

 $\beta = 67.4141 \ (15)^{\circ}$ 

 $\gamma = 69.0690 \ (12)^{\circ}$ 

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $0.20 \times 0.12 \times 0.10 \ \mathrm{mm}$ 

5960 measured reflections

2878 independent reflections

2745 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

 $\mu = 10.46 \text{ mm}^-$ 

T = 295 K

Z = 1

 $V = 829.54 (14) \text{ Å}^3$ 

Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## Bis(*µ*-iminodiacetato)bis[(2,2'-diamino-4,4'-bi-1,3-thiazole)lead(II)] tetrahydrate

### Mei Du,<sup>a</sup>\* Bing-Xin Liu,<sup>a</sup> Jing-Jing Nie<sup>b</sup> and Duan-Jun Xu<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Shanghai University, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Zhejiang University, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: xudj@mail.hz.zj.cn

Received 16 February 2010; accepted 23 February 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 295 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.007 Å; R factor = 0.020; wR factor = 0.048; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.8.

In the crystal structure of the title compound,  $[Pb_2(C_4H_5NO_4)_2(C_6H_6N_4S_2)_2]$ ·4H<sub>2</sub>O, the dinuclear Pb<sup>II</sup> complex molecule is centrosymmetric. The Pb atom is chelated by a tridentate iminodiacetate anion (IDA) and a diaminobithiazole (DABT) ligand, while a carboxylate O atom from an adjacent IDA anion further bridges the Pb atom with a longer Pb-O bond [2.892(3) Å]. The lone-pair electrons of the Pb atom occupy an axial site in the  $\Psi$ pentagonal-bipyramidal coordination polyhedron. The IDA anion displays a facial configuration: its chelating fivemembered rings assume an envelope configuration. Within the DABT ligand, the two thiazole rings are twisted relative to each other, making a dihedral angle of 9.51 (17)°. Extensive N-H···O, O-H···O and weak C-H···O hydrogen bonding helps to stabilize the crystal structure.

### **Related literature**

For the potential applications of metal complexes of diaminobithiazole in the field of biology, see: Waring (1981); Fisher *et al.* (1985). For Pb<sup>II</sup> complexes with a similar coordination geometry, see: Lacouture *et al.* (2001); Jones *et al.* (1988). For a complex with a longer Pb–O bond distance [2.968 (4) Å], see: Inoue *et al.* (1993). For the dihedral angles between thiazole rings in diaminobithiazole complexes, see: Liu *et al.* (2006); Zhang *et al.* (2006).



### Experimental

### Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} [\mathrm{Pb}_2(\mathrm{C}_4\mathrm{H}_5\mathrm{NO}_4)_2(\mathrm{C}_6\mathrm{H}_6\mathrm{N}_4\mathrm{S}_2)_2]^{-}\\ 4\mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}\\ M_r = 1145.16\\ \mathrm{Triclinic}, \ P\overline{1}\\ a = 9.2241 \ (8) \ \mathrm{\mathring{A}}\\ b = 9.8526 \ (9) \ \mathrm{\mathring{A}}\\ c = 10.6380 \ (11) \ \mathrm{\mathring{A}}\\ \alpha = 77.0732 \ (12)^\circ \end{array}$ 

#### Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)  $T_{min} = 0.132, T_{max} = 0.350$ 

### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.020$   $wR(F^2) = 0.048$  S = 1.072878 reflections 244 parameters 9 restraints

# $R_{\rm int} = 0.021$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement 
$$\begin{split} &\Delta\rho_{max}=0.54\ e\ {\rm \AA}^{-3}\\ &\Delta\rho_{min}=-0.70\ e\ {\rm \AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

### Table 1

```
Selected bond lengths (Å).
```

Pb-O1 2.546 (3) Pb-N1 2.593 (3				
	Pb-O1	2.546 (3)	Pb-N1	2.593 (3)
$Pb-O1^{\circ}$ 2.892 (3) $Pb-N3$ 2.594 (3)	Pb-O1 <sup>i</sup>	2.892 (3)	Pb-N3	2.594 (3)
Pb-O3 2.536 (3) Pb-N5 2.402 (4	Pb-O3	2.536 (3)	Pb-N5	2.402 (4)

