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4-Bromo-2H-1,3-oxazine-2,6(3H)-dione

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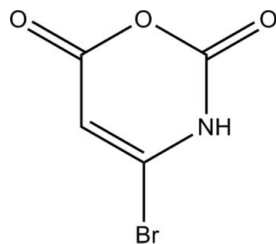
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.009$ Å;
 R factor = 0.038; wR factor = 0.092; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.3.

The title compound, $\text{C}_4\text{H}_2\text{BrNO}_3$, is one of a series of three substituted oxauracils prepared as precursors in the preparation of 1-aza-1,3-butadienes. Although each structure has identical potential for $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ intermolecular hydrogen bonds, each forms a distinctive intermolecular network. In the title compound, there are two independent molecules in the asymmetric unit, with a non-crystallographic twofold screw-like relationship between them. The two independent molecules are linked by an intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond. In the crystal structure, this hydrogen-bonded pair is linked to translationally related molecules through further intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming one-dimensional chains along [100]. The crystal structure also has short $\text{Br}\cdots\text{O}=\text{C}$ intermolecular contacts with distances of 2.843 (4) and 2.852 (4) Å.

Related literature

For the crystal structures of related oxauracils, see: Parrish, Leuschner *et al.* (2009); Parrish, Glass *et al.* (2009); Copley *et al.* (2005); Yathirajan *et al.* (2007). For synthetic details, see: Rehberg & Glass (1995); Warren *et al.* (1975). For a description of the Cambridge structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_4\text{H}_2\text{BrNO}_3$
 $M_r = 191.98$

 Orthorhombic, $P2_21_2$
 $a = 7.8913$ (12) Å
 $b = 11.8481$ (16) Å
 $c = 12.264$ (2) Å
 $V = 1146.6$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 8$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 7.09$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.45 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

 Siemens R3m/V diffractometer
 Absorption correction: ψ scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2000)
 $T_{\min} = 0.246$, $T_{\max} = 0.492$
 2649 measured reflections

 2649 independent reflections
 1975 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 3 standard reflections
 every 50 reflections
 intensity decay: none

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.092$
 $S = 0.95$
 2649 reflections
 163 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.85$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.53$ e Å⁻³
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
 1123 Friedel pairs
 Flack parameter: 0.000 (17)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

| $D-H\cdots A$ | $D-H$ | $H\cdots A$ | $D\cdots A$ | $D-H\cdots A$ |
|--|-------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| $\text{N3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O2A}$ | 0.86 | 1.99 | 2.841 (6) | 171 |
| $\text{N3A}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{O2}^i$ | 0.86 | 2.05 | 2.903 (6) | 169 |

 Symmetry code: (i) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: XSCANS (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: XSCANS; data reduction: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2885).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2355 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809034631]

4-Bromo-2H-1,3-oxazine-2,6(3H)-dione

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S1. Comment

Three derivatives of 3-oxauracil (4-methyl, 4-bromo, and 4,5 dibromo) were prepared in route to the synthesis of 1-aza-1,3-butadienes. The synthesis of these compounds has previously been reported by Warren *et al.* (1975) and an improved synthesis of the unsubstituted 3-oxauracil was reported by Rehberg & Glass (1995). The synthesis reported herein for the title compound is analogous. The structure of the unsubstituted 3-oxauracil and its monohydrate has been reported by Copley *et al.* (2005). The hydrogen bonding networks in the three derivatives differ significantly (see also: Parrish, Leuschner *et al.*, 2009; Parrish, Glass *et al.*, 2009).

In the title compound there are two crystallographically independent molecules in the asymmetric unit (Fig. 1). These two molecules are arranged in a planar, pseudo-2-fold screw relationship, as shown in Figure 2. There is a hydrogen bond between the two molecules, N3 \cdots O2A, and between the second molecule with a translation related molecule one, N3A \cdots O2C. These two hydrogen bonds are not related by crystallographic symmetry.

