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## Bis(2,3-dimethylanilinium) dihydrogendiphosphate

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Received 26 January 2010; accepted 2 February 2010
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=293 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.040 ; w R$ factor $=0.138$; data-to-parameter ratio $=30.0$.

In the title compound, $2 \mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}^{+} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{2-}$, the complete dihydrogendiphosphate anion is generated by crystallographic twofold symmetry, with the bridging O atom lying on the rotation axis $\left[\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{P}=135.50(9)^{\circ}\right]$. In the crystal, the 2,3xylidinium cations are anchored between ribbons formed by the $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ entities. Crystal cohesion and stability are supported by electrostatic interactions which, together with $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds, build up a threedimensional network.

## Related literature

For related structures, see: Akriche \& Rzaigui (2000, 2001); Rayes et al. (2004); Aloui et al. (2006); Souissi et al. (2007). For a discussion on hydrogen bonding, see: Brown (1976); Blessing (1986). For tetrahedral distortions, see: Baur (1974). For $\pi-\pi$ interactions, see: Janiak (2000).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

$2 \mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}^{+} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{2-}$
$M_{r}=420.33$
Monoclinic, C2/c

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a=32.9401(10) \AA \\
& b=4.5348(10) \AA \\
& c=15.560(8) \AA
\end{aligned}
$$

$\beta=113.06$ (4) ${ }^{\circ}$
$\lambda=0.56087 \AA$
$V=2138.6(12) \AA^{3}$
$\mu=0.13 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$Z=4$
$\mathrm{Ag} K \alpha$ radiation
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.50 \times 0.45 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}$

Data collection
Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
3944 measured reflections
3815 independent reflections

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.138$
$S=1.11$
3815 reflections

2891 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.011$
2 standard reflections every 120 min intensity decay: $1 \%$

## 127 parameters

H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.44 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.22 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O3-H3 $\cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.82 | 1.70 | $2.5088(15)$ | 167 |
| N1-H1A $\cdots$ O4 | 0.89 | 1.81 | $2.6733(15)$ | 163 |
| N1-H1 $\cdots 4^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.89 | 1.99 | $2.8175(16)$ | 154 |
| N1-H1C $\cdots 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 0.89 | 1.85 | $2.732(2)$ | 172 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$; (ii) $-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$.

Data collection: CAD-4 EXPRESS (Enraf-Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: CAD-4 EXPRESS; data reduction: XCAD4 (Harms \& Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5321).

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## supporting information

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## Bis(2,3-dimethylanilinium) dihydrogendiphosphate

Houda Marouani, Lamia Elmi, Mohamed Rzaigui and Salem S. Al-Deyab

## S1. Comment

The design and synthesis of inorganic-organic hybrid materials have been great interest due to their unique opportunity to combine the remarkable features of organic materials with those of inorganic compounds. In particular the family of material which combine phosphate anions with organic molecules have received much attention in recent years due to their technological interest in several areas such as biomolecular sciences, catalysts and optics.
In order to research new materials of this kind and to investigate the influence of hydrogen bonds on the chemical and structural features, we report here synthesis and crystal structure of a new organic diphosphate,

## [2,3-( $\left.\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{3}\right]_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$, (I).

