

# Benzyl *N*-{(1*S*)-2-hydroxy-1-[*N'*-(2-nitrobenzylidene)hydrazinylcarbonyl]ethyl}-carbamate

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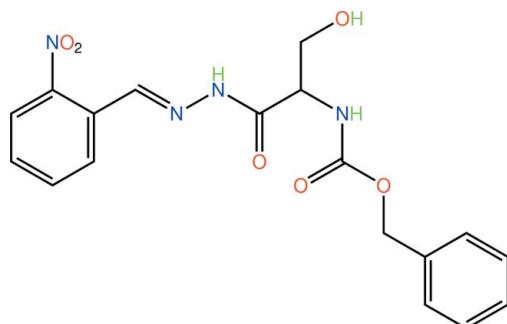
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 120\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C–C}) = 0.013\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.089;  $wR$  factor = 0.190; data-to-parameter ratio = 6.8.

The carbamate and hydrazone groups in the title compound,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$ , are approximately orthogonal [dihedral angle =  $83.3(4)^\circ$ ], and the carbonyl groups are effectively *anti* [ $\text{O}=\text{C}\cdots\text{C}=\text{O}$  torsion angle =  $-116.2(7)^\circ$ ]. The conformation about the imine bond [ $1.295(11)\text{ \AA}$ ] is *E*. The crystal packing is dominated by  $\text{O}–\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{N}–\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonding, which leads to two-dimensional arrays in the *ab* plane.

## Related literature

For background to the anti-tumour potential of L-serine derivatives, see: Jiao *et al.* (2009); Yakura *et al.* (2007); Takahashi *et al.* (1988); Sin *et al.* (1998). For background of the anti-tumour potential of *N*-acylhydrazone L-serine derivatives, see: Rollas & Küçükgüzel (2007); Terzioğlu & Gürsoy (2003).



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## Experimental

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$	$\gamma = 97.319(9)^\circ$
$M_r = 386.36$	$V = 438.90(11)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 1$
$a = 4.6675(7)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 5.7001(7)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.11\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 16.645(3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 120\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 90.457(9)^\circ$	$0.20 \times 0.07 \times 0.01\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 92.087(7)^\circ$	

### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer	7083 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 2007)	1791 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.624$ , $T_{\max} = 1.000$	1243 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.093$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.089$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.190$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.39\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.14$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1791 reflections	
262 parameters	
6 restraints	

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D–\text{H}\cdots A$	$D–\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D–\text{H}\cdots A$
O3–H3o $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.84 (8)	1.97 (9)	2.712 (9)	147 (8)
N1–H1n $\cdots$ O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.88 (7)	2.12 (7)	2.974 (10)	167 (8)
N2–H2n $\cdots$ O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.88 (4)	1.95 (5)	2.775 (10)	155 (9)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y + 1, z$ ; (ii)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $x - 1, y, z$ .

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT*; data reduction: *DENZO* and *COLLECT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZS2049).

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# supporting information

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## Benzyl N-((1*S*)-2-hydroxy-1-[N'-(2-nitrobenzylidene)hydrazinylcarbonyl]ethyl)-carbamate

**Marcus V. N. de Souza, Alessandra C. Pinheiro, Edward R. T. Tiekkink, Solange M. S. V. Wardell and James L. Wardell**

### S1. Comment

Several *L*-serine derivatives have been found to have potential in anti-cancer therapy, for example, conagenin, a naturally occurring serine derivative, was shown to improve the anti-tumour efficacy of adriamycin and mitomycin C against murine leukemias (Jiao *et al.*, 2009; Yakura *et al.*, 2007). Other *L*-serine derivatives reported as potential new anti-tumour agents include the antibiotic thrazarine, which sensitizes tumour cells to macrophage-mediated cytotoxicity (Takahashi *et al.*, 1988), and eponemycin, an immunomodulator, which plays a crucial role in tumour progression and metastases by supplying essential nutrients to B16 melanoma cells (Sin *et al.*, 1998).

