organic compounds

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4-Amino-2-phenoxypyrimidine

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 120 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.055; wR factor = 0.163; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.0.

In the title compound, $C_{10}H_9N_3O$, the organic rings linked to the ether O atom make a dihedral angle of 76.8 $(1)^{\circ}$ and the C-O-C angle is widened to $119.07 (15)^{\circ}$. In the crystal, adjacent molecules are connected by an N-H···N hydrogen bond, generating a chain running parallel to the b axis. The crystal is a non-merohedral twin with a ratio of twin components of 0.508 (3):0.492 (3).

Related literature

For 2-phenoxypyrimidine, see: Shah Bakhtiar et al. (2009). For the procedure to cope with twinned diffraction data, see: Spek (2003).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{10}H_9N_3O$ $M_r = 187.20$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 8.8443 (3) Å

b = 12.1214 (3) Å c = 9.0415 (2) Å $\beta = 96.751 \ (2)^{\circ}$ V = 962.58 (5) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX diffractometer Absorption correction: none 6375 measured reflections

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$ H atoms treated by a mixture of $wR(F^2) = 0.163$ S = 1.10 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.43$ e Å⁻³ 2178 reflections $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.32 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 136 parameters 2 restraints

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	<i>D</i> -H	Н…А	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$	
$N3-H1\cdots N1^{i}$	0.88 (1)	2.12 (1)	2.992 (2)	173 (2)	
Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.					

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

2178 independent reflections

1694 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

independent and constrained

 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-3}$

T = 120 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.028$

refinement

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: X-SEED (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT2994).

References

Barbour, L. J. (2001). J. Supramol. Chem. 1, 189-191. Bruker (2008). APEX2 and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA Shah Bakhtiar, N., Abdullah, Z. & Ng, S. W. (2009). Acta Cryst. E65, o114. Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122. Spek, A. L. (2003). J. Appl. Cryst. 36, 7-13. Westrip, S. P. (2009). publCIF. In preparation.

supporting information

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4-Amino-2-phenoxypyrimidine

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S1. Experimental

Phenol (1.88 g, 20 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (0.80 g, 20 mmol) were dissolved in water (50 ml) and to the solution was added 4-amino-2-chloropyridimidine (2.60 g, 20 mmol) dissolved in THF (50 ml). The mixture was heated for 4 h. Water was added and the organic phase was extracted with chloroform. The chloroform solution was dried over sodium sulfate; slow evaporation led to the formation of colorless crystals.

S2. Refinement

Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H 0.95 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with U(H) set to 1.2U(C). The H atoms bonded to N were freely refined.

The crystal is a non-merohedral twin; the twin law as given by *PLATON* is (Spek, 2003) (-1 0 0, 0 - 1 0, 0.240 0 1); the refinement gave a ratio of twin components of 0.508 (3)/0.492 (3).



Figure 1

Anisotropic displacement ellipsoid plot (Barbour, 2001) of $C_{10}H_9N_3O$ at the 70% probability level; hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius.

4-Amino-2-phenoxypyrimidine

Crystal data	
$C_{10}H_9N_3O$	c = 9.0415 (2) Å
$M_r = 187.20$	$\beta = 96.751 \ (2)^{\circ}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	$V = 962.58(5) \text{ Å}^3$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Z = 4
a = 8.8443 (3) Å	F(000) = 392
b = 12.1214 (3) Å	$D_{\rm x} = 1.292 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$

Mo *Ka* radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 2238 reflections $\theta = 2.3-27.9^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Data collection	
Bruker SMART APEX	1694 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
diffractometer	$R_{\rm int} = 0.028$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.8^{\circ}$
Graphite monochromator	$h = -10 \rightarrow 11$
ω scans	$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
6375 measured reflections	$l = -10 \longrightarrow 11$
2178 independent reflections	

T = 120 K

Block, colorless

 $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Refinement

Itejinemeni	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.163$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.10	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
2178 reflections	and constrained refinement
136 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0791P)^2 + 0.3378P]$
2 restraints	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{ m max} = 0.001$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.43 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta ho_{\min} = -0.32 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.2422 (2)	0.48867 (12)	-0.00659 (16)	0.0317 (4)	
N1	0.2790 (2)	0.36872 (13)	0.19209 (18)	0.0235 (4)	
N2	0.2591 (2)	0.56448 (13)	0.21860 (17)	0.0213 (4)	
N3	0.2755 (3)	0.64646 (15)	0.4479 (2)	0.0348 (5)	
H1	0.252 (3)	0.7092 (13)	0.402 (2)	0.030 (7)*	
H2	0.284 (3)	0.641 (2)	0.5458 (11)	0.037 (7)*	
C1	0.2551 (3)	0.39941 (16)	-0.1029 (2)	0.0220 (5)	
C2	0.3964 (3)	0.35937 (18)	-0.1237 (2)	0.0264 (5)	
H2A	0.4857	0.3889	-0.0693	0.032*	
C3	0.4063 (3)	0.27495 (19)	-0.2257 (2)	0.0339 (6)	
H3	0.5030	0.2460	-0.2410	0.041*	
C4	0.2763 (4)	0.23278 (18)	-0.3052 (2)	0.0369 (7)	
H4	0.2836	0.1744	-0.3741	0.044*	
C5	0.1354 (3)	0.2756 (2)	-0.2843 (2)	0.0374 (6)	
H5	0.0461	0.2475	-0.3403	0.045*	
C6	0.1240 (3)	0.35942 (19)	-0.1819 (2)	0.0307 (5)	
H6	0.0274	0.3887	-0.1665	0.037*	
C7	0.2617 (2)	0.47102 (16)	0.1428 (2)	0.0197 (4)	
C8	0.2997 (3)	0.36125 (17)	0.3429 (2)	0.0283 (5)	
H8	0.3133	0.2900	0.3862	0.034*	
C9	0.3022 (3)	0.44951 (17)	0.4354 (2)	0.0296 (5)	

supporting information

Н9	0.3190	0.4413	0.5405	0.036*	
C10	0.2785 (3)	0.55438 (16)	0.3677 (2)	0.0236 (5)	

