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## Poly[3,3'-diethyl-1,1'-(ethane-1,2-diyl)diimidazolium [tetra- $\mu$-bromidodiargentate(I)]]

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Received 20 May 2010; accepted 4 June 2010
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=296 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.009 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.031 ; w R$ factor $=0.077$; data-to-parameter ratio $=17.5$.

The asymmetric unit of the title salt, $\left\{\left(\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{4}\right]\right\}_{n}$, contains one-half of a substituted imidazolium cation, one $\mathrm{Ag}^{+}$ and two $\mathrm{Br}^{-}$ions. The cation is completed by crystallographic inversion symmetry. The crystal structure is made up from polymeric sheets of $\left\{\left[\mathrm{AgBr}_{2}\right]^{-}\right\}_{n}$ anions extending parallel to (100). The basic building unit of the anion is a slightly distorted $\mathrm{AgBr}_{4}$ tetrahedron. A four- and 12-membered ring system is formed by corner sharing of the $\mathrm{AgBr}_{4}$ tetrahedra. The imidazolium cations are located between the anionic sheets and partly protrude into the voids defined by the 12 membered rings.

## Related literature

For general background to $N$-heterocyclic carbenes, see: Arnold (2002); Lin \& Vasam (2004). For related structures, see: Lee et al. (2002); Helgesson \& Jagner (1990, 1991); Olson et al. (1994).


## Experimental

Crystal data

```
\(\left(\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{4}\right]\)
\(M_{r}=755.90\)
Monoclinic, \(P 2_{1} / c\) \(a=9.5593\) (13) A
```

$$
\begin{aligned}
& b=12.9512(17) \AA \AA \\
& c=8.4565(11) \AA \\
& \beta=106.294(2)^{\circ} \\
& V=1004.9(2) \AA^{3} \\
& Z=2
\end{aligned}
$$

Data collection
Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2006)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.191, T_{\text {max }}=0.219$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.031$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.077$
$S=1.06$
1766 reflections

Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=9.90 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=296 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.25 \times 0.24 \times 0.22 \mathrm{~mm}$

5036 measured reflections 1766 independent reflections 1533 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.023$

Table 1
Selected geometric parameters ( $\left(\mathrm{A},{ }^{\circ}\right)$.

| $\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 1$ | $2.6788(7)$ | $\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $2.6999(7)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $2.6934(8)$ | $\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2$ | $2.7227(8)$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $114.34(3)$ | $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2$ | $119.16(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $103.92(2)$ | $\mathrm{Br} 2^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2$ | $95.81(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{Br}^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br}^{1 i}$ | $116.12(3)$ | $\mathrm{Br} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2$ | $107.93(2)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x,-y+1,-z+2$; (ii) $x,-y+\frac{3}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Crystal Impact, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2354).