Following on from such reports, we have synthesized some *N*-acylhydrazone *L*-serine derivatives from *L*-serine to screen for anti-tumour activity. The choice of *N*-acylhydrazone derivatives was suggested by publications indicating that compounds with such groups can aid anti-tumour activities (Rollas & Küçükgüzel, 2007; Terzioğlu & Gürsoy, 2003). We now report the structure of the title compound (**I**). While the solid, isolated by recrystallization from methanol, was purely in the *E*-form, NMR spectra in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> solution indicated that both *E* and *Z* forms are produced.

Significant twists are evident in the molecular structure of (**I**) (Fig. 1). The twisting is most pronounced about the central methine link with the dihedral angle formed between the least-squares planes through the carbamate group (N1,C1,O1,O2; r.m.s. = 0.0028 Å) and the hydrazone group (N2,N2,C4,O4; r.m.s. = 0.0202 Å) being 83.3 (4)°. The dihedral angle O2—C2···C4—O4 is -116.2 (7)° indicating an *anti* disposition for the carbonyl-O2 and O4 atoms. While the benzyl-benzene ring is approximately co-planar with the carbamate group [the O1—C1—C12—C13 torsion angle is -171.3 (8)°], the benzene ring adjacent to the hydrazone residue is not [N3—C5—C6—C7 = -137.9 (9) °]; the dihedral angle formed between the terminal benzene rings is 67.8 (4) °. The conformation about the imine C5=N3 bond [1.295 (11) Å] is *E*.

The crystal packing is dominated by O—H···O and N—H···O hydrogen bonding (Table 1). The hydroxyl group hydrogen bonds with the carbonyl-O2 to form a chain along the *b* axis. Each N—H hydrogen-bonds to an O atom, N1—H to the hydroxy-O3 atom to form a chain along the *a* axis, and N3—H to a carbonyl-O4 atom to form an amide-type tape along the *a* axis. The net result of the hydrogen bonding is the formation of two-dimensional arrays in the *ab* plane (Fig. 2), that stack along the *c* axis (Fig. 3).

### S2. Experimental

An ethanolic solution of 2-nitrobenzaldehyde (1.05 mmol) and PhCH<sub>2</sub>O(CO)NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)CONHNH<sub>2</sub>, prepared from *L*-serine and hydrazine hydrate, (1.0 mmol) was refluxed for 4 h. After rotary evaporation, the residue was washed with cold ethanol (3 x 10 ml), and recrystallized from methanol. The crystals used in the structure determination were grown from methanol solution, m.p. 428–429 K.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (p.p.m.): 11.88 and 11.71 (1H, s, NHN, (E/Z)-diastereomer), 8.66 and 8.39 (1H, s, N≡CH, (E/Z)-diastereomer), 8.07 (2H, m, H3 and H6), 7.80 (1H, m, H5), 7.67 (1H, m, H4), 7.44 (d, J = 7.8) and 7.34 (m), (1H, NHCH, (E/Z)-diastereomer), 7.38–7.30 (5H, m, Ph), 5.05 and 5.04 (2H, s, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, (E/Z)-diastereomer), 5.03 (m) and 4.89 (t, J = 5.9), (1H, OH, (E/Z)-diastereomer), 5.03 and 4.15 (1H, m, CH, (E/Z)-diastereomer), 3.80–3.60 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>OH). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (p.p.m.): 171.7, 167.4, 156.0, 148.2, 148.1, 142.4, 138.8, 137.0, 136.9, 133.8, 133.6, 130.6, 130.5, 128.7, 128.4, 128.0, 127.8, 127.7, 124.7, 124.6, 65.6, 65.4, 61.4, 61.1, 56.5, 54.4. IR (cm<sup>-1</sup>; KBr): 3392 (O—H), 1694 (COCH), 1672 (COO), 1555 and 1342 (NO<sub>2</sub>). EM/ESI: [M—H]: 385.3.

### S3. Refinement

The C-bound H atoms were geometrically placed (C—H = 0.95–1.00 Å) and refined as riding with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ . The O- and N-bound H atoms were located from a difference map and refined with the distance restraints O—H = 0.84±0.01 and N—H = 0.88±0.01 Å, and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$  or  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ . In the absence of significant anomalous scattering effects, 1489 Friedel pairs were averaged in the final refinement. However, the absolute configuration was assigned on the basis of the chirality of the L-serine starting material.