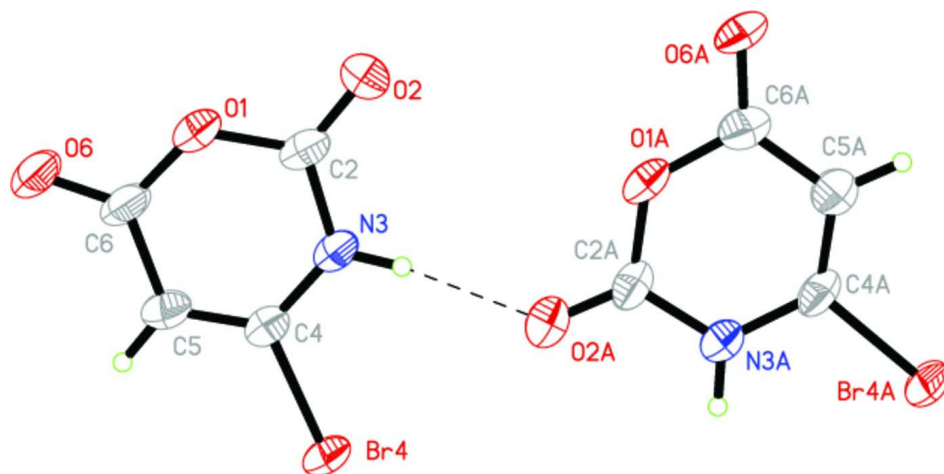
There are short, non-bonded contacts between the bromines and the O6 oxygen of the translation related molecules (Fig. 3). A search of the Cambridge Structural Database finds only 10 structures with Br \cdots O=C intermolecular distances of 2.9 Å or less. In the title structure these intermolecular distances are 2.843 (4) Å and 2.852 (4) Å. For example, similar structure, 5-Bromopyrimidin-2(1H)-one reported by Yathirajan *et al.* (2007) has a Br \cdots O=C intermolecular distance of 2.895 Å [based on coordinates reported in the Cambridge Structural Database (Version 5.30; Allen *et al.*, 2002) as refcode JEVVOW].

S2. Experimental

Bromomaleic anhydride (3-bromofuran-2,5-dione, 2.0 ml, 22 mmol) was dissolved in 10 ml dichloromethane and and trimethylsilyl azide (3.1 ml, 23 mmol) were added dropwise maintaining the reaction temperature below 278K. The solution was stirred under nitrogen for 4 h and then at room temperature for 20 h. To the suspension was added absolute ethanol (6 ml). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for an additional 2 hrs. The white precipitate was filtered, washed with dichlormethane, and then dried *in vacuo* to give the final compound as a white solid (0.85 g, 21%).

S3. Refinement

Hydrogen positions were calculated and refined using a riding model using the following C—H distances: methylene 0.93 Å, and N—H 0.86 Å. The U_{iso} values for the H atoms were set at 20% above that of the bonded C or N atom.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labels and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms. The dashed line indicates a hydrogen bond.

