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3,3'-Diethyl-1,1'-[anthracene-9,10-diylbis(oxyethylene)]diimidazolium diiodide

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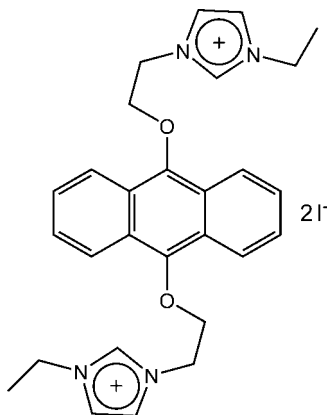
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.008$ Å; R factor = 0.044; wR factor = 0.102; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.0.

In the title centrosymmetric compound, $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2^{2+} 2\text{I}^-$, the two imidazole rings are approximately perpendicular to the central anthracene ring system [dihedral angle = $86.6(2)^\circ$]. The ionic units are linked into a two-dimensional network parallel to $(\bar{1}01)$ by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{I}$ hydrogen bonds and $\pi-\pi$ interactions involving the anthracene ring system and imidazole rings [centroid-centroid distance = $3.717(3)$ Å].

Related literature

For general background to *N*-heterocyclic carbenes and their transition metal complexes, see: Bourissou *et al.* (2000); Herrmann & Kocher (1997); Cavell & McGuinness (2004); Baker *et al.* (2004); Melaiye *et al.* (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2^{2+} \cdot 2\text{I}^-$	$V = 1485.3(3)$ Å ³
$M_r = 710.38$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 11.4733(13)$ Å	$\mu = 2.15$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 10.6692(12)$ Å	$T = 298$ K
$c = 13.1553(15)$ Å	$0.24 \times 0.22 \times 0.22$ mm
$\beta = 112.725(2)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	8914 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	2603 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.627$, $T_{\max} = 0.650$	1989 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$	163 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.102$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.07$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.81$ e Å ⁻³
2603 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.27$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{I1}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.89	3.771 (5)	159
$\text{C4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{I1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.97	3.893 (5)	172
$\text{C5}-\text{H5A}\cdots\text{I1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	3.05	3.957 (6)	167

 Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y + 1, z$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1999); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI2907).

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supporting information

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3,3'-Diethyl-1,1'-[anthracene-9,10-diylbis(oxyethylene)]diimidazolium diiodide

Yanhui Hou

S1. Comment

As ancillary ligands, N-heterocyclic carbenes (NHCs) have received considerable attention due to their strong σ -donor ability, and are attractive alternatives to the widely utilized phosphine ligands in metal coordination chemistry (Bourissou *et al.*, 2000; Herrmann & Kocher, 1997). A number of N-heterocyclic carbene transition metal complexes have been synthesized and isolated, and some of them have been successfully applied as homogeneous catalysts (Cavell & McGuinness, 2004; Baker *et al.*, 2004; Melaiye *et al.*, 2004). Herein, the synthesis and crystal structure of a new bis-carbene analogue, (I), is reported.

The asymmetric unit contains one-half of the cation and a iodide anion. The cation of (I) lies across a crystallographic inversion centre (Fig. 1). The two imidazole ring planes are approximately perpendicular to the central anthracene ring system, the dihedral angle between them being 86.6 (2)°.

