## Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online
ISSN 1600-5368

## 2,3-Bis(3-fluorophenyl)tetrazolium-5thiolate

Karel G. von Eschwege ${ }^{\text {a* }}$ and Alfred Muller ${ }^{\text {b }}$

${ }^{\text {a Department of Chemistry, University of the Free State, PO Box 339, Bloemfontein }}$ 9300, South Africa, and ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Department of Chemistry, University of Johannesburg (APK Campus), PO Box 524, Aucklandpark, Johannesburg 2006, South Africa
Correspondence e-mail: veschwkg.sci@ufs.ac.za
Received 6 July 2009; accepted 8 July 2009
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=100 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.003 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.038 ; w R$ factor $=0.101$; data-to-parameter ratio $=16.8$.

The zwitterionic title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$, is situated on a twofold rotation axis running along the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{S}$ [1.691 (2) $\AA$ ] single bond. The phenylene ring is twisted out of the tetrazolium plane by 42.18 (7) ${ }^{\circ}$. Relatively short distances [3.7572 (9) and 4.0625 (6) Å] between the centroids of the phenylene and tetrazolium rings of neighbouring molecules suggest $\pi-\pi$ interactions. The crystal under investigation was a non-merohedral twin, with a $33 \%$ twin component.

## Related literature

For details of the synthesis, see: Mirkhalaf et al. (1998); Irving et al. (1971). For comparison bond distances, see: Allen et al. (1987). For the indexing of twinned crystals by the CELL_NOW program, see: Bruker (2008).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$
$V=1265.8(5) \AA^{3}$
$M_{r}=290.29$
Monoclinic, C2/c
$a=14.500$ (3) A
$b=12.656$ (3) $\AA$
$c=6.9066(14) \AA$
$\beta=92.93$ (3) ${ }^{\circ}$
$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.27 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=100 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.33 \times 0.11 \times 0.11 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
1562 measured reflections 1562 independent reflections 1360 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
(TWINABS; Bruker, 2008)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.915, T_{\text {max }}=0.971$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.038 \quad 93$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.101$
$S=1.07$
1562 reflections

H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.32 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.23 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \cdots \mathrm{~S}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.95 | 2.79 | $3.6828(19)$ | 157 |

Symmetry code: (i) $x+\frac{1}{2}, y-\frac{1}{2}, z$.
Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: SAINTPlus (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR97 (Altomare et al., 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg \& Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

Financial assistance from the National Research Foundation of South Africa and IPCore are gratefully acknowledged.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2610).

## References

Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. \& Taylor, R. (1987). J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2, pp. S1-19.

Altomare, A., Burla, M. C., Camalli, M., Cascarano, G. L., Giacovazzo, C., Guagliardi, A., Moliterni, A. G. G., Polidori, G. \& Spagna, R. (1999). J. Appl. Cryst. 32, 115-119.
Brandenburg, K. \& Putz, H. (2005). DIAMOND. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
Bruker (2004). SAINT-Plus. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Bruker (2005). APEX2. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Bruker (2008). TWINABS and CELL_NOW. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Farrugia, L. J. (1999). J. Appl. Cryst. 32, 837-838.
Irving, H. M. N. H., Kiwan, A. M., Rupainwar, D. C. \& Sahota, S. S. (1971). Anal. Chim. Acta, 56, 205-220.
Mirkhalaf, F., Whittaker, D. \& Schiffrin, D. J. (1998). J. Electroanal. Chem. 452, 203-213.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

## supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o1864 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809026683]

## 2,3-Bis(3-fluorophenyl)tetrazolium-5-thiolate

Karel G. von Eschwege and Alfred Muller

## S1. Comment

During the process of synthesizing a series of electronically altered dithizones for the purpose of investigating its effect on the photochromic isomerization reaction of metal dithizonates, several phenyl substituted species were fully oxidized to its dehydrodithizone derivatives. Dehydrodithizones, most probably due to their zwitter-ionic nature, crystallizes much more readily than the parent compound. The yellow meta-fluoro dehydrodithizone crystals, suitable for X-ray crystallography, were isolated from a mixture of polar solvents, i.e. acetone and water.
The title compound crystallizes in the monoclininc space group $C 2 / c(Z=4)$ resulting in molecules lying on special positions in the crystal lattice. All bond lengths and angles (see Table 1, Fig. 1) are within range of their expected values (Allen et al., 1987). The phenyl rings adopt a non-parallel arrangement with the dehydrodithizone backbone with dihedral angles of $42.18(7)^{\circ}$ for ring $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 7$, mainly due to their close proximities on the tetrazole moiety. The preferred orientation is supported by the $\pi-\pi$ stacking of the phenyl rings of neighbouring molecules (distance between planes $=$ $3.4069 \AA$, centroid to centroid distance $=3.7572(9) \AA$ ). Similar $\pi-\pi$ stacking is also observed between neighbouring tetrazole moieties in a head-to-head fashion (distance between planes $=3.4235 \AA$, centroid to centroid distance $=$ 4.0625 (6) Å) Additionally, several other close contacts/interactions are noted, among these a rather close contact for C6 -H6 $\cdots$ S between neighbouring dithizone molecules.

