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1-Chloromethyl-3-nitrobenzene

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.041; wR factor = 0.116; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.0.

In the title molecule, $C_7H_6CINO_2$, the plane of the nitro group and the direction of the chloromethyl group are twisted away from the benzene ring, forming dihedral angles of 8.2 (3) and 67.55 (12)°, respectively. In the crystal structure, weak intermolecular $C-H\cdots O$ interactions link the molecules into corrugated sheets parallel to the *bc* plane.

Related literature

For the characteristics of nitroaromatic compounds, see: Moreno *et al.* (1986). For details of the synthesis, see: Livermore & Sealock (1947). For reference bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data C₇H₆ClNO₂

 $M_r = 171.58$

	a = 12.1219 (10) Å b = 4.5104 (4) Å c = 15.1219 (11) Å $\beta = 112 709 (2)^{\circ}$	Mo K α radiation $\mu = 0.44 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 K $0.34 \times 0.18 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$
	$V = 762.69 (11) Å^3$ Data collection	0.54 × 0.16 × 0.11 mm
	Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD area- detector diffractometer 8475 measured reflections	1903 independent reflections 1350 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
)	Refinement $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$ $wR(F^2) = 0.116$ S = 1.03 1903 reflections	100 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.25$ e Å ⁻³ $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.26$ e Å ⁻³

7 - 4

Table 1		
Hydrogen-bond geometry	(Å,	°).

Monoclinic P2 /c

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$		
$C2-H2\cdots O1^{i}$	0.93	2.67	3.583 (3)	166		
C6−H6···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.67	3.374 (3)	133		
Summetry codes: (i) $-x + 2 - y + 3 - z + 1$; (ii) $x - y + 3 - z - 1$						

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 2, -y + 3, -z + 1; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2694).

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1-Chloromethyl-3-nitrobenzene

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S1. Comment

The irreversible binding of the reductive intermediates of nitroaromatic compounds to protein and DNA is thought to be responsible for the carcinogenicity and mutagenicity of this class of compounds. Several studies revealed that some nitro radical metabolites with special features are expected to decompose to form neutral carbon-centered free radicals with not net reduction of the nitro group occuring. The radicals anions of *p*-and *o*-nitrobenzyl chloride are known to expel chloride to form the corresponding carbon-centered nitrobenzyl radicals with rate constants of 1×10^4 and 4×10^3 s⁻¹. Such species are highly reactive and could account for the unusual cytotoxicity of these nitrocompounds (Moreno *et al.*, 1986). This structural report on 1-(chloromethyl)-3-nitrobenzene (*m*-nitrobenzyl chloride) might be helpful to carry out such studies on these nitroaromatic compounds in future.

The molecule of the title compound has normal bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The benzene ring (C1-C6) forms dihedral angles of 8.2 (3) and 67.55 (12)°, with the plane of the nitro group (N1/O1/O2) and with the direction of the chloromethyl group (C7/C11), respectively.

In the crystal structure, there is no classic hydrogen bonds. Weak intermolecular C—H…O interactions (Table 1) link molecules into corrugated sheets parallel to *bc* plane.

S2. Experimental

1-(Chloromethyl)-3-nitrobenzene (*m*-nitrobenzyl chloride) was prepared from the *m*-nitrobenzyl alcohol, 5 g; being refluxed with 25 ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid on a boiling water bath for 1.5 h. The ether was washed with water and sodium carbonate and dried with sodium sulfate. Evaporation of ether yielded an oily residue which crystallized on cooling. A 70 per cent yield of the crude compound was obtained. Recrystallization from petroleum ether gave a product melting at 317-319 K (Livermore and Sealock, 1947). *m*-Nitrobenzyl alcohol was purchased from Sigma Aldrich while all other chemicals involved were obtained from Merk, Germany.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were geometrically positioned (C—H = 0.93-0.97 Å), and treated using a riding model, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$.



Figure 1

The title molecule with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms are drawn at the 30% probability level.

