Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

catena-Poly[[bis(dimethylformamide- κO)cadmium(II)]-di- μ_2 -dicyanamido- $\kappa^4 N^1:N^5$]

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Received 22 October 2009; accepted 4 November 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (N–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.022; wR factor = 0.058; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.5.

In the title compound, $[Cd(C_2N_3)_2(C_3H_7NO)_2]$, the Cd²⁺ ion lies on an inversion center and adopts an octahedral coordination geometry, in which four N atoms from four different dicyanamide ligands lie in the equatorial plane and two dimethylformamide O atoms occupy the axial positions. The Cd atoms are connected by two dicyanamide ligands, resulting in a neutral chain propagating parallel to [010].

Related literature

For architectures and topologies of metal-organic compounds, see: Eddaoudi *et al.* (2001); Zhang *et al.* (2008). For their potential applications, see: Banerjee *et al.* (2008); Zhang *et al.* (2007). For metal-organic compounds including dicyanamide ligands, see: Jensen *et al.* (1999); Zhang (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\gamma = 97.05 \ (3)^{\circ}$
V = 387.35 (17) Å ³
Z = 1
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$\mu = 1.43 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
T = 293 K
$0.20 \times 0.16 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724+ diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{min} = 0.239, T_{max} = 0.480$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$ $wR(F^2) = 0.058$ S = 1.101410 reflections 3505 measured reflections 1410 independent reflections 1408 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

97 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.44$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.36$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2008); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXT07* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

This work was supported by the Foundation of Jiangsu University (08JDG036).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2226).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, m1550 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809046364]

catena-Poly[[bis(dimethylformamide- κO)cadmium(II)]-di- μ_2 -dicyanamido- $\kappa^4 N^1$: N^5]

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S1. Comment

The designed syntheses of metal-organic compounds have attracted great attention in recent years because of not only their intriguing variety of architectures and topologies (Eddaoudi *et al.*, 2001; Zhang *et al.*, 2008) but also their potential applications (Banerjee *et al.*, 2008; Zhang *et al.*, 2007). Dicyanamide acting as flexible bridging ligands can construct metal-organic compounds with various structures (Jensen *et al.*, 1999; Zhang, 2009). The one-dimensional neutral compounds $\{Cd[N(CN)_2]_2(dmf)_2\}_n$ are constructed by this bridging ligands through diffusion reactions. In this paper, the crystal structure of the title compound, (I), is presented.

As illustrated in Fig. 1, Cd²⁺ which lies on an inversion center, adopts an octahedral coordination geometry, where four N atoms from four different dicyanamide ligands lies in equatorial plane and two O atoms from dmf occupy the axial positions. Every two neighboring Cd atoms connected by two dicyanamide ligands, gives rise to a one-dimensional neutral chain.

S2. Experimental

 $Cd(NO_3)_{2.4}$ H₂O (123.2 mg, 0.4 mmol) was added into 2 ml dmf with thorough stirring for 5 minutes. After filtration, the filtrate was carefully laid on the surface with the solution of NaN(CN)₂ (89.1 mg, 1 mmol) in 1 ml dmf and 6 ml CH₃CN. colorless block crystals were obtained after eight days. Yield: 199.3 mg in pure form, 51.0% based on Cd.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined with riding model, with $U_{iso} = 1.5$ and 1.2 U_{eq} for methyl and formyl H atoms, respectively. The C—H bonds are 0.96 Å in methyl and 0.93 Å in formyl.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids, all H atoms have been omitted (i -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; ii -x + 1, -y, -z).

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Crystal data

 $[Cd(C_2N_3)_2(C_3H_7NO)_2]$ $M_r = 390.70$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 6.5325 (13) Å b = 7.6003 (15) Å c = 8.6051 (17) Å a = 104.28 (3)° $\beta = 106.90$ (3)° $\gamma = 97.05$ (3)° V = 387.35 (17) Å³

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn724+ diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator dtprofit.ref scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.239, T_{\max} = 0.480$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$ $wR(F^2) = 0.058$ S = 1.101410 reflections 97 parameters 0 restraints Z = 1 F(000) = 194 $D_x = 1.675 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo Ka radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 1884 reflections $\theta = 3.3-28.4^{\circ}$ $\mu = 1.43 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 KBlock, colorless $0.2 \times 0.16 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$ 3505 measured reflections