## S2. Experimental

Solvents (AR) purchased from Merck and reagents from Sigma-Aldrich were used without further purification. The metafluoro derivative of dithizone, $(m-\mathrm{FPhNHN})_{2} \mathrm{CS}$, was prepared from ammonium sulfide and 3-fluoroaniline according to the procedure reported by Mirkhalaf et al., 1998. The synthesis and crystallization of the title compound, meta-fluoro dehydrodithizone, was done according to a procedure reported by Irving et al., 1971. Hereby a solution of $(m-\mathrm{FPhNHN})_{2} \mathrm{CS}$ $(0.3 \mathrm{~g}, 0.75 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dichloromethane $(100 \mathrm{ml})$ was stirred ( 2 hrs ) with a solution of potassium hexacyanoiron (III) ( 0.72 $\mathrm{g})$ and potassium carbonate $(0.70 \mathrm{~g})$ in water $(30 \mathrm{ml})$. After the organic layer was washed with water, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. From hot acetone and water orange crystals, in $52 \%$ yield, were crystallized.
M.p $155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (explode). $\lambda_{\max }$ (acetone) $434.9 \mathrm{~nm}\left(\varepsilon=1650 \mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right) . \delta_{\mathrm{H}}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz},\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}, 7.748-7.533(8 \mathrm{H}\right.$, $\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ ).

## S3. Refinement

The aromatic H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions $(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.95 \AA)$ and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$. Initial CheckCIF evaluation indicated possible non-merohedral twinning, and the data was subsequantly treated using CELL_NOW to obtain orientation matrix of the two components. The raw data was then integrated as two components resulting in a HKLF5 format file, which greatly improved refinement parameters and yielded the refined composition of the twinned domains in a 33.1:66.9 ratio.


Figure 1
View of (I) ( $30 \%$ probability displacement ellipsoids). Accented lettering indicate atoms generated by symmetry ( $-x, y$, $1 / 2-z)$.


Figure 2
Packing diagram of (I) indicating the $\pi-\pi$ interactions

## 2,3-Bis(3-fluorophenyl)tetrazolium-5-thiolate

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$
$M_{r}=290.29$
Monoclinic, C2/c
Hall symbol: -C 2yc
$a=14.500$ (3) $\AA$
$b=12.656$ (3) $\AA$
$c=6.9066(14) \AA$
$\beta=92.93(3)^{\circ}$
$V=1265.8(5) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F(000)=592$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.523 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 1712 reflections
$\theta=2.8-28.2^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.27 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=100 \mathrm{~K}$
Needle, red
$0.33 \times 0.11 \times 0.11 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker X8 APEXII 4K Kappa CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 8.4 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(TWINABS; Bruker, 2008)

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.038$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.101$
$S=1.07$
1562 reflections
93 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
$T_{\text {min }}=0.915, T_{\text {max }}=0.971$
1562 measured reflections
1562 independent reflections
1360 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=28.4^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.1^{\circ}$
$h=-19 \rightarrow 19$
$k=0 \rightarrow 16$
$l=0 \rightarrow 9$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0484 P)^{2}+0.809 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{0}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.32 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.23$ e $\AA^{-3}$

## Special details

Experimental. The intensity data was collected on a Bruker X8 Apex II 4 K Kappa CCD diffractometer using an exposure time of $180 \mathrm{~s} /$ frame. A total of 791 frames were collected with a frame width of $0.5^{\circ}$ covering up to $\theta=28.36^{\circ}$ with $98.9 \%$ completeness accomplished.
Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors $(\mathrm{gt})$ etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}{ }^{*} / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S | 0 | $0.63767(5)$ | 0.25 | $0.01916(16)$ |
| N 1 | $0.07681(9)$ | $0.44217(11)$ | $0.27936(18)$ | $0.0170(3)$ |
| N 2 | $0.04565(8)$ | $0.34445(11)$ | $0.26789(18)$ | $0.0156(3)$ |
| F | $0.10346(9)$ | $0.01182(11)$ | $0.57483(18)$ | $0.0443(4)$ |
| C1 | 0 | $0.50409(18)$ | 0.25 | $0.0158(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.10317(10)$ | $0.25414(13)$ | $0.3084(2)$ | $0.0179(3)$ |
| C3 | $0.07274(12)$ | $0.17451(14)$ | $0.4266(2)$ | $0.0212(4)$ |
| H3 | 0.0134 | 0.1766 | 0.4786 | $0.025^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.13285(14)$ | $0.09224(16)$ | $0.4647(3)$ | $0.0284(4)$ |
| C5 | $0.22040(14)$ | $0.08883(16)$ | $0.3976(3)$ | $0.0321(5)$ |
| H5 | 0.2606 | 0.0316 | 0.4304 | $0.039^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.24883(12)$ | $0.17000(16)$ | $0.2820(3)$ | $0.0310(4)$ |
| H6 | 0.3092 | 0.1687 | 0.2346 | $0.037^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.18989(11)$ | $0.25393(15)$ | $0.2339(2)$ | $0.0243(4)$ |


