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(E)-N'-[(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl)methylene]benzohydrazide monohydrate

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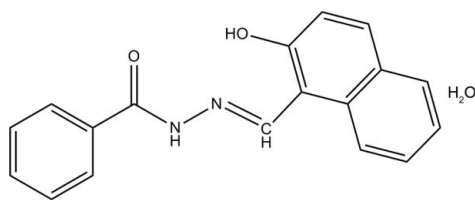
Received 2 November 2009; accepted 3 December 2009

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.148; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.8.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, the dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the naphthalene system is $5.18(10)^\circ$. Intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds influence the molecular conformation. In the crystal, intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds are observed as well as $\pi-\pi$ interactions between the phenyl ring and the substituted ring of the naphthalene [centroid-centroid distance = $3.676(11)$ Å].

Related literature

For background to Schiff bases in coordination chemistry, see: Chakraborty & Patel (1996); Jeewoth *et al.* (1999). For their biological activity, see: Das *et al.* (1999). For related structures, see: Fun *et al.* (2008); Nie (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 308.33$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 16.346(6)$ Å
 $b = 7.192(3)$ Å
 $c = 13.880(5)$ Å

 $\beta = 111.949(4)^\circ$
 $V = 1513.5(10)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.50 \times 0.48 \times 0.43$ mm

Data collection

 Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.955$, $T_{\max} = 0.961$

 7296 measured reflections
 2669 independent reflections
 1648 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.148$
 $S = 1.07$
 2669 reflections

 208 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.25$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.21$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1} \cdots \text{O3}$	0.86	2.11	2.899 (3)	152
$\text{O2}-\text{H2} \cdots \text{N2}$	0.82	1.89	2.604 (3)	145
$\text{O3}-\text{H3C} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.85	2.03	2.882 (3)	179
$\text{O3}-\text{H3D} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85	1.88	2.734 (3)	179

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z + 1$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2175).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o95 [doi:10.1107/S160053680905212X]

(E)-N'-[(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl)methylene]benzohydrazide monohydrate**Yan Qiao, Xiuping Ju, Zhiqing Gao and Lingqian Kong****S1. Comment**

Schiff bases are popular ligands in coordination chemistry due to their ease of synthesis and their ability to be readily modified both electronically and sterically. (Chakraborty *et al.*, 1996; Jeewoth *et al.*, 1999). Meanwhile, aromatic aldehyde Schiff bases have also attracted much attention due to their diverse biological activities, such as antimicrobial antibacterial, antiviral, anticancer activities *etc* (Das *et al.*, 1999).

In (I) (Fig. 1), the bond lengths and angles are normal and comparable to those observed in reported the compound (Nie *et al.*, 2008; Fun *et al.*, 2008).

In the crystal structure, the C=N bond length in the molecule is 1.282 (3) °, showing the double-bond character. Meanwhile, the dihedral angle between the benzene ring (C3—C8) and the naphthalene plane in the Schiff base molecule is 5.18 (10) °, indicating that the two planes are almost coplanar.

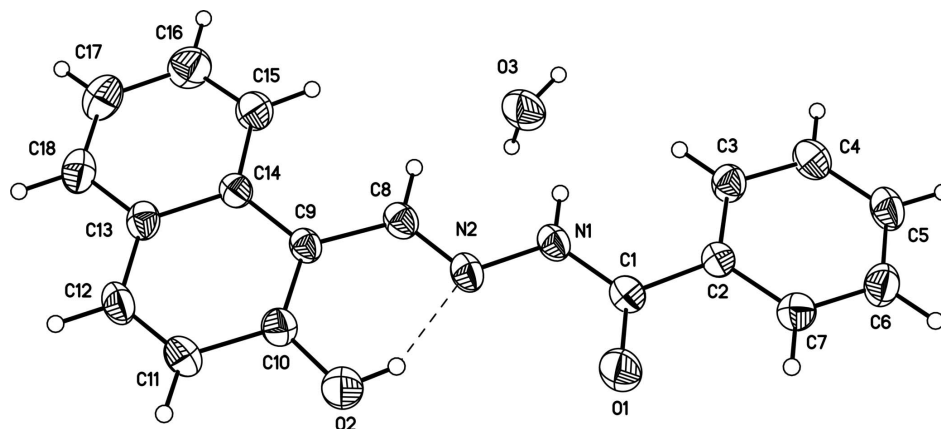
Moreover, there exist one H₂O molecule in the crystal unit, the crystal structure of the title compound consists of one two-dimension supramolecular structure was built from the connections of N—H···O, O—H..O hydrogen bonds and (Table 1.) two π ··· π stacking interactions between the rings (C2-C7) and (C9-C14) and their symmetry related counterparts (Symmetry code=-x+1, -y, -z+1 and centroid-to centroid distance = 3.676 (11) Å).