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Та	ble	2
	-	

Hydrogen-bond	geometry	(A,	°).
---------------	----------	-----	-----

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N2-H2A\cdots O3$	0.86 (6)	2.05 (5)	2.880 (6)	162 (5)
$N2-H2B\cdots O1W$	0.86 (3)	2.16 (4)	2.959 (6)	153 (6)
$N4-H4A\cdots O1$	0.86 (5)	2.15 (5)	2.946 (5)	155 (5)
$N4-H4B\cdots O4^{ii}$	0.86 (3)	2.07 (5)	2.885 (7)	159 (6)
$N5-H5N\cdots O2W$	0.87(5)	2.01 (6)	2.809 (7)	153 (4)
$O1W - H11 \cdots O2^{iii}$	0.82(2)	1.97 (2)	2.783 (6)	171 (5)
$O1W-H12\cdots O3^{iv}$	0.82(5)	2.11 (4)	2.819 (6)	144 (5)
$O2W - H21 \cdots O1W^{v}$	0.82(7)	2.10 (7)	2.892 (7)	161 (6)
$O2W - H22 \cdots O4^{vi}$	0.82(5)	1.95 (5)	2.766 (6)	168 (7)
$C5-H5\cdots O2^{vii}$	0.93	2.56	3.476 (6)	167

Symmetry codes: (ii) x, y, z + 1; (iii) x, y + 1, z - 1; (iv) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z; (v) -x + 2, -y + 2, -z; (vi) -x + 2, -y + 1, -z; (vii) x, y + 1, z.

# metal-organic compounds

Data collection: *PROCESS-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *PROCESS-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/ MSC, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1993); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

The project was supported by the ZIJIN project of Zhejiang University, China.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2733).

### References

Altomare, A., Cascarano, G., Giacovazzo, C. & Guagliardi, A. (1993). J. Appl. Cryst. 26, 343–350.

- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). J. Appl. Cryst. 30, 565.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). J. Appl. Cryst. 32, 837-838.
- Fisher, L. M., Kurod, R. & Sakai, T. (1985). Biochemistry, 24, 3199-3207.
- Higashi, T. (1995). ABSCOR. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Inoue, M. B., Fernando, Q., Villegas, C. A. & Inoue, M. (1993). Acta Cryst. C49, 875–878.
- Jones, P. G., Schelbach, R., Schwarzmann, E. & Thöne, C. (1988). *Acta Cryst.* C44, 1198–1200.
- Lacouture, F., François, M., Didierjean, C., Rivera, J.-P., Rocca, E. & Steinmetz, J. (2001). Acta Cryst. C57, 530–531.
- Liu, B.-X., Nie, J.-J. & Xu, D.-J. (2006). Acta Cryst. E62, m2122-m2124.
- Rigaku (1998). PROCESS-AUTO. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Rigaku/MSC (2002). CrystalStructure. Rigaku/MSC, The Woodlands, TX, USA.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Waring, M. J. (1981). Annu. Rev. Biochem. 50, 159–192.
- Zhang, L.-J., Liu, B.-X., Ge, H.-Q. & Xu, D.-J. (2006). Acta Cryst. E62, m1944– m1945.

# supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, m343-m344 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810006926]

# Bis(*µ*-iminodiacetato)bis[(2,2'-diamino-4,4'-bi-1,3-thiazole)lead(II)] tetrahydrate

## Mei Du, Bing-Xin Liu, Jing-Jing Nie and Duan-Jun Xu

### S1. Comment

Some metal complexes with 2,2'-diamino-4,4'-bi-1,3-thiazole (DABT) have shown the potential application in the biological field (Waring, 1981; Fisher *et al.*, 1985). As a part of serial structural investigation of metal complexes with DABT, the title Pb<sup>II</sup> complex was prepared in the laboratory and its X-ray structure is presented here.