1-Chloromethyl-3-nitrobenzene

Crystal data C7H6CINO2 F(000) = 352 $M_r = 171.58$ $D_{\rm x} = 1.494 {\rm Mg m^{-3}}$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Hall symbol: -P 2ybc Cell parameters from 2610 reflections $\theta = 2.8 - 26.9^{\circ}$ a = 12.1219 (10) Åb = 4.5104 (4) Å $\mu = 0.44 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ c = 15.1219(11) Å T = 296 K $\beta = 112.709 \ (2)^{\circ}$ Slab, pale yellow $V = 762.69 (11) \text{ Å}^3$ $0.34 \times 0.18 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: sealed tube Graphite monochromator φ and ω scans 8475 measured reflections 1903 independent reflections 1350 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.023$ $\theta_{max} = 28.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 1.8^{\circ}$ $h = -16 \rightarrow 16$ $k = -6 \rightarrow 5$ $l = -19 \rightarrow 20$ Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wP(F^2) = 0.116$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.03 1903 reflections 100 parameters	H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0443P)^2 + 0.2569P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement on F^2 for ALL reflections except those flagged by the user for potential systematic errors. Weighted *R*-factors wR and all goodnesses of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The observed criterion of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *-R*-factor-obs etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	<i>x</i>	у	<i>Z</i>	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
C11	0.46056 (5)	0.88735 (16)	0.10489 (5)	0.0856 (2)
O1	0.91285 (17)	1.2499 (5)	0.51307 (11)	0.0999 (7)
O2	0.78454 (18)	0.9074 (5)	0.49378 (12)	0.1009 (8)
N1	0.83972 (16)	1.0739 (5)	0.46346 (11)	0.0666 (6)
C1	0.86599 (17)	1.2052 (5)	0.23036 (13)	0.0593 (6)
C2	0.88908 (16)	1.2205 (5)	0.32703 (13)	0.0559 (6)
C3	0.81640 (15)	1.0604 (4)	0.36006 (11)	0.0499 (5)
C4	0.72367 (16)	0.8898 (4)	0.30166 (13)	0.0540 (6)
C5	0.70089 (15)	0.8763 (4)	0.20455 (13)	0.0526 (6)
C6	0.77357 (17)	1.0351 (4)	0.17013 (12)	0.0559 (6)
C7	0.60014 (19)	0.6926 (5)	0.13890 (17)	0.0738 (8)
H1	0.91350	1.31120	0.20570	0.0710*
H2	0.95160	1.33500	0.36830	0.0670*
H4	0.67650	0.78420	0.32670	0.0650*
H6	0.75960	1.02650	0.10520	0.0670*
H7A	0.59560	0.50880	0.17070	0.0890*
H7B	0.61490	0.64360	0.08200	0.0890*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

							_
	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}	
Cl1	0.0538 (3)	0.1001 (5)	0.0947 (4)	-0.0057 (3)	0.0195 (3)	-0.0148 (3)	
01	0.1089 (13)	0.1307 (16)	0.0585 (9)	-0.0134 (13)	0.0306 (9)	-0.0266 (10)	
O2	0.1138 (14)	0.1320 (17)	0.0669 (10)	0.0001 (12)	0.0459 (10)	0.0313 (10)	
N1	0.0684 (10)	0.0841 (13)	0.0505 (9)	0.0193 (10)	0.0265 (8)	0.0092 (9)	