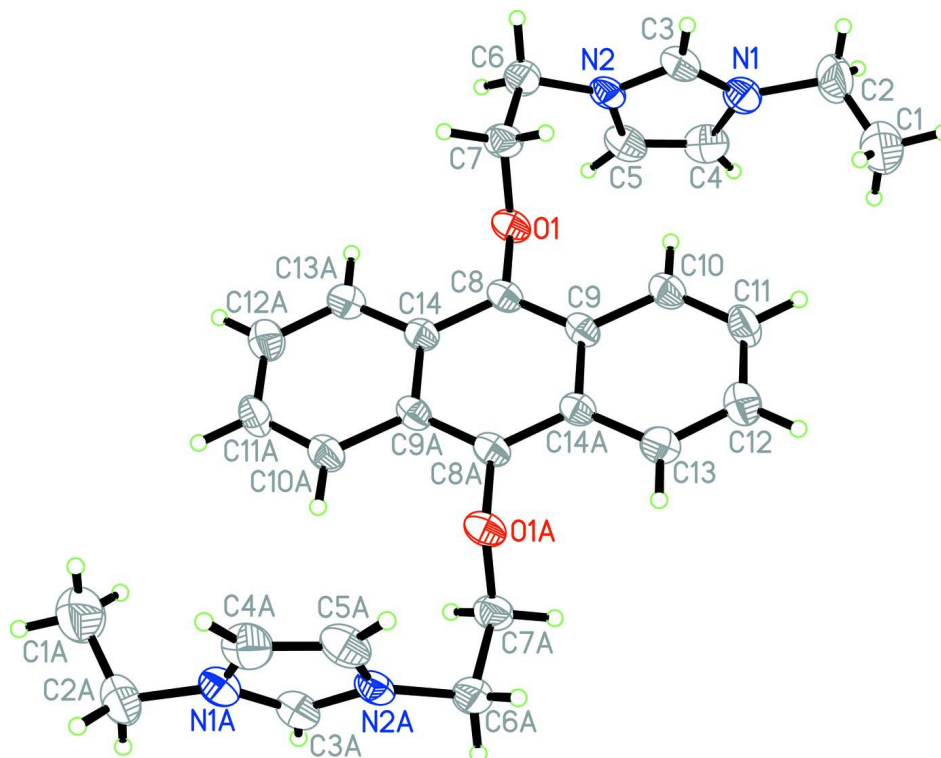
In the crystal, the ionic units are linked via C—H \cdots I interactions. In addition, the anthracene ring system and imidazole rings of two adjacent molecules are stacked, with a centroid-to-centroid separation of 3.717 (3) Å indicating weak π - π interactions. The C—H \cdots I and π - π interactions link ionic units into a two-dimensional network parallel to the ($\bar{1}01$) [Fig.2].

S2. Experimental

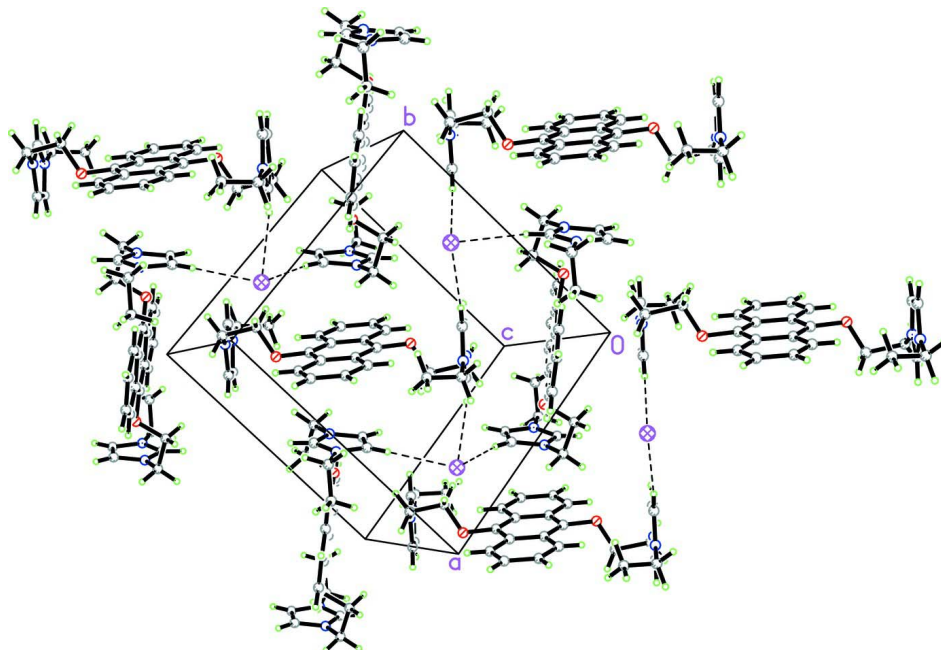
A mixture of 1,2-bis(2-chloroethoxy)anthracene (6.7 g, 20 mmol) and 1-ethylimidazole (4.22 g, 44 mmol) was refluxed in THF (100 ml) for 24 h, giving a pale yellow precipitate, which was filtered and washed with THF and recrystallized from methanol and ethyl ether. The obtained solid was dissolved in methanol (200 ml) and an aqueous solution of NH₄I (4.64 g, 32 mmol) was added to the solution. The precipitate formed was collected by filtration and recrystallized from CH₃CN and diethyl ether (1:6 v/v) to give the title compound (yield 95%). Analysis found: C 32.49, H 3.22, N 5.36%; calculated for C₂₈H₃₂N₄O₂I₂: C 32.64, H 3.13, N, 5.44%. ¹H NMR (300 M, *d*₆-DMSO): δ 9.51 (s, 2 H), 8.03 (s, 2 H), 7.97 (s, 2 H), 7.89–7.86 (m, 4 H), 7.55–7.51 (m, 4 H), 4.85 (t, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 4 H), 4.49 (t, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 4 H), 4.35 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 4 H), 1.51 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 6 H) p.p.m..