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## supporting information

# Poly[3,3'-diethyl-1,1'-(ethane-1,2-diyl)diimidazolium [tetra- $\mu$-bromidodiargentate(I)]] 

Zhiguo Wang, Siman Liu and Na Zhang

## S1. Comment

Silver and other transition metal N -heterocyclic carbene complexes have played an important role in the development of metal-carbene systems for transmetalation reactions. Silver oxide is the most commonly used metal base for this purposes. Recent reviews dealing with silver N-heterocyclic carbenes were published by Arnold (2002) and Lin \& Vasam (2004). The products differ depending upon reaction conditions and the imidazolium salt used. The silver carbene $\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2}\right.$ ( $\mathrm{Me}_{2}$-edimy) $\left.\mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]$ has been successfully synthesized by the reaction of $\left[\mathrm{Me}_{2}\right.$-edimyH $\left.\mathrm{H}_{2}\right]\left[\mathrm{PF}_{6}\right]_{2}$ with $\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ and $\left[\mathrm{NM}_{4}\right] \mathrm{Cl}$ (Lee et al., 2002). In an attempt to prepare a similar carbene, we obtained the title compound, $\left[\left(\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\right]^{2+}\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{4}\right]^{2-}$, instead. Synthesis and crystal structure are reported in this article.
The crystal structure of the title salt is composed of $\left[\left(\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\right]^{2+}$ cations and $\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{4}\right]^{2-}$ anions (Fig. 1). The anion forms polymeric sheets extending parallel to (100). The cations are located between the sheets and partly reach through the voids of the anion. A characteristic feature of the polymeric $\left\{\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{4}\right]^{2-}\right\}_{\mathrm{n}}$ anion is the construction of rings built up from corner-sharing of slightly distorted $\mathrm{AgBr}_{4}$ tetrahedra. A large twelve-membered ring is formed by six alternating bromine and six silver atoms; another four-membered ring completes the building units of the polymeric anion (Fig. 2). The four-membered ring is very similar to that in the complex anion $\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{4} \mathrm{Br}_{8}\right]^{4}$ (Helgesson \& Jagner, 1991). These anions contain tetrahedrally coordinated $\mathrm{Ag}^{+}$atoms, whereas the $\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{4} I_{8}\right]^{4}$ ion, isolated as the tetraphenylphosphonium and tetraphenylarsonium salts, contains three-coordinated and four-coordinated $\mathrm{Ag}^{+}$(Helgesson \& Jagner, 1990).
The average $\mathrm{Ag}-\mathrm{Br}$ distance of the $\mathrm{AgBr}_{4}$ tetrahedron in the title compound is $2.699 \AA$, which is considerably longer than for the $\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{4}\right]^{2-}$ dimer ((2.518 (2) $\AA$; Helgesson et al., 1990). These values are comparable to other tetrahedral $\mathrm{AgBr}_{4}$ units (Olson et al., 1994).

## S2. Experimental

$\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2.32 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added to a solution of 1 H -imidazolium, 1,1'-(1,2-ethanediyl)bis[3-ethyl] dibromide ( 3.78 g , $10 \mathrm{mmol})$ in DMSO. This mixture was refluxed for 30 min under stirring, resulting in a clean solution. When the solvent was removed, the residue was exatracted with acetonitrile. The remaining residue was separated by centrifugation and the resulting solution was kept at room temperature. Colourless crystals of the title compound were obtained after slow evaporation ( $2.64 \mathrm{~g}, 34.9 \%$ yield). Mp: $421 \mathrm{~K} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): 9.48(m, 1 H$), 9.43(\mathrm{~m} .1 \mathrm{H}), 6.84(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 6.87(\mathrm{~s}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 4.52(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} 2), 3.64(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} 3), 1.42(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{ppm}$. Anal. calcd.: C, $19.05 \mathrm{H}, 2.65$; N, 7.41; found: C, 19.26; H, 2.57 ; N, 7.32\%.

## S3. Refinement

The H atoms attached to C atoms of the imidazole ring were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with a $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ distance of $0.93 \AA$ and $U_{\mathrm{iso}}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$. Methylene and methyl H atoms were likewise positioned
geometrically and refined as riding atoms, with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.97 \AA$ (methylene) and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.96 \AA$ (methyl) and $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=$ $1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$.

Fig 1


Fig.1. The molecular structure of the title compound showing $30 \%$ probability displacement ellipsoids and atom-numbering scheme.

Figure 1
The $\left[\left(\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\right]^{2+}$ cation and the basic $\mathrm{AgBr}_{4}$ building unit of the polymeric anion. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $30 \%$ probability level.


## Figure 2

The four- and twelve-membered ring system of the polymeric $\left\{\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{4}\right]^{2-}\right\}_{\mathrm{n}}$ anion.

## Poly[3,3'-diethyl-1,1'-(ethane-1,2-diyl)diimidazolium [tetra- $\boldsymbol{\mu}$-bromido-diargentate(I)]]

## Crystal data

$\left(\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\right)\left[\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{Br}_{4}\right]$
$F(000)=708$
$M_{r}=755.90$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=9.5593$ (13) $\AA$
$b=12.9512(17) \AA$
$c=8.4565$ (11) $\AA$
$\beta=106.294$ (2) ${ }^{\circ}$
$V=1004.9(2) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
phi and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2006)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.191, T_{\text {max }}=0.219$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=2.498 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 3112 reflections
$\theta=2.2-27.8^{\circ}$
$\mu=9.90 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=296 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, colourless
$0.25 \times 0.24 \times 0.22 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.031$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.077$
$S=1.06$
1766 reflections
101 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

