

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

*N*²-(2-Pyridyl)-*N*⁶-(4-pyridyl)pyridine-2,6-diamine

Zhi-Min Wang* and Bo Shao

 College of Biology and Environmental Engineering, Zhejiang Shuren University, 310015 Hangzhou, People's Republic of China
 Correspondence e-mail: srwzm2009@126.com

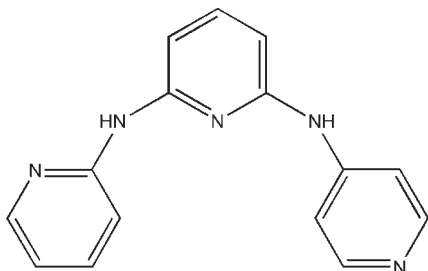
Received 21 August 2009; accepted 22 August 2009

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; *T* = 298 K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003 \text{ \AA}$; *R* factor = 0.050; *wR* factor = 0.187; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.7.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_5$, the dihedral angles between the central aromatic ring and the two peripheral rings are $1.5 (6)$ and $33.1 (4)^\circ$. In the crystal, intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds connect the molecules into a zigzag chain propagating in $[100]$.

Related literature

For a related structure, see: Huang *et al.* (2004). For background to metal-organic framework complexes with polypyridylamine ligands, see: Peng *et al.* (2000); Fang *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_5$
 $M_r = 263.30$
 Orthorhombic, *Pbca*
 $a = 11.4884 (15) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 7.3445 (10) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 30.718 (4) \text{ \AA}$
 $V = 2591.9 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 8$
 Mo *K* α radiation

 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 298 \text{ K}$
 $0.19 \times 0.15 \times 0.11 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

 Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.984$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.991$

 11972 measured reflections
 2304 independent reflections
 1529 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.053$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.187$
 $S = 0.82$
 2304 reflections
 182 parameters

 1 restraint
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.15 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

 Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

<i>D</i> — <i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> — <i>H</i>	<i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> — <i>H</i> ··· <i>A</i>
$\text{N4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{N1}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	2.22	3.038 (3)	160
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{N3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.86	2.35	3.198 (3)	170

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP3* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996), *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The authors are grateful to Zhejiang Shuren University for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5059).

References

- Bruker (2005). *APEX2*, *SAINTE* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc, Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Burnett, M. N. & Johnson, C. K. (1996). *ORTEP3*. Report ORNL-6895. Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Tennessee, USA.
- Fang, X.-N., Li, X.-F. & Zeng, X.-R. (2005). *Acta Cryst.* **E61**, m1123–m1125.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Huang, L., Tang, S.-H., Fang, X.-N. & Zeng, X.-R. (2004). *Acta Cryst.* **E60**, m1963–m1965.
- Peng, S.-M., Wang, C.-C., Jang, Y.-L., Chen, Y.-H., Li, F.-Y., Mou, C.-Y. & Leung, M.-K. (2000). *J. Magn. Mater.* **209**, 80–83.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o2273 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809033480]

N*²-(2-Pyridyl)-*N*⁶-(4-pyridyl)pyridine-2,6-diamine*Zhi-Min Wang and Bo Shao****S1. Comment**

Metal-organic frameworks complexes with polypyridylamine ligands, bearing diverse networks and special optical and electromagnetic properties (Peng *et al.*, 2000), have aroused great interest among researchers. Tri-pyridyldiamine ligand usually exhibits donor as well as acceptor properties and can be used as a popular chelating ligand (Fang *et al.*, 2005). The crystals of the title compound were obtained unintentionally as the harvested product of the mild reaction of *N*²-(pyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁶-(pyridin-4-yl)pyridine-2,6-diamine, zinc salt.

