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3-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]oxazin-1-one

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 113 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.091; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.0.

In the title molecule, C8H7NO2, all the non-H atoms lie essentially in the same plane (r.m.s. deviation = 0.019 Å) In the crystal structure, weak intermolecular C-H···O interactions link molecules into chains along [100]. In addition, there are $\pi - \pi$ stacking interactions between molecules related by the c-glide plane, with alternating centroid-centroid distances of 3.434 (2) and 3.639 (2) Å.

Related literature

For the synthesis and applications of the title compound, see: Dumas et al. (1988); Micheli et al. (2008). For standard bondlength data, see: Allen et al. (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

C₈H₇NO₂ $M_r = 149.15$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 6.915 (4) Å b = 15.502 (8) Å c = 7.024 (4) Å $\beta = 112.866 (8)^{\circ}$

V = 693.8 (6) Å³ Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 113 K $0.32\,\times\,0.28\,\times\,0.08~\text{mm}$ 4630 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.044$

1223 independent reflections

957 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)
$T_{\min} = 0.967, T_{\max} = 0.992$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	102 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.091$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.01	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1223 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

iyarogen	conta geometry (11,).	
$-\mathbf{H}\cdot\cdot\cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$

D $D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$ $C7 - H7 \cdots O2^i$ 134 0.95 2.52 3.252 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) x - 1, y, z.

Data collection: CrystalClear (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: CrystalClear; data reduction: CrystalClear; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: CrystalClear.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2260).

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supporting information

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3-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]oxazin-1-one

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S1. Comment

The preparation of the title compound was originally reported by Dumas (1988) as an intermediate in the synthesis of peramine. Recently, Micheli *et al.* (2008) used various analogues of this compound to synthesize a new series of pyrrolo-[1,2-a]pyrazine compounds that are potent and selective non-competitive mGluR5 antagonists.

The crystal structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The bond lengths are as expected (Allen *et al.*, 1987). All the non-hydrogen atoms are essentially in the same plane (r.m.s. deviation = 0.019 Å). In the crystal structure, weak intermolecular C—H…O interactions link molecules into chains along [100] (Fig. 2). In addition, there are π - π stacking interactions with Cg1…Cg2(x,3/2-y,-1/2+z) = 3.434 (2) and Cg1…Cg2(x,3/2-y,1/2+z) = 3.639 (2) Å, where Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids defined by rings atoms N1/C1—C4 and O1/C5/C4/N1/C7/C6, respectively.

S2. Experimental

A solution of 1-chloropropan-2-one (7.56 mL, 90 mmol) in acetone (50 ml) was dropwise added through a dropping funnel to a slurry of 2,2,2-trichloro-1-(IH-pyrrol-2-yl)ethanone (12.72 g, 60 mmol), potassium carbonate (24.84 g, 180 mmol) and acetone (150 ml) at room temperature in a 250 ml round-bottom flask. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature. After 24 h, the solid was removed by filtration and washed with acetone. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure by rotary evaporator, the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate (200 ml each) in a separatory funnel (500 ml). The organic layer was separated and the aqueous phase was washed with ethyl acetate (100 ml x 2). The combined organic layers were washed successively with water (100 ml x 3) and brine solution and dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. After filtration, the solvent was removed by rotary evaporator to obtain the oily brown solid residue (13.0 g) which was purified by flash column chromatography (Petroleum ether: Ethyl acetate; 2:1) to afford the desired compound as pale yellow solid (5.1 g, 57%). The product was recrystallized in a mixture of petroleum ether and ethyl acetate (5:1). The colorless needles of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation of solvent at room temperature. Melting point and NMR spectral data were consistent with the reported values (Dumas, 1988).

S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.95Å or C—H = 0.98Å for methyl H atoms and were included in the refinement in a riding-model approximation with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ or $1.5U_{eq}(C_{methyl})$.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.



Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure of the title compound with weak C—H…O hydrogen bonds drawn as dashed lines.

3-Methyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,1-c][1,4]oxazin-1-one

Crystal data	
C ₈ H ₇ NO ₂	c = 7.024 (4) Å
$M_r = 149.15$	$\beta = 112.866 \ (8)^{\circ}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	V = 693.8 (6) Å ³
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Z = 4
a = 6.915 (4) Å	F(000) = 312
b = 15.502 (8) Å	$D_{\rm x} = 1.428 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 2364 reflections $\theta = 3.1 - 27.9^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Refinement on F^2

 $wR(F^2) = 0.091$

1223 reflections

102 parameters

direct methods

0 restraints

map

S = 1.01

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$

Rigaku Saturn CCD area-detector	4630 measured reflections
diffractometer	1223 independent reflections
Radiation source: rotating anode	957 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Multilayer monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.044$
Detector resolution: 14.63 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\rm max} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 3.4^{\circ}$
ω and φ scans	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$k = -12 \rightarrow 18$
(CrystalClear; Rigaku, 2005)	$l = -8 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\min} = 0.967, \ T_{\max} = 0.992$	
Refinement	