Chemical formula of the title compound is built up from $\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}\right)^{2-}$ anion and two organic 2,3-xylidinium cations. Its geometrical configuration is depicted in the figure 1 . The half of this formula constitutes the asymmetric unit in the atomic arrangement. This latter is characterized by the existence of infinite ribbons built by $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{2-}$ anions. The phosphoric chains, extending along the b -direction, are located around planes perpendicular to the $\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{axis}$ at $\mathrm{x}=0$ and $\mathrm{x}=$ $1 / 2$ (Fig.2). The bridging oxygen atom of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{2-}$ anion is located on the twofold axis, thus this anion has a binary internal symmetry and so is built by only one independent $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ tetrahedron. The $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ entities are connected between themselves by strong hydrogen bonds $\mathrm{O}(1) \cdots \mathrm{O}(2)=1.505(1) \AA$ (Table 1), to form infinite ribbons in the b-direction. These ribbons are linked via $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds generating a three-dimensional network.
The average values for $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{O}$ distances and angles are quite similar to those measured in diphosphate anions with the same internal symmetry (Akriche, et al., 2000,2001). Nevertheless, the calculated average values of the distortion indice (Baur, 1974) corresponding to the different angles and distances in the independent $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ tetrahedron, $\mathrm{DI}(\mathrm{PO})=0.0236$, $\mathrm{DI}(\mathrm{OPO})=0.0312$ and $\mathrm{ID}(\mathrm{OO})=0.0100$, show a distortion of $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{O}$ distances compared to $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$ distances. The $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ tetrahedron is thus described by a regular oxygen atom arrangement with the phosphorus atom slightly shifted from the gravity center of $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$.
In this atomic arrangement, the 2,3-xylidine molecule is protonated for neutralize the negative charge of the anionic part. The 2,3-xylidinium cations are organized in a similar direction. They create intermolecular van der Waals interactions between them and establish strong hydrogen bonds (Blessing, 1986); (Brown, 1976) with oxygen atoms of the anionic layers.
Each organic entity is bounded to three different $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{2-}$ groups through three $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds. It exhibits a regular spatial configuration with usual interatomic distances $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}$ and angles $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}$, spreading within the respective ranges of 1.370 (4)-1.510 (3) $\AA$ and 116.9 (1)-123.2 (1) ${ }^{\circ}$. These values are similar to those obtained in other organic phosphates associated to the same organic groups (Rayes, et al., 2004); (Aloui, et al., ,2006). The aromatic ring of the protonated amine is planar, with a mean plane deviation of $0.0015 \AA$. The interplanar distance between the aryl rings of the organic cation is in the vicinity of $4.54 \AA$, which is significantly longer than $3.80 \AA$ for the $\pi-\pi$ interaction (Janiak, 2000). However, it should be noticed that the same organic groups display $p$-p interaction in
[2,3-( $\left.\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{3}\right]_{4} \mathrm{P}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{12} .2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (Aloui, et al., 2006) and in [2,3-( $\left.\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{3}\right]_{4} \mathrm{HP}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{10} .2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (Souissi, and al., 2007) with an interplanar distance of $3.78 \AA$ and $3.38 \AA$, respectively.

## S2. Experimental

The diphosphoric acid was prepared by passing a concentrated solution of $\mathrm{Na}_{4} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \cdot 10 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(4 \mathrm{mmol})$ through an ionexchange resin (Amberlite IR 120) in its H-State. The diphosphoric acid was then neutralized with an ethanol solution (10 ml ) of 2,3-xylidine ( 8 mmol ) by mixing them at 273 K in stoichiometric ratio 1:2. The resulting solution was slowly evaporated at room temperature until the formation of pink prisms of (I), which were stable under normal condition of temperature and humidity.

## S3. Refinement

(type here to add refinement details)


## Figure 1

View of (I) with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the $30 \%$ probability level. H atoms are represented as spheres of arbitrary radius. Hydrogen bonds are represented as dashed lines [Symmetry code: (i) $(-x+1,-y+1,-z+1)] x$,


Figure 2
Projection of (I) along the $b$ axis.

## Bis(2,3-dimethylanilinium) dihydrogendiphosphate

## Crystal data

$2 \mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}^{+} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}{ }^{2-}$
$M_{r}=420.33$
Monoclinic, $C 2 / c$
Hall symbol: -C 2yc
$a=32.9401$ (10) $\AA$
$b=4.5348(10) \AA$
$c=15.560(8) \AA$
$\beta=113.06(4)^{\circ}$
$V=2138.6(12) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F(000)=888$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.305 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
$\mathrm{Ag} K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.56087 \AA$
Cell parameters from 25 reflections
$\theta=8-10^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.13 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
Prism, pink
$0.50 \times 0.45 \times 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer
Radiation source: Enraf Nonius FR590
Graphite monochromator
non-profiled $\omega$ scans
3944 measured reflections
3815 independent reflections
2891 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.138$
$S=1.11$
3815 reflections
127 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
$R_{\text {int }}=0.011$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=25.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.1^{\circ}$
$h=-49 \rightarrow 45$
$k=0 \rightarrow 6$
$l=0 \rightarrow 23$
2 standard reflections every 120 min intensity decay: $1 \%$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.0801 P)^{2}+0.3731 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}=0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.44 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.22$ e $\AA^{-3}$

## Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor wR and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}{ }^{*} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1 | $0.510805(12)$ | $0.68375(7)$ | $0.35144(2)$ | $0.03189(11)$ |
| O1 | $0.53139(4)$ | $0.9396(2)$ | $0.41487(7)$ | $0.0424(3)$ |
| O2 | 0.5000 | $0.8169(3)$ | 0.2500 | $0.0384(3)$ |
| O3 | $0.54560(4)$ | $0.4412(2)$ | $0.36452(9)$ | $0.0470(3)$ |
| H3 | 0.5369 | 0.2852 | 0.3779 | $0.071^{*}$ |
| O4 | $0.46936(4)$ | $0.5703(2)$ | $0.35653(8)$ | $0.0424(2)$ |
| N1 | $0.43242(4)$ | $0.0895(3)$ | $0.39453(8)$ | $0.0350(2)$ |
| H1A | 0.4485 | 0.2236 | 0.3802 | $0.052^{*}$ |
| H1B | 0.4353 | -0.0845 | 0.3711 | $0.052^{*}$ |
| H1C | 0.4417 | 0.0755 | 0.4563 | $0.052^{*}$ |
| C1 | $0.38624(5)$ | $0.1778(4)$ | $0.35532(12)$ | $0.0445(3)$ |
| C2 | $0.36165(6)$ | $0.1438(4)$ | $0.26065(13)$ | $0.0540(4)$ |
| C3 | $0.31819(7)$ | $0.2505(7)$ | $0.22611(18)$ | $0.0764(7)$ |
| C4 | $0.30194(8)$ | $0.3801(8)$ | $0.2858(3)$ | $0.1040(11)$ |
| H4 | 0.2730 | 0.4483 | 0.2622 | $0.125^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.32707(9)$ | $0.4116(9)$ | $0.3788(3)$ | $0.1165(13)$ |
| H5 | 0.3154 | 0.5022 | 0.4177 | $0.140^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.36968(7)$ | $0.3087(6)$ | $0.41443(18)$ | $0.0796(7)$ |
| H6 | 0.3871 | 0.3273 | 0.4778 | $0.095^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.38165(8)$ | $0.0022(7)$ | $0.19904(14)$ | $0.0804(7)$ |
| H7A | 0.4052 | 0.1237 | 0.1972 | $0.121^{*}$ |
| H7B | 0.3595 | -0.0192 | 0.1370 | $0.121^{*}$ |
| H7C | 0.3931 | -0.1885 | 0.2235 | $0.121^{*}$ |
| C8 | $0.28886(9)$ | $0.2238(11)$ | $0.1235(2)$ | $0.1297(14)$ |
| H8A | 0.2637 | 0.3508 | 0.1092 | $0.195^{*}$ |
| H8B | 0.2791 | 0.0234 | 0.1096 | $0.195^{*}$ |
| H8C | 0.3051 | 0.2803 | 0.0867 |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\hat{A}^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| P1 | $0.04612(19)$ | $0.02030(15)$ | $0.03291(17)$ | $0.00149(12)$ | $0.01944(14)$ | $0.00289(11)$ |
| O1 | $0.0698(7)$ | $0.0241(4)$ | $0.0301(5)$ | $-0.0029(4)$ | $0.0160(4)$ | $0.0017(4)$ |
| O2 | $0.0632(9)$ | $0.0255(6)$ | $0.0304(6)$ | 0.000 | $0.0226(6)$ | 0.000 |
| O3 | $0.0532(6)$ | $0.0243(4)$ | $0.0715(8)$ | $0.0059(4)$ | $0.0330(6)$ | $0.0104(5)$ |
| O4 | $0.0523(6)$ | $0.0313(5)$ | $0.0537(6)$ | $0.0016(4)$ | $0.0316(5)$ | $0.0055(4)$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0379(5)$ | $0.0330(5)$ | $0.0349(5)$ | $-0.0003(4)$ | $0.0152(4)$ | $0.0025(4)$ |
| C1 | $0.0365(6)$ | $0.0454(8)$ | $0.0512(8)$ | $-0.0012(6)$ | $0.0169(6)$ | $0.0025(7)$ |
| C2 | $0.0410(7)$ | $0.0636(11)$ | $0.0511(9)$ | $-0.0091(7)$ | $0.0113(7)$ | $0.0096(8)$ |
| C3 | $0.0417(9)$ | $0.0942(16)$ | $0.0760(14)$ | $-0.0044(11)$ | $0.0043(9)$ | $0.0159(14)$ |
| C4 | $0.0411(10)$ | $0.124(2)$ | $0.135(3)$ | $0.0155(13)$ | $0.0218(14)$ | $-0.008(2)$ |
| C5 | $0.0570(13)$ | $0.169(3)$ | $0.123(3)$ | $0.0279(18)$ | $0.0343(16)$ | $-0.037(2)$ |
| C6 | $0.0507(10)$ | $0.112(2)$ | $0.0743(14)$ | $0.0127(12)$ | $0.0227(10)$ | $-0.0250(14)$ |
| C7 | $0.0648(12)$ | $0.129(2)$ | $0.0413(9)$ | $-0.0042(14)$ | $0.0146(8)$ | $-0.0027(12)$ |
| C8 | $0.0561(13)$ | $0.213(4)$ | $0.084(2)$ | $-0.003(2)$ | $-0.0123(13)$ | $0.030(3)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| P1-O4 | 1.4900 (11) | C3-C4 | 1.372 (4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P1-O1 | 1.5020 (11) | C3-C8 | 1.513 (3) |
| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 3$ | 1.5433 (11) | C4-C5 | 1.364 (5) |
| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 1.5945 (10) | C4-H4 | 0.9300 |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{P} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 1.5944 (10) | C5-C6 | 1.373 (3) |
| $\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 0.8200 | C5-H5 | 0.9300 |
| N1-C1 | 1.4559 (19) | C6-H6 | 0.9300 |
| N1-H1A | 0.8900 | C7-H7A | 0.9600 |
| N1-H1B | 0.8900 | C7-H7B | 0.9600 |
| N1-H1C | 0.8900 | C7-H7C | 0.9600 |
| C1-C6 | 1.374 (3) | C8-H8A | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 1.384 (2) | С8-H8B | 0.9600 |
| C2-C3 | 1.404 (3) | C8-H8C | 0.9600 |
| C2-C7 | 1.503 (3) |  |  |
| $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 1$ | 114.78 (7) | C2-C3-C8 | 120.7 (3) |
| $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 3$ | 113.29 (6) | C5-C4-C3 | 121.8 (2) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 3$ | 110.06 (7) | C5-C4-H4 | 119.1 |
| $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 109.24 (6) | C3-C4-H4 | 119.1 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 103.08 (6) | C4-C5-C6 | 119.5 (3) |
| $\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 105.47 (6) | C4-C5-H5 | 120.2 |
| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{P} 1$ | 135.50 (9) | C6-C5-H5 | 120.2 |
| $\mathrm{P} 1-\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 109.5 | C5-C6-C1 | 119.2 (3) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 | C5-C6-H6 | 120.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 | C1-C6-H6 | 120.4 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 | C2-C7-H7A | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 | C2-C7-H7B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 | H7A-C7-H7B | 109.5 |
| H1B-N1-H1C | 109.5 | C2-C7-H7C | 109.5 |
| C6- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 122.71 (18) | H7A-C7-H7C | 109.5 |
| C6- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 117.50 (17) | H7B-C7-H7C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 119.68 (16) | C3-C8-H8A | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 116.9 (2) | C3-C8-H8B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 7$ | 120.43 (17) | H8A-C8-H8B | 109.5 |
| C3-C2-C7 | 122.6 (2) | C3-C8-H8C | 109.5 |

# supporting information 

| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $119.9(2)$ | $\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $119.4(3)$ | $\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 8 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, y,-z+1 / 2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D — \mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 3 — \mathrm{H} 3 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.82 | 1.70 | $2.5088(15)$ | 167 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 A \cdots \mathrm{O} 4$ | 0.89 | 1.81 | $2.6733(15)$ | 163 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 B \cdots \mathrm{O} 4^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.89 | 1.99 | $2.8175(16)$ | 154 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 C \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.89 | 1.85 | $2.732(2)$ | 172 |

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x, y-1, z$; (iii) $-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$.