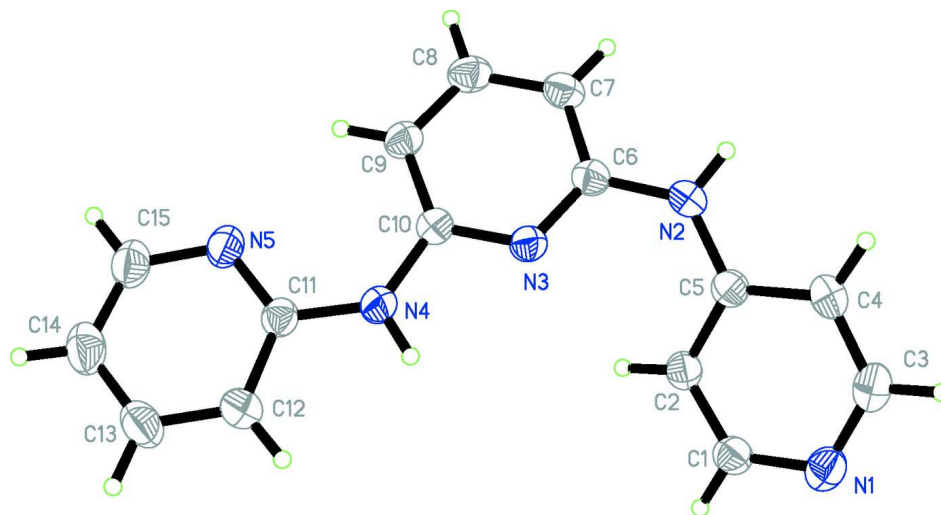
The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H...N hydrogen bonds connect molecules into one-dimensional chain along a axis (Table 1), as shown in Figure 2. The three pyridine rings of the title compound are not coplanar. The dihedral angles between the planes of the central pyridine ring and two peripheral rings are 1.5 (6) and 146.9 (4)° respectively, which is very different from the Cd complex with [2,6-bis(2-pyridylamino)pyridine] [15.6 (5) and 34.1 (3)°] (Huang *et al.*, 2004).

S2. Experimental

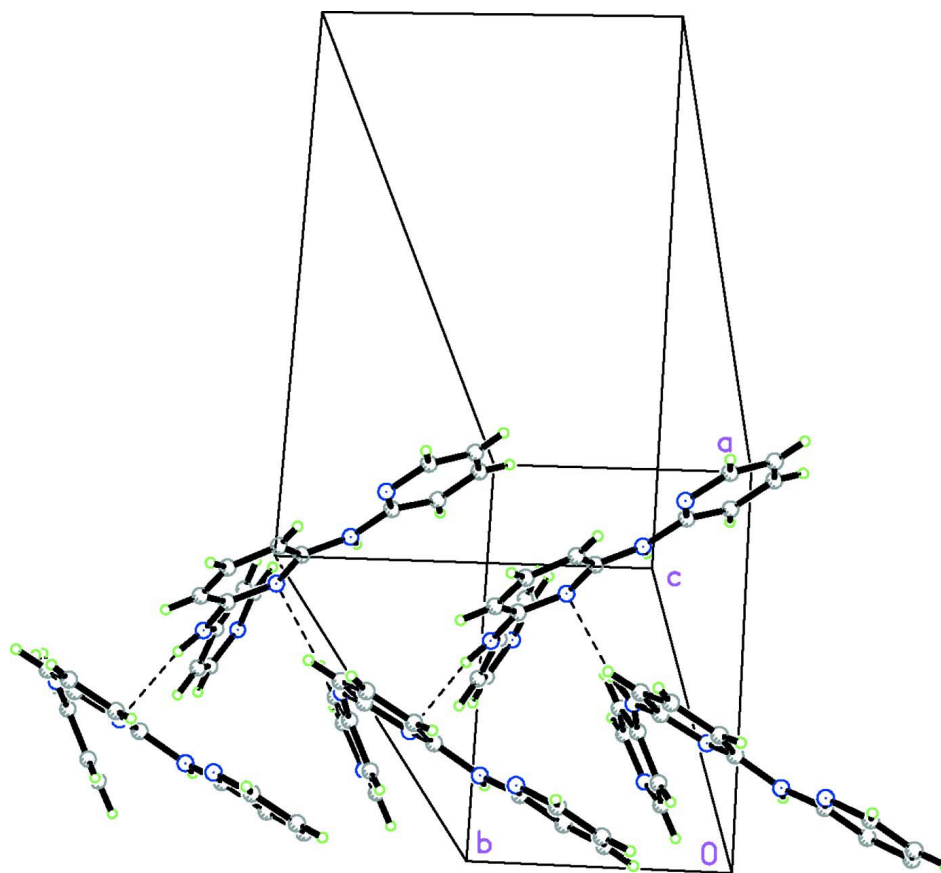
*N*²-(pyridin-2-yl)-*N*⁶-(pyridin-4-yl)pyridine-2,6-diamine (0.27 mg, 0.1 mmol), Zn(CH₃COO)₂ (0.43 mg, 0.1 mmol), were added to dry ethanol. The mixture was heated and stirred for six hours under reflux. The resultant was then filtered off to give a pure solution which was treated by diethyl ether in a closed vessel. Two weeks later, colourless blocks of (I) were obtained.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms were positioned geometrically and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with C—H distances of 0.93 Å (pyridine ring), N—H = 0.86 Å (amine group), and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{carrier})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) Ellipsoids are drawn at the the 30% probability level. H atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