1410 independent reflections 1408 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.025$ $\theta_{max} = 25.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 3.3^{\circ}$ $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$ $k = -7 \rightarrow 9$ $l = -9 \rightarrow 10$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.039P)^{2} + 0.0503P] \qquad \Delta \rho_{max} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3 \qquad \Delta \rho_{min} = -0.36 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $(\Delta / \sigma)_{max} < 0.001$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Cd1	0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	0.04117 (11)	
01	0.7512 (3)	0.6362 (3)	0.2708 (2)	0.0572 (5)	
N1	0.2979 (4)	0.3110 (3)	0.0987 (3)	0.0570 (6)	
N2	0.2301 (6)	0.0218 (4)	0.1653 (4)	0.0781 (9)	
N4	1.1012 (4)	0.7109 (3)	0.4447 (3)	0.0500 (5)	
N3	0.6991 (4)	0.2758 (3)	-0.0440 (3)	0.0598 (6)	
C1	0.2690 (4)	0.1705 (3)	0.1214 (3)	0.0449 (5)	
C5	1.3277 (5)	0.6980 (6)	0.4658 (4)	0.0755 (9)	
H5A	1.3381	0.6327	0.3586	0.113*	
H5B	1.3766	0.6322	0.5470	0.113*	
H5C	1.4177	0.8205	0.5059	0.113*	
C4	1.0524 (7)	0.8062 (5)	0.5930 (4)	0.0728 (9)	
H4A	0.8984	0.8039	0.5624	0.109*	
H4B	1.1323	0.9326	0.6357	0.109*	
H4C	1.0943	0.7454	0.6792	0.109*	
C2	0.9476 (4)	0.6352 (4)	0.2975 (3)	0.0468 (6)	
H2A	0.9885	0.5765	0.2063	0.056*	
C3	0.7261 (4)	0.1317 (3)	-0.0954 (3)	0.0427 (5)	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}	
Cd1	0.04194 (16)	0.03209 (15)	0.04955 (17)	0.01065 (10)	0.01353 (11)	0.01291 (10)	
O1	0.0480 (11)	0.0673 (13)	0.0488 (9)	0.0118 (9)	0.0137 (8)	0.0076 (9)	
N1	0.0607 (14)	0.0420 (12)	0.0744 (15)	0.0081 (10)	0.0296 (12)	0.0209 (11)	
N2	0.136 (3)	0.0421 (13)	0.0862 (18)	0.0263 (15)	0.077 (2)	0.0210 (13)	
N4	0.0533 (12)	0.0530 (12)	0.0389 (10)	0.0105 (10)	0.0105 (9)	0.0115 (9)	
N3	0.0660 (15)	0.0466 (13)	0.0771 (15)	0.0271 (11)	0.0296 (12)	0.0221 (11)	
C1	0.0469 (13)	0.0378 (13)	0.0505 (13)	0.0082 (10)	0.0217 (10)	0.0080 (10)	
C5	0.0518 (17)	0.100 (3)	0.0616 (18)	0.0162 (17)	0.0065 (14)	0.0165 (17)	
C4	0.093 (2)	0.076 (2)	0.0426 (14)	0.0225 (18)	0.0204 (15)	0.0069 (14)	
C2	0.0495 (14)	0.0473 (14)	0.0397 (12)	0.0070 (11)	0.0134 (10)	0.0096 (10)	

C3	0.0457 (13)	0.0391 (13) 0.046	51 (12) 0.0110 (10)	0.0167 (10)	0.0150 (10)
Geome	etric parameters (A	Î, °)			
Cd1—1	N3 ⁱ	2.291 (2)	N4—C4	1	.446 (4)
Cd1—	N3	2.291 (2)	N4—C5	1	.456 (4)
Cd1—1	N1	2.306 (2)	N3—C3	1	.132 (3)
Cd1—1	N1 ⁱ	2.306 (2)	C5—H5A	0	.9600
Cd1—	01	2.316 (2)	C5—H5B	0	.9600
Cd1—	O1 ⁱ	2.316 (2)	C5—H5C	0	.9600
01—C	22	1.237 (3)	C4—H4A	0	.9600
N1—C	21	1.136 (3)	C4—H4B	0	.9600
N2—C	23 ⁱⁱ	1.281 (4)	C4—H4C	0	.9600
N2—C	21	1.296 (4)	C2—H2A	0	.9300
N4—C	22	1.305 (3)	C3—N2 ⁱⁱ	1	.281 (4)
N3 ⁱ —C	Cd1—N3	180.0	C4—N4—C5	1	17.7 (3)
N3 ⁱ —C	Cd1—N1	91.27 (9)	C3—N3—Cd1	1	56.3 (2)
N3—C	Cd1—N1	88.73 (9)	N1-C1-N2	1	72.2 (3)
N3 ⁱ —C	Cd1—N1 ⁱ	88.73 (9)	N4—C5—H5A	1	09.5
N3—C	d1—N1 ⁱ	91.27 (9)	N4—C5—H5B	1	09.5
N1—C	d1—N1 ⁱ	180.00 (11)	H5A—C5—H5B	1	09.5
N3 ⁱ —C	Cd1—O1	90.45 (9)	N4—C5—H5C	1	09.5
N3—C	Cd1—O1	89.55 (9)	H5A—C5—H5C	1	09.5
N1—C	2d1—O1	91.26 (9)	H5B—C5—H5C	1	09.5
N1 ⁱ —C	Cd1—O1	88.74 (9)	N4—C4—H4A	1	09.5
N3 ⁱ —C	Cd1—O1 ⁱ	89.55 (9)	N4—C4—H4B	1	09.5
N3—C	d1—O1 ⁱ	90.45 (9)	H4A—C4—H4B	1	09.5
N1—C	d1—O1 ⁱ	88.74 (9)	N4—C4—H4C	1	09.5
N1 ⁱ —C	Cd1—O1 ⁱ	91.26 (9)	H4A—C4—H4C	1	09.5
01—C	d1—O1 ⁱ	180.00 (11)	H4B—C4—H4C	1	09.5
С2—О	01—Cd1	120.12 (16)	O1—C2—N4	1	24.5 (2)
C1—N	[1—Cd1	145.5 (2)	O1—C2—H2A	1	17.7
C3 ⁱⁱ —1	N2—C1	122.3 (2)	N4—C2—H2A	1	17.7
C2—N	[4—C4	121.4 (3)	N3—C3—N2 ⁱⁱ	1	72.2 (3)
C2—N	I4—C5	120.8 (2)			

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z; (ii) -x+1, -y, -z.