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## Structure Reports

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# Bis(1,10-phenanthroline-1-ium) hexabromidoplatinate(IV) dihydrate

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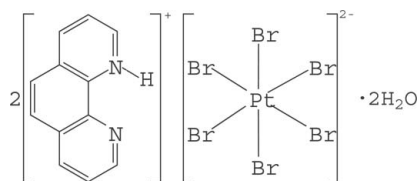
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 200$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.013$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.037;  $wR$  factor = 0.095; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.9.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound,  $(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{N}_2)_2\text{[PtBr}_6\text{]}\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , contains a protonated 1,10-phenanthroline cation (H-phen), one half of a  $[\text{PtBr}_6]^{2-}$  anionic complex and a solvent water molecule. The  $\text{Pt}^{\text{IV}}$  ion is located on an inversion centre and is coordinated in an octahedral environment by six Br atoms. The crystal structure displays numerous intermolecular  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interactions between six-membered rings of H-phen, with a shortest centroid-centroid distance of 3.670 (5) Å, and intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ ,  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$  and  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For the thermal decomposition of  $(\text{H-phen})_2[\text{PtBr}_6]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , see: Liptay *et al.* (1992). For other  $[\text{PtBr}_6]^{2-}$  complexes, see: Grundy & Brown (1970); Hu *et al.* (2009); Yusenko *et al.* (2002).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{N}_2)_2[\text{PtBr}_6]\cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\gamma = 74.961$ (2)°
$M_r = 1073.01$	$V = 699.67$ (9) Å <sup>3</sup>
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 1$
$a = 8.1999$ (6) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 9.5808$ (7) Å	$\mu = 13.61$ mm <sup>-1</sup>
$c = 9.6342$ (7) Å	$T = 200$ K
$\alpha = 83.811$ (1)°	$0.21 \times 0.19 \times 0.11$ mm
$\beta = 73.300$ (1)°	

### Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD diffractometer	4327 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)	2684 independent reflections
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.577$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 1.000$	2236 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	169 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.095$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.13$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.77$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>
2684 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.37$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Pt1—Br1	2.4755 (9)	Pt1—Br3	2.4725 (9)
Pt1—Br2	2.4743 (9)		

**Table 2**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H11}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.88	2.00	2.741 (12)	142
$\text{O1}-\text{H21}\cdots\text{Br1}^{\text{ii}}$	1.01	2.63	3.463 (9)	139
$\text{O1}-\text{H22}\cdots\text{N2}^{\text{iii}}$	1.04	2.28	2.890 (12)	116

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + 1, y - 1, z$ ; (ii)  $x, y + 1, z - 1$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HY2266).

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## supporting information

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**Bis(1,10-phenanthroline-1-ium) hexabromidoplatinate(IV) dihydrate****Kwang Ha****S1. Comment**

The compound, (H-phen)<sub>2</sub>(PtBr<sub>6</sub>).H<sub>2</sub>O (H-phen is monoprotonated 1,10-phenanthroline cation), was previously prepared by the reaction of H<sub>2</sub>PtBr<sub>6</sub>.6H<sub>2</sub>O with 1,10-phenanthroline and HBr, and its thermal decomposition was studied by means of derivatography and differential scanning calorimetry (Liptay *et al.*, 1992).

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, (H-phen)<sub>2</sub>(PtBr<sub>6</sub>).2H<sub>2</sub>O, contains a protonated 1,10-phenanthroline cation, one half of a PtBr<sub>6</sub> anionic complex and a solvent water molecule (Fig. 1). In the complex, the Pt<sup>IV</sup> ion is coordinated in an almost perfect octahedral environment by six Br atoms and a centre of inversion is located at the Pt atom with the special position (1/2, 0, 1/2). The Pt—Br bond lengths are nearly equivalent with the range of 2.4725 (9)–2.4755 (9) Å (Table 1) and the *cis* Br—Pt—Br bond angles lie in the range of 89.41 (3)–90.59 (3)°. These values are similar to those found in the complexes K<sub>2</sub>PtBr<sub>6</sub> (Grundy & Brown, 1970), [Rh(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>5</sub>Cl][PtBr<sub>6</sub>] (Yusenko *et al.*, 2002) and (C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(PtBr<sub>6</sub>) (Hu *et al.*, 2009). The crystal structure displays numerous intermolecular  $\pi$ – $\pi$  interactions between six-membered rings of H-phen, with a shortest centroid–centroid distance of 3.670 (5) Å. There are also intermolecular N—H $\cdots$ O, O—H $\cdots$ Br and O—H $\cdots$ N hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2 and Table 2).