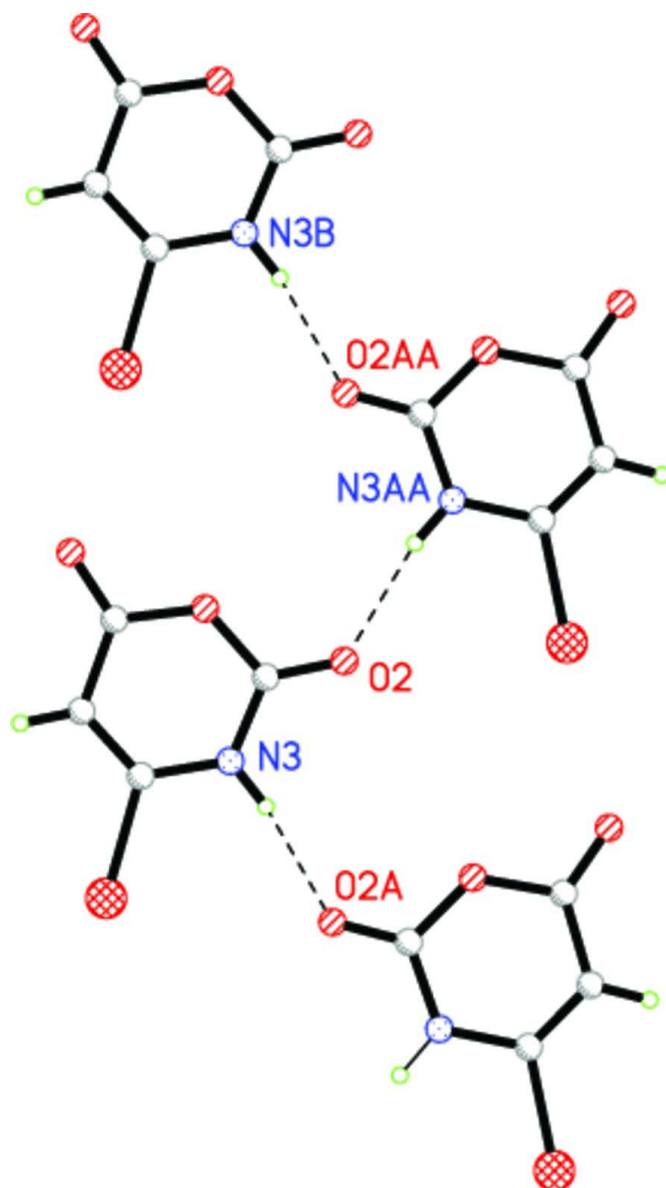
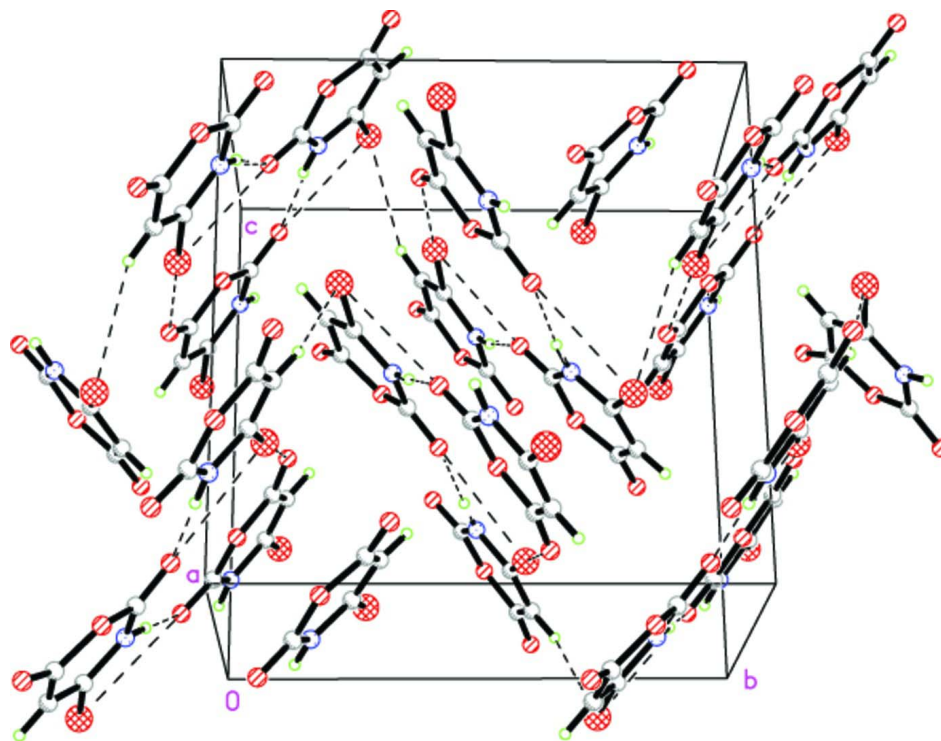


Figure 2

The two independent molecules in the asymmetric unit plus a pair related by translation along the *a* axis (O2A is identical to O2AA by translation, as are N3 and N3B). The pseudo-2-fold screw runs approximately through O2 and O2A.

**Figure 3**

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed approximately along [100]. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds and Br...O contacts.

