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## 2-(2,3,4,9-Tetrahydro-1H-carbazol-1vlidene)propanedinitrile

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 110 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.001 Å; R factor = 0.043; wR factor = 0.115; data-to-parameter ratio = 22.9.

In the title molecule,  $C_{15}H_{11}N_3$ , the dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the fused pyrrole ring is  $1.07 (5)^{\circ}$ . The cyclohexene ring adopts an envelope conformation: the dicyanomethylene group at position 1 has a coplanar orientation. An intramolecular N-H···N hydrogen bond generates an S(7) ring motif. Intermolecular N-H···N hydrogen bonds form an  $R_2^2(14)$  ring in the crystal. A C- $H \cdots \pi$  interaction involving the benzene ring is also found in the structure.

#### **Related literature**

For naturally occurring carbazole alkaloids see: Scott et al. (2006). For the biological activity of carbazole alkaloids see: Ramsewak et al. (1999); Tachibana et al. (2001); Nakahara et al. (2002). For the crystal structures of substituted carbazole derivatives see: Gunaseelan et al. (2007a,b, 2009); Thiruvalluvar et al. (2007); Sridharan et al. (2008). For ring conformations, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For hydrogenbond motifs, see: Bernstein et al. (1995).



#### **Experimental**

Crystal data

C15H11N3  $M_r = 233.27$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$ a = 8.4794 (3) Å b = 10.5542 (4) Å c = 13.0575 (5) Å  $\beta = 97.366 \ (3)^{\circ}$ 

V = 1158.92 (8) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^-$ T = 110 K $0.53 \times 0.38 \times 0.31 \ \mathrm{mm}$ 