**S2. Experimental**

To a solution of K<sub>2</sub>PtBr<sub>6</sub> (0.101 g, 0.134 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (10 ml) was added 1,10-phenanthroline (0.027 g, 0.147 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 8 h at room temperature. The precipitate obtained was separated by filtration, washed with acetone and dried at 50 °C, to give a dark orange powder (0.051 g). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation from a CH<sub>3</sub>CN solution.

**S3. Refinement**

H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their respective parent atoms [C—H = 0.95, N—H = 0.88 Å and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$ ]. The H atoms of the water molecule were located from difference Fourier maps, but not refined [ $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ ]. The highest peak (1.77 e Å<sup>-3</sup>) and the deepest hole (-1.37 e Å<sup>-3</sup>) in the difference Fourier map are located 1.11 and 1.27 Å, respectively, from the atoms Pt1 and Br1.

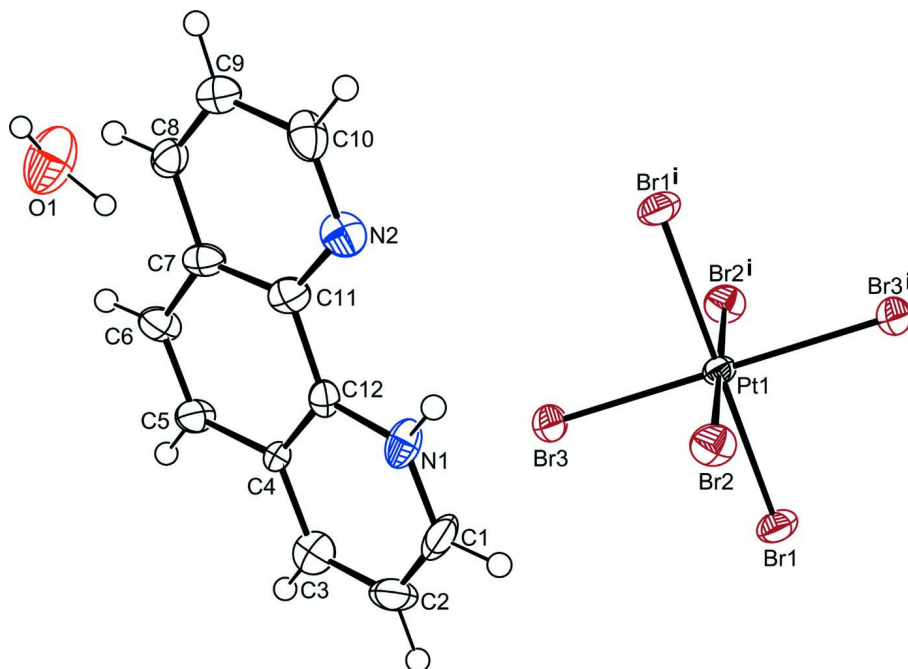


Figure 1

The structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. [Symmetry code: (i) 1-x, -y, 1-z.]

