### organic compounds

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### (*E*)-1-Phenyl-2-({5-[(1*E*)-(2-phenylhydrazin-1-ylidene)methyl]-2-thienyl}methylidene)hydrazine

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 120 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.006 Å; R factor = 0.050; wR factor = 0.108; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.2.

The title molecule,  $C_{18}H_{16}N_4S$ , adopts a U-shape with the aromatic groups lying *syn* and orientated in the same direction as the thiophene S atom. The conformation about each of the C=N bonds is *E*. Overall, the molecule is curved as seen in the dihedral angle of 30.26 (19)° formed between the terminal benzene rings. In the crystal, supramolecular chains along the *c* axis are formed by a combination of N-H···N hydrogen bonds and N-H··· $\pi$  interactions.

### **Related literature**

For specific uses of 2-substituted-thiophenes as materials, see: Michaleviciute *et al.* (2007, 2009); Kwon *et al.* (2009). For their specific uses as biological agents, see: Sonar & Crooks (2009); Mellado & Cortes (2009); Satyanarayana *et al.* (2008); Lourenço *et al.* (2007). For the preparation of hydrazones of thiophenecarbaldehydes, see: Kwon, *et al.* (2009); Wardell *et al.* (2007); Vaysse & Pastour (1964); Novitskii *et al.* (1961). For related structures, see: Wardell *et al.* (2007, 2010); Ferreira *et al.* (2009); Nogueira *et al.* (2010); de Lima *et al.* (2010).



Z = 3

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $0.42 \times 0.06 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$ 

11400 measured reflections

3675 independent reflections

3287 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

H atoms treated by a mixture of

independent and constrained

Absolute structure: Flack (1983),

 $\mu = 0.20 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

T = 120 K

 $R_{\rm int}=0.059$ 

refinement

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.24 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^2$ 

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

1748 Friedel pairs

Flack parameter: 0.04 (10)

### Experimental

### Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{18}H_{16}N_4S\\ M_r = 320.41\\ \text{Trigonal}, P3_2\\ a = 15.6495 \ (6) \ \text{\AA}\\ c = 5.9335 \ (10) \ \text{\AA}\\ V = 1258.5 \ (2) \ \text{\AA}^3 \end{array}$ 

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2007)  $T_{min} = 0.767, T_{max} = 1.000$ 

### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$  $wR(F^2) = 0.108$ S = 1.043675 reflections 214 parameters 1 restraint

### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å,  $^{\circ}$ ).

Cg is the centroid of the C6-C11 ring.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N2 - H2n \cdots N4^{i}$ $C12 - H12 \cdots N2^{ii}$ $N4 - H4N \cdots Cg^{ii}$	0.88 (4) 0.95 0.89 (4)	2.58 (5) 2.57 2.81 (5)	3.398 (4) 3.463 (5) 3.415 (4)	155 (4) 157 126 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + y + 1, -x + 2,  $z + \frac{1}{3}$ ; (ii) -y + 2, x - y + 1,  $z + \frac{2}{3}$ .

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *COLLECT*; data reduction: *DENZO* and *COLLECT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG2637).

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### supporting information

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# (*E*)-1-Phenyl-2-({5-[(1*E*)-(2-phenylhydrazin-1-ylidene)methyl]-2-thienyl}methyl-idene)hydrazine

## Geraldo M. de Lima, William T. A. Harrison, Edward R. T. Tiekink, James L. Wardell and Solange M. S. V. Wardell

### S1. Comment

Hydrazone and amide derivatives of thiophene have found many uses, for example in optoelectronic application (Michaleviciute *et al.*, 2007), as optical non-linear materials (Kwon *et al.*, 2009), as hole transporting materials (Michaleviciute *et al.*, 2009), and as biological agents (Sonar & Crooks, 2009; Mellado *et al.*, 2009; Satyanarayana *et al.*, 2008, Lourenço *et al.*, 2007). In continuation of structural studies on thiophene derivatives (Wardell *et al.*, 2007; Nogueira *et al.*, 2010; Ferreira *et al.*, 2009; Wardell *et al.*, 2010; de Lima *et al.*, 2010), we now report the structure of 2,5-thiophenedicarbaldehyde bis(phenylhydrazone), (I).