## organic compounds

8311 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.021$ 

3822 independent reflections

2854 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

#### Data collection

```
Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Ruby
  Gemini diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
  (CrvsAlis PRO; Oxford
  Diffraction, 2009)
  T_{\min} = 0.939, T_{\max} = 1.000
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#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.115$	independent and constrained
S = 0.98	refinement
3822 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.40 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
167 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C4B,C5-C8,C8A ring.

				$D=11\cdots A$
$N9-H9\cdots N13$ $N9-H9\cdots N13^{i}$ $C2-H2A\cdots Cg1^{ii}$	0.913 (14)	2.508 (14)	3.2626 (12)	140.3 (11)
	0.913 (14)	2.553 (14)	3.2267 (12)	131.1 (11)
	0.99	2.79	3.6244 (10)	142

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; (ii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $y - \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $-z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: CrysAlis PRO (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: CrvsAlis PRO: data reduction: CrvsAlis PRO: program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: DN2576).

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# supporting information

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## 2-(2,3,4,9-Tetrahydro-1*H*-carbazol-1-ylidene)propanedinitrile

## R. Archana, K. Prabakaran, K. J. Rajendra Prasad, A. Thiruvalluvar and R. J. Butcher

### S1. Comment

Tetrahydrocarbazolones have been used extensively as advanced intermediates in synthetic efforts toward a number of naturally occurring carbazole alkaloids (Scott *et al.*, 2006). Carbazole alkaloids possess various biological activities such as anti-tumor, anti-oxidative, anti-mutagenic, and anti-inflammatory activities (Ramsewak *et al.*, 1999; Tachibana *et al.*, 2001; Nakahara *et al.*, 2002). Since it is known that carbazole alkaloids possess anti-tumor activity, the identification of alkaloids that are cytotoxic against tumor cells could lead to the development of a chemopreventive agent for tumor treatment.

Gunaseelan *et al.* (2007*a*,b), Gunaseelan *et al.* (2009), Thiruvalluvar *et al.* (2007) and Sridharan *et al.* (2008) have reported the crystal structures of substituted carbazole derivatives, in which the carbazole units are not planar. In the title molecule (Scheme I, Fig. 1),  $C_{15}H_{11}N_3$ , the carbazole unit is not planar. The dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the fused pyrrole ring is 1.07 (5)°. The r.m.s. deviation of a mean plane fitted through all non hydrogen atoms excluding C3 of the carbazole unit is 0.0263 Å; C3 deviates from this plane by 0.576 (1) Å. The cyclohexene ring adopts an envelope conformation. The puckering parameters (Cremer & Pople, 1975) are q2=0.3482 (10) Å, q3=-0.2564 (10) Å, Q=0.4324 (10) Å,  $\theta$ =126.37 (13)° and  $\varphi$ =293.46 (16)°. The dicyanomethylene group at position 1 has a coplanar orientation. An intramolecular hydrogen contact N9—H9…N13 generates a ring of graph-set motif S(7) (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995)(Table 1, Fig. 1). Intermolecular N9—H9…N13 hydrogen bonds form a  $R^2_2$ (14)(Bernstein *et al.*, 1995) ring in the crystal structure (Table 1, Fig. 2). A C2—H2A… $\pi$  interaction involving the benzene (C4B,C5—C8,C8A) ring is also found in the structure(Table 1).

### **S2. Experimental**

A mixture of 2,3,4,9-tetrahydro-1*H*-carbazol-1-one (0.199 g, 0.001 mol), malononitrile (0.066 g, 0.001 mol), ammonium acetate (0.092 g, 0.0012 mol) and few drops of acetic acid in 5 ml of toluene was refluxed at 383 K for 6 h. On cooling, the precipitate that formed was filtered off, washed with petroleum ether and dried. The crude product thus obtained was purified by column chromatography over silica gel using petroleum ether: ethyl acetate (99:1, v/v) to yield the titled product (0.173 g, 74%). This was recrystallized from ethyl acetate.