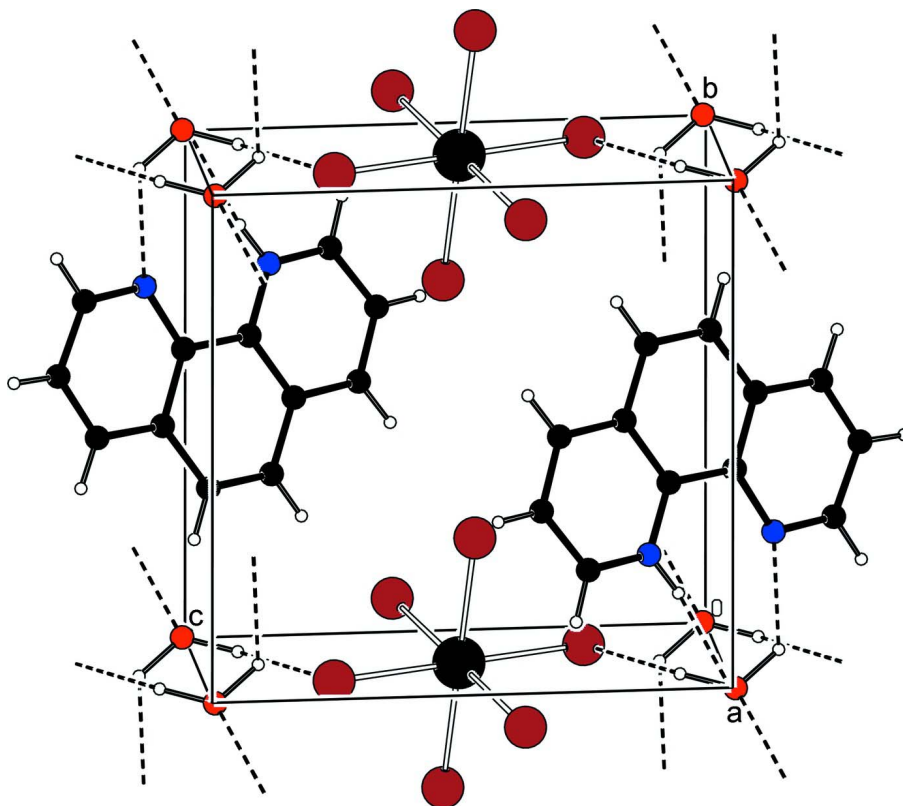


Figure 2

View of the unit-cell contents of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are drawn with dashed lines.

### Bis(1,10-phenanthroline-1-ium) hexabromidoplatinate(IV) dihydrate

#### Crystal data

$(C_{12}H_9N_2)_2[PtBr_6] \cdot 2H_2O$

$M_r = 1073.01$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 8.1999$  (6) Å

$b = 9.5808$  (7) Å

$c = 9.6342$  (7) Å

$\alpha = 83.811$  (1)°

$\beta = 73.300$  (1)°

$\gamma = 74.961$  (2)°

$V = 699.67$  (9) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 1$

$F(000) = 498$

$D_x = 2.547$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 2462 reflections

$\theta = 2.2$ – $26.0$ °

$\mu = 13.61$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 200$  K

Block, red

$0.21 \times 0.19 \times 0.11$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)

$T_{\min} = 0.577$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

4327 measured reflections

2684 independent reflections

2236 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.026$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.2$ °

$h = -10 \rightarrow 5$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -11 \rightarrow 11$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$

$wR(F^2) = 0.095$

$S = 1.13$

2684 reflections

169 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0229P)^2 + 6.779P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.77$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.37$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

#### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Pt1	0.5000	0.0000	0.5000	0.02001 (15)
Br1	0.55354 (13)	-0.02152 (11)	0.74241 (10)	0.0305 (2)
Br2	0.81815 (12)	-0.08964 (11)	0.38859 (10)	0.0314 (2)
Br3	0.53880 (12)	0.24992 (10)	0.47143 (10)	0.0285 (2)
N1	0.9383 (10)	0.2591 (8)	0.1579 (8)	0.0297 (18)
H11	0.9642	0.1848	0.1025	0.036*
N2	0.8156 (10)	0.2812 (9)	-0.0880 (8)	0.0299 (18)
C1	0.9906 (13)	0.2386 (12)	0.2773 (10)	0.036 (2)
H1	1.0493	0.1445	0.3033	0.043*