S3. Refinement

H atoms were placed in calculated positions [C-H = 0.93 (aromatic) or 0.97 Å (methylene)] and included in the final cycles of refinement using a riding-model approximation, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{carrier atom})$.

**Figure 1**

The cation of (I), showing the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. Atoms labeled with the suffix A are generated by the symmetry operation (1-x, 1-y, -z).

**Figure 2**

The packing diagram of (I). Dashed lines indicate C—H...I interactions.

3,3'-Diethyl-1,1'-[anthracene-9,10-diylbis(oxyethylene)]diimidazolium diiodide*Crystal data*C₂₈H₃₂N₄O₂²⁺·2I⁻ $M_r = 710.38$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

 $a = 11.4733$ (13) Å $b = 10.6692$ (12) Å $c = 13.1553$ (15) Å $\beta = 112.725$ (2)° $V = 1485.3$ (3) Å³ $Z = 2$ $F(000) = 700$ $D_x = 1.588$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 5650 reflections

 $\theta = 0.9$ – 28.4 ° $\mu = 2.15$ mm⁻¹ $T = 298$ K

Block, colourless

 $0.24 \times 0.22 \times 0.22$ mm*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)

 $T_{\min} = 0.627$, $T_{\max} = 0.650$

8914 measured reflections

2603 independent reflections

1989 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0$ °, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0$ ° $h = -7 \rightarrow 13$ $k = -12 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$ $wR(F^2) = 0.102$ $S = 1.07$

2603 reflections

163 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0505P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.81$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.27$ e Å⁻³*Special details*

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
I1	0.42215 (3)	0.07079 (3)	0.19395 (3)	0.06624 (18)
O1	0.6771 (3)	0.6579 (3)	0.1484 (2)	0.0520 (8)
N1	0.6819 (4)	0.7779 (4)	0.4677 (3)	0.0628 (11)

