

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3,5-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole monohydrate

Hai-Ying Wang, Jian-Ping Ma, Ru-Qi Huang and Yu-Bin Dong*

College of Chemistry, Chemical Engineering and Materials Science, Shandong Normal University, Jinan 250014, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: yubindong@sdu.edu.cn

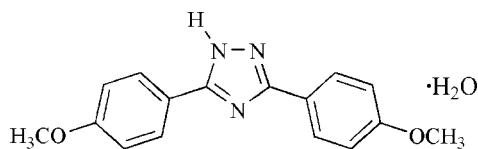
Received 24 April 2009; accepted 5 May 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.052; wR factor = 0.134; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, the two benzene rings and the triazole ring lie almost in the same plane, the triazole ring forming dihedral angles of 5.07 (9) and 5.80 (8)° with the benzene rings. In the crystal, there are three relatively strong intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$ and $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, which lead to the formation of a one-dimensional double chain running parallel to the a axis. Weak $\pi-\pi$ interactions between the benzene rings of neighboring chains with a centroid-centroid distance of 3.893 (4) Å result in the formation of layers parallel to the ac plane.

Related literature

For the biological activity and pharmaceutical applications of compounds containing triazole subunits, see: Chai *et al.* (2009); Nadkarni *et al.* (2001); Zhan & Lou (2007). For triazole ring bond-length data, see; Claramunt *et al.* (2001); Zhou *et al.* (2001); John (1998).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 299.33$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.9948$ (18) Å

$b = 11.125$ (3) Å
 $c = 11.184$ (3) Å
 $\alpha = 110.603$ (4)°
 $\beta = 107.932$ (3)°

$\gamma = 95.690$ (4)°
 $V = 753.8$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: none
3854 measured reflections

2651 independent reflections
1993 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.134$
 $S = 1.05$
2651 reflections

201 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{O3}-\text{H3A} \cdots \text{N1}$	0.97	1.96	2.902 (2)	164
$\text{N2}-\text{H2} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	1.90	2.753 (2)	170
$\text{O3}-\text{H3B} \cdots \text{N3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.96	1.97	2.885 (2)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors thank the National Natural Science Foundation of China (grant Nos. 20871076 and 20671060), the PhD Programs Foundation of the Ministry of Education of China (grant No. 200804450001) and the Shandong Natural Science Foundation (grant No. JQ200803) for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZL2201).

References

- Bruker (2000). *SMART* and *SAINTE*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Chai, X.-Y., Zhang, J., Yu, S.-C., Hu, H.-G., Zou, Y., Zhao, Q.-J., Dan, Z.-G., Zhang, D.-Z. & Wu, Q.-Y. (2009). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **19**, 1811–1814.
- Claramunt, R. M., Lopez, C., Angeles, G. M., Dolores, O. M., Rosario, T. M., Pinilla, E., Alarcon, S. H., Alkorta, I. & Elguero, J. (2001). *New J. Chem.* **25**, 1061–1068.
- John, A. D. (1998). *Lang's Handbook of Chemistry*, Vol. 4, pp. 39–41. New York: McGraw-Hill.
- Nadkarni, B. A., Kamat, V. R. & Khadse, B. G. (2001). *Arzneim. Forsch.* **51**, 569–573.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Zhan, T.-R. & Lou, H.-X. (2007). *Carbohydr. Res.* **342**, 865–869.
- Zhou, X. J., Kovalev, E. G., Klug, J. T. & Khodorkovsky, V. (2001). *Org. Lett.* **3**, 1725–1727.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o1260 [doi:10.1107/S160053680901695X]

3,5-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole monohydrate

Hai-Ying Wang, Jian-Ping Ma, Ru-Qi Huang and Yu-Bin Dong

S1. Comment

During the past decades, compounds containing triazole subunits have been intensively studied due to their diverse biological activities, such as antibacterial, antitumor, *etc.* and have become a central focus in the study of agricultural and medicinal chemicals (Chai *et al.*, 2009; Nadkarni *et al.*, 2001; Zhan *et al.*, 2007). In a search for more effective antibacterial compounds, we have synthesized the title compound and determined its structure.