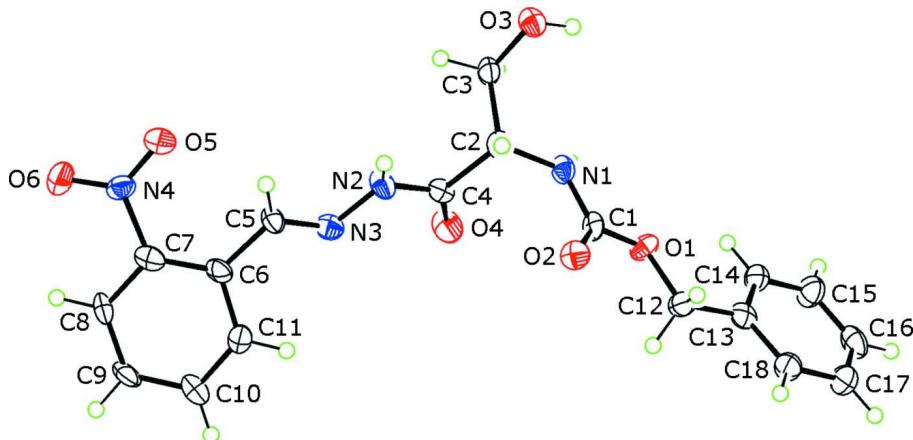
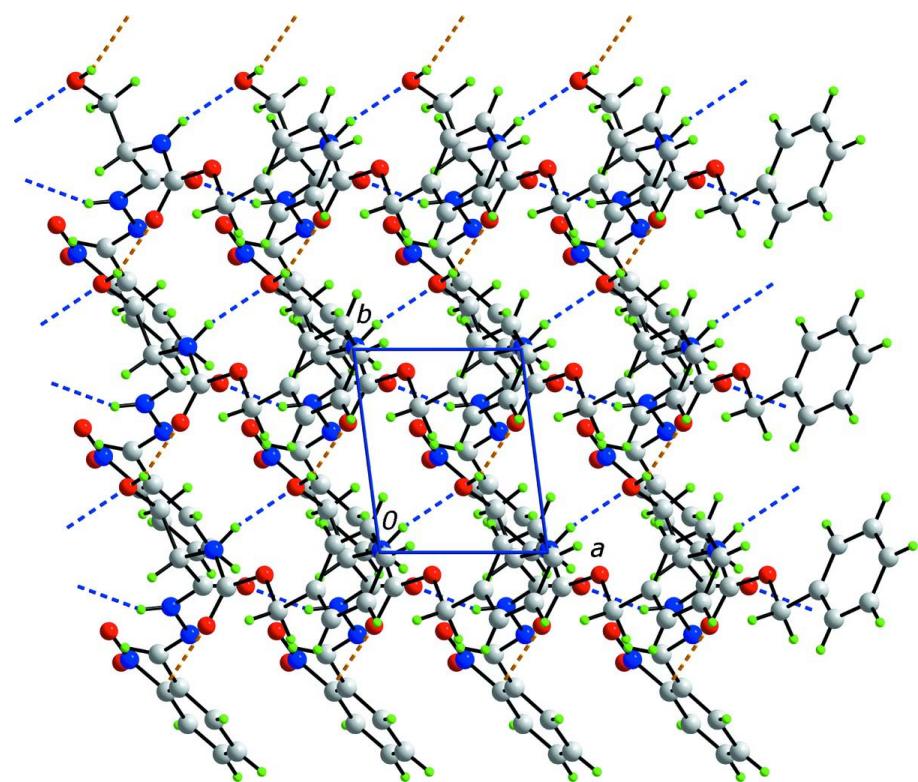
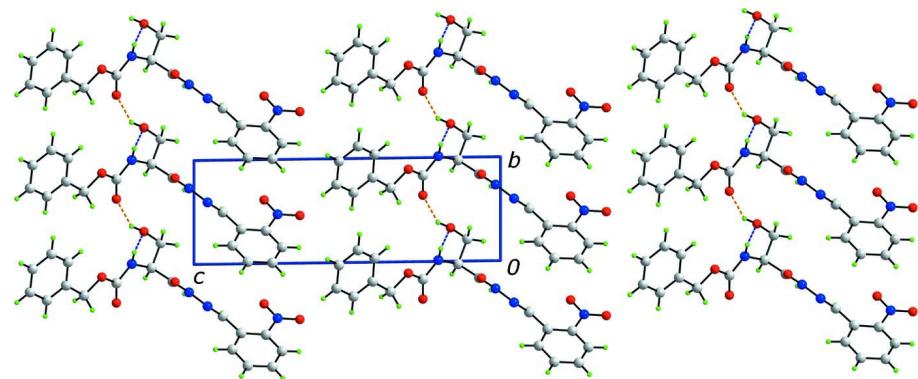


