1.04320 (8)	0.0365 (4)	
C2	0.1708 (5)	0.91546 (9)	0.95385 (8)	0.0339 (3)	
C3	0.3321 (6)	0.85531 (10)	0.99503 (8)	0.0378 (4)	
C4	0.3690 (5)	0.87223 (11)	1.05852 (9)	0.0389 (4)	
C5	0.2467 (5)	0.95094 (10)	1.08254 (7)	0.0361 (4)	
O1	0.8680 (5)	0.75705 (8)	0.15429 (5)	0.0483 (4)	
O2	0.6524 (5)	0.96179 (8)	0.31378 (6)	0.0527 (4)	
O3	0.8337 (5)	0.90935 (8)	0.40756 (6)	0.0516 (4)	
N3	0.8628 (4)	0.82238 (9)	0.25126 (6)	0.0332 (3)	

C6	0.9424 (5)	0.75403 (10)	0.21242 (8)	0.0363 (4)	
C7	1.1066 (5)	0.68363 (11)	0.24435 (9)	0.0397 (4)	
C8	1.1756 (6)	0.68705 (11)	0.30786 (9)	0.0414 (4)	
C9	1.0842 (6)	0.75963 (12)	0.34448 (8)	0.0398 (4)	
C10	0.9247 (5)	0.82601 (10)	0.31526 (8)	0.0321 (3)	
C11	0.7932 (6)	0.90675 (10)	0.34770 (7)	0.0386 (4)	
O1W	0.5775 (11)	0.18936 (16)	1.01198 (10)	0.1069 (12)	0.85
H1W1	0.5888	0.1576	0.9790	0.101 (14)*	0.85
H2W1	0.4401	0.2303	1.0216	0.109 (17)*	0.85
H1	-0.012 (6)	1.0566 (13)	1.0558 (9)	0.040 (5)*	
H3	0.416 (6)	0.8069 (14)	0.9779 (9)	0.044 (6)*	
H4	0.474 (6)	0.8348 (12)	1.0870 (8)	0.032 (5)*	
H8	1.274 (6)	0.6427 (13)	0.3299 (9)	0.049 (6)*	
H9	1.141 (9)	0.7623 (15)	0.3865 (11)	0.065 (7)*	
H7	1.155 (7)	0.6344 (12)	0.2193 (9)	0.042 (5)*	
H1N1	-0.068 (6)	1.0297 (13)	0.9520 (10)	0.046 (6)*	
H1N2	0.222 (7)	0.8578 (14)	0.8740 (10)	0.048 (6)*	
H2N2	0.050 (7)	0.9426 (17)	0.8691 (11)	0.057 (7)*	
H1N3	0.771 (6)	0.8649 (13)	0.2351 (9)	0.043 (6)*	

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0578 (3)	0.0516 (2)	0.0353 (2)	-0.0024 (2)	-0.0049 (2)	-0.00042 (17)
N1	0.0431 (8)	0.0311 (6)	0.0331 (7)	0.0030 (6)	0.0011 (6)	0.0030 (5)
N2	0.0696 (13)	0.0352 (7)	0.0370 (7)	0.0118 (8)	-0.0039 (8)	-0.0020 (6)
C1	0.0429 (9)	0.0308 (7)	0.0358 (8)	0.0003 (7)	0.0029 (7)	0.0006 (6)
C2	0.0368 (8)	0.0298 (7)	0.0352 (7)	-0.0011 (7)	0.0018 (8)	0.0024 (6)
C3	0.0400 (9)	0.0302 (7)	0.0432 (8)	0.0033 (7)	-0.0002 (8)	0.0020 (6)
C4	0.0372 (9)	0.0358 (8)	0.0435 (9)	0.0001 (8)	-0.0030 (8)	0.0099 (7)
C5	0.0370 (9)	0.0383 (8)	0.0329 (7)	-0.0048 (7)	-0.0002 (7)	0.0029 (6)
O1	0.0731 (10)	0.0412 (6)	0.0306 (5)	0.0021 (7)	-0.0036 (7)	-0.0059 (5)
O2	0.0771 (11)	0.0396 (6)	0.0414 (6)	0.0175 (7)	-0.0040 (8)	-0.0052 (5)
O3	0.0709 (10)	0.0500 (7)	0.0339 (6)	0.0190 (8)	-0.0034 (8)	-0.0099 (5)
N3	0.0434 (8)	0.0265 (6)	0.0297 (6)	0.0026 (6)	-0.0020 (6)	0.0002 (5)
C6	0.0427 (9)	0.0324 (7)	0.0338 (7)	-0.0044 (7)	0.0038 (8)	-0.0036 (6)
C7	0.0440 (10)	0.0321 (7)	0.0429 (9)	0.0048 (8)	0.0060 (8)	-0.0045 (7)
C8	0.0445 (10)	0.0368 (8)	0.0430 (9)	0.0099 (8)	0.0017 (9)	0.0057 (7)
C9	0.0447 (10)	0.0421 (8)	0.0325 (8)	0.0040 (8)	-0.0020 (8)	0.0005 (7)
C10	0.0330 (8)	0.0334 (7)	0.0300 (7)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0024 (7)	-0.0026 (6)
C11	0.0466 (10)	0.0357 (7)	0.0335 (7)	0.0030 (8)	-0.0001 (8)	-0.0054 (6)
O1W	0.187 (4)	0.0767 (15)	0.0574 (12)	0.013 (2)	-0.0226 (18)	-0.0259 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C5	1.7331 (16)	O2—C11	1.237 (2)
N1—C2	1.348 (2)	O3—C11	1.2633 (18)
N1—C1	1.365 (2)	N3—C10	1.362 (2)