	1. 1		(82)
Аготіс	aispiacement	parameters	(A^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0606 (12)	0.0159 (7)	0.0178 (7)	0.0050 (7)	0.0018 (7)	0.0013 (5)
N1	0.0341 (11)	0.0165 (8)	0.0197 (8)	0.0014 (7)	0.0032 (7)	0.0007 (6)
N2	0.0281 (10)	0.0149 (8)	0.0212 (8)	0.0028 (7)	0.0038 (7)	0.0003 (6)
N3	0.0665 (16)	0.0182 (9)	0.0204 (9)	0.0070 (9)	0.0083 (9)	-0.0008 (7)
C1	0.0351 (13)	0.0156 (9)	0.0151 (9)	0.0006 (8)	0.0018 (8)	0.0031 (7)
C2	0.0301 (12)	0.0255 (10)	0.0229 (10)	-0.0038 (9)	0.0005 (9)	0.0044 (8)
C3	0.0476 (15)	0.0264 (11)	0.0310 (11)	0.0084 (11)	0.0186 (11)	0.0062 (9)
C4	0.073 (2)	0.0193 (10)	0.0198 (10)	-0.0061 (12)	0.0127 (11)	-0.0026 (8)
C5	0.0511 (17)	0.0348 (12)	0.0238 (11)	-0.0161 (12)	-0.0058 (11)	0.0001 (9)
C6	0.0311 (13)	0.0319 (12)	0.0284 (11)	0.0006 (10)	0.0013 (10)	0.0036 (9)
C7	0.0217 (11)	0.0186 (9)	0.0185 (9)	0.0015 (8)	0.0012 (8)	0.0019 (7)
C8	0.0455 (14)	0.0174 (9)	0.0221 (10)	0.0044 (9)	0.0046 (9)	0.0046 (7)
C9	0.0482 (15)	0.0216 (10)	0.0194 (9)	0.0028 (10)	0.0057 (9)	0.0027 (7)
C10	0.0312 (12)	0.0181 (9)	0.0223 (9)	0.0008 (8)	0.0062 (9)	-0.0007 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01	1.359 (2)	C2—H2A	0.9500
O1—C1	1.402 (2)	C3—C4	1.380 (4)
N1—C7	1.320 (2)	С3—Н3	0.9500
N1—C8	1.357 (3)	C4—C5	1.384 (4)
N2—C7	1.326 (2)	C4—H4	0.9500
N2	1.344 (2)	C5—C6	1.386 (3)
N3—C10	1.333 (3)	С5—Н5	0.9500
N3—H1	0.880 (10)	С6—Н6	0.9500
N3—H2	0.882 (10)	C8—C9	1.356 (3)
C1—C2	1.375 (3)	С8—Н8	0.9500
C1—C6	1.376 (3)	C9—C10	1.416 (3)
C2—C3	1.387 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9500
C7—O1—C1	119.07 (15)	C4—C5—C6	120.2 (2)
C7—N1—C8	113.46 (17)	C4—C5—H5	119.9
C7—N2—C10	115.63 (16)	С6—С5—Н5	119.9
C10—N3—H1	119.1 (16)	C1—C6—C5	118.8 (2)
C10—N3—H2	118.5 (18)	C1—C6—H6	120.6
H1—N3—H2	122 (2)	С5—С6—Н6	120.6
C2C1C6	121.9 (2)	N1—C7—N2	129.54 (18)
C2C1O1	120.0 (2)	N1—C7—O1	118.65 (17)
C6C1O1	118.0 (2)	N2—C7—O1	111.80 (16)
C1—C2—C3	118.7 (2)	C9—C8—N1	123.86 (18)
C1—C2—H2A	120.6	С9—С8—Н8	118.1
C3—C2—H2A	120.6	N1—C8—H8	118.1

C4—C3—C2	120.4 (2)	C8—C9—C10	116.79 (18)
С4—С3—Н3	119.8	С8—С9—Н9	121.6
С2—С3—Н3	119.8	С10—С9—Н9	121.6
C3—C4—C5	119.9 (2)	N3—C10—N2	117.46 (18)
C3—C4—H4	120.0	N3—C10—C9	121.85 (18)
С5—С4—Н4	120.0	N2-C10-C9	120.69 (18)
C7—O1—C1—C2	-76.8 (2)	C8—N1—C7—O1	179.1 (2)
C7—O1—C1—C6	107.6 (2)	C10—N2—C7—N1	0.8 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-1.1 (3)	C10—N2—C7—O1	-179.63 (19)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-176.53 (17)	C1	-5.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (3)	C1	174.56 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.7 (3)	C7—N1—C8—C9	0.2 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.2 (3)	N1-C8-C9-C10	1.3 (4)
C2-C1-C6-C5	0.6 (3)	C7—N2—C10—N3	-179.5 (2)
O1—C1—C6—C5	176.15 (18)	C7—N2—C10—C9	0.9 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.5 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N3	178.6 (2)
C8—N1—C7—N2	-1.3 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N2	-1.8 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N3—H1…N1 ⁱ	0.88 (1)	2.12 (1)	2.992 (2)	173 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2.