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A view of the two-dimensional supramolecular array in the *ab* plane in (I) with the O–H···O and N–H···O hydrogen bonding shown as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively.

**Figure 3**

A view in projection down the *a* axis of (I) showing the stacking of the two-dimensional arrays along the *c* axis.

#### Benzyl *N*-(1*S*)-2-hydroxy-1-[*N'*-(2-nitrobenzylidene)hydrazinylcarbonyl]ethyl carbamate

##### Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{18}N_4O_6$   
 $M_r = 386.36$   
Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
Hall symbol: P 1  
 $a = 4.6675 (7)$  Å  
 $b = 5.7001 (7)$  Å

$c = 16.645 (3)$  Å  
 $\alpha = 90.457 (9)^\circ$   
 $\beta = 92.087 (7)^\circ$   
 $\gamma = 97.319 (9)^\circ$   
 $V = 438.90 (11)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 1$

$F(000) = 202$   
 $D_x = 1.462 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
 Melting point = 428–429 K  
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 18416 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.5^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 120 \text{ K}$   
 Plate, colourless  
 $0.20 \times 0.07 \times 0.01 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: Enraf Nonius FR591 rotating  
 anode  
 10 cm confocal mirrors monochromator  
 Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels  $\text{mm}^{-1}$   
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2007)

$T_{\min} = 0.624$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$   
 7083 measured reflections  
 1791 independent reflections  
 1243 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.093$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.6^\circ$   
 $h = -5 \rightarrow 5$   
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 7$   
 $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.089$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.190$   
 $S = 1.14$   
 1791 reflections  
 262 parameters  
 6 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
 and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.037P)^2 + 1.2849P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.39 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

#### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.2947 (12)	0.8892 (10)	0.3007 (4)	0.0270 (14)
O2	-0.0905 (13)	0.6386 (10)	0.2534 (4)	0.0294 (15)
O3	-0.4518 (12)	1.3215 (11)	0.1633 (4)	0.0297 (15)
H3O	-0.350 (19)	1.374 (18)	0.204 (4)	0.045*
O4	0.1745 (14)	0.8327 (12)	0.0625 (4)	0.0395 (17)
O5	-0.6765 (15)	0.6119 (12)	-0.2286 (4)	0.0427 (19)
O6	-0.6271 (16)	0.4575 (13)	-0.3452 (4)	0.0450 (19)
N1	0.0112 (16)	1.0119 (13)	0.2030 (5)	0.0267 (17)
H1N	0.156 (13)	1.122 (12)	0.195 (6)	0.032*
N2	-0.2884 (15)	0.7320 (14)	0.0165 (5)	0.0285 (18)