Partial packing of (I) view showing the formation of a chain through N-H...N hydrogen bonds. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

N*²-(2-Pyridyl)-*N*⁶-(4-pyridyl)pyridine-2,6-diamineCrystal data*C₁₅H₁₃N₅*M_r* = 263.30Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

a = 11.4884 (15) Å*b* = 7.3445 (10) Å*c* = 30.718 (4) Å*V* = 2591.9 (6) Å³*Z* = 8*F*(000) = 1104*D_x* = 1.350 Mg m⁻³Mo *Kα* radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 2304 reflections

θ = 2.2–25.2°

μ = 0.09 mm⁻¹*T* = 298 K

Block, colourless

0.19 × 0.15 × 0.11 mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)

T_{min} = 0.984, *T_{max}* = 0.991

11972 measured reflections

2304 independent reflections

1529 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)*R_{int}* = 0.053θ_{max} = 25.2°, θ_{min} = 2.2°*h* = -13→11*k* = -8→8*l* = -34→36*Refinement*Refinement on *F*²

Least-squares matrix: full

R[*F*² > 2σ(*F*²)] = 0.050*wR*(*F*²) = 0.187*S* = 0.82

2304 reflections

182 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from

neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

w = 1/[σ²(*F_o*²) + (0.158*P*)² + 0.03*P*]where *P* = (*F_o*² + 2*F_c*²)/3(Δ/σ)_{max} < 0.001Δρ_{max} = 0.23 e Å⁻³Δρ_{min} = -0.15 e Å⁻³Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,2008), *F_c** = *kF_c*[1 + 0.001*xF_c*²λ³/sin(2θ)]^{-1/4}

Extinction coefficient: 0.011 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of *F*² against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on *F*², conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative *F*². The threshold expression of *F*² > 2σ(*F*²) is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on *F*² are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U_{iso}</i> */ <i>U_{eq}</i>
N3	0.09096 (15)	1.0142 (2)	0.36725 (5)	0.0482 (5)
C11	-0.05825 (17)	0.6096 (3)	0.40354 (7)	0.0485 (6)
N5	-0.06267 (16)	0.6024 (3)	0.44682 (6)	0.0573 (6)