The molecule of (I) has a U-shaped conformation as the benzene rings are *syn*, lying to the same side of the molecule as the thiophene-S atom, Fig. 1. The conformation about each of the C5=N1 [1.282 (4) Å] and C12=N3 [1.287 (4) Å] double bonds is *E*. There are twists in the molecule, primarily about the hydrazine bonds, as seen in the values of the C5/N1/N2/C6 and C12/N3/N4/C13 torsion angles of -171.4 (3) and 165.1 (3) °. respectively. The dihedral angle formed between the two benzene rings is 30.26 (19) °.

Each of the hydrazine-N–H atoms participates in a significant intermolecular interactions to stabilise a supramolecular chain along the *c* axis, Fig. 2. The N2—H atom forms a conventional, albeit weak, N–H…N interaction, Table 1. The N4–H atom participates in a N–H… $\pi$  interaction [N4–H…ring centroid(C6–C11)<sup>i</sup> distance = 2.81 (5) Å, N4…ring centroid(C6–C11)<sup>i</sup> = 3.415 (4) Å with an angle at H = 126 (3) ° for *i*: 2- y, 1+ x - y, 2/3+ z]. The resultant chain is further stabilised by C–H…N2 contacts, Table 1. The primary contacts between supramolecular chains are of the type C–H… $\pi$  where the  $\pi$ -system is derived from the thiophene ring [C17–H…ring centroid(S1,C1–C4)<sup>ii</sup> = 2.87 Å, C17……ring centroid(S1,C1–C4)<sup>ii</sup> = 3.798 (6) Å, with angle at H = 165 ° for *ii*: 1-*x*+*y*, 1-*x*, -2/3+*z*], Fig. 3.

### S2. Experimental

Solutions of phenylhydrazine.hydrochloride (0.22 g, 2 mmol) in EtOH (10 ml) and 2,5-thiophenedicarbaldehyde (0.14 g, 1 mmol) in EtOH (10 ml) were mixed. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 1 h, and rotary evaporated. The solid residue was recrystallised twice from aq. EtOH (v;v 1:2), m.p. 498-500 K. lit value 504 K (Vaysse & Pastour 1964) and 483-484 K (Novitskii *et al.*, 1961).

### **S3. Refinement**

The C-bound H atoms were geometrically placed (C–H = 0.95 Å) and refined as riding with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ . The N-bound H atoms were located from a difference map and refined with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(N)$ .



### Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.



### Figure 2

A view of the supramolecular chain in (I) mediated by N–H…N hydrogen bonds (blue dashed bonds) and N–H… $\pi$  interactions (purple dashed lines). Hydrogen atoms not involved in these intermolecular interactions are omitted for reasons of clarity. Colour code: S, yellow; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.



### Figure 3

View in projection down the *c* axis of the unit cell contents for (I). Colour code: S, yellow; N, blue; C, grey; and H, green.

### (*E*)-1-Phenyl-2-({5-[(1*E*)-(2-phenylhydrazin-1-ylidene)methyl]- 2-thienyl}methylidene)hydrazine

Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{16}N_{4}S$ $M_{r} = 320.41$ Trigonal, P3 <sub>2</sub> Hall symbol: P 32 $a = 15.6495 (6) \text{ Å}$ $c = 5.9335 (10) \text{ Å}$ $V = 1258.5 (2) \text{ Å}^{3}$ $Z = 3$ $F(000) = 504$	$D_x = 1.268 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo $Ka$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 8754 reflections $\theta = 2.9-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.20 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 120  K Rod, yellow $0.42 \times 0.06 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	Absorption correction: multi-scan
diffractometer Radiation source: Enraf Nonius FR591 rotating	(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2007) $T_{min} = 0.767, T_{max} = 1.000$
anode 10 cm confocal mirrors monochromator	11400 measured reflections 3675 independent reflections 2287 reflections with $L > 2\pi/D$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$R_{\rm int} = 0.059$

$k = -20 \rightarrow 20$
$l = -7 \rightarrow 7$
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0104P)^2 + 1.4032P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1748 Friedel
pairs
Absolute structure parameter: 0.04 (10)