N1—H1N1	0.97 (2)	N3—C6	1.375 (2)
N2—C2	1.322 (2)	N3—H1N3	0.82 (2)
N2—H1N2	0.87 (2)	C6—C7	1.430 (3)
N2—H2N2	0.84 (3)	C7—C8	1.356 (3)
C1—C5	1.351 (2)	C7—H7	0.95 (2)
C1—H1	0.90 (2)	C8—C9	1.411 (3)
C2—C3	1.415 (2)	C8—H8	0.91 (2)
C3—C4	1.363 (3)	C9—C10	1.348 (2)
C3—H3	0.89 (2)	C9—H9	0.91 (2)
C4—C5	1.407 (2)	C10—C11	1.516 (2)
C4—H4	0.925 (19)	O1W—H1W1	0.85
O1—C6	1.2506 (19)	O1W—H2W1	0.85
C2—N1—C1	122.55 (14)	C10—N3—H1N3	116.4 (14)
C2—N1—H1N1	118.2 (12)	C6—N3—H1N3	118.4 (14)
C1—N1—H1N1	119.3 (12)	O1—C6—N3	119.75 (16)
C2—N2—H1N2	119.8 (15)	O1—C6—C7	125.67 (15)
C2—N2—H2N2	119.1 (16)	N3—C6—C7	114.58 (15)
H1N2—N2—H2N2	120 (2)	C8—C7—C6	120.84 (16)
C5—C1—N1	119.97 (16)	C8—C7—H7	122.4 (12)
C5—C1—H1	124.8 (12)	C6—C7—H7	116.7 (12)
N1—C1—H1	115.1 (12)	C7—C8—C9	121.09 (17)
N2—C2—N1	118.97 (15)	C7—C8—H8	123.0 (13)
N2—C2—C3	123.30 (16)	C9—C8—H8	115.8 (13)
N1—C2—C3	117.72 (15)	C10—C9—C8	118.78 (15)
C4—C3—C2	120.72 (16)	C10—C9—H9	120.8 (16)
C4—C3—H3	121.2 (13)	C8—C9—H9	120.4 (17)
C2—C3—H3	118.0 (13)	C9—C10—N3	119.51 (15)
C3—C4—C5	118.93 (16)	C9—C10—C11	125.75 (15)
C3—C4—H4	123.4 (11)	N3—C10—C11	114.73 (14)
C5—C4—H4	117.6 (11)	O2—C11—O3	126.89 (15)
C1—C5—C4	120.07 (16)	O2—C11—C10	117.57 (14)
C1—C5—C11	119.85 (13)	O3—C11—C10	115.51 (15)
C4—C5—C11	120.09 (13)	H1W1—O1W—H2W1	131.4
C10—N3—C6	125.17 (15)		
C2—N1—C1—C5	-0.7 (3)	O1—C6—C7—C8	-180.0 (2)
C1—N1—C2—N2	-179.18 (19)	N3—C6—C7—C8	-0.4 (3)
C1—N1—C2—C3	1.8 (3)	C6—C7—C8—C9	0.7 (3)
N2—C2—C3—C4	179.8 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C10	0.3 (3)
N1—C2—C3—C4	-1.2 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N3	-1.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.5 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	176.86 (19)
N1—C1—C5—C4	-1.1 (3)	C6—N3—C10—C9	1.8 (3)
N1—C1—C5—C11	178.92 (14)	C6—N3—C10—C11	-176.69 (18)
C3—C4—C5—C1	1.7 (3)	C9—C10—C11—O2	179.9 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C11	-178.37 (16)	N3—C10—C11—O2	-1.7 (3)
C10—N3—C6—O1	178.73 (18)	C9—C10—C11—O3	-1.6 (3)
C10—N3—C6—C7	-0.8 (3)	N3—C10—C11—O3	176.80 (17)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O1 <i>W</i> —H1 <i>W</i> 1···O3 ⁱ	0.85	1.85	2.696 (3)	174
O1 <i>W</i> —H2 <i>W</i> 1···O1 <i>W</i> ⁱⁱ	0.85	1.99	2.732 (5)	145
N1—H1 <i>N</i> 1···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.98 (2)	1.67 (2)	2.637 (2)	170 (2)
N2—H1 <i>N</i> 2···O1 ^{iv}	0.87 (2)	1.97 (2)	2.823 (2)	168 (2)
N2—H2 <i>N</i> 2···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.84 (3)	2.04 (3)	2.882 (2)	179 (3)
C4—H4···O1 ^v	0.93 (2)	2.39 (2)	3.296 (2)	166 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2, -y+1, z+1/2$; (ii) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z+2$; (iii) $-x+1/2, -y+2, z+1/2$; (iv) $x-1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1$; (v) $x, y, z+1$.