S2. Experimental

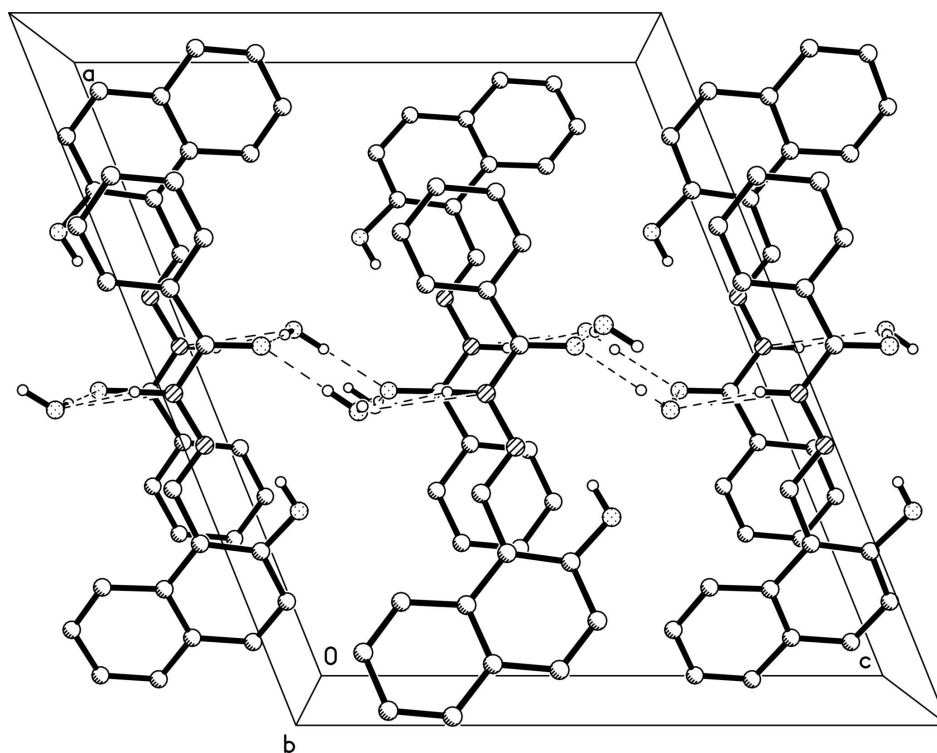
2-Hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde (3 mmol), benzohydrazide (3 mmol) and 10 ml methanol were mixed in 50 ml flask. After stirring 30 min at 373 K, the resulting mixture was recrystallized from methanol, affording the title compound as a colorless crystalline solid. Elemental analysis: calculated for C₁₈H₁₆N₂O₃: C 70.12, H 5.23, N 9.09%; found: C 70.18, H 5.15, N 9.14%.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms, except the H atoms of H₂O, were placed in geometrically idealized positions (O—H = 0.82, N—H 0.86 and C—H 0.93 Å) and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{--}1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N}, \text{O})$ (C,N, O). Meanwhile, The H atoms of free water molecule were placed in geometrically idealized positions (O—H = 0.85 Å) and treated as riding on O atom, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ (O).

**Figure 1**

A view of (I) showing the atomic numbering scheme and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids, showing the intramolecular H-bond with dashed line.

**Figure 2**

A packing of (I) viewed down b-axis showing H-bond interactions with dashed lines. Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.