### Special details

**Geometry**. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor wR and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
S1	0.81560 (6)	0.77053 (6)	0.68924 (12)	0.02814 (16)
N1	0.68935 (19)	0.86586 (19)	0.6256 (4)	0.0306 (6)
N2	0.6286 (2)	0.9036 (2)	0.5913 (5)	0.0333 (6)
H2N	0.614 (3)	0.927 (3)	0.711 (7)	0.050*
N3	0.89915 (18)	0.63239 (18)	0.6731 (4)	0.0297 (6)
N4	0.9375 (2)	0.5714 (2)	0.6555 (5)	0.0361 (6)
H4N	0.963 (3)	0.563 (3)	0.782 (7)	0.054*
C1	0.8031 (2)	0.8521 (2)	0.8654 (5)	0.0300 (7)
C2	0.8520 (2)	0.8645 (3)	1.0644 (5)	0.0346 (7)
H2	0.8543	0.9071	1.1812	0.041*
C3	0.8988 (2)	0.8076 (3)	1.0785 (5)	0.0351 (7)
Н3	0.9360	0.8081	1.2055	0.042*
C4	0.8851 (2)	0.7513 (2)	0.8902 (5)	0.0268 (6)
C5	0.7407 (2)	0.8917 (2)	0.8070 (5)	0.0299 (6)
Н5	0.7374	0.9380	0.9049	0.036*
C6	0.5620 (2)	0.8678 (2)	0.4142 (5)	0.0331 (7)
C7	0.4833 (3)	0.8868 (3)	0.4091 (6)	0.0389 (8)
H7	0.4741	0.9214	0.5294	0.047*
C8	0.4193 (3)	0.8546 (3)	0.2278 (6)	0.0471 (9)
H8	0.3660	0.8675	0.2242	0.056*
C9	0.4316 (3)	0.8040 (3)	0.0517 (6)	0.0488 (10)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

