

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

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**(E)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-phenylprop-2-enoic acid**Sadiq-ur-Rehman,<sup>a</sup> Saqib Ali,<sup>b\*</sup> Saira Shahzadi<sup>c</sup> and Masood Parvez<sup>d</sup>

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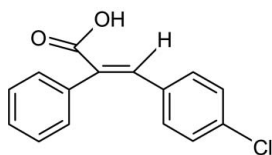
Received 29 May 2009; accepted 9 June 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 173$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.047;  $wR$  factor = 0.130; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.4.

In the title molecule,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClO}_2$ , the mean planes of the benzene and phenyl rings are inclined at  $69.06(11)^\circ$  with respect to each other. The crystal structure is stabilized by strong intermolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds between the acid groups of pairs of molecules related by inversion centers.

## Related literature

For background information, see: Canty & Van Koten (1995). For a related structure, see: Sadiq-ur-Rehman *et al.* (2006). For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClO}_2$   
 $M_r = 258.69$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 14.405(3)$  Å

$b = 5.733(9)$  Å  
 $c = 15.416(9)$  Å  
 $\beta = 100.72(3)^\circ$   
 $V = 1251(2)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.30$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 173$  K  
 $0.16 \times 0.10 \times 0.04$  mm

## Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SORTAV*; Blessing, 1997)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.954$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.988$

10074 measured reflections  
2860 independent reflections  
1431 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.100$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.130$   
 $S = 0.96$   
2860 reflections

164 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.84	1.82	2.658 (3)	177

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y - 1, -z$ .

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

Quaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad is gratefully acknowledged for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2835).

## References

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Blessing, R. H. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 421–426.  
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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, o1562 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809021904]

**(E)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-phenylprop-2-enoic acid**

Sadiq-ur-Rehman, Saqib Ali, Saira Shahzadi and Masood Parvez

**S1. Comment**

Effort has been devoted to self assembly of organic and inorganic molecules in solid state because it extends a range of new solids with desirable physical and chemical properties (Canty & Van Koten, 1995). We report in this paper the crystal structure of the title compound (I) which has been synthesized in our laboratory.

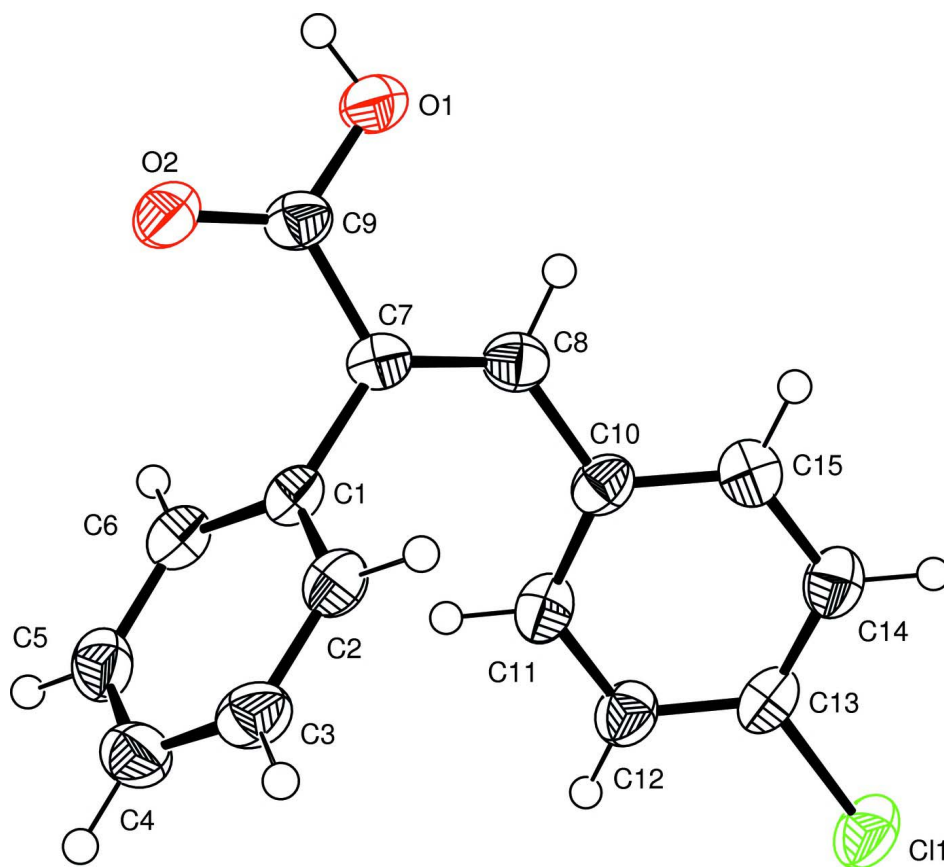
The molecular structure of (I) is presented in Fig. 1. The benzene and phenyl rings are oriented at 69.06 (11)° with respect to each other. Molecules related by inversion centers form dimers *via* hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2); details of hydrogen bonding geometry have been given in Table 1. The molecular dimensions are normal (Allen, 2002). The crystal structure of a closely related compound has been previously reported from our laboratory (Sadiq-ur-Rehman *et al.*, 2006).