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The two benzene rings and the triazole ring almost lie in the same plane. The corresponding dihedral angles of each benzene ring with the triazole ring are 5.07 (9)° (between C2–C7 and N1–N3/C8/C9) and 5.80 (8)° (between N1–N3/C8/C9 and C10–C15), respectively. The bond lengths of the triazole ring are very similar to other 1*H*-1,2,4-triazole derivatives (Claramunt *et al.*, 2001; Zhou *et al.*, 2001). C8–N3 (1.365 (2) Å) and N1–N2 (1.359 (2) Å) are typical for carbon-nitrogen single bonds and nitrogen-nitrogen single bonds, and C8–N1 (1.323 (2) Å) and C9–N3 (1.330 (2) Å) correspond to typical carbon-nitrogen double bonds (John, 1998). C9–N2 (1.333 (2) Å) is a carbon-nitrogen single bond, but the bond length is markedly shorter than usual carbon-nitrogen single bonds and close to a double bond due to its conjugation with the C9–N3 double bond.

The packing of the molecules in the crystal structure is stabilized through N–H⋯O, O–H⋯O and π – π interactions. Water molecules act both as hydrogen-acceptor and as hydrogen-donor which leads to the formation of a one dimensional double chain running parallel to the *a* axis (Fig. 2, Table 1). The ring made up of C10 to C15 (with the centroid *Cg*1) is parallel to its symmetry related counterpart with a *Cg*1⋯*Cg*1ⁱⁱⁱ distance of 3.893 (4) Å [symmetry code: (iii)–*x*, –*y*, –*z*]. Adjacent chains are linked *via* these intermolecular π – π interactions between the *Cg*1 rings to form a two-dimensional layer parallel to the *ac* plane (Fig. 3).

S2. Experimental

A mixture of 4-methoxyphenylmethylenemalononitrile (20 mmol), hydrazine dihydrochloride (20 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (60 mmol) in ethylene glycol (10 ml) was heated to 403 K with stirring for 3–4 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 ml). The precipitate was filtered, washed with water, dried and purified by column chromatography on silica gel using CH₂Cl₂ as the eluent to afford a white solid after evaporation of the solvent. The white solid was dissolved in ethanol and colourless crystals of the title compound were obtained on slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms attached to carbon were placed in geometrically idealized positions (*C*_{arene}–H = 0.93 Å, *C*_{methyl}–H = 0.96 Å) and refined using a riding model with isotropic displacement parameters *U*_{iso} = 1.2 (1.5 for methyl groups) *U*_{eq}(C). The H atoms attached to N and O atoms were located by Fourier difference synthesis and refined using a riding model with isotropic displacement parameters of *U*_{iso} = 1.2 *U*_{eq}(N) and *U*_{iso} = 1.5 *U*_{eq}(O).

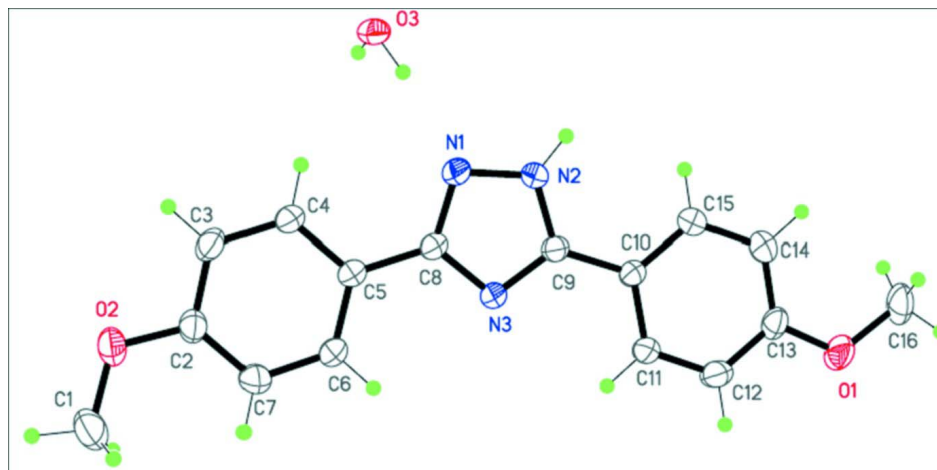


Figure 1

The molecular structure, with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

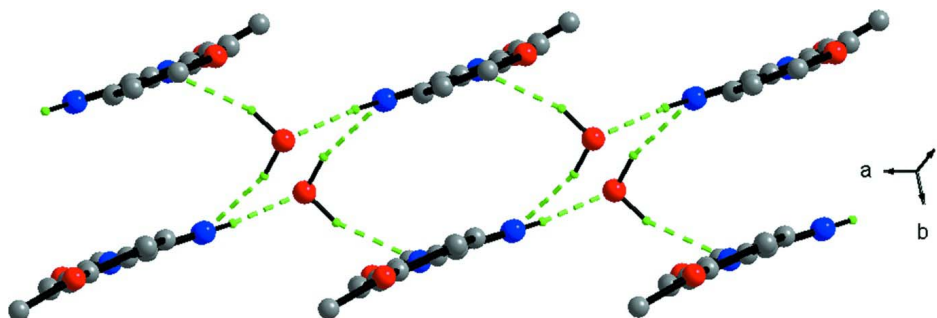


Figure 2

View of a one dimensional double chain of the title structure. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