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The dinuclear Pb<sup>II</sup> complex molecule is centrosymmetric. Each Pb atom is chelated by a tridentate iminodiacetate anion (IDA) and a diaminobithiazole (DABT) ligand, and one carboxyl O atom from the adjacent IDA anion further bridges the Pb atom. The lone-pair electrons of the Pb atom occupy an axial site in the distorted  $\Psi$ -pentagonal bipyramidal coordination geometry, which is similar to that found in Pb<sup>II</sup> complexes reported previously (Lacouture *et al.*, 2001; Jones *et al.*, 1988). The longer Pb—O(bridge) bond distance (Table 1) is comparable to 2.968 (4) Å found in a related Pb complex (Inoue *et al.*, 1993). The IDA displays a facial configuration, its both chelating five-membered rings assume the envelope configuration. Within the DABT ligand, the two thiazole rings are twisted to each other with a dihedral angle of 9.51 (17)°, it agrees with 14.7 (3) and 9.5 (2)° found in transition metal complexes of DABT (Liu *et al.*, 2006; Zhang *et al.*, 2006).

The extensive N—H···O, O—H···O and weak C—H···O hydrogen bonding helps to stabilize the crystal structure (Table 2).

### S2. Experimental

An aqueous solution (20 ml) containing DABT (0.20 g, 1 mmol) and  $Pb(NO_3)_2$  (0.33 g, 1 mmol) was mixed with another aqueous solution (10 ml) of H<sub>2</sub>IDA (0.13 g, 1 mmol) and NaOH (0.08 g, 2 mmol). The mixture was refluxed for 5 h. The solution was filtered after cooling to room temperature. Single crystals were obtained from the filtrate after one week.

### S3. Refinement

H atoms bonded to N and O atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and were refined with distance constraints [O  $-H = 0.82\pm0.03$  and N $-H = 0.86\pm0.03$  Å] and U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 0.08 Å<sup>2</sup>. H atoms on carbon atoms were placed in calculated positions with C-H = 0.97 Å (methylene) and 0.93 Å (aromatic), and included in the final cycles of refinement in the riding model with U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.2U<sub>eq</sub>(C).



## Figure 1

The dinuclear molecular structure with 30% probability displacement ellipsoids. Dashed lines indicate the hydrogen bonding [symmetric code: (i) -x,-y,1-z].

### Bis(µ-iminodiacetato)bis[(2,2'-diamino-4,4'-bi-1,3-thiazole)lead(II)] tetrahydrate

Crystal data	
$[Pb_{2}(C_{4}H_{5}NO_{4})_{2}(C_{6}H_{6}N_{4}S_{2})_{2}]\cdot 4H_{2}O$ $M_{r} = 1145.16$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 9.2241 (8) Å b = 9.8526 (9) Å c = 10.6380 (11) Å a = 77.0732 (12)° $\beta = 67.4141$ (15)° $\gamma = 69.0690$ (12)°	Z = 1 F(000) = 544 $D_x = 2.292 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4336 reflections $\theta = 2.1-24.6^{\circ}$ $\mu = 10.46 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 295  K Block, yellow $0.20 \times 0.12 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
$V = 829.54 (14) A^{3}$ <i>Data collection</i> Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 10.00 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup> $\omega$ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>ABSCOR</i> ; Higashi, 1995) $T_{min} = 0.132, T_{max} = 0.350$	5960 measured reflections 2878 independent reflections 2745 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.021$ $\theta_{max} = 25.0^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.1^{\circ}$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.020$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.048$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.07	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
2878 reflections	and constrained refinement
244 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.019P)^2 + 0.7917P]$
9 restraints	where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.54 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.70 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor wR and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Pb	0.545731 (18)	0.724630 (15)	0.424338 (14)	0.02919 (7)
S1	0.85653 (18)	1.10157 (14)	0.16319 (14)	0.0551 (3)
S2	0.70556 (17)	0.84111 (15)	0.78711 (13)	0.0513 (3)
01	0.6288 (4)	0.4760 (3)	0.5554 (3)	0.0400 (7)
O2	0.8401 (5)	0.2774 (4)	0.5652 (4)	0.0696 (11)
03	0.5809 (4)	0.7154 (3)	0.1777 (3)	0.0431 (7)
O4	0.6770 (6)	0.5550 (4)	0.0268 (4)	0.0714 (12)
O1W	0.7380 (5)	1.1758 (4)	-0.1588 (4)	0.0577 (9)
O2W	1.0741 (5)	0.6671 (5)	0.1186 (5)	0.0717 (11)
N1	0.7119 (4)	0.9098 (4)	0.3108 (4)	0.0359 (8)
N2	0.7160 (6)	0.9566 (5)	0.0832 (4)	0.0541 (11)
N3	0.6755 (4)	0.7770 (4)	0.5787 (3)	0.0357 (8)
N4	0.5919 (6)	0.6270 (5)	0.7807 (4)	0.0563 (11)
N5	0.8084 (4)	0.5688 (4)	0.2998 (4)	0.0355 (8)
C1	0.7507 (5)	0.9781 (5)	0.1862 (4)	0.0382 (10)
C2	0.8435 (6)	1.0598 (5)	0.3335 (5)	0.0494 (12)
H2	0.8841	1.1027	0.3770	0.059*
C3	0.7666 (5)	0.9569 (5)	0.3947 (4)	0.0372 (10)
C4	0.6525 (6)	0.7362 (5)	0.7099 (4)	0.0399 (10)
C5	0.7564 (6)	0.9461 (5)	0.6339 (5)	0.0461 (11)
Н5	0.7934	1.0262	0.6206	0.055*
C6	0.7354 (5)	0.8967 (4)	0.5350 (5)	0.0368 (10)
C11	0.7810 (6)	0.4004 (5)	0.5131 (4)	0.0370 (10)
C12	0.8948 (6)	0.4667 (5)	0.3912 (5)	0.0418 (10)