N2	0.18582 (17)	1.2747 (2)	0.34296 (6)	0.0586 (6)
H2A	0.2400	1.3509	0.3493	0.070*
C1	0.0235 (2)	1.1978 (3)	0.24144 (7)	0.0544 (6)
H1	-0.0457	1.1441	0.2324	0.065*
C9	0.06292 (18)	0.9532 (3)	0.44324 (7)	0.0520 (6)
H9	0.0349	0.8779	0.4652	0.062*
C6	0.14379 (19)	1.1700 (3)	0.37742 (7)	0.0482 (6)
C5	0.15115 (19)	1.2712 (3)	0.29979 (7)	0.0476 (6)
C4	0.22262 (19)	1.3511 (3)	0.26852 (8)	0.0557 (6)
H4	0.2920	1.4068	0.2766	0.067*
N4	-0.00874 (17)	0.7580 (2)	0.38310 (6)	0.0553 (6)
H4A	-0.0140	0.7558	0.3552	0.066*
C2	0.04739 (18)	1.1955 (3)	0.28529 (7)	0.0499 (6)
H2	-0.0049	1.1443	0.3049	0.060*
N1	0.09143 (19)	1.2706 (3)	0.21080 (6)	0.0623 (6)
C7	0.1620 (2)	1.2251 (3)	0.42019 (7)	0.0570 (7)
H7	0.2001	1.3335	0.4266	0.068*
C10	0.04771 (17)	0.9094 (3)	0.39941 (7)	0.0450 (5)
C8	0.1212 (2)	1.1128 (3)	0.45271 (7)	0.0595 (7)
H8	0.1332	1.1451	0.4816	0.071*
C12	-0.1031 (2)	0.4715 (3)	0.37727 (8)	0.0612 (6)
H12	-0.0978	0.4792	0.3471	0.073*
C3	0.1897 (2)	1.3467 (3)	0.22582 (8)	0.0638 (7)
H3	0.2391	1.4007	0.2056	0.077*
C15	-0.1133 (2)	0.4549 (4)	0.46451 (9)	0.0694 (8)
H15	-0.1165	0.4479	0.4947	0.083*
C14	-0.1602 (2)	0.3157 (4)	0.44141 (10)	0.0759 (8)
H14	-0.1947	0.2172	0.4554	0.091*
C13	-0.1552 (2)	0.3242 (4)	0.39659 (10)	0.0737 (8)
H13	-0.1867	0.2313	0.3797	0.088*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N3	0.0552 (11)	0.0459 (11)	0.0436 (10)	-0.0016 (8)	-0.0036 (8)	-0.0010 (8)
C11	0.0482 (12)	0.0477 (13)	0.0495 (13)	0.0023 (10)	-0.0020 (9)	0.0048 (10)
N5	0.0608 (12)	0.0589 (13)	0.0521 (12)	-0.0004 (10)	0.0003 (9)	0.0112 (9)
N2	0.0616 (12)	0.0579 (12)	0.0561 (12)	-0.0192 (9)	-0.0075 (9)	0.0004 (9)
C1	0.0567 (13)	0.0496 (13)	0.0571 (15)	-0.0028 (11)	-0.0072 (11)	0.0020 (10)
C9	0.0560 (13)	0.0574 (14)	0.0426 (12)	0.0005 (11)	0.0012 (10)	-0.0015 (10)
C6	0.0480 (12)	0.0466 (12)	0.0500 (13)	0.0002 (10)	-0.0023 (9)	-0.0022 (10)
C5	0.0552 (13)	0.0387 (11)	0.0488 (13)	0.0003 (9)	-0.0001 (10)	-0.0028 (9)
C4	0.0539 (13)	0.0468 (13)	0.0664 (16)	-0.0066 (10)	0.0032 (11)	0.0029 (10)
N4	0.0754 (14)	0.0498 (12)	0.0408 (10)	-0.0103 (10)	-0.0013 (8)	0.0004 (7)
C2	0.0501 (13)	0.0484 (12)	0.0513 (13)	-0.0029 (10)	0.0002 (10)	0.0033 (10)
N1	0.0756 (13)	0.0584 (13)	0.0530 (12)	0.0035 (10)	0.0027 (10)	0.0051 (9)
C7	0.0561 (14)	0.0582 (15)	0.0568 (15)	-0.0068 (11)	-0.0035 (11)	-0.0111 (11)
C10	0.0455 (12)	0.0447 (12)	0.0449 (12)	0.0029 (9)	0.0004 (9)	-0.0003 (9)