Н9	0.3871	0.7823	-0.0720	0.059*
C10	0.5088 (3)	0.7852 (3)	0.0562 (6)	0.0431 (8)
H10	0.5171	0.7502	-0.0647	0.052*
C11	0.5747 (3)	0.8169 (2)	0.2359 (5)	0.0360 (7)
H11	0.6279	0.8040	0.2374	0.043*
C12	0.9187 (2)	0.6824 (2)	0.8568 (5)	0.0299 (6)
H12	0.9559	0.6736	0.9714	0.036*
C13	0.9022 (3)	0.4977 (2)	0.4896 (5)	0.0345 (7)
C14	0.8457 (3)	0.4988 (2)	0.3078 (5)	0.0370 (7)
H14	0.8257	0.5468	0.2990	0.044*
C15	0.8196 (3)	0.4278 (3)	0.1403 (6)	0.0474 (9)
H15	0.7811	0.4276	0.0162	0.057*
C16	0.8481 (3)	0.3579 (3)	0.1506 (7)	0.0533 (11)
H16	0.8311	0.3110	0.0328	0.064*
C17	0.9020 (3)	0.3566 (3)	0.3340 (7)	0.0532 (11)
H17	0.9202	0.3072	0.3437	0.064*
C18	0.9296 (3)	0.4258 (2)	0.5029 (6)	0.0418 (8)
H18	0.9671	0.4246	0.6275	0.050*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0322 (4)	0.0288 (4)	0.0255 (3)	0.0168 (4)	0.0005 (3)	-0.0002 (3)
N1	0.0320 (14)	0.0295 (14)	0.0300 (13)	0.0151 (12)	0.0019 (11)	0.0043 (10)
N2	0.0406 (16)	0.0391 (16)	0.0295 (13)	0.0268 (14)	-0.0022 (12)	-0.0007 (11)
N3	0.0242 (13)	0.0246 (13)	0.0388 (14)	0.0111 (11)	0.0010 (11)	0.0006 (11)
N4	0.0395 (16)	0.0385 (17)	0.0379 (15)	0.0252 (14)	-0.0053 (12)	-0.0063 (12)
C1	0.0312 (17)	0.0308 (16)	0.0274 (14)	0.0150 (14)	0.0016 (12)	-0.0010 (12)
C2	0.0378 (18)	0.0400 (19)	0.0304 (16)	0.0228 (16)	-0.0030 (13)	-0.0084 (13)
C3	0.0350 (18)	0.044 (2)	0.0298 (16)	0.0226 (16)	-0.0032 (13)	-0.0057 (14)
C4	0.0230 (14)	0.0280 (15)	0.0272 (14)	0.0112 (12)	0.0024 (11)	0.0020 (12)
C5	0.0342 (17)	0.0300 (16)	0.0283 (15)	0.0182 (14)	0.0002 (12)	-0.0003 (12)
C6	0.0317 (17)	0.0304 (17)	0.0319 (16)	0.0115 (14)	0.0039 (13)	0.0095 (12)
C7	0.0340 (18)	0.044 (2)	0.0395 (18)	0.0198 (16)	0.0056 (14)	0.0091 (15)
C8	0.0309 (19)	0.052 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0162 (17)	-0.0004 (16)	0.0148 (18)
C9	0.037 (2)	0.050(2)	0.042 (2)	0.0083 (18)	-0.0089 (16)	0.0092 (17)
C10	0.040(2)	0.038 (2)	0.0389 (19)	0.0102 (16)	0.0000 (15)	0.0029 (15)
C11	0.0335 (17)	0.0313 (17)	0.0378 (17)	0.0122 (15)	0.0025 (13)	0.0062 (13)
C12	0.0244 (15)	0.0318 (16)	0.0313 (15)	0.0124 (13)	0.0015 (12)	0.0031 (12)
C13	0.0378 (18)	0.0277 (16)	0.0346 (16)	0.0137 (14)	0.0059 (14)	-0.0012 (13)
C14	0.0415 (19)	0.0304 (18)	0.0357 (17)	0.0154 (16)	-0.0010 (14)	-0.0015 (13)
C15	0.050(2)	0.041 (2)	0.0405 (19)	0.0145 (19)	-0.0006 (17)	-0.0031 (16)
C16	0.069 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.002 (2)	-0.0097 (17)
C17	0.074 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.029 (2)	0.006 (2)	-0.0014 (17)
C18	0.056 (2)	0.0297 (17)	0.0424 (19)	0.0239 (17)	-0.0019 (17)	-0.0025 (15)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C4	1.738 (3)	С7—Н7	0.9500	_
S1—C1	1.736 (3)	C8—C9	1.382 (6)	
N1—C5	1.282 (4)	C8—H8	0.9500	
N1—N2	1.361 (4)	C9—C10	1.379 (5)	
N2—C6	1.386 (4)	С9—Н9	0.9500	
N2—H2N	0.88 (4)	C10—C11	1.391 (5)	
N3—C12	1.287 (4)	C10—H10	0.9500	
N3—N4	1.362 (4)	C11—H11	0.9500	
N4—C13	1.402 (4)	C12—H12	0.9500	
N4—H4N	0.89 (4)	C13—C18	1.392 (5)	
C1—C2	1.368 (4)	C13—C14	1.400 (5)	
C1—C5	1.436 (4)	C14—C15	1.391 (5)	
C2—C3	1.410 (5)	C14—H14	0.9500	
С2—Н2	0.9500	C15—C16	1.374 (6)	
C3—C4	1.371 (4)	C15—H15	0.9500	
С3—Н3	0.9500	C16—C17	1.383 (6)	
C4—C12	1.431 (4)	C16—H16	0.9500	
С5—Н5	0.9500	C17—C18	1.377 (5)	
C6—C11	1.396 (5)	C17—H17	0.9500	
C6—C7	1.405 (5)	C18—H18	0.9500	
С7—С8	1.382 (5)			
C4—S1—C1	91.41 (15)	С9—С8—Н8	119.6	
C5—N1—N2	116.9 (3)	C10—C9—C8	119.8 (3)	
N1—N2—C6	119.0 (3)	С10—С9—Н9	120.1	
N1—N2—H2N	116 (3)	С8—С9—Н9	120.1	
C6—N2—H2N	119 (3)	C9—C10—C11	120.7 (4)	
C12—N3—N4	115.9 (3)	C9—C10—H10	119.6	
N3—N4—C13	120.0 (3)	C11—C10—H10	119.6	
N3—N4—H4N	115 (3)	C10—C11—C6	119.6 (3)	
C13—N4—H4N	119 (3)	C10—C11—H11	120.2	
C2C1C5	126.9 (3)	C6—C11—H11	120.2	
C2C1S1	111.3 (2)	N3—C12—C4	120.7 (3)	
C5-C1-S1	121.6 (2)	N3—C12—H12	119.6	
C1—C2—C3	113.1 (3)	C4—C12—H12	119.6	
C1—C2—H2	123.5	C18—C13—C14	120.3 (3)	
С3—С2—Н2	123.5	C18—C13—N4	118.1 (3)	
C4—C3—C2	113.2 (3)	C14—C13—N4	121.5 (3)	
С4—С3—Н3	123.4	C15—C14—C13	118.4 (3)	
С2—С3—Н3	123.4	C15—C14—H14	120.8	
C3—C4—C12	126.7 (3)	C13—C14—H14	120.8	
C3—C4—S1	111.0 (2)	C16—C15—C14	121.4 (4)	
C12—C4—S1	122.2 (2)	C16—C15—H15	119.3	
N1	121.4 (3)	C14—C15—H15	119.3	
N1—C5—H5	119.3	C15—C16—C17	119.3 (4)	
С1—С5—Н5	119.3	C15—C16—H16	120.3	