### **S3. Refinement**

The H atom bonded to N9 was located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely. Other H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.95-0.99 Å and  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(\text{parent atom})$ .



## Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-numbering scheme and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radius.



### Figure 2

A part of the crystal structure of (I), viewed along c axis, showing the formation of a  $R^2_2(14)$  ring.

F(000) = 488

 $\theta = 4.7 - 32.6^{\circ}$ 

T = 110 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.021$ 

 $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$ 

 $k = -15 \rightarrow 15$ 

 $l = -19 \rightarrow 16$ 

 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

Prism, pale-yellow

 $0.53 \times 0.38 \times 0.31 \text{ mm}$ 

8311 measured reflections

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 32.6^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 4.7^{\circ}$ 

3822 independent reflections

2854 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.337 {\rm Mg m^{-3}}$ 

Melting point: 470 K

Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 4130 reflections

#### 2-(2,3,4,9-Tetrahydro-1H-carbazol-1-ylidene)propanedinitrile

Crystal data

C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>3</sub>  $M_r = 233.27$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$ Hall symbol: -P 2yn a = 8.4794 (3) Å b = 10.5542 (4) Å c = 13.0575 (5) Å  $\beta = 97.366$  (3)° V = 1158.92 (8) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Ruby Gemini diffractometer Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 10.5081 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)  $T_{\min} = 0.939, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier Least-squares matrix: full map  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$ Hydrogen site location: inferred from  $wR(F^2) = 0.115$ neighbouring sites S = 0.98H atoms treated by a mixture of independent 3822 reflections and constrained refinement 167 parameters  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0736P)^2]$ where  $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$  $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ direct methods  $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.24 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 

### Special details

**Geometry**. Bond distances, angles *etc*. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
N9	0.20402 (9)	0.52842 (7)	0.07142 (6)	0.0170 (2)

N12	0.27359 (12)	0.01410 (9)	-0.03875 (8)	0.0333 (3)
N13	0.42310 (11)	0.40137 (9)	-0.08917 (7)	0.0351 (3)
C1	0.14687 (10)	0.29269 (9)	0.07178 (6)	0.0152 (2)
C2	0.05668 (11)	0.19571 (9)	0.12634 (7)	0.0194 (2)
C3	-0.09527 (10)	0.24541 (10)	0.16360 (7)	0.0219 (3)
C4	-0.06619 (11)	0.36476 (10)	0.22890 (7)	0.0212 (3)
C4A	0.03186 (10)	0.45589 (9)	0.17735 (6)	0.0166 (2)
C4B	0.04943 (10)	0.58875 (9)	0.19177 (7)	0.0179 (2)
C5	-0.01638 (11)	0.67652 (10)	0.25578 (8)	0.0238 (3)
C6	0.02314 (12)	0.80254 (10)	0.24880 (8)	0.0275 (3)
C7	0.12868 (12)	0.84267 (10)	0.18004 (8)	0.0264 (3)
C8	0.19716 (11)	0.75911 (9)	0.11745 (7)	0.0221 (2)
C8A	0.15696 (10)	0.63122 (9)	0.12427 (7)	0.0173 (2)
C9A	0.12894 (10)	0.42084 (8)	0.10364 (6)	0.0151 (2)
C11	0.24383 (10)	0.25207 (9)	0.00157 (7)	0.0178 (2)
C12	0.25910 (11)	0.12004 (10)	-0.02084 (7)	0.0222 (3)
C13	0.34255 (11)	0.33496 (10)	-0.04916 (7)	0.0226 (2)
H2A	0.12768	0.16285	0.18658	0.0232*
H2B	0.02872	0.12377	0.07880	0.0232*
H3A	-0.17457	0.26402	0.10301	0.0262*
H3B	-0.14007	0.17888	0.20485	0.0262*
H4A	-0.16918	0.40435	0.23835	0.0255*