N2	0.7451 (3)	0.8096 (3)	0.3355 (3)	0.0503 (9)
C1	0.5148 (7)	0.6942 (7)	0.5210 (6)	0.115 (2)
H1A	0.4719	0.7075	0.5699	0.172*
H1B	0.5544	0.6132	0.5349	0.172*
H1C	0.4550	0.6981	0.4461	0.172*
C2	0.6093 (6)	0.7894 (7)	0.5390 (5)	0.100 (2)
H2A	0.6677	0.7860	0.6155	0.120*
H2B	0.5684	0.8708	0.5266	0.120*
C3	0.6648 (5)	0.8459 (5)	0.3797 (4)	0.0603 (13)
H3A	0.6055	0.9096	0.3527	0.072*
C4	0.7780 (5)	0.6961 (5)	0.4802 (4)	0.0723 (16)
H4A	0.8107	0.6375	0.5365	0.087*
C5	0.8164 (5)	0.7143 (5)	0.3988 (4)	0.0651 (14)
H5A	0.8800	0.6705	0.3868	0.078*
C6	0.7488 (5)	0.8552 (5)	0.2318 (4)	0.0637 (13)
H6A	0.8315	0.8392	0.2307	0.076*
H6B	0.7342	0.9449	0.2258	0.076*
C7	0.6479 (4)	0.7891 (4)	0.1346 (3)	0.0577 (12)
H7A	0.5646	0.8048	0.1345	0.069*
H7B	0.6497	0.8189	0.0656	0.069*
C8	0.5860 (4)	0.5813 (4)	0.0729 (3)	0.0443 (10)
C9	0.4887 (4)	0.5346 (4)	0.0997 (3)	0.0432 (10)
C10	0.4733 (5)	0.5667 (4)	0.1992 (4)	0.0534 (12)
H10A	0.5310	0.6204	0.2495	0.064*
C11	0.3758 (5)	0.5200 (5)	0.2213 (4)	0.0642 (13)
H11A	0.3676	0.5417	0.2867	0.077*
C12	0.2873 (5)	0.4392 (5)	0.1468 (4)	0.0655 (14)
H12A	0.2205	0.4083	0.1628	0.079*
C13	0.2987 (5)	0.4058 (4)	0.0511 (4)	0.0557 (12)
H13A	0.2396	0.3517	0.0027	0.067*
C14	0.6018 (4)	0.5485 (4)	-0.0243 (3)	0.0426 (10)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
II	0.0748 (3)	0.0667 (3)	0.0669 (2)	0.00388 (17)	0.0379 (2)	0.00174 (16)
O1	0.0521 (18)	0.0522 (19)	0.0433 (16)	-0.0023 (14)	0.0090 (14)	-0.0128 (14)
N1	0.073 (3)	0.064 (3)	0.048 (2)	-0.011 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.013 (2)
N2	0.051 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0430 (19)	-0.0073 (18)	0.0127 (18)	-0.0170 (17)
C1	0.124 (6)	0.129 (7)	0.115 (5)	-0.023 (5)	0.072 (5)	-0.023 (5)
C2	0.128 (6)	0.118 (5)	0.076 (4)	-0.036 (4)	0.064 (4)	-0.031 (4)
C3	0.066 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.020 (3)	-0.012 (2)
C4	0.081 (4)	0.067 (4)	0.047 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.005 (3)
C5	0.059 (3)	0.067 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.008 (3)	-0.013 (3)
C6	0.081 (4)	0.060 (3)	0.050 (3)	-0.019 (3)	0.025 (2)	-0.011 (2)
C7	0.072 (3)	0.050 (3)	0.045 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.016 (2)	-0.007 (2)
C8	0.044 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.005 (2)	0.0102 (19)	-0.0063 (19)
C9	0.049 (3)	0.043 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.0113 (19)	-0.0012 (17)

C10	0.061 (3)	0.055 (3)	0.043 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.018 (2)	-0.007 (2)
C11	0.085 (4)	0.069 (3)	0.050 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.039 (3)	-0.007 (2)
C12	0.067 (3)	0.071 (4)	0.069 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.037 (3)	-0.005 (3)
C13	0.057 (3)	0.052 (3)	0.057 (3)	-0.001 (2)	0.021 (2)	-0.007 (2)
C14	0.043 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0060 (19)	0.0121 (19)	-0.0009 (18)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C8	1.395 (5)	C6—H6A	0.97
O1—C7	1.434 (5)	C6—H6B	0.97
N1—C3	1.315 (6)	C7—H7A	0.97
N1—C4	1.365 (6)	C7—H7B	0.97
N1—C2	1.482 (7)	C8—C9	1.387 (6)
N2—C3	1.323 (6)	C8—C14	1.402 (6)
N2—C5	1.368 (6)	C9—C10	1.428 (6)
N2—C6	1.464 (6)	C9—C14 ⁱ	1.432 (5)
C1—C2	1.437 (8)	C10—C11	1.355 (7)
C1—H1A	0.96	C10—H10A	0.93
C1—H1B	0.96	C11—C12	1.402 (7)
C1—H1C	0.96	C11—H11A	0.93
C2—H2A	0.97	C12—C13	1.363 (7)
C2—H2B	0.97	C12—H12A	0.93
C3—H3A	0.93	C13—C14 ⁱ	1.407 (7)
C4—C5	1.321 (7)	C13—H13A	0.93
C4—H4A	0.93	C14—C13 ⁱ	1.407 (7)
C5—H5A	0.93	C14—C9 ⁱ	1.432 (5)
C6—C7	1.525 (6)		
C8—O1—C7	114.0 (3)	N2—C6—H6B	109.7
C3—N1—C4	107.4 (5)	C7—C6—H6B	109.7
C3—N1—C2	125.7 (5)	H6A—C6—H6B	108.2
C4—N1—C2	127.0 (5)	O1—C7—C6	106.3 (4)
C3—N2—C5	107.7 (4)	O1—C7—H7A	110.5
C3—N2—C6	126.0 (4)	C6—C7—H7A	110.5
C5—N2—C6	126.0 (4)	O1—C7—H7B	110.5
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C6—C7—H7B	110.5
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	H7A—C7—H7B	108.7
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C9—C8—O1	119.0 (4)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C9—C8—C14	122.8 (4)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	O1—C8—C14	118.0 (4)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C8—C9—C10	122.9 (4)
C1—C2—N1	114.2 (5)	C8—C9—C14 ⁱ	119.0 (4)
C1—C2—H2A	108.7	C10—C9—C14 ⁱ	118.1 (4)
N1—C2—H2A	108.7	C11—C10—C9	120.8 (4)
C1—C2—H2B	108.7	C11—C10—H10A	119.6
N1—C2—H2B	108.7	C9—C10—H10A	119.6
H2A—C2—H2B	107.6	C10—C11—C12	120.8 (5)
N1—C3—N2	109.5 (4)	C10—C11—H11A	119.6