# supporting information

H12A	0.9443	0.5183	0.4229	0.050*	
H12B	0.9827	0.3892	0.3400	0.050*	
C13	0.7855 (6)	0.4939 (5)	0.2072 (4)	0.0408 (10)	
H13A	0.7393	0.4162	0.2599	0.049*	
H13B	0.8919	0.4499	0.1420	0.049*	
C14	0.6733 (6)	0.5959 (5)	0.1303 (4)	0.0427 (11)	
H11	0.768 (8)	1.197 (7)	-0.2418 (10)	0.080*	
H12	0.6393 (18)	1.220 (6)	-0.132 (6)	0.080*	
H21	1.124 (7)	0.724 (5)	0.113 (7)	0.080*	
H22	1.147 (6)	0.594 (4)	0.086 (7)	0.080*	
H2A	0.662 (6)	0.895 (5)	0.101 (6)	0.080*	
H2B	0.751 (8)	0.997 (6)	0.001 (2)	0.080*	
H4A	0.582 (7)	0.570 (5)	0.736 (5)	0.080*	
H4B	0.595 (7)	0.598 (6)	0.862 (2)	0.080*	
H5N	0.865 (6)	0.626 (5)	0.247 (5)	0.080*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	U <sup>23</sup>
Pb	0.03072 (10)	0.03010 (10)	0.02682 (10)	-0.00792 (7)	-0.01080 (7)	-0.00292 (6)
<b>S</b> 1	0.0619 (9)	0.0475 (7)	0.0531 (7)	-0.0305 (6)	-0.0092 (6)	0.0054 (6)
S2	0.0594 (8)	0.0592 (8)	0.0430 (7)	-0.0105 (6)	-0.0248 (6)	-0.0183 (6)
01	0.0430 (19)	0.0399 (17)	0.0384 (17)	-0.0150 (15)	-0.0159 (14)	0.0016 (13)
O2	0.070 (3)	0.051 (2)	0.064 (2)	-0.0008 (19)	-0.025 (2)	0.0136 (19)
03	0.051 (2)	0.0448 (18)	0.0352 (16)	-0.0102 (15)	-0.0218 (15)	-0.0005 (14)
O4	0.110 (3)	0.068 (2)	0.049 (2)	-0.016 (2)	-0.046 (2)	-0.0134 (19)
O1W	0.063 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.054 (2)	-0.0169 (19)	-0.030 (2)	0.0050 (19)
O2W	0.062 (3)	0.076 (3)	0.074 (3)	-0.035 (2)	-0.002 (2)	-0.013 (2)
N1	0.040 (2)	0.0315 (18)	0.0362 (19)	-0.0136 (16)	-0.0107 (16)	-0.0017 (15)
N2	0.068 (3)	0.058 (3)	0.039 (2)	-0.030 (2)	-0.019 (2)	0.010(2)
N3	0.038 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0309 (18)	-0.0143 (16)	-0.0126 (16)	-0.0041 (15)
N4	0.081 (3)	0.066 (3)	0.032 (2)	-0.033 (3)	-0.026 (2)	0.007 (2)
N5	0.034 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.035 (2)	-0.0125 (16)	-0.0138 (16)	-0.0001 (16)
C1	0.038 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.037 (2)	-0.0107 (19)	-0.0072 (19)	-0.0009 (18)
C2	0.050 (3)	0.046 (3)	0.058 (3)	-0.024 (2)	-0.013 (2)	-0.010 (2)
C3	0.034 (2)	0.035 (2)	0.040 (2)	-0.0065 (19)	-0.0086 (19)	-0.0115 (19)
C4	0.043 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.032 (2)	-0.008 (2)	-0.015 (2)	-0.010 (2)
C5	0.052 (3)	0.044 (3)	0.051 (3)	-0.012 (2)	-0.024 (2)	-0.014 (2)
C6	0.033 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.045 (2)	-0.0053 (18)	-0.015 (2)	-0.0113 (19)
C11	0.043 (3)	0.038 (2)	0.034 (2)	-0.008 (2)	-0.021 (2)	-0.0024 (19)
C12	0.038 (3)	0.048 (3)	0.042 (2)	-0.012 (2)	-0.021 (2)	0.001 (2)
C13	0.049 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.036 (2)	-0.009 (2)	-0.019 (2)	-0.0080 (19)
C14	0.054 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.032 (2)	-0.020 (2)	-0.014 (2)	0.000 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Pb—O1	2.546 (3)	N2—H2A	0.86 (6)
Pb—O1 <sup>i</sup>	2.892 (3)	N2—H2B	0.86 (3)