H4B	-0.01056	0.34246	0.29787	0.0255*
H5	-0.08640	0.64936	0.30266	0.0286*
H6	-0.02115	0.86313	0.29074	0.0330*
H7	0.15343	0.93025	0.17673	0.0317*
H8	0.26848	0.78727	0.07176	0.0265*
H9	0.2890 (16)	0.5317 (13)	0.0351 (11)	0.043 (4)*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N9	0.0188 (3)	0.0158 (4)	0.0172 (3)	-0.0019 (3)	0.0052 (3)	-0.0004 (3)
N12	0.0414 (5)	0.0225 (4)	0.0389 (5)	-0.0017 (4)	0.0158 (4)	-0.0055 (4)
N13	0.0396 (5)	0.0323 (5)	0.0383 (5)	-0.0131 (4)	0.0240 (4)	-0.0134 (4)
C1	0.0148 (4)	0.0166 (4)	0.0140 (4)	-0.0015 (3)	0.0007 (3)	0.0009 (3)
C2	0.0228 (4)	0.0177 (4)	0.0181 (4)	-0.0047 (3)	0.0046 (3)	0.0012 (4)
C3	0.0198 (4)	0.0262 (5)	0.0205 (4)	-0.0062 (4)	0.0057 (3)	0.0006 (4)
C4	0.0185 (4)	0.0271 (5)	0.0194 (4)	-0.0021 (4)	0.0074 (3)	-0.0002 (4)
C4A	0.0144 (4)	0.0204 (4)	0.0149 (4)	0.0006 (3)	0.0018 (3)	0.0004 (3)
C4B	0.0149 (4)	0.0208 (4)	0.0176 (4)	0.0022 (3)	0.0002 (3)	-0.0015 (4)
C5	0.0179 (4)	0.0290 (5)	0.0240 (4)	0.0059 (4)	0.0007 (3)	-0.0076 (4)
C6	0.0250 (5)	0.0263 (5)	0.0293 (5)	0.0096 (4)	-0.0040 (4)	-0.0107 (4)
C7	0.0292 (5)	0.0179 (4)	0.0290 (5)	0.0037 (4)	-0.0081 (4)	-0.0037 (4)
C8	0.0255 (4)	0.0175 (4)	0.0218 (4)	-0.0003 (4)	-0.0028 (3)	0.0007 (4)
C8A	0.0181 (4)	0.0169 (4)	0.0160 (4)	0.0014 (3)	-0.0013 (3)	-0.0009 (3)
C9A	0.0153 (4)	0.0157 (4)	0.0143 (4)	-0.0015 (3)	0.0023 (3)	0.0013 (3)
C11	0.0189 (4)	0.0166 (4)	0.0183 (4)	-0.0025 (3)	0.0044 (3)	-0.0026 (3)

# supporting information

C12	0.0238 (4)	0.0220 (5)	0.0219 (4)	-0.0014 (4)	0.0067 (3)	-0.0026 (4)
C13	0.0236 (4)	0.0221 (4)	0.0238 (4)	-0.0037 (4)	0.0097 (4)	-0.0081 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Geometrice pur uniceers (11, )			
N9—C8A	1.3723 (12)	C6—C7	1.4115 (15)
N9—C9A	1.3929 (11)	С7—С8	1.3801 (14)
N12—C12	1.1521 (14)	C8—C8A	1.3978 (13)
N13—C13	1.1499 (14)	C11—C12	1.4331 (14)
N9—H9	0.913 (14)	C11—C13	1.4307 (13)
C1—C2	1.5099 (13)	C2—H2A	0.9900
C1—C11	1.3760 (12)	C2—H2B	0.9900
C1—C9A	1.4289 (13)	С3—НЗА	0.9900
C2—C3	1.5273 (13)	С3—Н3В	0.9900
C3—C4	1.5234 (14)	C4—H4A	0.9900
C4—C4A	1.4876 (13)	C4—H4B	0.9900
C4A—C9A	1.3943 (12)	С5—Н5	0.9500
C4A—C4B	1.4201 (13)	С6—Н6	0.9500
C4B—C5	1.4099 (14)	С7—Н7	0.9500
C4B—C8A	1.4196 (13)	С8—Н8	0.9500
C5—C6	1.3775 (15)		
N9…N13	3.2626 (12)	C8A…H2A <sup>vii</sup>	2.9000
N9…C13	2.9158 (13)	С9А…НЗА	3.0600
N9…N13 <sup>i</sup>	3.2267 (12)	С11…Н9	3.001 (14)
N9····C9A <sup>ii</sup>	3.4392 (11)	C12···H2A	3.0900
N12····C3 <sup>iii</sup>	3.4371 (14)	C12…H2B	2.4800
N13…N9	3.2626 (12)	С13…Н9	2.420 (14)
N13…N9 <sup>i</sup>	3.2267 (12)	H2A…C12	3.0900
N13…N13 <sup>i</sup>	3.2679 (13)	H2A····H7 <sup>iv</sup>	2.4700
N12···H2B <sup>iii</sup>	2.9400	H2A····C4B <sup>vi</sup>	3.0800
N12···H8 <sup>iv</sup>	2.8000	H2A···C8 <sup>vi</sup>	2.9700
N13…H9	2.508 (14)	H2A···C8A <sup>vi</sup>	2.9000
N13…H9 <sup>i</sup>	2.553 (14)	H2B…C12	2.4800
N13···H3B <sup>v</sup>	2.8100	H2B····H7 <sup>iv</sup>	2.5600
C1···C6 <sup>vi</sup>	3.4129 (13)	H2B…N12 <sup>iii</sup>	2.9400
C1···C7 <sup>vi</sup>	3.5806 (13)	НЗА…С9А	3.0600
C1···C8A <sup>ii</sup>	3.4849 (12)	H3A····C8 <sup>ii</sup>	2.8700
C3···N12 <sup>iii</sup>	3.4371 (14)	H3A…H8 <sup>ii</sup>	2.3800
C4A····C7 <sup>vi</sup>	3.4360 (13)	H3B····C5 <sup>viii</sup>	3.0200
C6…C9A <sup>vii</sup>	3.5380 (13)	H3B…H5 <sup>viii</sup>	2.3300
C6…C1 <sup>vii</sup>	3.4129 (13)	H3B…N13 <sup>x</sup>	2.8100
C7…C9A <sup>vii</sup>	3.3756 (13)	H4B····C8 <sup>vi</sup>	2.8800
C7···C1 <sup>vii</sup>	3.5806 (13)	$H4B$ ···· $H8^{vi}$	2.5600
C7…C4A <sup>vii</sup>	3.4360 (13)	H5····C3 <sup>ix</sup>	2.9700
C8A····C1 <sup>ii</sup>	3.4849 (12)	H5…H3B <sup>ix</sup>	2.3300
C9A…N9 <sup>ii</sup>	3.4392 (11)	H7…C2 <sup>xi</sup>	2.9700
C9A····C6 <sup>vi</sup>	3.5380 (13)	H7…H2A <sup>xi</sup>	2.4700

# supporting information

C9A····C7 <sup>vi</sup>	3 3756 (13)	H7…H2B <sup>xi</sup>	2 5600
C13N9	2 9158 (13)	$H7 \cdots C4 \Delta^{vii}$	3,0900
$C_{2}$ $H_{2}$ iv	2.9700	$H^{\gamma} = H^{\gamma}$	2 8000
	2.9700		2.5600
	2.9700		2.3000
	2.0900		2.3800
	2.0200	H9(11	2.308(14)