C8	0.0621 (15)	0.0700 (17)	0.0465 (13)	-0.0007 (13)	-0.0007 (10)	-0.0125 (11)
C12	0.0626 (15)	0.0582 (15)	0.0628 (14)	-0.0089 (12)	-0.0073 (11)	-0.0010 (12)
C3	0.0725 (15)	0.0593 (16)	0.0596 (15)	0.0017 (12)	0.0130 (12)	0.0081 (11)
C15	0.0624 (16)	0.0743 (18)	0.0715 (17)	-0.0059 (14)	0.0016 (12)	0.0216 (14)
C14	0.0604 (16)	0.0711 (18)	0.096 (2)	-0.0107 (14)	-0.0013 (14)	0.0256 (16)
C13	0.0691 (17)	0.0592 (16)	0.093 (2)	-0.0180 (13)	-0.0082 (15)	0.0030 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N3—C6	1.332 (3)	C4—C3	1.366 (3)
N3—C10	1.347 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
C11—N5	1.331 (3)	N4—C10	1.381 (2)
C11—N4	1.380 (3)	N4—H4A	0.8600
C11—C12	1.395 (3)	C2—H2	0.9300
N5—C15	1.344 (3)	N1—C3	1.341 (3)
N2—C5	1.385 (3)	C7—C8	1.378 (3)
N2—C6	1.394 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—H2A	0.8600	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—N1	1.335 (3)	C12—C13	1.371 (3)
C1—C2	1.375 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—H1	0.9300	C3—H3	0.9300
C9—C8	1.381 (3)	C15—C14	1.356 (4)
C9—C10	1.395 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300
C9—H9	0.9300	C14—C13	1.379 (4)
C6—C7	1.390 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C2	1.388 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C5—C4	1.393 (3)		
C6—N3—C10	119.13 (18)	C1—C2—H2	120.6
N5—C11—N4	120.07 (19)	C5—C2—H2	120.6
N5—C11—C12	122.3 (2)	C1—N1—C3	114.6 (2)
N4—C11—C12	117.6 (2)	C8—C7—C6	117.4 (2)
C11—N5—C15	116.9 (2)	C8—C7—H7	121.3
C5—N2—C6	128.11 (18)	C6—C7—H7	121.3
C5—N2—H2A	115.9	N3—C10—N4	111.54 (17)
C6—N2—H2A	115.9	N3—C10—C9	121.97 (19)
N1—C1—C2	125.4 (2)	N4—C10—C9	126.5 (2)
N1—C1—H1	117.3	C7—C8—C9	121.3 (2)
C2—C1—H1	117.3	C7—C8—H8	119.3
C8—C9—C10	117.4 (2)	C9—C8—H8	119.3
C8—C9—H9	121.3	C13—C12—C11	119.0 (2)
C10—C9—H9	121.3	C13—C12—H12	120.5
N3—C6—C7	122.7 (2)	C11—C12—H12	120.5
N3—C6—N2	116.95 (19)	N1—C3—C4	125.0 (2)
C7—C6—N2	120.3 (2)	N1—C3—H3	117.5
N2—C5—C2	124.1 (2)	C4—C3—H3	117.5
N2—C5—C4	118.9 (2)	N5—C15—C14	124.6 (3)
C2—C5—C4	117.0 (2)	N5—C15—H15	117.7

C3—C4—C5	119.3 (2)	C14—C15—H15	117.7
C3—C4—H4	120.4	C15—C14—C13	118.2 (2)
C5—C4—H4	120.4	C15—C14—H14	120.9
C11—N4—C10	131.6 (2)	C13—C14—H14	120.9
C11—N4—H4A	114.2	C12—C13—C14	119.1 (3)
C10—N4—H4A	114.2	C12—C13—H13	120.5
C1—C2—C5	118.7 (2)	C14—C13—H13	120.5

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N4—H4A \cdots N1 ⁱ	0.86	2.22	3.038 (3)	160
N2—H2A \cdots N3 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.35	3.198 (3)	170

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, z$.