H2N	-0.469 (7)	0.718 (17)	0.031 (5)	0.034*
N3	-0.1965 (16)	0.5952 (12)	-0.0441 (5)	0.0272 (18)
N4	-0.5754 (16)	0.4722 (12)	-0.2727 (5)	0.0291 (18)
C1	0.0588 (17)	0.8301 (16)	0.2530 (5)	0.024 (2)
C2	-0.2011 (19)	0.9716 (15)	0.1386 (5)	0.025 (2)
H2	-0.3785	0.8760	0.1585	0.030*
C3	-0.278 (2)	1.2117 (16)	0.1085 (5)	0.029 (2)
H3A	-0.0978	1.3188	0.1004	0.035*
H3B	-0.3842	1.1877	0.0559	0.035*
C4	-0.0811 (19)	0.8361 (14)	0.0693 (5)	0.0221 (19)
C5	-0.398 (2)	0.4987 (15)	-0.0938 (5)	0.026 (2)
H5	-0.5928	0.5308	-0.0921	0.031*
C6	-0.3011 (19)	0.3339 (14)	-0.1536 (6)	0.026 (2)
C7	-0.3789 (19)	0.3147 (14)	-0.2349 (6)	0.026 (2)
C8	-0.2776 (19)	0.1553 (16)	-0.2870 (6)	0.029 (2)
H8	-0.3347	0.1492	-0.3424	0.035*
C9	-0.092 (2)	0.0061 (16)	-0.2560 (6)	0.032 (2)
H9	-0.0215	-0.1062	-0.2902	0.039*
C10	-0.006 (2)	0.0190 (16)	-0.1754 (6)	0.031 (2)
H10	0.1263	-0.0809	-0.1548	0.038*
C11	-0.1140 (18)	0.1766 (14)	-0.1252 (5)	0.026 (2)
H11	-0.0600	0.1790	-0.0696	0.031*
C12	0.347 (2)	0.7141 (16)	0.3589 (6)	0.030 (2)
H12A	0.4009	0.5724	0.3313	0.036*
H12B	0.1691	0.6662	0.3884	0.036*
C13	0.5886 (19)	0.8140 (16)	0.4173 (6)	0.026 (2)
C14	0.737 (2)	1.0378 (16)	0.4112 (6)	0.030 (2)
H14	0.6857	1.1380	0.3691	0.035*
C15	0.958 (2)	1.1178 (18)	0.4651 (6)	0.038 (2)
H15	1.0609	1.2714	0.4596	0.045*
C16	1.031 (2)	0.9758 (18)	0.5270 (6)	0.038 (3)
H16	1.1847	1.0311	0.5642	0.045*
C17	0.881 (2)	0.7527 (18)	0.5351 (6)	0.037 (3)
H17	0.9294	0.6546	0.5781	0.045*
C18	0.659 (2)	0.6729 (16)	0.4798 (6)	0.031 (2)
H18	0.5543	0.5199	0.4853	0.037*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.024 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.027 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.012 (3)
O2	0.021 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.036 (4)	-0.002 (3)	-0.002 (3)	0.000 (3)
O3	0.023 (4)	0.035 (4)	0.032 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.006 (3)
O4	0.022 (4)	0.049 (4)	0.047 (4)	0.003 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.015 (3)
O5	0.048 (5)	0.043 (4)	0.041 (4)	0.024 (4)	-0.002 (4)	-0.006 (3)
O6	0.053 (5)	0.057 (5)	0.027 (4)	0.018 (4)	-0.008 (3)	-0.001 (3)
N1	0.022 (4)	0.032 (5)	0.025 (4)	0.001 (3)	-0.002 (3)	-0.006 (3)
N2	0.016 (4)	0.038 (4)	0.032 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.013 (4)