	3.0200		3.001(14)
	2.8700		2.420 (14)
	2.9700	H9N13'	2.553 (14)
C8…H4B <sup>vn</sup>	2.8800		
C8A—N9—C9A	108.60 (7)	C12—C11—C13	115.24 (8)
С9А—N9—H9	127.6 (9)	N12—C12—C11	179.07 (10)
С8А—N9—H9	122.1 (9)	N13—C13—C11	179.33 (10)
C2-C1-C11	119.03 (8)	C1—C2—H2A	109.00
C2-C1-C9A	115 16 (7)	C1—C2—H2B	109.00
C9A - C1 - C11	125 72 (8)	$C_3 - C_2 - H_2 A$	109.00
C1-C2-C3	114 61 (8)	$C_3 - C_2 - H_2B$	109.00
$C_{2} - C_{3} - C_{4}$	112 31 (8)	$H_2A = C_2 = H_2B$	109.00
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	109.95(7)	$C_2 - C_3 - H_3 \Delta$	100.00
C4 - C4A - C9A	107.55 (7)	C2_C3_H3B	109.00
CAB CAA CQA	107.00 (8)	$C_2 = C_3 = H_3 \Lambda$	109.00
$C_{4} C_{4} C_{4$	107.00 (8)	$C_4 = C_3 = H_3 R$	109.00
$C_4 = C_4 A = C_4 B$	129.32 (8)	$L_{1}^{2}$	109.00
$C_{3}$ $C_{4}$ $C_{4}$ $C_{5}$	119.00(9) 122.21(8)	$H_{A} = C_{A} = H_{A}$	108.00
C4A = C4B = C3	155.21(6) 107.11(8)	$C_{3}$ $C_{4}$ $H_{4}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{4}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{4}$ $H_{4}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{4$	110.00
C4A - C4B - C8A	107.11 (8)	C3-C4-H4B	110.00
C4B - C5 - C6	118.49 (9)	C4A—C4—H4A	110.00
$C_{5}$	120.75 (10)	C4A—C4—H4B	110.00
	122.29 (10)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.00
C/C8C8A	117.05 (9)	C4B—C5—H5	121.00
N9—C8A—C4B	108.30 (8)	С6—С5—Н5	121.00
N9—C8A—C8	129.97 (8)	С5—С6—Н6	120.00
C4B—C8A—C8	121.72 (8)	С7—С6—Н6	120.00
N9—C9A—C1	127.87 (8)	С6—С7—Н7	119.00
C1—C9A—C4A	123.12 (8)	С8—С7—Н7	119.00
N9—C9A—C4A	108.99 (8)	С7—С8—Н8	121.00
C1—C11—C13	123.57 (9)	C8A—C8—H8	121.00
C1—C11—C12	121.09 (8)		
C9A—N9—C8A—C4B	-0.03(12)	C4—C4A—C4B—C8A	179.76 (8)
C9A - N9 - C8A - C8	-17867(9)	C9A - C4A - C4B - C5	-17941(10)
C8A - N9 - C9A - C1	-17778(8)	C9A - C4A - C4B - C8A	0.72 (10)
C8A - N9 - C9A - C4A	0.48(10)	C4 - C4A - C9A - N9	-179.85(8)
$C_{0}A - C_{1} - C_{2} - C_{3}$	28.90 (11)	C4 - C4A - C9A - C1	-1.49(13)
$C_{11} = C_{11} = C_{22} = C_{33}$	-154 52 (8)	C4B - C4A - C9A - N0	-0.75(0)
$C_{2}$ $C_{1}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{3}$ $C_{3}$	176 14 (8)	C4B - C4A - C9A - C1	177.62(8)
$C_2 = C_1 = C_2 = C_4 \wedge C_4 $	-1.90(12)	$C4\Delta - C4B - C5 - C6$	-178 23 (10)
$C_2 - C_1 - C_7 A - C_4 A$	-0.17(14)	$C_{A} C_{A} C_{A$	1,0.23(10) 1,62(14)
U11-U1-U9A-N9	-0.17 (14)	U0A-U4D-U3-U0	1.02 (14)

C11—C1—C9A—C4A	-178.21 (8)	C4A—C4B—C8A—N9	-0.44 (10)
C2-C1-C11-C12	0.52 (13)	C4A—C4B—C8A—C8	178.34 (8)
C2-C1-C11-C13	-175.65 (8)	C5—C4B—C8A—N9	179.67 (8)
C9A—C1—C11—C12	176.71 (8)	C5—C4B—C8A—C8	-1.55 (14)
C9A—C1—C11—C13	0.54 (14)	C4B—C5—C6—C7	-0.78 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-52.67 (10)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.22 (16)
C2—C3—C4—C4A	46.84 (10)	C6—C7—C8—C8A	0.34 (15)
C3—C4—C4A—C4B	159.52 (9)	C7—C8—C8A—N9	179.04 (9)
C3—C4—C4A—C9A	-21.59 (12)	C7—C8—C8A—C4B	0.55 (14)
C4—C4A—C4B—C5	-0.37 (17)		

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z; (ii) -x, -y+1, -z; (iii) -x, -y, -z; (iv) x, y-1, z; (v) x+1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2; (vi) -x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (vii) -x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x-1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x-1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (vi) x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2; (vi) x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (vii) -x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2, -z+1/2; (viii) -x+1/2; (viii) -x+1

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C4B,C5–C8,C8A ring.

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D^{\dots}A$	D—H···A
N9—H9…N13	0.913 (14)	2.508 (14)	3.2626 (12)	140.3 (11)
N9—H9…N13 <sup>i</sup>	0.913 (14)	2.553 (14)	3.2267 (12)	131.1 (11)
C2—H2 $A$ ···C $g$ 1 <sup>vi</sup>	0.99	2.79	3.6244 (10)	142

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (vi) -*x*+1/2, *y*-1/2, -*z*+1/2.