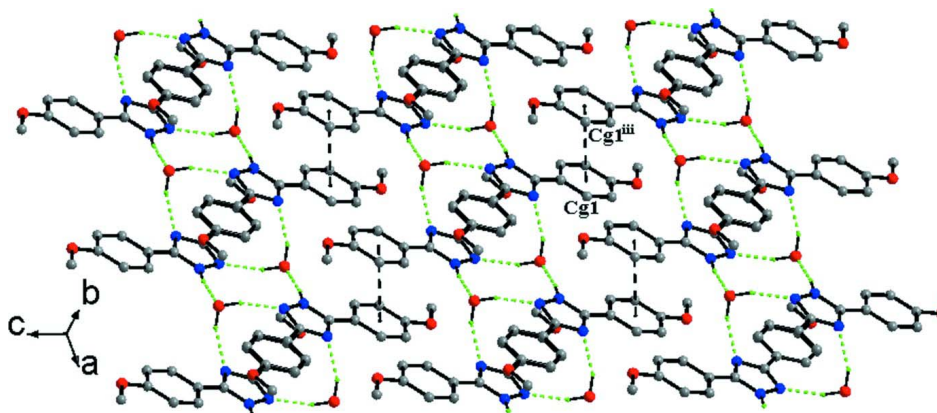


Figure 3

The crystal packing of the title compound *via* weak π — π interactions. The distance of centroids is 3.893 (4) Å (Dashed lines: hydrogen bonds; broken lines: π — π interactions.) [symmetry code: (iii) $-x, -y, -z$].

3,5-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazole monohydrate

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{15}N_3O_2 \cdot H_2O$
 $M_r = 299.33$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$
 $a = 6.9948\ (18)\ \text{\AA}$
 $b = 11.125\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$
 $c = 11.184\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$
 $\alpha = 110.603\ (4)^\circ$
 $\beta = 107.932\ (3)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 95.690\ (4)^\circ$
 $V = 753.8\ (3)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 316$
 $D_x = 1.319\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$
 Cell parameters from 1120 reflections
 $\theta = 2.2\text{--}24.0^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.09\ \text{mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 298\ \text{K}$
 Block, colourless
 $0.40 \times 0.20 \times 0.19\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 phi and ω scans
 3854 measured reflections
 2651 independent reflections

1993 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$
 $h = -4 \rightarrow 8$
 $k = -13 \rightarrow 11$
 $l = -12 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.134$
 $S = 1.05$
 2651 reflections
 201 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0708P)^2 + 0.0124P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	1.3626 (4)	0.5268 (3)	0.8502 (3)	0.0831 (8)
H1A	1.4171	0.4539	0.8091	0.125*
H1B	1.4672	0.5887	0.9349	0.125*
H1C	1.3199	0.5696	0.7886	0.125*