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0505P)^2]$ where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.002$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariant Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008), $Fc^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$ Extinction coefficient: 0.025 (6) Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

T = 113 K

Prism, colorless

 $0.32 \times 0.28 \times 0.08$ mm

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	Fractional atomic coordinates and	l isotropic o	r equivalent	isotropic	displacement	parameters	(A^2))
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	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.45807 (13)	0.61029 (5)	0.34499 (13)	0.0259 (3)	
O2	0.78058 (13)	0.65952 (7)	0.42312 (15)	0.0384 (3)	
N1	0.29846 (17)	0.77385 (7)	0.30630 (16)	0.0221 (3)	
C1	0.2544 (2)	0.85965 (8)	0.2913 (2)	0.0287 (4)	
H1	0.1204	0.8847	0.2615	0.034*	
C2	0.4378 (2)	0.90383 (9)	0.32687 (19)	0.0323 (4)	
H2	0.4525	0.9647	0.3252	0.039*	
C3	0.5987 (2)	0.84336 (9)	0.3659 (2)	0.0304 (4)	
Н3	0.7423	0.8555	0.3960	0.037*	
C4	0.5104 (2)	0.76289 (8)	0.35257 (18)	0.0237 (4)	

C5	0.5972 (2)	0.67754 (8)	0.3770 (2)	0.0250 (4)
C6	0.24605 (19)	0.62433 (8)	0.30253 (19)	0.0228 (3)
C7	0.1665 (2)	0.70294 (8)	0.28336 (19)	0.0235 (3)
H7	0.0216	0.7111	0.2544	0.028*
C8	0.1316 (2)	0.54197 (8)	0.2877 (2)	0.0316 (4)
H8A	-0.0147	0.5542	0.2654	0.047*
H8B	0.1981	0.5093	0.4162	0.047*
H8C	0.1357	0.5080	0.1716	0.047*

Atomic displacement parameters (2	(A^2)
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U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U ²³
0.0236 (5)	0.0252 (5)	0.0306 (5)	0.0023 (4)	0.0125 (4)	0.0013 (4)
0.0227 (6)	0.0449 (7)	0.0502 (7)	0.0045 (4)	0.0170 (5)	0.0071 (5)
0.0238 (6)	0.0216 (6)	0.0213 (6)	0.0004 (4)	0.0093 (4)	0.0011 (4)
0.0359 (8)	0.0227 (7)	0.0276 (7)	0.0059 (6)	0.0123 (6)	0.0015 (6)
0.0449 (10)	0.0223 (7)	0.0268 (8)	-0.0076 (7)	0.0110 (7)	-0.0004 (6)
0.0296 (8)	0.0338 (8)	0.0265 (7)	-0.0083 (6)	0.0093 (6)	0.0009 (6)
0.0212 (7)	0.0299 (8)	0.0197 (7)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0076 (5)	0.0018 (6)
0.0225 (8)	0.0307 (8)	0.0235 (7)	-0.0006 (6)	0.0108 (6)	0.0024 (6)
0.0187 (7)	0.0289 (8)	0.0212 (7)	-0.0003 (6)	0.0081 (5)	-0.0003 (6)
0.0197 (7)	0.0258 (7)	0.0254 (7)	-0.0008 (6)	0.0091 (5)	0.0006 (6)
0.0307 (8)	0.0250 (7)	0.0375 (8)	-0.0026 (6)	0.0114 (7)	-0.0009 (6)
	U^{11} 0.0236 (5) 0.0227 (6) 0.0238 (6) 0.0359 (8) 0.0449 (10) 0.0296 (8) 0.0212 (7) 0.0225 (8) 0.0187 (7) 0.0197 (7) 0.0307 (8)	U^{11} U^{22} 0.0236 (5) 0.0252 (5) 0.0227 (6) 0.0449 (7) 0.0238 (6) 0.0216 (6) 0.0359 (8) 0.0227 (7) 0.0449 (10) 0.0223 (7) 0.0296 (8) 0.0338 (8) 0.0212 (7) 0.0299 (8) 0.0225 (8) 0.0307 (8) 0.0187 (7) 0.0258 (7) 0.0307 (8) 0.0250 (7)	U^{11} U^{22} U^{33} 0.0236 (5) 0.0252 (5) 0.0306 (5) 0.0227 (6) 0.0449 (7) 0.0502 (7) 0.0238 (6) 0.0216 (6) 0.0213 (6) 0.0359 (8) 0.0227 (7) 0.0276 (7) 0.0449 (10) 0.0223 (7) 0.0268 (8) 0.0296 (8) 0.0338 (8) 0.0265 (7) 0.0212 (7) 0.0299 (8) 0.0197 (7) 0.0225 (8) 0.0307 (8) 0.0212 (7) 0.0187 (7) 0.0258 (7) 0.0254 (7) 0.0307 (8) 0.0250 (7) 0.0375 (8)	U^{11} U^{22} U^{33} U^{12} $0.0236(5)$ $0.0252(5)$ $0.0306(5)$ $0.0023(4)$ $0.0227(6)$ $0.0449(7)$ $0.0502(7)$ $0.0045(4)$ $0.0238(6)$ $0.0216(6)$ $0.0213(6)$ $0.0004(4)$ $0.0359(8)$ $0.0227(7)$ $0.0276(7)$ $0.0059(6)$ $0.0449(10)$ $0.0223(7)$ $0.0268(8)$ $-0.0076(7)$ $0.0296(8)$ $0.0338(8)$ $0.0265(7)$ $-0.0083(6)$ $0.0212(7)$ $0.0299(8)$ $0.0197(7)$ $-0.0018(6)$ $0.0225(8)$ $0.0307(8)$ $0.0212(7)$ $-0.0003(6)$ $0.0187(7)$ $0.0258(7)$ $0.0254(7)$ $-0.0026(6)$ $0.0307(8)$ $0.0250(7)$ $0.0375(8)$ $-0.0026(6)$	U^{11} U^{22} U^{33} U^{12} U^{13} $0.0236(5)$ $0.0252(5)$ $0.0306(5)$ $0.0023(4)$ $0.0125(4)$ $0.0227(6)$ $0.0449(7)$ $0.0502(7)$ $0.0045(4)$ $0.0170(5)$ $0.0238(6)$ $0.0216(6)$ $0.0213(6)$ $0.0004(4)$ $0.0093(4)$ $0.0359(8)$ $0.0227(7)$ $0.0276(7)$ $0.0059(6)$ $0.0123(6)$ $0.0449(10)$ $0.0223(7)$ $0.0268(8)$ $-0.0076(7)$ $0.0110(7)$ $0.0296(8)$ $0.0338(8)$ $0.0265(7)$ $-0.0083(6)$ $0.0093(6)$ $0.0212(7)$ $0.0299(8)$ $0.0197(7)$ $-0.0018(6)$ $0.0108(6)$ $0.0225(8)$ $0.0307(8)$ $0.0212(7)$ $-0.0003(6)$ $0.0081(5)$ $0.0187(7)$ $0.0258(7)$ $0.0254(7)$ $-0.0026(6)$ $0.0114(7)$