Pb—O3	2.536 (3)	N3—C4	1.318 (5)
Pb—N1	2.593 (3)	N3—C6	1.391 (5)
Pb—N3	2.594 (3)	N4—C4	1.335 (6)
Pb—N5	2.402 (4)	N4—H4A	0.86 (5)
S1—C2	1.732 (5)	N4—H4B	0.86 (3)
S1—C1	1.739 (4)	N5—C13	1.468 (5)
S2—C5	1.718 (5)	N5—C12	1.475 (5)
S2—C4	1.741 (4)	N5—H5N	0.86 (5)
01—C11	1.283 (5)	C2—C3	1.348 (6)
02—C11	1.237 (5)	C2—H2	0.9300
03—C14	1 259 (5)	C3—C6	1 435 (6)
04—C14	1 239 (5)	$C_{5}$	1 354 (6)
01W-H11	0.819(16)	С5—Н5	0.9300
01W H12	0.817(10)	$C_{11}$	1 509 (6)
$O^{2W}$ H21	0.82(3)	$C_{12}$ $H_{12A}$	0.9700
$\begin{array}{c} 02 \\ 02 \\ 02 \\ 02 \\ 02 \\ 02 \\ 02 \\ 02 $	0.82(7)	C12 H12R	0.9700
02 w—n22	0.02(3)	$C_{12}$ $- C_{14}$	0.9700
NI-CI	1.521(5)	C12 = U12 A	1.313 (0)
NI—C3	1.403 (5)		0.9700
N2—CI	1.331 (6)	С13—Н13В	0.9700
N5—Pb—O3	66.12 (11)	N1-C1-S1	114.6 (3)
N5—Pb—O1	67.04 (11)	N2-C1-S1	120.7 (3)
03—Pb—01	114.56 (10)	C3—C2—S1	110.9 (4)
N5—Pb—N1	78 68 (11)	C3—C2—H2	124.5
O3—Pb—N1	81.95 (10)	S1-C2-H2	124.5
01—Pb—N1	128 64 (10)	$C_{2}^{-}$ $C_{3}^{-}$ $N_{1}^{-}$	1150(4)
N5—Pb—N3	90.68 (12)	$C_{2}^{2} = C_{3}^{2} = C_{6}^{2}$	125.7(4)
$\Omega_3$ _Pb_N3	143.48(11)	N1 - C3 - C6	129.7(1) 1193(4)
$O1$ _Pb_N3	77 56 (10)	N3-C4-N4	119.5(4)
N1 Pb N3	65 44 (11)	$N_3 = C_4 = N_4$ $N_3 = C_4 = S_2$	124.0(4)
$C_2 = S_1 = C_1$	80.0(2)	$N_{3}$ $C_{4}$ $S_{2}$	113.7(3) 121.7(3)
$C_2 = S_1 = C_1$	89.0 (2)	134-04-32	121.7(3)
$C_{3} = S_{2} = C_{4}$	07.4(2)	$C_{0} = C_{0} = S_{2}$	111.0 (4)
C14 O2 Pb	110.9(3)		124.5
	114.4 (5)	S2—C5—H5	124.5
HII—OIW—HI2	105 (6)	$C_{5}$ $C_{6}$ $C_{7}$	114./(4)
$H_2I = 02W = H_2Z$	104 (6)	$C_{3}$	126.4 (4)
CI—NI—C3	110.4 (4)	N3-C6-C3	119.0 (4)
CI—NI—Pb	132.4 (3)	02	124.6 (4)
C3—N1—Pb	117.1 (3)	O2—C11—C12	118.1 (4)
C1—N2—H2A	116 (4)	O1—C11—C12	117.3 (4)
C1—N2—H2B	122 (4)	N5-C12-C11	112.3 (4)
H2A—N2—H2B	121 (6)	N5—C12—H12A	109.1
C4—N3—C6	111.2 (4)	C11—C12—H12A	109.1
C4—N3—Pb	128.8 (3)	N5—C12—H12B	109.1
C6—N3—Pb	116.8 (3)	C11—C12—H12B	109.1
C4—N4—H4A	118 (4)	H12A—C12—H12B	107.9
C4—N4—H4B	119 (4)	N5—C13—C14	112.6 (4)
H4A—N4—H4B	119 (6)	N5—C13—H13A	109.1