> 5036 measured reflections
> 1766 independent reflections
> 1533 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
> $R_{\text {int }}=0.023$
> $\theta_{\max }=25.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=2.7^{\circ}$
> $h=-11 \rightarrow 11$
> $k=-15 \rightarrow 14$
> $l=-10 \rightarrow 5$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.0366 P)^{2}+1.7373 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{0}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right)^{2} / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}=0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.64 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.88$ e $\AA^{-3}$

## Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving 1.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor wR and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ag 1 | $0.06806(5)$ | $0.63160(3)$ | $1.01898(5)$ | $0.05733(16)$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N 1 | $0.8101(4)$ | $0.5496(3)$ | $0.4321(5)$ | $0.0424(9)$ |
| N 2 | $0.6179(5)$ | $0.6042(4)$ | $0.2519(6)$ | $0.0575(12)$ |
| Br 1 | $0.13558(8)$ | $0.75994(4)$ | $0.80302(6)$ | $0.0632(2)$ |
| Br 2 | $0.20441(6)$ | $0.44528(4)$ | $1.08097(7)$ | $0.05774(18)$ |
| C 1 | $0.6983(6)$ | $0.4833(5)$ | $0.4277(8)$ | $0.0646(16)$ |
| H 1 | 0.7040 | 0.4239 | 0.4911 | $0.078^{*}$ |
| C 2 | $0.5809(6)$ | $0.5178(5)$ | $0.3180(8)$ | $0.0650(16)$ |
| H 2 | 0.4889 | 0.4877 | 0.2912 | $0.078^{*}$ |
| C 3 | $0.7579(6)$ | $0.6221(5)$ | $0.3208(7)$ | $0.0584(14)$ |
| H3 | 0.8110 | 0.6766 | 0.2952 | $0.070^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.5147(8)$ | $0.6630(6)$ | $0.1169(10)$ | $0.095(3)$ |
| H4A | 0.4988 | 0.6241 | 0.0153 | $0.114^{*}$ |
| H4B | 0.4219 | 0.6683 | 0.1417 | $0.114^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.5611(12)$ | $0.7605(6)$ | $0.0923(13)$ | $0.121(4)$ |
| H5A | 0.5711 | 0.8012 | 0.1898 | $0.182^{*}$ |
| H5B | 0.4911 | 0.7923 | 0.0012 | $0.182^{*}$ |
| H5C | 0.6535 | 0.7563 | 0.0688 | $0.182^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.9600(5)$ | $0.5390(4)$ | $0.5370(6)$ | $0.0432(11)$ |
| H6A | 0.9594 | 0.5169 | 0.6464 | $0.052^{*}$ |
| H6B | 1.0093 | 0.6052 | 0.5469 | $0.052^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ag1 | $0.0590(3)$ | $0.0526(3)$ | $0.0561(3)$ | $-0.0056(2)$ | $0.0091(2)$ | $0.00076(18)$ |
| N 1 | $0.031(2)$ | $0.048(2)$ | $0.045(2)$ | $-0.0008(18)$ | $0.0046(17)$ | $0.0031(18)$ |
| N 2 | $0.039(3)$ | $0.074(3)$ | $0.053(3)$ | $0.005(2)$ | $0.002(2)$ | $0.013(2)$ |
| Br 1 | $0.1030(5)$ | $0.0489(3)$ | $0.0362(3)$ | $-0.0160(3)$ | $0.0171(3)$ | $0.0008(2)$ |
| Br 2 | $0.0326(3)$ | $0.0547(3)$ | $0.0783(4)$ | $0.0051(2)$ | $0.0029(2)$ | $-0.0090(3)$ |
| C 1 | $0.039(3)$ | $0.058(3)$ | $0.088(4)$ | $-0.008(3)$ | $0.002(3)$ | $0.023(3)$ |
| C 2 | $0.035(3)$ | $0.068(4)$ | $0.083(4)$ | $-0.006(3)$ | $0.002(3)$ | $0.014(3)$ |
| C 3 | $0.045(3)$ | $0.068(4)$ | $0.061(4)$ | $-0.005(3)$ | $0.013(3)$ | $0.017(3)$ |
| C 4 | $0.064(5)$ | $0.106(6)$ | $0.096(6)$ | $0.003(4)$ | $-0.007(4)$ | $0.043(5)$ |
| C 5 | $0.135(9)$ | $0.067(5)$ | $0.125(8)$ | $0.012(5)$ | $-0.026(6)$ | $0.003(5)$ |
| C 6 | $0.035(3)$ | $0.051(3)$ | $0.040(3)$ | $-0.004(2)$ | $0.005(2)$ | $-0.008(2)$ |