**S2. Experimental**

A mixture of the phenylacetic acid (0.15 mol), *p*-chlorobenzaldehyde (0.15 mol), anhydrous K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (0.095 mol) and acetic anhydride (0.38 mol) was slowly raised to the temperature 353–373 K and maintained for 24 h. To a hot solution were added, 200 ml of H<sub>2</sub>O and 100 ml of 10% HCl. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h and filtered. The solid mass obtained was recrystallized from commercial ethanol. Colorless crystals suitable for crystallographic study were obtained after three weeks.

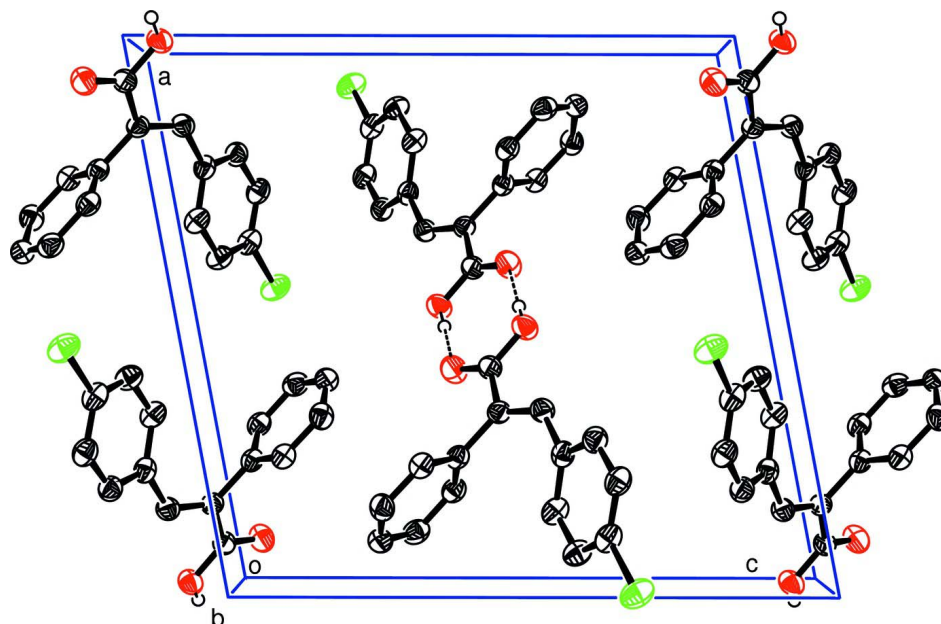
**S3. Refinement**

All the H-atoms were visible in the difference Fourier maps, they were included in the refinements at geometrically idealized positions with C—H and O—H distances = 0.95 and 0.84 Å, respectively, and  $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.5$  and 1.2 times  $U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent O and C-atoms respectively. The final difference map was free of chemically significant features.



**Figure 1**

ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997) drawing of (I) with displacement ellipsoids plotted at 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Unit cell packing of (I) showing hydrogen bonding (dashed lines); H-atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been excluded for clarity.

### (*E*)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-phenylprop-2-enoic acid

#### Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{11}ClO_2$

$M_r = 258.69$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1n$

$a = 14.405\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 5.733\ (9)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 15.416\ (9)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 100.72\ (3)^\circ$

$V = 1251\ (2)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 536$

$D_x = 1.374\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 10074 reflections

$\theta = 1.8\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.30\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 173\ \text{K}$

Block, colourless

$0.16 \times 0.10 \times 0.04\ \text{mm}$

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SORTAV*; Blessing, 1997)

$T_{\min} = 0.954$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.988$

10074 measured reflections

2860 independent reflections

1431 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.100$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$