4-Bromo-2*H*-1,3-oxazine-2,6(3*H*)-dione

Crystal data

$C_4H_2BrNO_3$

$M_r = 191.98$

Orthorhombic, $P22_12_1$

Hall symbol: P 2bc 2

$a = 7.8913$ (12) Å

$b = 11.8481$ (16) Å

$c = 12.264$ (2) Å

$V = 1146.6$ (3) Å³

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 736$

$D_x = 2.224$ Mg m⁻³

$D_m = 2.21$ Mg m⁻³

D_m measured by floatation in

Bromoform/Hexane solution

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 10.4\text{--}13.1^\circ$

$\mu = 7.09$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Clear plate, colorless

0.45 × 0.20 × 0.10 mm

Data collection

Siemens R3m/V

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

θ - 2θ scans

Absorption correction: ψ scan

(program? reference?)

$T_{\min} = 0.246$, $T_{\max} = 0.492$

2649 measured reflections

2649 independent reflections

1975 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.000$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.6^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$

$h = -10 \rightarrow 0$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 0$

$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

3 standard reflections every 50 reflections

intensity decay: none

Refinement

| | |
|--|--|
| Refinement on F^2 | Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites |
| Least-squares matrix: full | H-atom parameters constrained |
| $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$ | $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0593P)^2]$ |
| $wR(F^2) = 0.092$ | where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ |
| $S = 0.95$ | $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$ |
| 2649 reflections | $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.85 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ |
| 163 parameters | $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.53 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ |
| 0 restraints | Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1123 Friedel pairs |
| Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods | Absolute structure parameter: 0.000 (17) |
| Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map | |

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Successful refinement of the structure in space group $P2_2 \sim 1 \sim 2 \sim 1 \sim$ confirms the assignment of this symmetry, which was not the initial choice based on the systematic absences. The pseudo-2-fold screw between the two molecules in the asymmetric unit likely results in the near extinction of the $h = 2n + 1$ reflections in the $h00$ line. Only two reflections, $-7 \ 0 \ 0$ and $-9 \ 0 \ 0$, have an observed structure factor with a sigma greater than 1, approximately 2. The agreement of the observed and calculated structure factors for these two reflections is good. Although these reflections are, indeed, quite weak the observed structure factors are 2 to 10 times the those of the unobserved $k = 2n + 1$ and $l = 2n + 1$ reflections on the $0k0$ and $00l$ lines. These screw-required absent reflections have an intensity of less than one sigma.

Note: Checkcif offers conflicting instructions on the choice of the space group. Originally solved as $P2_1 \sim 1 \sim 2_1 \sim 1 \sim 2_1 \sim$ checkcif gave PLAT158: Unless for special reasons related to the structure/content, a unitcell and structure is best reported with reference to the Niggli Reduced Cell. Thus I redid the structure as $P2_2 \sim 1 \sim 2 \sim 1 \sim$ and checkcif gave PLAT128 The reported monoclinic space-group is in a non-standard setting. Transformation to the conventional setting is indicated unless there is a good (scientific) reason not to do so.

I assume the check for standard reduced cell trumps the check for non-standard monoclinic space-group setting

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | x | y | z | $U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$ |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| O1 | 0.7479 (4) | 0.1954 (3) | 1.0268 (3) | 0.0408 (10) |
| C2 | 0.6216 (7) | 0.1447 (5) | 0.9687 (5) | 0.0426 (14) |
| O2 | 0.6557 (5) | 0.0824 (4) | 0.8955 (4) | 0.0591 (13) |
| N3 | 0.4615 (5) | 0.1735 (4) | 0.9981 (4) | 0.0396 (12) |
| H3 | 0.3776 | 0.1423 | 0.9651 | 0.047* |
| Br4 | 0.19716 (8) | 0.27493 (5) | 1.10658 (5) | 0.04118 (17) |
| C4 | 0.4291 (7) | 0.2498 (5) | 1.0778 (5) | 0.0351 (14) |
| C5 | 0.5485 (7) | 0.3026 (5) | 1.1320 (6) | 0.0417 (16) |
| H5 | 0.5221 | 0.3540 | 1.1867 | 0.050* |
| C6 | 0.7231 (7) | 0.2779 (5) | 1.1037 (5) | 0.0431 (14) |
| O6 | 0.8479 (5) | 0.3214 (5) | 1.1413 (5) | 0.0605 (15) |
| O1A | 0.2522 (4) | -0.0212 (4) | 0.7657 (3) | 0.0419 (10) |