N2—C6—C11	120.8 (3)	С17—С16—Н16	120.3
N2—C6—C7	119.5 (3)	C18—C17—C16	121.0 (4)
C11—C6—C7	119.6 (3)	C18—C17—H17	119.5
C8—C7—C6	119.5 (4)	C16—C17—H17	119.5
С8—С7—Н7	120.2	C17—C18—C13	119.5 (4)
С6—С7—Н7	120.2	C17—C18—H18	120.3
C7—C8—C9	120.9 (4)	C13—C18—H18	120.3
С7—С8—Н8	119.6		
C5—N1—N2—C6	-171.4 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	0.0 (5)
C12—N3—N4—C13	165.1 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.2 (5)
C4—S1—C1—C2	1.3 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C6	0.4 (5)
C4—S1—C1—C5	-173.5 (3)	N2—C6—C11—C10	-177.5 (3)
C5—C1—C2—C3	173.6 (3)	C7—C6—C11—C10	-0.3 (5)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-0.9 (4)	N4—N3—C12—C4	177.9 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (4)	C3—C4—C12—N3	178.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C12	-176.8 (3)	S1—C4—C12—N3	0.7 (4)
C2—C3—C4—S1	1.3 (4)	N3—N4—C13—C18	-168.3 (3)
C1—S1—C4—C3	-1.5 (3)	N3—N4—C13—C14	15.3 (5)
C1—S1—C4—C12	176.7 (3)	C18—C13—C14—C15	-1.2 (5)
N2—N1—C5—C1	176.6 (3)	N4—C13—C14—C15	175.2 (3)
C2-C1-C5-N1	-171.7 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.1 (6)
S1—C1—C5—N1	2.2 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C17	1.6 (6)
N1—N2—C6—C11	-18.7 (4)	C15—C16—C17—C18	-1.8 (7)
N1—N2—C6—C7	164.1 (3)	C16—C17—C18—C13	0.5 (6)
N2—C6—C7—C8	177.3 (3)	C14—C13—C18—C17	1.0 (5)
C11—C6—C7—C8	0.1 (5)	N4—C13—C18—C17	-175.5 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.0 (5)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg is the centroid of the C6–C11 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H…A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N2—H2n···N4 <sup>i</sup>	0.88 (4)	2.58 (5)	3.398 (4)	155 (4)
C12—H12…N2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.57	3.463 (5)	157
N4—H4 $N$ ··· $Cg^{ii}$	0.89 (4)	2.81 (5)	3.415 (4)	126 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+*y*+1, -*x*+2, *z*+1/3; (ii) -*y*+2, *x*-*y*+1, *z*+2/3.