N3	0.026 (4)	0.024 (4)	0.033 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.003 (4)	0.000 (3)
N4	0.030 (5)	0.022 (4)	0.035 (5)	0.004 (3)	-0.004 (4)	0.005 (3)
C1	0.010 (4)	0.037 (5)	0.023 (5)	0.000 (4)	-0.005 (4)	-0.008 (4)
C2	0.018 (5)	0.028 (5)	0.028 (5)	-0.003 (4)	0.003 (4)	-0.001 (4)
C3	0.039 (6)	0.026 (5)	0.022 (5)	0.003 (4)	-0.005 (4)	-0.004 (4)
C4	0.026 (5)	0.020 (4)	0.021 (5)	0.002 (3)	0.013 (4)	0.005 (3)
C5	0.028 (5)	0.028 (5)	0.022 (5)	0.005 (4)	0.004 (4)	-0.006 (4)
C6	0.026 (5)	0.016 (4)	0.037 (6)	0.000 (4)	-0.004 (4)	-0.007 (4)
C7	0.020 (5)	0.016 (4)	0.041 (6)	-0.004 (3)	0.005 (4)	-0.001 (4)
C8	0.032 (5)	0.034 (5)	0.019 (5)	0.000 (4)	0.000 (4)	-0.011 (4)
C9	0.037 (6)	0.027 (5)	0.036 (6)	0.012 (4)	0.006 (5)	-0.013 (4)
C10	0.032 (5)	0.028 (5)	0.034 (6)	0.000 (4)	0.007 (5)	-0.010 (4)
C11	0.028 (5)	0.023 (5)	0.023 (5)	-0.005 (4)	-0.001 (4)	0.003 (4)
C12	0.031 (5)	0.025 (5)	0.033 (6)	0.005 (4)	-0.005 (4)	0.002 (4)
C13	0.023 (5)	0.030 (5)	0.025 (5)	0.005 (4)	0.011 (4)	0.000 (4)
C14	0.030 (5)	0.030 (5)	0.028 (5)	0.003 (4)	-0.005 (4)	-0.002 (4)
C15	0.039 (6)	0.036 (6)	0.036 (6)	-0.001 (5)	-0.010 (5)	0.000 (5)
C16	0.026 (5)	0.046 (6)	0.040 (6)	0.004 (5)	-0.007 (5)	-0.021 (5)
C17	0.036 (6)	0.043 (6)	0.034 (6)	0.010 (5)	-0.009 (5)	-0.004 (5)
C18	0.034 (6)	0.026 (5)	0.031 (6)	0.000 (4)	-0.001 (4)	0.000 (4)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

O1—C1	1.340 (10)	C6—C11	1.402 (12)
O1—C12	1.433 (10)	C7—C8	1.388 (12)
O2—C1	1.218 (11)	C8—C9	1.381 (13)
O3—C3	1.433 (11)	C8—H8	0.9500
O3—H3O	0.84 (8)	C9—C10	1.384 (13)
O4—C4	1.205 (10)	C9—H9	0.9500
O5—N4	1.228 (10)	C10—C11	1.375 (12)
O6—N4	1.223 (10)	C10—H10	0.9500
N1—C1	1.369 (12)	C11—H11	0.9500
N1—C2	1.430 (11)	C12—C13	1.513 (13)
N1—H1N	0.88 (7)	C12—H12A	0.9900
N2—C4	1.358 (11)	C12—H12B	0.9900
N2—N3	1.383 (10)	C13—C14	1.379 (12)
N2—H2N	0.88 (4)	C13—C18	1.376 (13)
N3—C5	1.295 (11)	C14—C15	1.372 (13)
N4—C7	1.490 (11)	C14—H14	0.9500
C2—C4	1.544 (12)	C15—C16	1.376 (15)
C2—C3	1.541 (12)	C15—H15	0.9500
C2—H2	1.0000	C16—C17	1.381 (14)
C3—H3A	0.9900	C16—H16	0.9500
C3—H3B	0.9900	C17—C18	1.391 (13)
C5—C6	1.485 (12)	C17—H17	0.9500
C5—H5	0.9500	C18—H18	0.9500
C6—C7	1.387 (13)		

