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3-Methyl-N-(2-methylphenyl)benzamide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 295 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; *R* factor = 0.042: *wR* factor = 0.126: data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

The molecular structure of the title compound, C₁₅H₁₅NO, involves an intramolecular C-H···O hydrogen bond. The central amide group -NH-C(=O) is twisted by 37.95 (12)° out of the meta-substituted benzovl ring and by 37.88 (12)° out of the ortho-substituted aniline ring. The two benzene rings are inclined to one another at only $4.2(1)^{\circ}$ having an interplanar spacing of ca 0.90 Å. The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular N-H···O hydrogen bonds, which link the molecules into chains running along the b axis. A weak intermolecular $C-H \cdot \cdot \pi$ interaction is also present.

Related literature

For the preparation of the title compound, see: Gowda et al. (2003). For related structures, see: Bowes et al. (2003); Gowda et al. (2008a,b); Rodrigues et al. (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data C₁₅H₁₅NO $M_r = 225.28$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 11.1896 (3) Å b = 4.95027 (14) Å c = 24.1164 (5) Å $\beta = 116.512 \ (2)^{\circ}$

V = 1195.37 (5) Å³ Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 295 K $0.55\,\times\,0.13\,\times\,0.08~\text{mm}$ 13694 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.036$

2124 independent reflections

1553 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Data collection

- Oxford Diffraction Gemini R CCD
- diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrvsAlis PRO; Oxford Diffraction, 2009) $T_{\rm min} = 0.954, \ T_{\rm max} = 0.993$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$ 1 restraint $wR(F^2) = 0.126$ H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ S = 1.02 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 2124 reflections 156 parameters

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1-C6 ring.

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N1 - H1N \cdots O1^{i}$	0.86	2.13	2.9417 (14)	157
$C13 - H13 \cdots O1$ $C14 - H14c \cdots Cg1^{i}$	0.93 0.96	2.48 2.70	2.908 (2) 3.627 (2)	108 161

Symmetry code: (i) x, y - 1, z.

Data collection: CrysAlis PRO (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: CrysAlis PRO; data reduction: CrysAlis PRO; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2002); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97, PLATON (Spek, 2009) and WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: VM2033).

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S1. Comment

As part of a study of the substituent effects on the crystal structures of benzanilides (Bowes *et al.*, 2003; Gowda *et al.*, 2008*a,b*; Rodrigues *et al.*, 2010), in the present work, the structure of *N*-(2-methylphenyl)-3-methylbenzamide (I) has been determined (Fig. 1). In the crystal, the *ortho*-methyl substituent on the anilino ring is positioned *syn* to the N–H bond, while the *meta*-methyl substituent on the benzoyl ring is positioned *anti* to the carbonyl C==O bond.

The structure of (I) involves an intramolecular C–H···O hydrogen bond (Table 1) with the ring atom C13 as a donor and the amido O atom as an acceptor. The two benzene rings are inclined to one another at only 4.2 (1)° with an interplanar spacing of *ca*0.90 Å. The central amide group –NH–C(=O)- is twisted by 37.95 (12)° out of the *meta*-substituted benzoyl ring and by 37.88 (12)° of the *ortho*-substituted anilino ring. The crystal packing (Fig. 2) is dominated by intermolecular N–H···O hydrogen bonds which link the molecules into the chains along [0 1 0]. A weak intermolecular C–H···π(arene) hydrogen bond is also present in the structure, and occurs between the C14 methyl group and the centroid *Cg*1(i) of the C1–C6 ring at the position (i): *x*, *y* - 1, *z* (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to the method described by Gowda *et al.* (2003). The purity of the compound was checked by determining its melting point. It was characterized by recording its infrared and NMR spectra. Rod-like colourless single crystals of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation from an ethanol solution of the compound (0.5 g in about 30 ml of ethanol) at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were visible in difference maps and then treated as riding atoms with C—H = 0.93 or 0.96 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å and O—H = 0.90 Å. The U_{iso} (H) values were set at $1.2U_{eq}$ (C aromatic, N) and $1.5U_{eq}$ (C methyl, O). The U values of the bonded atoms C7 and O1 have been subject (using the DELU instruction) to a rigid bond restraint, thus enforcing their anisotropic displacement components in the direction of the bond to be equal within a standard deviation of 0.005.