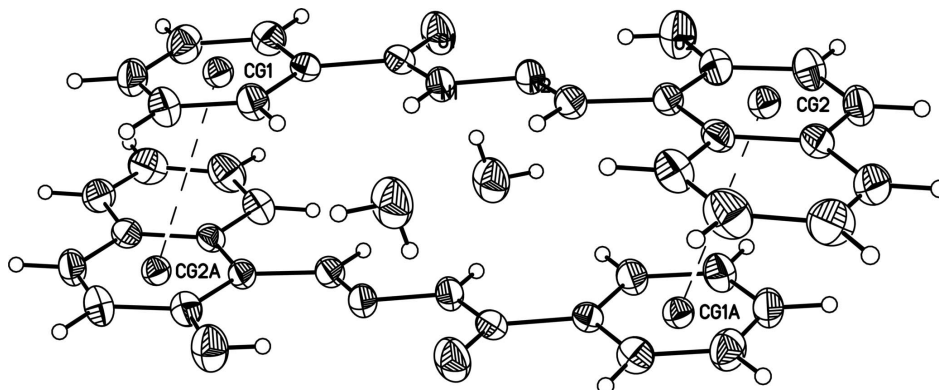


Figure 3

The $\pi \cdots \pi$ interactions of (I) with dashed lines. Symmetry codes: (A) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.

(E)-N'-[(2-Hydroxy-1-naphthyl)methylene]benzohydrazide monohydrate

Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{14}N_2O_2 \cdot H_2O$

$M_r = 308.33$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ybc$

$a = 16.346\ (6)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 7.192\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 13.880\ (5)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 111.949\ (4)^\circ$

$V = 1513.5\ (10)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 648$

$D_x = 1.353\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 2137 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}26.8^\circ$

$\mu = 0.09\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Block, colourless

$0.50 \times 0.48 \times 0.43\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ϕ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.955, T_{\max} = 0.961$

7296 measured reflections

2669 independent reflections

1648 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 1.3^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 19$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$l = -16 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$

$wR(F^2) = 0.148$

$S = 1.07$

2669 reflections

208 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0594P)^2 + 0.5603P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.25\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.03568 (12)	0.2307 (3)	0.50343 (16)	0.0462 (5)
H1	0.0334	0.2363	0.5643	0.055*
N2	0.11241 (12)	0.1782 (3)	0.49103 (16)	0.0482 (5)
O1	-0.03364 (11)	0.2630 (3)	0.33109 (14)	0.0679 (6)
O2	0.21163 (12)	0.1127 (3)	0.38534 (13)	0.0711 (6)
H2	0.1675	0.1496	0.3941	0.107*
O3	0.06076 (12)	0.1282 (3)	0.71458 (14)	0.0790 (6)
H3C	0.0524	0.0128	0.7015	0.095*
H3D	0.0312	0.1610	0.7507	0.095*
C1	-0.03525 (15)	0.2726 (3)	0.41878 (19)	0.0437 (6)
C2	-0.11669 (14)	0.3308 (3)	0.43458 (18)	0.0407 (6)
C3	-0.12564 (16)	0.3358 (4)	0.5298 (2)	0.0513 (6)
H3	-0.0784	0.3025	0.5897	0.062*
C4	-0.20439 (17)	0.3902 (4)	0.5361 (2)	0.0602 (7)
H4	-0.2100	0.3933	0.6003	0.072*
C5	-0.27411 (17)	0.4393 (4)	0.4486 (2)	0.0594 (7)
H5	-0.3271	0.4755	0.4534	0.071*
C6	-0.26626 (17)	0.4356 (4)	0.3545 (2)	0.0615 (7)
H6	-0.3140	0.4691	0.2951	0.074*
C7	-0.18785 (16)	0.3825 (3)	0.34665 (19)	0.0531 (6)
H7	-0.1827	0.3814	0.2821	0.064*
C8	0.17844 (15)	0.1408 (3)	0.5745 (2)	0.0466 (6)
H8	0.1727	0.1529	0.6384	0.056*
C9	0.26175 (14)	0.0802 (3)	0.57090 (18)	0.0412 (6)
C10	0.27378 (16)	0.0654 (3)	0.47759 (19)	0.0496 (6)
C11	0.35283 (17)	-0.0052 (4)	0.4732 (2)	0.0592 (7)
H11	0.3601	-0.0117	0.4100	0.071*
C12	0.41789 (17)	-0.0633 (4)	0.5610 (2)	0.0559 (7)
H12	0.4690	-0.1131	0.5568	0.067*
C13	0.41064 (15)	-0.0507 (3)	0.65878 (19)	0.0475 (6)
C14	0.33263 (14)	0.0262 (3)	0.66492 (18)	0.0422 (6)
C15	0.32900 (18)	0.0419 (4)	0.7644 (2)	0.0587 (7)
H15	0.2797	0.0953	0.7715	0.070*
C16	0.3967 (2)	-0.0201 (5)	0.8507 (2)	0.0741 (9)
H16	0.3927	-0.0077	0.9155	0.089*