N1—C3—H3A	125.3	C12—C11—H11A	119.6
N2—C3—H3A	125.3	C13—C12—C11	120.3 (5)
C5—C4—N1	108.3 (5)	C13—C12—H12A	119.9
C5—C4—H4A	125.8	C11—C12—H12A	119.9
N1—C4—H4A	125.8	C12—C13—C14 ⁱ	121.2 (4)
C4—C5—N2	107.1 (5)	C12—C13—H13A	119.4
C4—C5—H5A	126.4	C14 ⁱ —C13—H13A	119.4
N2—C5—H5A	126.4	C8—C14—C13 ⁱ	123.0 (4)
N2—C6—C7	110.0 (4)	C8—C14—C9 ⁱ	118.2 (4)
N2—C6—H6A	109.7	C13 ⁱ —C14—C9 ⁱ	118.8 (4)
C7—C6—H6A	109.7		
C3—N1—C2—C1	102.4 (7)	C7—O1—C8—C9	-91.0 (5)
C4—N1—C2—C1	-77.6 (7)	C7—O1—C8—C14	93.1 (4)
C4—N1—C3—N2	0.6 (5)	O1—C8—C9—C10	3.5 (6)
C2—N1—C3—N2	-179.3 (4)	C14—C8—C9—C10	179.2 (4)
C5—N2—C3—N1	-0.1 (5)	O1—C8—C9—C14 ⁱ	-177.3 (3)
C6—N2—C3—N1	174.7 (4)	C14—C8—C9—C14 ⁱ	-1.6 (7)
C3—N1—C4—C5	-0.9 (6)	C8—C9—C10—C11	179.1 (4)
C2—N1—C4—C5	179.0 (5)	C14 ⁱ —C9—C10—C11	-0.1 (6)
N1—C4—C5—N2	0.8 (6)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.2 (8)
C3—N2—C5—C4	-0.5 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.5 (8)
C6—N2—C5—C4	-175.2 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C14 ⁱ	-0.4 (7)
C3—N2—C6—C7	-80.2 (6)	C9—C8—C14—C13 ⁱ	-179.1 (4)
C5—N2—C6—C7	93.6 (5)	O1—C8—C14—C13 ⁱ	-3.3 (6)
C8—O1—C7—C6	173.3 (4)	C9—C8—C14—C9 ⁱ	1.6 (6)
N2—C6—C7—O1	-60.2 (5)	O1—C8—C14—C9 ⁱ	177.3 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C3—H3A...I1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.89	3.771 (5)	159
C4—H4A...I1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.97	3.893 (5)	172
C5—H5A...I1 ^{iv}	0.93	3.05	3.957 (6)	167

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x, y+1, z$; (iii) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (iv) $-x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$.