Figure 1

Molecular structure of (I) showing the atom labelling scheme and intramolecular C—H…O hydrogen bond (dashed line). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.



Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure of (I) showing the formation of a chain along [0 1 0] generated by N–H···O hydrogen bond. Another interaction within a chain is a weak C—H··· π (arene) hydrogen bond involving the C14 methyl group and the centroid *Cg*1(i) of the C1—C6 ring. Hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines. Symmetry code (i): *x*, *y* - 1, *z*.

3-Methyl-N-(2-methylphenyl)benzamide

Crystal data	
C ₁₅ H ₁₅ NO	F(000) = 480
$M_r = 225.28$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.252 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 6151 reflections
a = 11.1896 (3) Å	$\theta = 3.4-29.4^{\circ}$
b = 4.95027 (14) Å	$\mu=0.08~\mathrm{mm^{-1}}$
c = 24.1164 (5) Å	T = 295 K
$\beta = 116.512 \ (2)^{\circ}$	Rod, colorless
$V = 1195.37 (5) Å^3$	$0.55 \times 0.13 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$
Z = 4	

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini R CCD	13694 measured reflections
diffractometer	2124 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	1553 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 10.434 pixels mm ⁻¹	$R_{int} = 0.036$
ω scans	$\theta_{max} = 25.1^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.1^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
(<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)	$k = -5 \rightarrow 5$
$T_{min} = 0.954, T_{max} = 0.993$	$l = -28 \rightarrow 28$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.126$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.02	H-atom parameters constrained
2124 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.085P)^2]$
156 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1 restraint	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.18 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. **Refinement**. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used

only for calculating R-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
C1	0.60977 (14)	0.5878 (3)	0.45102 (7)	0.0380 (4)	
C2	0.62846 (15)	0.3929 (3)	0.41406 (7)	0.0400 (4)	
H2	0.7127	0.3169	0.4269	0.048*	
C3	0.52474 (15)	0.3091 (3)	0.35868 (7)	0.0421 (4)	
C4	0.40013 (16)	0.4216 (3)	0.34128 (8)	0.0485 (4)	
H4	0.3288	0.3659	0.3046	0.058*	
C5	0.37946 (16)	0.6155 (3)	0.37739 (8)	0.0496 (4)	
Н5	0.2947	0.6884	0.3649	0.06*	
C6	0.48384 (15)	0.7010 (3)	0.43174 (7)	0.0445 (4)	
H6	0.4701	0.8342	0.4555	0.053*	
C7	0.72176 (14)	0.6863 (3)	0.50986 (7)	0.0386 (4)	
C8	0.92671 (14)	0.5441 (3)	0.60094 (7)	0.0366 (4)	
C9	1.04382 (15)	0.4018 (3)	0.61249 (7)	0.0398 (4)	
C10	1.15481 (17)	0.4475 (3)	0.66806 (8)	0.0529 (5)	
H10	1.233	0.353	0.6767	0.064*	
C11	1.15358 (18)	0.6281 (4)	0.71109 (8)	0.0587 (5)	