C17	0.47164 (19)	-0.1017 (4)	0.8435 (2)	0.0724 (8)
H17	0.5164	-0.1468	0.9026	0.087*
C18	0.47854 (16)	-0.1145 (4)	0.7497 (2)	0.0603 (7)
H18	0.5290	-0.1665	0.7450	0.072*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0417 (11)	0.0484 (12)	0.0551 (12)	0.0012 (9)	0.0258 (10)	-0.0028 (10)
N2	0.0418 (12)	0.0468 (12)	0.0622 (14)	0.0010 (9)	0.0266 (10)	-0.0019 (10)
O1	0.0670 (12)	0.0933 (15)	0.0546 (11)	0.0107 (10)	0.0355 (10)	0.0084 (10)
O2	0.0629 (12)	0.0993 (16)	0.0516 (11)	0.0146 (11)	0.0218 (9)	0.0020 (11)
O3	0.0876 (15)	0.1016 (16)	0.0615 (12)	0.0114 (12)	0.0435 (11)	-0.0008 (12)
C1	0.0469 (14)	0.0405 (13)	0.0506 (15)	-0.0026 (11)	0.0261 (12)	0.0028 (11)
C2	0.0388 (13)	0.0358 (12)	0.0495 (14)	-0.0043 (10)	0.0189 (11)	-0.0012 (10)
C3	0.0439 (14)	0.0600 (16)	0.0530 (15)	0.0013 (12)	0.0215 (12)	0.0023 (13)
C4	0.0588 (17)	0.0674 (18)	0.0662 (17)	0.0024 (14)	0.0371 (14)	-0.0011 (15)
C5	0.0441 (15)	0.0564 (17)	0.083 (2)	0.0031 (12)	0.0301 (15)	-0.0041 (15)
C6	0.0449 (15)	0.0650 (18)	0.0677 (19)	0.0042 (13)	0.0131 (13)	0.0003 (15)
C7	0.0535 (15)	0.0539 (16)	0.0523 (15)	-0.0019 (12)	0.0203 (12)	-0.0010 (12)
C8	0.0460 (14)	0.0426 (14)	0.0575 (15)	-0.0036 (11)	0.0266 (12)	-0.0042 (12)
C9	0.0388 (13)	0.0376 (13)	0.0516 (14)	-0.0026 (10)	0.0219 (11)	-0.0042 (11)
C10	0.0451 (14)	0.0538 (15)	0.0523 (16)	-0.0010 (11)	0.0209 (12)	-0.0023 (12)
C11	0.0546 (16)	0.0729 (18)	0.0605 (17)	0.0019 (14)	0.0334 (14)	-0.0056 (14)
C12	0.0446 (15)	0.0598 (17)	0.0730 (19)	0.0016 (12)	0.0329 (14)	-0.0046 (14)
C13	0.0403 (13)	0.0417 (13)	0.0618 (16)	-0.0052 (11)	0.0206 (12)	-0.0011 (12)
C14	0.0409 (13)	0.0392 (13)	0.0513 (15)	-0.0075 (10)	0.0227 (11)	-0.0040 (11)
C15	0.0541 (16)	0.0702 (19)	0.0572 (17)	-0.0040 (13)	0.0271 (14)	-0.0011 (14)
C16	0.074 (2)	0.097 (2)	0.0544 (18)	-0.0059 (18)	0.0268 (16)	0.0034 (16)
C17	0.0600 (19)	0.081 (2)	0.0658 (19)	-0.0025 (16)	0.0115 (15)	0.0121 (17)
C18	0.0438 (15)	0.0566 (17)	0.0778 (19)	-0.0005 (13)	0.0197 (14)	0.0037 (15)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C1	1.341 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
N1—N2	1.381 (2)	C8—C9	1.448 (3)
N1—H1	0.8600	C8—H8	0.9300
N2—C8	1.282 (3)	C9—C10	1.385 (3)
O1—C1	1.229 (3)	C9—C14	1.437 (3)
O2—C10	1.347 (3)	C10—C11	1.410 (3)
O2—H2	0.8200	C11—C12	1.349 (3)
O3—H3C	0.8500	C11—H11	0.9301
O3—H3D	0.8501	C12—C13	1.409 (3)
C1—C2	1.488 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—C3	1.383 (3)	C13—C18	1.410 (3)
C2—C7	1.385 (3)	C13—C14	1.421 (3)
C3—C4	1.379 (3)	C14—C15	1.408 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C15—C16	1.367 (4)