| H 7 | 0.2087 | 0.3094 | 0.1522 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S | $0.0192(3)$ | $0.0169(3)$ | $0.0216(3)$ | 0 | $0.00337(19)$ | 0 |
| N 1 | $0.0156(6)$ | $0.0179(7)$ | $0.0174(6)$ | $-0.0005(5)$ | $0.0011(4)$ | $-0.0009(5)$ |
| N 2 | $0.0111(6)$ | $0.0197(7)$ | $0.0158(6)$ | $-0.0011(5)$ | $0.0000(4)$ | $-0.0007(5)$ |
| F | $0.0556(8)$ | $0.0311(8)$ | $0.0447(7)$ | $0.0079(6)$ | $-0.0118(6)$ | $0.0152(5)$ |
| C1 | $0.0159(10)$ | $0.0193(11)$ | $0.0123(9)$ | 0 | $0.0025(7)$ | 0 |
| C2 | $0.0142(7)$ | $0.0195(8)$ | $0.0193(7)$ | $0.0017(6)$ | $-0.0046(5)$ | $-0.0042(6)$ |
| C3 | $0.0209(8)$ | $0.0219(9)$ | $0.0199(8)$ | $0.0016(7)$ | $-0.0062(6)$ | $-0.0019(6)$ |
| C4 | $0.0329(11)$ | $0.0239(10)$ | $0.0268(9)$ | $0.0044(8)$ | $-0.0121(7)$ | $-0.0001(7)$ |
| C5 | $0.0283(10)$ | $0.0281(11)$ | $0.0379(10)$ | $0.0139(8)$ | $-0.0175(7)$ | $-0.0120(8)$ |
| C6 | $0.0165(8)$ | $0.0369(11)$ | $0.0388(10)$ | $0.0066(7)$ | $-0.0067(7)$ | $-0.0182(8)$ |
| C7 | $0.0165(8)$ | $0.0281(10)$ | $0.0281(9)$ | $0.0001(6)$ | $-0.0006(6)$ | $-0.0085(7)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| S-C1 | 1.691 (2) | C3-C4 | 1.375 (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-N2 | 1.3177 (18) | C3-H3 | 0.95 |
| N1-C1 | 1.3685 (18) | C4-C5 | 1.374 (3) |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{N} 2^{\text {i }}$ | 1.334 (2) | C5-C6 | 1.377 (3) |
| N2-C2 | 1.434 (2) | C5-H5 | 0.95 |
| F-C4 | 1.352 (2) | C6-C7 | 1.393 (3) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 1.3685 (18) | C6-H6 | 0.95 |
| C2-C7 | 1.383 (2) | C7-H7 | 0.95 |
| C2-C3 | 1.383 (2) |  |  |
| N2-N1-C1 | 104.75 (13) | $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 119.28 (18) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{N} 2^{\text {i }}$ | 110.19 (8) | $\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 117.58 (18) |
| N1-N2-C2 | 122.82 (12) | C5-C4-C3 | 123.14 (19) |
| N 2 - $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 126.72 (8) | C4-C5-C6 | 118.76 (18) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 110.1 (2) | C4-C5-H5 | 120.6 |
| N1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ - $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S}$ | 124.94 (10) | C6-C5-H5 | 120.6 |
| N1-C1-S | 124.94 (10) | C5-C6-C7 | 120.60 (17) |
| C7-C2-C3 | 122.81 (16) | C5-C6-H6 | 119.7 |
| C7- $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 117.37 (15) | C7-C6-H6 | 119.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 119.74 (14) | C2-C7-C6 | 118.11 (18) |
| C4-C3-C2 | 116.54 (17) | C2-C7-H7 | 120.9 |
| C4-C3-H3 | 121.7 | C6-C7-H7 | 120.9 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 121.7 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{N} 2^{\text {i }}$ | 0.36 (17) | N2-C2-C3-C4 | -177.74 (14) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2$ | -173.99 (11) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{F}$ | -177.94 (14) |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1^{\text {i }}$ | -0.14 (7) | C2-C3-C4-C5 | 2.5 (3) |
| N2-N1-C1-S | 179.86 (7) | F-C4-C5-C6 | 178.54 (16) |
| N1—N2-C2-C7 | -43.6 (2) | C3-C4-C5-C6 | -1.9 (3) |

$\mathrm{N} 2{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 7$
N1—N2-C2-C3
$\mathrm{N} 2{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$
C7-C2-C3-C4
143.01 (18)
133.08 (15)
-40.3 (2)
-1.2 (2)

C4-C5-C6-C7
C3-C2-C7-C6
$\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 6$
C5-C6-C7-C2
0.0 (3)
-0.5 (2)
176.04 (14)
1.2 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y,-z+1 / 2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \cdots \mathrm{~S}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.95 | 2.79 | $3.6828(19)$ | 157 |

Symmetry code: (ii) $x+1 / 2, y-1 / 2, z$.