C1—O1—C12	114.3 (7)	C8—C7—N4	115.2 (8)
C3—O3—H3O	110 (7)	C9—C8—C7	118.1 (8)
C1—N1—C2	119.6 (7)	C9—C8—H8	120.9
C1—N1—H1N	118 (6)	C7—C8—H8	120.9
C2—N1—H1N	116 (6)	C10—C9—C8	120.5 (8)
C4—N2—N3	116.5 (7)	C10—C9—H9	119.8
C4—N2—H2N	118 (6)	C8—C9—H9	119.8
N3—N2—H2N	123 (6)	C9—C10—C11	119.9 (9)
C5—N3—N2	115.3 (7)	C9—C10—H10	120.1
O6—N4—O5	123.4 (8)	C11—C10—H10	120.1
O6—N4—C7	119.1 (7)	C10—C11—C6	122.0 (8)
O5—N4—C7	117.5 (7)	C10—C11—H11	119.0
O2—C1—O1	124.3 (8)	C6—C11—H11	119.0
O2—C1—N1	124.7 (8)	O1—C12—C13	109.6 (7)
O1—C1—N1	111.0 (7)	O1—C12—H12A	109.7
N1—C2—C4	109.8 (7)	C13—C12—H12A	109.7
N1—C2—C3	109.1 (7)	O1—C12—H12B	109.7
C4—C2—C3	109.9 (7)	C13—C12—H12B	109.7
N1—C2—H2	109.3	H12A—C12—H12B	108.2
C4—C2—H2	109.3	C14—C13—C18	119.1 (8)
C3—C2—H2	109.3	C14—C13—C12	123.3 (8)
O3—C3—C2	112.7 (7)	C18—C13—C12	117.5 (8)
O3—C3—H3A	109.1	C13—C14—C15	120.9 (9)
C2—C3—H3A	109.1	C13—C14—H14	119.6
O3—C3—H3B	109.1	C15—C14—H14	119.6
C2—C3—H3B	109.1	C16—C15—C14	120.1 (10)
H3A—C3—H3B	107.8	C16—C15—H15	120.0
O4—C4—N2	124.3 (8)	C14—C15—H15	120.0
O4—C4—C2	121.9 (8)	C15—C16—C17	120.0 (9)
N2—C4—C2	113.7 (7)	C15—C16—H16	120.0
N3—C5—C6	114.6 (8)	C17—C16—H16	120.0
N3—C5—H5	122.7	C16—C17—C18	119.4 (10)
C6—C5—H5	122.7	C16—C17—H17	120.3
C7—C6—C11	115.8 (8)	C18—C17—H17	120.3
C7—C6—C5	127.2 (8)	C13—C18—C17	120.5 (9)
C11—C6—C5	117.0 (8)	C13—C18—H18	119.7
C6—C7—C8	123.6 (8)	C17—C18—H18	119.7
C6—C7—N4	121.2 (7)		
C4—N2—N3—C5	-179.8 (9)	O6—N4—C7—C6	176.4 (9)
C12—O1—C1—O2	-5.2 (12)	O5—N4—C7—C6	-3.3 (12)
C12—O1—C1—N1	175.7 (7)	O6—N4—C7—C8	-2.2 (11)
C2—N1—C1—O2	-9.2 (13)	O5—N4—C7—C8	178.1 (8)
C2—N1—C1—O1	169.9 (7)	C6—C7—C8—C9	0.7 (13)
C1—N1—C2—C4	-76.5 (9)	N4—C7—C8—C9	179.2 (8)
C1—N1—C2—C3	163.0 (8)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-1.0 (14)
N1—C2—C3—O3	-73.3 (9)	C8—C9—C10—C11	1.9 (14)
C4—C2—C3—O3	166.2 (7)	C9—C10—C11—C6	-2.6 (14)

N3—N2—C4—O4	6.5 (13)	C7—C6—C11—C10	2.2 (12)
N3—N2—C4—C2	−176.0 (7)	C5—C6—C11—C10	−178.9 (8)
N1—C2—C4—O4	−20.2 (11)	C1—O1—C12—C13	−171.3 (8)
C3—C2—C4—O4	99.8 (10)	O1—C12—C13—C14	−2.3 (12)
N1—C2—C4—N2	162.3 (8)	O1—C12—C13—C18	177.0 (8)
C3—C2—C4—N2	−77.7 (9)	C18—C13—C14—C15	2.0 (14)
N2—N3—C5—C6	−174.3 (7)	C12—C13—C14—C15	−178.8 (9)
N3—C5—C6—C7	−137.9 (9)	C13—C14—C15—C16	−1.1 (15)
N3—C5—C6—C11	43.3 (12)	C14—C15—C16—C17	−0.2 (15)
C11—C6—C7—C8	−1.3 (12)	C15—C16—C17—C18	0.6 (15)
C5—C6—C7—C8	179.9 (9)	C14—C13—C18—C17	−1.6 (14)
C11—C6—C7—N4	−179.7 (8)	C12—C13—C18—C17	179.2 (9)
C5—C6—C7—N4	1.5 (13)	C16—C17—C18—C13	0.3 (15)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O3—H3o···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.84 (8)	1.97 (9)	2.712 (9)	147 (8)
N1—H1n···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.88 (7)	2.12 (7)	2.974 (10)	167 (8)
N2—H2n···O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.88 (4)	1.95 (5)	2.775 (10)	155 (9)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (ii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $x-1, y, z$ .