C4—C5	1.365 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C16—C17	1.395 (4)
C5—C6	1.361 (4)	C16—H16	0.9300
C5—H5	0.9301	C17—C18	1.352 (4)
C6—C7	1.380 (3)	C17—H17	0.9300
C6—H6	0.9301	C18—H18	0.9300
C1—N1—N2	118.7 (2)	C10—C9—C14	118.7 (2)
C1—N1—H1	120.6	C10—C9—C8	121.3 (2)
N2—N1—H1	120.6	C14—C9—C8	120.0 (2)
C8—N2—N1	116.2 (2)	O2—C10—C9	123.3 (2)
C10—O2—H2	109.5	O2—C10—C11	115.3 (2)
H3C—O3—H3D	108.4	C9—C10—C11	121.4 (2)
O1—C1—N1	121.6 (2)	C12—C11—C10	119.9 (2)
O1—C1—C2	120.9 (2)	C12—C11—H11	120.1
N1—C1—C2	117.5 (2)	C10—C11—H11	120.1
C3—C2—C7	118.7 (2)	C11—C12—C13	121.9 (2)
C3—C2—C1	124.6 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.1
C7—C2—C1	116.6 (2)	C13—C12—H12	119.1
C4—C3—C2	120.2 (2)	C12—C13—C18	121.3 (2)
C4—C3—H3	119.9	C12—C13—C14	118.9 (2)
C2—C3—H3	119.9	C18—C13—C14	119.8 (2)
C5—C4—C3	120.4 (3)	C15—C14—C13	117.2 (2)
C5—C4—H4	119.8	C15—C14—C9	123.6 (2)
C3—C4—H4	119.8	C13—C14—C9	119.2 (2)
C6—C5—C4	120.1 (3)	C16—C15—C14	121.1 (3)
C6—C5—H5	119.9	C16—C15—H15	119.5
C4—C5—H5	119.9	C14—C15—H15	119.5
C5—C6—C7	120.3 (2)	C15—C16—C17	121.3 (3)
C5—C6—H6	119.8	C15—C16—H16	119.4
C7—C6—H6	119.8	C17—C16—H16	119.4
C6—C7—C2	120.2 (2)	C18—C17—C16	119.3 (3)
C6—C7—H7	119.9	C18—C17—H17	120.3
C2—C7—H7	119.9	C16—C17—H17	120.3
N2—C8—C9	121.1 (2)	C17—C18—C13	121.2 (3)
N2—C8—H8	119.4	C17—C18—H18	119.4
C9—C8—H8	119.4	C13—C18—H18	119.4

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1 \cdots O3	0.86	2.11	2.899 (3)	152
O2—H2 \cdots N2	0.82	1.89	2.604 (3)	145
O3—H3C \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.85	2.03	2.882 (3)	179
O3—H3D \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	1.88	2.734 (3)	179

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.