supporting information

C1	0.0587 (10)	0.0689 (12)	0.0572 (10)	-0.0008 (9)	0.0300 (9)	0.0060 (9)
C2	0.0500 (9)	0.0607 (11)	0.0548 (10)	0.0006 (9)	0.0179 (8)	-0.0025 (9)
C3	0.0518 (9)	0.0558 (11)	0.0436 (8)	0.0127 (8)	0.0200 (7)	0.0054 (7)
C4	0.0546 (9)	0.0498 (10)	0.0624 (10)	0.0059 (8)	0.0278 (8)	0.0097 (8)
C5	0.0517 (9)	0.0445 (10)	0.0583 (10)	0.0084 (8)	0.0175 (8)	-0.0027 (8)
C6	0.0593 (10)	0.0640 (12)	0.0471 (9)	0.0104 (9)	0.0236 (8)	0.0004 (8)
C7	0.0683 (13)	0.0587 (12)	0.0863 (15)	0.0003 (10)	0.0210 (11)	-0.0148 (11)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C7	1.796 (3)	C5—C6	1.384 (3)
01—N1	1.211 (3)	C5—C7	1.493 (3)
O2—N1	1.208 (3)	C1—H1	0.9300
N1—C3	1.479 (2)	C2—H2	0.9300
C1—C2	1.380 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
C1—C6	1.373 (3)	С6—Н6	0.9300
C2—C3	1.374 (3)	С7—Н7А	0.9700
C3—C4	1.367 (3)	С7—Н7В	0.9700
C4—C5	1.387 (3)		
Cl1···H4 ⁱ	2.8900	C6···C7 ^{vi}	3.560 (3)
O1…N1 ⁱⁱ	3.230 (3)	C6…O2 ^{viii}	3.374 (3)
O1…O1 ⁱⁱ	3.217 (3)	C7···C6 ^{vii}	3.560 (3)
O1…O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.218 (3)	C1…H1 ^{ix}	3.0400
O1···C2 ⁱⁱ	3.410 (3)	C5···H7A ^{vi}	3.0900
O1···C3 ⁱⁱ	3.399 (3)	C6…H7A ^{vi}	3.0400
O2···C6 ^{iv}	3.374 (3)	H1…C1 ^x	3.0400
O1…H2	2.4400	H2…O1	2.4400
O1···H6 ^v	2.9000	H2…O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.6700
O1…H2 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.6700	H4…O2	2.4200
O2…H4	2.4200	H4…H7A	2.5100
O2…H6 ^{iv}	2.6700	H4…Cl1 ^{xi}	2.8900
O2…H7B ^{iv}	2.8600	H6…H7B	2.3900
N1…O1 ⁱⁱ	3.230 (3)	H6…O1 ^{xii}	2.9000
C1···C5 ^{vi}	3.566 (3)	H6…O2 ^{viii}	2.6700
C2····C4 ^{vi}	3.562 (3)	H7A…C5 ^{vii}	3.0900
C2…O1 ⁱⁱ	3.410 (3)	H7A…C6 ^{vii}	3.0400
C3…O1 ⁱⁱ	3.399 (3)	H7A…H4	2.5100
C4····C2 ^{vii}	3.562 (3)	H7B…H6	2.3900
C5…C1 ^{vii}	3.566 (3)	H7B····O2 ^{viii}	2.8600
O1—N1—O2	123.57 (18)	C2—C1—H1	120.00
O1—N1—C3	118.53 (19)	C6—C1—H1	120.00
O2—N1—C3	117.90 (18)	C1—C2—H2	121.00
C2—C1—C6	120.7 (2)	С3—С2—Н2	121.00
C1—C2—C3	117.56 (18)	C3—C4—H4	120.00
N1—C3—C2	118.37 (17)	C5—C4—H4	120.00
N1—C3—C4	118.69 (17)	С1—С6—Н6	120.00

C2—C3—C4	122.94 (16)	С5—С6—Н6	120.00
C3—C4—C5	119.12 (18)	Cl1—C7—H7A	109.00
C4—C5—C6	118.70 (17)	Cl1—C7—H7B	109.00
C4—C5—C7	120.40 (18)	С5—С7—Н7А	109.00
C6—C5—C7	120.90 (17)	С5—С7—Н7В	109.00
C1—C6—C5	120.98 (17)	H7A—C7—H7B	108.00
Cl1—C7—C5	110.94 (15)		
O1—N1—C3—C2	8.1 (3)	N1—C3—C4—C5	179.84 (18)
O1—N1—C3—C4	-171.9 (2)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.1 (3)
O2—N1—C3—C2	-171.8 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.4 (3)
O2—N1—C3—C4	8.3 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C7	-179.86 (18)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.1 (3)	C4C5C1	-0.5 (3)
C2-C1-C6-C5	0.4 (3)	C7—C5—C6—C1	179.7 (2)
C1—C2—C3—N1	180.0 (2)	C4—C5—C7—Cl1	81.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.1 (3)	C6—C5—C7—Cl1	-98.7 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1, *y*+1/2, -*z*+1/2; (ii) -*x*+2, -*y*+2, -*z*+1; (iii) -*x*+2, -*y*+3, -*z*+1; (iv) *x*, -*y*+3/2, *z*+1/2; (v) *x*, -*y*+5/2, *z*+1/2; (vi) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (vii) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (viii) *x*, -*y*+3/2, *z*-1/2; (ix) -*x*+2, *y*-1/2, -*z*+1/2; (x) -*x*+2, *y*+1/2, -*z*+1/2; (xi) -*x*+1, *y*-1/2, -*z*+1/2; (xii) *x*, -*y*+5/2, *z*-1/2.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C2—H2…O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.67	3.583 (3)	166
C6—H6····O2 ^{viii}	0.93	2.67	3.374 (3)	133

Symmetry codes: (iii) -*x*+2, -*y*+3, -*z*+1; (viii) *x*, -*y*+3/2, *z*-1/2.