H11	1.2302	0.6558	0.748	0.07*	
C12	1.03848 (18)	0.7672 (3)	0.69924 (8)	0.0543 (5)	
H12	1.0372	0.89	0.7282	0.065*	
C13	0.92508 (16)	0.7255 (3)	0.64467 (7)	0.0453 (4)	
H13	0.8471	0.8189	0.637	0.054*	
C14	0.54820 (18)	0.1002 (3)	0.31908 (8)	0.0551 (5)	
H14A	0.6314	0.1368	0.318	0.083*	
H14B	0.4767	0.107	0.2778	0.083*	
H14C	0.5514	-0.0761	0.3363	0.083*	
C15	1.04971 (16)	0.2057 (3)	0.56617 (8)	0.0499 (4)	
H15A	1.0146	0.2898	0.5261	0.075*	
H15B	0.9975	0.0487	0.5641	0.075*	
H15C	1.1407	0.1533	0.5787	0.075*	
N1	0.81081 (12)	0.4968 (2)	0.54447 (6)	0.0394 (3)	
H1N	0.796	0.3332	0.5311	0.047*	
01	0.73096 (11)	0.92511 (18)	0.52470 (5)	0.0555 (4)	

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0434 (9)	0.0277 (7)	0.0421 (9)	0.0000 (6)	0.0184 (7)	0.0039 (6)
C2	0.0405 (9)	0.0322 (8)	0.0451 (9)	0.0024 (6)	0.0172 (8)	0.0041 (6)
C3	0.0503 (10)	0.0331 (8)	0.0414 (9)	-0.0044 (7)	0.0190 (8)	0.0033 (7)
C4	0.0452 (10)	0.0472 (9)	0.0439 (10)	-0.0068(7)	0.0116 (8)	0.0023 (7)
C5	0.0404 (9)	0.0523 (10)	0.0530 (10)	0.0054 (7)	0.0180 (8)	0.0063 (8)
C6	0.0477 (10)	0.0391 (8)	0.0476 (9)	0.0036 (7)	0.0222 (8)	0.0013 (7)
C7	0.0415 (9)	0.0288 (8)	0.0462 (9)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0202 (7)	0.0015 (6)
C8	0.0420 (9)	0.0272 (7)	0.0388 (8)	-0.0049 (6)	0.0164 (7)	-0.0007 (6)
C9	0.0437 (9)	0.0309 (8)	0.0450 (9)	-0.0030 (6)	0.0199 (8)	-0.0003 (6)
C10	0.0439 (9)	0.0513 (10)	0.0548 (11)	0.0004 (7)	0.0141 (8)	-0.0028 (8)
C11	0.0535 (11)	0.0618 (11)	0.0454 (10)	-0.0098 (9)	0.0084 (9)	-0.0104 (9)
C12	0.0686 (12)	0.0491 (10)	0.0450 (10)	-0.0097 (8)	0.0252 (9)	-0.0135 (8)
C13	0.0505 (10)	0.0387 (8)	0.0486 (10)	-0.0018 (7)	0.0237 (8)	-0.0057 (7)
C14	0.0655 (12)	0.0476 (10)	0.0492 (10)	-0.0023 (8)	0.0228 (9)	-0.0065 (8)
C15	0.0497 (10)	0.0452 (9)	0.0545 (10)	0.0031 (7)	0.0230 (8)	-0.0056 (8)
N1	0.0435 (8)	0.0259 (6)	0.0423 (7)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0134 (6)	-0.0039 (5)
01	0.0611 (8)	0.0243 (6)	0.0653 (8)	0.0002 (5)	0.0141 (6)	-0.0038 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C6	1.390 (2)	C9—C10	1.380 (2)	
C1—C2	1.391 (2)	C9—C15	1.504 (2)	
C1—C7	1.495 (2)	C10—C11	1.374 (2)	
С2—С3	1.385 (2)	C10—H10	0.93	
С2—Н2	0.93	C11—C12	1.373 (2)	
С3—С4	1.381 (2)	C11—H11	0.93	
C3—C14	1.508 (2)	C12—C13	1.376 (2)	
C4—C5	1.383 (2)	C12—H12	0.93	