$h = -18 \rightarrow 18$

$k = -7 \rightarrow 7$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$

$wR(F^2) = 0.130$

$S = 0.96$

2860 reflections

164 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods  
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.06P)^2]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.44668 (5)	0.75005 (11)	-0.15436 (5)	0.0494 (2)
O1	0.01817 (12)	-0.2417 (3)	-0.06692 (11)	0.0418 (5)
H1	-0.0181	-0.3550	-0.0639	0.063*
O2	0.09332 (13)	-0.3917 (3)	0.06070 (11)	0.0464 (5)
C1	0.24216 (16)	-0.0735 (4)	0.07913 (14)	0.0301 (6)
C2	0.25291 (17)	0.1160 (4)	0.13702 (15)	0.0331 (6)
H2	0.2109	0.2448	0.1257	0.040*
C3	0.32420 (18)	0.1175 (4)	0.21066 (16)	0.0390 (6)
H3	0.3305	0.2456	0.2504	0.047*
C4	0.38652 (18)	-0.0687 (5)	0.22627 (16)	0.0406 (7)
H4	0.4364	-0.0668	0.2762	0.049*
C5	0.37624 (18)	-0.2559 (5)	0.16958 (17)	0.0400 (6)
H5	0.4191	-0.3830	0.1806	0.048*
C6	0.30376 (17)	-0.2607 (4)	0.09650 (16)	0.0337 (6)
H6	0.2963	-0.3922	0.0583	0.040*
C7	0.16421 (16)	-0.0712 (4)	0.00023 (15)	0.0306 (6)
C8	0.15911 (17)	0.0761 (4)	-0.06802 (15)	0.0339 (6)
H8	0.1017	0.0727	-0.1100	0.041*
C9	0.08865 (17)	-0.2473 (4)	0.00101 (16)	0.0339 (6)
C10	0.23076 (17)	0.2420 (4)	-0.08639 (15)	0.0323 (6)
C11	0.32781 (18)	0.2055 (4)	-0.05820 (17)	0.0373 (6)
H11	0.3488	0.0719	-0.0236	0.045*
C12	0.39343 (19)	0.3591 (4)	-0.07955 (17)	0.0390 (6)
H12	0.4590	0.3313	-0.0602	0.047*
C13	0.36306 (18)	0.5541 (4)	-0.12935 (16)	0.0370 (6)
C14	0.26819 (18)	0.5965 (4)	-0.15954 (16)	0.0388 (6)
H14	0.2480	0.7306	-0.1941	0.047*
C15	0.20296 (18)	0.4382 (4)	-0.13813 (15)	0.0363 (6)
H15	0.1376	0.4644	-0.1594	0.044*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.0473 (4)	0.0393 (4)	0.0664 (5)	-0.0059 (3)	0.0232 (3)	0.0088 (4)
O1	0.0376 (11)	0.0454 (11)	0.0395 (10)	-0.0145 (9)	-0.0006 (8)	0.0038 (9)
O2	0.0481 (12)	0.0473 (12)	0.0414 (11)	-0.0173 (9)	0.0016 (8)	0.0092 (10)
C1	0.0326 (14)	0.0279 (13)	0.0315 (13)	-0.0053 (11)	0.0109 (11)	0.0003 (11)
C2	0.0369 (15)	0.0277 (14)	0.0361 (14)	-0.0018 (11)	0.0101 (12)	0.0001 (11)
C3	0.0445 (17)	0.0379 (15)	0.0346 (15)	-0.0090 (13)	0.0076 (13)	-0.0065 (12)
C4	0.0342 (15)	0.0536 (17)	0.0336 (14)	-0.0064 (13)	0.0052 (12)	0.0052 (14)
C5	0.0358 (16)	0.0398 (15)	0.0465 (16)	0.0048 (13)	0.0130 (13)	0.0108 (14)
C6	0.0370 (15)	0.0295 (13)	0.0365 (14)	-0.0043 (12)	0.0118 (12)	-0.0020 (12)
C7	0.0293 (14)	0.0312 (14)	0.0315 (13)	-0.0035 (11)	0.0063 (11)	-0.0043 (12)
C8	0.0320 (15)	0.0350 (14)	0.0345 (14)	-0.0015 (11)	0.0053 (11)	-0.0045 (12)
C9	0.0332 (14)	0.0351 (14)	0.0329 (14)	-0.0051 (12)	0.0052 (11)	-0.0046 (13)
C10	0.0383 (15)	0.0309 (13)	0.0287 (13)	-0.0054 (12)	0.0091 (11)	-0.0039 (11)
C11	0.0404 (16)	0.0316 (15)	0.0423 (15)	0.0012 (11)	0.0141 (12)	0.0038 (11)
C12	0.0360 (16)	0.0362 (14)	0.0472 (16)	-0.0005 (12)	0.0143 (12)	0.0036 (13)
C13	0.0440 (17)	0.0283 (13)	0.0425 (15)	-0.0059 (12)	0.0178 (12)	-0.0019 (12)
C14	0.0455 (18)	0.0338 (15)	0.0401 (14)	0.0008 (12)	0.0157 (13)	0.0052 (12)
C15	0.0369 (15)	0.0389 (15)	0.0339 (14)	0.0030 (12)	0.0090 (11)	-0.0002 (12)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