C2	1.0219 (3)	0.3942 (2)	0.7668 (2)	0.0493 (5)
C3	0.8500 (3)	0.3622 (2)	0.7965 (2)	0.0506 (5)
H3	0.8550	0.3978	0.8864	0.061*
C4	0.6729 (3)	0.27787 (19)	0.6928 (2)	0.0447 (5)
H4	0.5585	0.2571	0.7137	0.054*
C5	0.6599 (3)	0.22255 (18)	0.55736 (19)	0.0394 (5)
C6	0.8338 (3)	0.2549 (2)	0.5307 (2)	0.0524 (6)
H6	0.8292	0.2193	0.4409	0.063*
C7	1.0141 (3)	0.3388 (2)	0.6341 (2)	0.0578 (6)
H7	1.1300	0.3576	0.6138	0.069*
C8	0.4703 (3)	0.13404 (18)	0.44671 (18)	0.0368 (4)
C9	0.2616 (3)	0.00131 (18)	0.24816 (19)	0.0379 (5)
C10	0.1682 (3)	-0.08505 (18)	0.10190 (19)	0.0393 (5)
C11	0.2847 (3)	-0.0918 (2)	0.0197 (2)	0.0519 (6)
H11	0.4199	-0.0417	0.0587	0.062*
C12	0.2030 (3)	-0.1712 (2)	-0.1177 (2)	0.0598 (6)
H12	0.2828	-0.1741	-0.1711	0.072*
C13	0.0040 (3)	-0.2468 (2)	-0.1776 (2)	0.0503 (5)
C14	-0.1137 (3)	-0.2420 (2)	-0.0979 (2)	0.0539 (6)
H14	-0.2481	-0.2932	-0.1372	0.065*
C15	-0.0313 (3)	-0.1610 (2)	0.0403 (2)	0.0499 (5)
H15	-0.1121	-0.1576	0.0932	0.060*
C16	-0.2664 (4)	-0.4015 (2)	-0.3827 (2)	0.0745 (8)
H16A	-0.2851	-0.4629	-0.3425	0.112*
H16B	-0.2915	-0.4491	-0.4783	0.112*
H16C	-0.3617	-0.3455	-0.3735	0.112*
N1	0.2943 (2)	0.10899 (16)	0.46420 (16)	0.0437 (4)
N2	0.1636 (2)	0.02456 (16)	0.33612 (16)	0.0424 (4)
H2	0.0354	-0.0092	0.3148	0.051*
N3	0.4569 (2)	0.06990 (15)	0.31449 (15)	0.0404 (4)
O1	-0.0613 (2)	-0.32325 (16)	-0.31464 (15)	0.0726 (5)
O2	1.1911 (2)	0.48023 (16)	0.87639 (15)	0.0693 (5)
O3	0.2326 (2)	0.08148 (15)	0.69915 (14)	0.0540 (4)
H3A	0.2339	0.1008	0.6215	0.100*
H3B	0.3314	0.0294	0.7142	0.100*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0486 (14)	0.087 (2)	0.079 (2)	-0.0039 (13)	0.0166 (13)	0.0062 (16)
C2	0.0446 (12)	0.0498 (13)	0.0414 (12)	0.0095 (10)	0.0117 (10)	0.0088 (10)
C3	0.0611 (14)	0.0521 (13)	0.0338 (12)	0.0116 (10)	0.0194 (10)	0.0106 (10)
C4	0.0481 (12)	0.0474 (12)	0.0392 (12)	0.0092 (9)	0.0215 (9)	0.0139 (10)
C5	0.0434 (11)	0.0407 (11)	0.0372 (11)	0.0122 (9)	0.0182 (9)	0.0157 (9)
C6	0.0494 (13)	0.0623 (14)	0.0362 (12)	0.0052 (10)	0.0205 (10)	0.0075 (10)
C7	0.0457 (12)	0.0662 (15)	0.0519 (14)	0.0043 (11)	0.0238 (11)	0.0103 (12)
C8	0.0401 (10)	0.0403 (11)	0.0340 (11)	0.0121 (8)	0.0173 (8)	0.0157 (9)
C9	0.0373 (10)	0.0439 (11)	0.0381 (11)	0.0114 (9)	0.0175 (9)	0.0191 (10)