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C5	1.3767 (16)	C3—C4	1.3761 (19)
O1—C6	1.3950 (17)	С3—Н3	0.9500
O2—C5	1.2128 (16)	C4—C5	1.4356 (19)
N1-C1	1.3596 (18)	C6—C7	1.3223 (19)
N1-C4	1.3826 (19)	C6—C8	1.4844 (18)
N1—C7	1.3976 (18)	C7—H7	0.9500
C1—C2	1.376 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9800
C1—H1	0.9500	C8—H8B	0.9800
C2—C3	1.398 (2)	C8—H8C	0.9800
C2—H2	0.9500		
C5-01-C6	121 78 (10)	02	117 45 (12)
$C_{1} = 0_{1} = 0_{0}$	108 89 (11)	02 - C5 - C4	126 13 (12)
C1 - N1 - C7	130.07(12)	$02 \ 03 \ 04$	116.42 (12)
C4-N1-C7	121.03 (11)	C7—C6—O1	121.79 (12)
N1—C1—C2	108.03 (13)	C7—C6—C8	126.58 (13)
N1—C1—H1	126.0	O1—C6—C8	111.61 (11)
C2-C1-H1	126.0	C6—C7—N1	119.06 (13)
C1—C2—C3	108.01 (13)	С6—С7—Н7	120.5
C1—C2—H2	126.0	N1—C7—H7	120.5
С3—С2—Н2	126.0	C6—C8—H8A	109.5
C4—C3—C2	107.21 (13)	C6—C8—H8B	109.5

C4—C3—H3 C2—C3—H3 C3—C4—N1 C3—C4—C5 N1—C4—C5	126.4 126.4 107.85 (12) 132.32 (14) 119.83 (11)	H8A—C8—H8B C6—C8—H8C H8A—C8—H8C H8B—C8—H8C	109.5 109.5 109.5 109.5
C4—N1—C1—C2 C7—N1—C1—C2 N1—C1—C2—C3 C1—C2—C3—C4 C2—C3—C4—N1 C2—C3—C4—C5 C1—N1—C4—C3 C7—N1—C4—C3 C7—N1—C4—C5 C7—N1—C4—C5 C6—O1—C5—O2	$\begin{array}{c} 0.31 \ (14) \\ 179.99 \ (12) \\ -0.36 \ (16) \\ 0.26 \ (16) \\ -0.07 \ (15) \\ 179.84 \ (13) \\ -0.15 \ (14) \\ -179.86 \ (11) \\ 179.92 \ (12) \\ 0.22 \ (18) \\ 176.42 \ (11) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-3.46 (18) 2.3 (3) -177.76 (12) -177.79 (13) 2.12 (18) 2.52 (18) -176.31 (11) 0.00 (19) 178.64 (12) 179.04 (12) -1.32 (18)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C7—H7…O2 ⁱ	0.95	2.52	3.252 (3)	134

Symmetry code: (i) x-1, y, z.