| | | | | |
|------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| C2A | 0.1283 (7) | 0.0287 (5) | 0.8248 (5) | 0.0422 (14) |
| O2A | 0.1627 (5) | 0.0880 (4) | 0.8988 (4) | 0.0570 (13) |
| N3A | -0.0342 (6) | 0.0020 (4) | 0.7945 (4) | 0.0399 (12) |
| H3A | -0.1178 | 0.0280 | 0.8318 | 0.048* |
| Br4A | -0.29870 (8) | -0.08742 (5) | 0.67770 (5) | 0.04625 (19) |
| C4A | -0.0658 (6) | -0.0657 (5) | 0.7057 (5) | 0.0364 (14) |
| C5A | 0.0530 (8) | -0.1107 (6) | 0.6454 (6) | 0.0497 (18) |
| H5A | 0.0261 | -0.1559 | 0.5858 | 0.060* |
| C6A | 0.2254 (8) | -0.0883 (5) | 0.6738 (5) | 0.0459 (15) |
| O6A | 0.3514 (5) | -0.1203 (5) | 0.6290 (5) | 0.0693 (18) |

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

| | U^{11} | U^{22} | U^{33} | U^{12} | U^{13} | U^{23} |
|------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| O1 | 0.0207 (18) | 0.052 (3) | 0.050 (2) | 0.0026 (15) | -0.0004 (16) | -0.004 (2) |
| C2 | 0.022 (2) | 0.053 (4) | 0.052 (4) | -0.001 (3) | 0.006 (3) | -0.007 (3) |
| O2 | 0.040 (3) | 0.075 (3) | 0.062 (3) | 0.000 (2) | 0.005 (2) | -0.039 (3) |
| N3 | 0.021 (2) | 0.048 (3) | 0.049 (3) | -0.004 (2) | 0.003 (2) | -0.009 (2) |
| Br4 | 0.0184 (2) | 0.0541 (3) | 0.0510 (3) | 0.0028 (3) | 0.0026 (3) | -0.0047 (3) |
| C4 | 0.025 (3) | 0.041 (3) | 0.039 (3) | -0.004 (2) | 0.004 (2) | -0.001 (3) |
| C5 | 0.025 (3) | 0.050 (4) | 0.050 (4) | 0.009 (2) | 0.004 (2) | -0.009 (3) |
| C6 | 0.020 (3) | 0.052 (3) | 0.057 (4) | -0.001 (3) | 0.004 (3) | -0.006 (3) |
| O6 | 0.022 (2) | 0.078 (3) | 0.081 (4) | -0.002 (2) | -0.001 (2) | -0.033 (3) |
| O1A | 0.0177 (16) | 0.054 (2) | 0.054 (3) | -0.0022 (15) | -0.0026 (16) | -0.003 (2) |
| C2A | 0.027 (3) | 0.053 (4) | 0.046 (4) | -0.009 (3) | -0.005 (3) | -0.004 (3) |
| O2A | 0.032 (2) | 0.082 (3) | 0.057 (3) | -0.008 (2) | -0.005 (2) | -0.022 (3) |
| N3A | 0.023 (2) | 0.051 (3) | 0.046 (3) | -0.002 (2) | 0.000 (2) | -0.010 (2) |
| Br4A | 0.0177 (2) | 0.0591 (4) | 0.0620 (4) | -0.0024 (3) | -0.0031 (3) | -0.0144 (3) |
| C4A | 0.020 (3) | 0.040 (3) | 0.049 (4) | -0.003 (2) | -0.005 (2) | 0.002 (3) |
| C5A | 0.029 (3) | 0.066 (4) | 0.054 (4) | 0.001 (3) | -0.003 (3) | -0.019 (3) |
| C6A | 0.028 (3) | 0.059 (4) | 0.052 (4) | 0.003 (3) | 0.004 (3) | -0.006 (3) |
| O6A | 0.0171 (19) | 0.106 (4) | 0.084 (4) | 0.000 (2) | 0.003 (2) | -0.040 (3) |