# supporting information

C13—N5—C12	112.7 (3)	C14—C13—H13A	109.1
C13—N5—Pb	109.0 (3)	N5—C13—H13B	109.1
C12—N5—Pb	112.3 (3)	C14—C13—H13B	109.1
C13—N5—H5N	105 (4)	H13A—C13—H13B	107.8
C12—N5—H5N	111 (4)	O4—C14—O3	124.8 (5)
Pb—N5—H5N	106 (4)	O4—C14—C13	117.8 (4)
N1—C1—N2	124.7 (4)	O3—C14—C13	117.4 (4)

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	D—H···A
N2—H2A…O3	0.86 (6)	2.05 (5)	2.880 (6)	162 (5)
N2—H2 <i>B</i> ···O1 <i>W</i>	0.86 (3)	2.16 (4)	2.959 (6)	153 (6)
N4—H4A…O1	0.86 (5)	2.15 (5)	2.946 (5)	155 (5)
N4—H4 <i>B</i> ····O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86 (3)	2.07 (5)	2.885 (7)	159 (6)
N5—H5 <i>N</i> ···O2 <i>W</i>	0.87 (5)	2.01 (6)	2.809 (7)	153 (4)
O1 <i>W</i> —H11…O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.82 (2)	1.97 (2)	2.783 (6)	171 (5)
O1 <i>W</i> —H12···O3 <sup>iv</sup>	0.82 (5)	2.11 (4)	2.819 (6)	144 (5)
$O2W$ —H21···O1 $W^{v}$	0.82 (7)	2.10(7)	2.892 (7)	161 (6)
O2 <i>W</i> —H22····O4 <sup>vi</sup>	0.82 (5)	1.95 (5)	2.766 (6)	168 (7)
C5—H5····O2 <sup>vii</sup>	0.93	2.56	3.476 (6)	167

Symmetry codes: (ii) *x*, *y*, *z*+1; (iii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*-1; (iv) -*x*+1, -*y*+2, -*z*; (v) -*x*+2, -*y*+2, -*z*; (vi) -*x*+2, -*y*+1, -*z*; (vii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*.