C4—H4	0.93	C13—H13	0.93
C5—C6	1.376 (2)	C14—H14A	0.96
С5—Н5	0.93	C14—H14B	0.96
С6—Н6	0.93	C14—H14C	0.96
C7—O1	1.2262 (16)	С15—Н15А	0.96
C7—N1	1.3517 (18)	С15—Н15В	0.96
C8—C13	1.391 (2)	С15—Н15С	0.96
C8—C9	1.402 (2)	N1—H1N	0.86
C8—N1	1.4194 (19)		
C6—C1—C2	119.03 (14)	C11—C10—C9	122.13 (16)
C6-C1-C7	118.77 (13)	C11—C10—H10	118.9
C2-C1-C7	122.16 (13)	C9—C10—H10	118.9
C3—C2—C1	121.63 (14)	C12—C11—C10	119.58 (16)
C3—C2—H2	119.2	C12—C11—H11	120.2
C1-C2-H2	119.2	C10-C11-H11	120.2
C4-C3-C2	118.03 (14)	$C_{11} - C_{12} - C_{13}$	120.2 120.16(15)
C4-C3-C14	121 44 (14)	C11 - C12 - H12	119.9
C_{2} C_{3} C_{14}	120.54 (14)	C13 - C12 - H12	119.9
$C_2 = C_3 = C_1 + C_5$	120.34(14) 121.22(15)	C_{12} C_{12} C_{13} C_{8}	119.9
$C_3 = C_4 = C_3$	110 /	$C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{03}$	110.0
$C_5 = C_4 = H_4$	119.4	$C_{12} = C_{13} = H_{13}$	119.9
C_{5}	117.4	C_{3} C_{13} H_{14A}	119.9
C6 C5 U5	120.25 (15)	C_{3} C_{14} H_{14} C_{2} C_{14} H_{14} D_{14}	109.5
$C_0 - C_5 - H_5$	119.9	C_3 — C_{14} — H_{14B}	109.5
C4—C3—H3	119.9	H14A - C14 - H14B	109.5
	119.82 (15)		109.5
С5—С6—Н6	120.1	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C1—C6—H6	120.1	HI4B—CI4—HI4C	109.5
OI—C/—NI	123.11 (14)	C9—C15—H15A	109.5
01	121.14 (13)	C9—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C7—C1	115.75 (12)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C13—C8—C9	120.07 (14)	C9—C15—H15C	109.5
C13—C8—N1	121.22 (13)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C9—C8—N1	118.71 (13)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C10—C9—C8	117.84 (14)	C7—N1—C8	125.73 (12)
C10—C9—C15	120.56 (14)	C7—N1—H1N	117.1
C8—C9—C15	121.60 (14)	C8—N1—H1N	117.1
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (2)	N1—C8—C9—C10	-179.00 (13)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-178.03 (13)	C13—C8—C9—C15	-179.54 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.1 (2)	N1—C8—C9—C15	1.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C14	179.15 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.8 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.1 (2)	C15—C9—C10—C11	179.06 (15)
C14—C3—C4—C5	-179.21 (15)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.6 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.2 (2)	C10-C11-C12-C13	0.1 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.4 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.6 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.3 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.4 (2)
C7—C1—C6—C5	179.36 (14)	N1-C8-C13-C12	179.69 (14)

C6-C1-C7-01	-36.9 (2)	O1—C7—N1—C8	-1.3 (2)
C2-C1-C7-O1	141.04 (15)	C1—C7—N1—C8	178.10 (13)
C6—C1—C7—N1	143.59 (14)	C13—C8—N1—C7	39.2 (2)
C2-C1-C7-N1	-38.4 (2)	C9—C8—N1—C7	-141.47 (15)
C13—C8—C9—C10	0.4 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring.

	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H…A
N1—H1 <i>N</i> ···O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.13	2.9417 (14)	157
С13—Н13…О1	0.93	2.48	2.908 (2)	108
C14—H14c···Cg1 ⁱ	0.96	2.70	3.627 (2)	161

Symmetry code: (i) x, y-1, z.