C11—C13	1.742 (3)	C6—H6	0.9500
O1—C9	1.316 (3)	C7—C8	1.340 (3)
O1—H1	0.8400	C7—C9	1.486 (3)
O2—C9	1.230 (3)	C8—C10	1.469 (3)
C1—C6	1.386 (3)	C8—H8	0.9500
C1—C2	1.396 (3)	C10—C15	1.393 (4)
C1—C7	1.494 (3)	C10—C11	1.400 (4)
C2—C3	1.382 (3)	C11—C12	1.376 (4)
C2—H2	0.9500	C11—H11	0.9500
C3—C4	1.387 (4)	C12—C13	1.380 (4)
C3—H3	0.9500	C12—H12	0.9500
C4—C5	1.375 (4)	C13—C14	1.381 (3)
C4—H4	0.9500	C14—C15	1.390 (4)
C5—C6	1.387 (4)	C14—H14	0.9500
C5—H5	0.9500	C15—H15	0.9500
C9—O1—H1	109.5	C7—C8—H8	115.8
C6—C1—C2	119.2 (2)	C10—C8—H8	115.8
C6—C1—C7	121.4 (2)	O2—C9—O1	122.5 (2)
C2—C1—C7	119.4 (2)	O2—C9—C7	121.7 (2)
C3—C2—C1	120.5 (2)	O1—C9—C7	115.8 (2)
C3—C2—H2	119.8	C15—C10—C11	117.5 (2)
C1—C2—H2	119.8	C15—C10—C8	119.7 (2)
C2—C3—C4	119.7 (2)	C11—C10—C8	122.7 (2)

C2—C3—H3	120.1	C12—C11—C10	121.4 (2)
C4—C3—H3	120.1	C12—C11—H11	119.3
C5—C4—C3	120.1 (2)	C10—C11—H11	119.3
C5—C4—H4	120.0	C11—C12—C13	119.4 (3)
C3—C4—H4	120.0	C11—C12—H12	120.3
C4—C5—C6	120.5 (2)	C13—C12—H12	120.3
C4—C5—H5	119.7	C14—C13—C12	121.4 (2)
C6—C5—H5	119.7	C14—C13—C11	119.59 (19)
C1—C6—C5	120.0 (2)	C12—C13—C11	119.0 (2)
C1—C6—H6	120.0	C13—C14—C15	118.4 (2)
C5—C6—H6	120.0	C13—C14—H14	120.8
C8—C7—C9	120.1 (2)	C15—C14—H14	120.8
C8—C7—C1	124.6 (2)	C10—C15—C14	121.9 (2)
C9—C7—C1	115.3 (2)	C10—C15—H15	119.1
C7—C8—C10	128.4 (2)	C14—C15—H15	119.1
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.2 (3)	C1—C7—C9—O2	-3.6 (3)
C7—C1—C2—C3	179.7 (2)	C8—C7—C9—O1	-1.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.2 (4)	C1—C7—C9—O1	178.0 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.2 (4)	C7—C8—C10—C15	-155.2 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.0 (4)	C7—C8—C10—C11	28.7 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.4 (3)	C15—C10—C11—C12	1.0 (3)
C7—C1—C6—C5	179.0 (2)	C8—C10—C11—C12	177.2 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.3 (4)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.4 (4)
C6—C1—C7—C8	-113.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-1.1 (4)
C2—C1—C7—C8	66.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C11	178.89 (19)
C6—C1—C7—C9	66.6 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.4 (4)
C2—C1—C7—C9	-113.0 (3)	C11—C13—C14—C15	-179.57 (18)
C9—C7—C8—C10	-172.1 (2)	C11—C10—C15—C14	-1.7 (3)
C1—C7—C8—C10	8.1 (4)	C8—C10—C15—C14	-178.1 (2)
C8—C7—C9—O2	176.7 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C10	1.0 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O1—H1...O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.84	1.82	2.658 (3)	177

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y-1, -z.