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

| | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|
| O1—C2 | 1.365 (7) | O1A—C2A | 1.353 (7) |
| O1—C6 | 1.372 (7) | O1A—C6A | 1.395 (7) |
| C2—O2 | 1.193 (7) | C2A—O2A | 1.179 (7) |
| C2—N3 | 1.358 (7) | C2A—N3A | 1.372 (7) |
| N3—C4 | 1.355 (8) | N3A—C4A | 1.375 (8) |
| N3—O2A | 2.841 (6) | N3A—O2 ⁱ | 2.903 (6) |
| N3—H3 | 0.8600 | N3A—H3A | 0.8600 |
| Br4—C4 | 1.888 (5) | Br4A—C4A | 1.887 (5) |
| Br4—O6 ⁱ | 2.843 (4) | Br4A—O6A ⁱ | 2.852 (4) |
| C4—C5 | 1.312 (8) | C4A—C5A | 1.308 (8) |
| C5—C6 | 1.451 (7) | C5A—C6A | 1.429 (8) |
| C5—H5 | 0.9300 | C5A—H5A | 0.9300 |
| C6—O6 | 1.203 (7) | C6A—O6A | 1.198 (7) |

| | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------|
| C2—O1—C6 | 124.7 (4) | O2A—C2A—O1A | 120.4 (5) |
| O2—C2—N3 | 124.5 (6) | O2A—C2A—N3A | 124.1 (6) |
| O2—C2—O1 | 120.0 (5) | O1A—C2A—N3A | 115.4 (5) |
| N3—C2—O1 | 115.4 (5) | C2A—O2A—N3 | 137.2 (4) |
| C4—N3—C2 | 122.4 (5) | C2A—N3A—C4A | 121.2 (5) |
| C4—N3—O2A | 113.0 (3) | C2A—N3A—O2 ⁱ | 126.6 (4) |
| C2—N3—O2A | 124.6 (4) | C4A—N3A—O2 ⁱ | 112.1 (3) |
| C4—N3—H3 | 118.8 | C2A—N3A—H3A | 119.4 |
| C2—N3—H3 | 118.8 | C4A—N3A—H3A | 119.4 |
| C4—Br4—O6 ⁱ | 177.0 (2) | C4A—Br4A—O6A ⁱ | 178.4 (2) |
| C5—C4—N3 | 123.2 (5) | C5A—C4A—N3A | 123.8 (5) |
| C5—C4—Br4 | 121.8 (5) | C5A—C4A—Br4A | 122.7 (5) |
| N3—C4—Br4 | 115.0 (4) | N3A—C4A—Br4A | 113.6 (4) |
| C4—C5—C6 | 117.7 (6) | C4A—C5A—C6A | 117.9 (6) |
| C4—C5—H5 | 121.1 | C4A—C5A—H5A | 121.0 |
| C6—C5—H5 | 121.1 | C6A—C5A—H5A | 121.0 |
| O6—C6—O1 | 116.9 (5) | O6A—C6A—O1A | 115.2 (5) |
| O6—C6—C5 | 126.8 (6) | O6A—C6A—C5A | 128.3 (6) |
| O1—C6—C5 | 116.3 (5) | O1A—C6A—C5A | 116.6 (5) |
| C2A—O1A—C6A | 124.9 (4) | | |

Symmetry code: (i) $x-1, y, z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

| <i>D—H...A</i> | <i>D—H</i> | <i>H...A</i> | <i>D...A</i> | <i>D—H...A</i> |
|---------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| N3—H3...O2A | 0.86 | 1.99 | 2.841 (6) | 171 |
| N3A—H3A...O2 ⁱ | 0.86 | 2.05 | 2.903 (6) | 169 |

Symmetry code: (i) $x-1, y, z$.