C2	0.9605 (13)	0.3535 (12)	0.3656 (11)	0.036 (2)
H2	1.0002	0.3395	0.4507	0.044*
C3	0.8717 (12)	0.4879 (11)	0.3265 (10)	0.032 (2)
H3	0.8486	0.5676	0.3860	0.038*
C4	0.8147 (12)	0.5086 (10)	0.1992 (9)	0.0236 (19)
C5	0.7304 (12)	0.6471 (10)	0.1520 (10)	0.026 (2)
H5	0.7092	0.7287	0.2083	0.032*
C6	0.6798 (12)	0.6644 (10)	0.0280 (10)	0.029 (2)
H6	0.6250	0.7582	-0.0021	0.035*
C7	0.7080 (11)	0.5430 (11)	-0.0586 (9)	0.024 (2)
C8	0.6533 (12)	0.5559 (11)	-0.1871 (9)	0.027 (2)
H8	0.5988	0.6480	-0.2212	0.033*
C9	0.6794 (12)	0.4360 (11)	-0.2609 (10)	0.028 (2)
H9	0.6441	0.4425	-0.3476	0.034*
C10	0.7605 (13)	0.3001 (11)	-0.2063 (10)	0.032 (2)
H10	0.7761	0.2169	-0.2586	0.039*
C11	0.7892 (11)	0.4034 (11)	-0.0142 (9)	0.025 (2)
C12	0.8468 (11)	0.3880 (9)	0.1150 (9)	0.0203 (18)
O1	0.1634 (13)	1.0222 (10)	0.0141 (10)	0.072 (3)
H21	0.2326	0.9999	-0.0891	0.109*
H22	0.1943	0.9525	0.0984	0.109*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Pt1	0.0223 (3)	0.0181 (3)	0.0209 (3)	-0.00115 (19)	-0.01071 (19)	-0.00139 (18)
Br1	0.0391 (6)	0.0287 (5)	0.0263 (5)	-0.0014 (4)	-0.0189 (4)	-0.0018 (4)
Br2	0.0222 (5)	0.0312 (6)	0.0382 (5)	0.0001 (4)	-0.0090 (4)	-0.0045 (4)
Br3	0.0360 (5)	0.0207 (5)	0.0313 (5)	-0.0061 (4)	-0.0134 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
N1	0.034 (5)	0.016 (4)	0.031 (4)	0.004 (3)	-0.007 (4)	0.002 (3)
N2	0.034 (5)	0.031 (5)	0.021 (4)	-0.007 (4)	0.001 (3)	-0.011 (3)
C1	0.032 (5)	0.040 (6)	0.034 (5)	-0.010 (5)	-0.014 (4)	0.023 (5)
C2	0.032 (6)	0.052 (7)	0.035 (6)	-0.019 (5)	-0.018 (4)	0.002 (5)
C3	0.030 (5)	0.034 (6)	0.029 (5)	-0.006 (4)	-0.004 (4)	-0.003 (4)
C4	0.031 (5)	0.020 (5)	0.028 (5)	-0.012 (4)	-0.019 (4)	0.010 (4)
C5	0.033 (5)	0.018 (5)	0.032 (5)	0.000 (4)	-0.017 (4)	-0.006 (4)
C6	0.024 (5)	0.020 (5)	0.047 (6)	0.000 (4)	-0.019 (4)	-0.004 (4)
C7	0.016 (4)	0.037 (6)	0.020 (4)	-0.007 (4)	-0.004 (3)	-0.004 (4)
C8	0.023 (5)	0.031 (6)	0.028 (5)	-0.008 (4)	-0.009 (4)	0.007 (4)
C9	0.027 (5)	0.034 (6)	0.025 (5)	-0.006 (4)	-0.008 (4)	-0.003 (4)
C10	0.042 (6)	0.024 (5)	0.028 (5)	-0.010 (5)	0.000 (4)	-0.006 (4)
C11	0.014 (4)	0.035 (6)	0.024 (5)	-0.005 (4)	-0.004 (4)	0.000 (4)
C12	0.018 (4)	0.018 (5)	0.023 (4)	-0.005 (4)	-0.004 (3)	0.002 (3)
O1	0.085 (7)	0.052 (6)	0.058 (6)	0.005 (5)	-0.005 (5)	0.003 (5)

## Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Pt1—Br1	2.4755 (9)	C4—C5	1.421 (12)
Pt1—Br2	2.4743 (9)	C5—C6	1.353 (13)
Pt1—Br3	2.4725 (9)	C5—H5	0.9500
N1—C1	1.319 (12)	C6—C7	1.436 (12)
N1—C12	1.358 (11)	C6—H6	0.9500
N1—H11	0.8800	C7—C11	1.411 (13)
N2—C10	1.321 (12)	C7—C8	1.417 (12)
N2—C11	1.371 (12)	C8—C9	1.354 (13)
C1—C2	1.391 (15)	C8—H8	0.9500
C1—H1	0.9500	C9—C10	1.420 (14)
C2—C3	1.377 (15)	C9—H9	0.9500
C2—H2	0.9500	C10—H10	0.9500
C3—C4	1.411 (12)	C11—C12	1.434 (12)
C3—H3	0.9500	O1—H21	1.01
C4—C12	1.409 (12)	O1—H22	1.04
Br3 <sup>i</sup> —Pt1—Br3	180.0	C12—C4—C3	118.5 (8)
Br3 <sup>i</sup> —Pt1—Br2	90.59 (3)	C12—C4—C5	119.3 (8)
Br3—Pt1—Br2	89.41 (3)	C3—C4—C5	122.2 (8)
Br3 <sup>i</sup> —Pt1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	89.41 (3)	C6—C5—C4	121.0 (8)
Br3—Pt1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	90.59 (3)	C6—C5—H5	119.5
Br2—Pt1—Br2 <sup>i</sup>	180.00 (2)	C4—C5—H5	119.5
Br3 <sup>i</sup> —Pt1—Br1	90.44 (3)	C5—C6—C7	120.9 (9)
Br3—Pt1—Br1	89.56 (3)	C5—C6—H6	119.6
Br2—Pt1—Br1	89.99 (3)	C7—C6—H6	119.6
Br2 <sup>i</sup> —Pt1—Br1	90.01 (3)	C11—C7—C8	117.5 (8)
Br3 <sup>i</sup> —Pt1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	89.56 (3)	C11—C7—C6	119.8 (8)
Br3—Pt1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	90.44 (3)	C8—C7—C6	122.6 (9)
Br2—Pt1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	90.01 (3)	C9—C8—C7	119.4 (9)
Br2 <sup>i</sup> —Pt1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	89.99 (3)	C9—C8—H8	120.3
Br1—Pt1—Br1 <sup>i</sup>	180.000 (1)	C7—C8—H8	120.3
C1—N1—C12	124.0 (9)	C8—C9—C10	118.7 (9)
C1—N1—H11	118.0	C8—C9—H9	120.6
C12—N1—H11	118.0	C10—C9—H9	120.6
C10—N2—C11	116.2 (8)	N2—C10—C9	124.7 (9)
N1—C1—C2	120.6 (10)	N2—C10—H10	117.7
N1—C1—H1	119.7	C9—C10—H10	117.7
C2—C1—H1	119.7	N2—C11—C7	123.5 (8)
C3—C2—C1	118.3 (9)	N2—C11—C12	118.1 (8)
C3—C2—H2	120.8	C7—C11—C12	118.4 (8)
C1—C2—H2	120.8	N1—C12—C4	117.8 (8)
C2—C3—C4	120.7 (9)	N1—C12—C11	121.7 (8)
C2—C3—H3	119.6	C4—C12—C11	120.5 (8)
C4—C3—H3	119.6	H21—O1—H22	119.7
C12—N1—C1—C2	-2.9 (14)	C10—N2—C11—C12	179.9 (8)

N1—C1—C2—C3	1.3 (14)	C8—C7—C11—N2	-0.7 (12)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.7 (14)	C6—C7—C11—N2	177.7 (8)
C2—C3—C4—C12	1.6 (13)	C8—C7—C11—C12	179.5 (7)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-176.9 (9)	C6—C7—C11—C12	-2.0 (12)
C12—C4—C5—C6	0.3 (13)	C1—N1—C12—C4	3.7 (13)
C3—C4—C5—C6	178.8 (9)	C1—N1—C12—C11	-178.4 (8)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.8 (14)	C3—C4—C12—N1	-2.9 (12)
C5—C6—C7—C11	0.1 (13)	C5—C4—C12—N1	175.6 (8)
C5—C6—C7—C8	178.4 (9)	C3—C4—C12—C11	179.1 (8)
C11—C7—C8—C9	0.4 (12)	C5—C4—C12—C11	-2.4 (12)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-177.9 (8)	N2—C11—C12—N1	5.5 (12)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.3 (13)	C7—C11—C12—N1	-174.7 (8)
C11—N2—C10—C9	0.7 (13)	N2—C11—C12—C4	-176.6 (8)
C8—C9—C10—N2	-0.9 (14)	C7—C11—C12—C4	3.2 (12)
C10—N2—C11—C7	0.1 (12)		

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H11 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.88	2.00	2.741 (12)	142
O1—H21 $\cdots$ Br1 <sup>iii</sup>	1.01	2.63	3.463 (9)	139
O1—H22 $\cdots$ N2 <sup>iv</sup>	1.04	2.28	2.890 (12)	116

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $x+1, y-1, z$ ; (iii)  $x, y+1, z-1$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z$ .