Geometric parameters $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| Ag1-Br1 | 2.6788 (7) | C2-H2 | 0.9300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2^{\text {i }}$ | 2.6934 (8) | C3-H3 | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 2.6999 (7) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 1.374 (10) |
| $\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2$ | 2.7227 (8) | C4-H4A | 0.9700 |
| N1-C3 | 1.324 (6) | C4-H4B | 0.9700 |
| N1-C1 | 1.363 (7) | C5-H5A | 0.9600 |
| N1-C6 | 1.466 (6) | C5-H5B | 0.9600 |
| N2-C3 | 1.321 (7) | C5-H5C | 0.9600 |
| N2-C2 | 1.341 (7) | C6- $\mathrm{C}^{\text {iii }}$ | 1.506 (9) |
| N2-C4 | 1.491 (8) | C6-H6A | 0.9700 |


| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 1.317 (8) | C6-H6B | 0.9700 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1-H1 | 0.9300 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2^{\text {i }}$ | 114.34 (3) | N2-C3-H3 | 125.6 |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br}^{1 i}$ | 103.92 (2) | N1-C3-H3 | 125.6 |
| $\mathrm{Br} 2^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 116.12 (3) | C5-C4-N2 | 114.4 (7) |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2$ | 119.16 (3) | C5-C4-H4A | 108.7 |
| $\mathrm{Br} 2-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2$ | 95.81 (2) | N2-C4-H4A | 108.7 |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1^{\text {ii- }} \mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2$ | 107.93 (2) | C5-C4-H4B | 108.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 106.9 (4) | N2-C4-H4B | 108.7 |
| C3-N1-C6 | 127.3 (4) | H4A-C4-H4B | 107.6 |
| C1-N1-C6 | 125.7 (4) | C4-C5-H5A | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 108.4 (5) | C4-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 128.2 (5) | H5A-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 123.4 (5) | C4-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1^{\text {iv }}$ | 152.39 (4) | H5A-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| Ag1- ${ }^{\text {i }}$ - $2-\mathrm{Ag} 1$ | 84.19 (2) | H5B-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 108.1 (5) | N1-C6- $\mathrm{C}^{\text {iiii }}$ | 109.6 (5) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 125.9 | N1-C6-H6A | 109.8 |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 125.9 | C6iii-C6-H6A | 109.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 107.8 (5) | N1-C6-H6B | 109.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 126.1 | C6 ${ }^{\text {iii- }}$ - 6 - H 6 B | 109.8 |
| N2-C2-H2 | 126.1 | H6A-C6-H6B | 108.2 |
| N2-C3-N1 | 108.8 (5) |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Br} 2{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | 4.51 (7) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 177.1 (7) |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1^{\text {iv }}$ | -123.08 (5) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 1$ | -1.2 (7) |
| $\mathrm{Br} 2-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1^{1 \mathrm{iv}}$ | 116.83 (6) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 1$ | -177.9 (7) |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2-\mathrm{Ag} 1^{\text {i }}$ | -122.09 (3) | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 1.7 (7) |
| $\mathrm{Br} 2^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2-\mathrm{Ag} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.0 | C6-N1-C3-N2 | 179.7 (5) |
| $\mathrm{Br} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}-\mathrm{Ag} 1-\mathrm{Br} 2-\mathrm{Ag} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 119.87 (3) | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | -18.3 (12) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | -1.5 (7) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 165.6 (8) |
| C6-N1-C1-C2 | -179.6 (5) | C3-N1-C6-C6 $6^{\text {iii }}$ | -98.5 (7) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 0.8 (8) | C1-N1-C6- $\mathrm{C}^{\text {iii }}$ | 79.1 (7) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 0.2 (8) |  |  |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x,-y+1,-z+2$; (ii) $x,-y+3 / 2, z+1 / 2$; (iii) $-x+2,-y+1,-z+1$; (iv) $x,-y+3 / 2, z-1 / 2$.