C10	0.0417 (11)	0.0419 (11)	0.0351 (11)	0.0075 (9)	0.0147 (9)	0.0166 (9)
C11	0.0477 (12)	0.0585 (14)	0.0380 (12)	-0.0078 (10)	0.0166 (10)	0.0109 (11)
C12	0.0638 (15)	0.0636 (15)	0.0438 (13)	-0.0072 (12)	0.0258 (11)	0.0130 (12)
C13	0.0615 (14)	0.0427 (12)	0.0346 (12)	0.0000 (10)	0.0095 (10)	0.0123 (10)
C14	0.0437 (12)	0.0563 (14)	0.0495 (14)	-0.0016 (10)	0.0101 (10)	0.0170 (11)
C15	0.0397 (11)	0.0608 (14)	0.0475 (13)	0.0072 (10)	0.0173 (10)	0.0202 (11)
C16	0.0777 (17)	0.0606 (16)	0.0490 (15)	-0.0158 (13)	-0.0073 (12)	0.0160 (13)
N1	0.0420 (9)	0.0526 (10)	0.0366 (10)	0.0123 (8)	0.0178 (8)	0.0148 (8)
N2	0.0329 (8)	0.0539 (10)	0.0385 (10)	0.0071 (7)	0.0147 (7)	0.0160 (8)
N3	0.0370 (9)	0.0472 (10)	0.0338 (9)	0.0064 (7)	0.0148 (7)	0.0124 (8)
O1	0.0834 (12)	0.0678 (11)	0.0387 (10)	-0.0165 (9)	0.0129 (8)	0.0074 (8)
O2	0.0503 (9)	0.0764 (12)	0.0499 (10)	-0.0021 (8)	0.0085 (7)	0.0033 (9)
O3	0.0439 (8)	0.0746 (10)	0.0513 (9)	0.0170 (7)	0.0265 (7)	0.0255 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—O2	1.412 (3)	C9—C10	1.462 (3)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C10—C15	1.379 (3)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C10—C11	1.393 (3)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C11—C12	1.368 (3)
C2—O2	1.370 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C7	1.373 (3)	C12—C13	1.375 (3)
C2—C3	1.389 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—C4	1.370 (3)	C13—O1	1.362 (2)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—C14	1.380 (3)
C4—C5	1.390 (3)	C14—C15	1.379 (3)
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C5—C6	1.381 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300
C5—C8	1.461 (3)	C16—O1	1.418 (3)
C6—C7	1.381 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C16—H16B	0.9600
C7—H7	0.9300	C16—H16C	0.9600
C8—N1	1.323 (2)	N1—N2	1.359 (2)
C8—N3	1.365 (2)	N2—H2	0.8600
C9—N3	1.330 (2)	O3—H3A	0.9678
C9—N2	1.333 (2)	O3—H3B	0.9583
O2—C1—H1A	109.5	C15—C10—C9	123.15 (18)
O2—C1—H1B	109.5	C11—C10—C9	119.01 (17)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C12—C11—C10	120.85 (18)
O2—C1—H1C	109.5	C12—C11—H11	119.6
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C10—C11—H11	119.6
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C11—C12—C13	120.7 (2)
O2—C2—C7	124.66 (19)	C11—C12—H12	119.7
O2—C2—C3	115.73 (19)	C13—C12—H12	119.7
C7—C2—C3	119.61 (19)	O1—C13—C12	115.9 (2)
C4—C3—C2	119.73 (19)	O1—C13—C14	124.71 (19)
C4—C3—H3	120.1	C12—C13—C14	119.4 (2)

C2—C3—H3	120.1	C15—C14—C13	119.77 (19)
C3—C4—C5	121.72 (19)	C15—C14—H14	120.1
C3—C4—H4	119.1	C13—C14—H14	120.1
C5—C4—H4	119.1	C10—C15—C14	121.47 (19)
C6—C5—C4	117.40 (18)	C10—C15—H15	119.3
C6—C5—C8	120.93 (17)	C14—C15—H15	119.3
C4—C5—C8	121.67 (17)	O1—C16—H16A	109.5
C7—C6—C5	121.7 (2)	O1—C16—H16B	109.5
C7—C6—H6	119.2	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.2	O1—C16—H16C	109.5
C2—C7—C6	119.84 (19)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C2—C7—H7	120.1	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C6—C7—H7	120.1	C8—N1—N2	102.97 (15)
N1—C8—N3	113.34 (16)	C9—N2—N1	110.53 (15)
N1—C8—C5	123.47 (16)	C9—N2—H2	124.7
N3—C8—C5	123.19 (16)	N1—N2—H2	124.7
N3—C9—N2	109.15 (17)	C9—N3—C8	104.00 (15)
N3—C9—C10	125.62 (17)	C13—O1—C16	118.50 (18)
N2—C9—C10	125.23 (17)	C2—O2—C1	118.09 (18)
C15—C10—C11	117.84 (18)	H3A—O3—H3B	107.8
O2—C2—C3—C4	179.32 (17)	C11—C12—C13—O1	-179.37 (19)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-1.4 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.1 (3)	O1—C13—C14—C15	179.8 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.5 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.4 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C8	-179.20 (17)	C11—C10—C15—C14	0.4 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.1 (3)	C9—C10—C15—C14	-179.59 (18)
C8—C5—C6—C7	179.80 (18)	C13—C14—C15—C10	-0.7 (3)
O2—C2—C7—C6	-178.80 (19)	N3—C8—N1—N2	0.0 (2)
C3—C2—C7—C6	2.0 (3)	C5—C8—N1—N2	179.44 (16)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-1.3 (3)	N3—C9—N2—N1	-0.6 (2)
C6—C5—C8—N1	-173.76 (19)	C10—C9—N2—N1	179.86 (16)
C4—C5—C8—N1	6.0 (3)	C8—N1—N2—C9	0.35 (19)
C6—C5—C8—N3	5.6 (3)	N2—C9—N3—C8	0.6 (2)
C4—C5—C8—N3	-174.69 (17)	C10—C9—N3—C8	-179.88 (17)
N3—C9—C10—C15	175.33 (18)	N1—C8—N3—C9	-0.4 (2)
N2—C9—C10—C15	-5.2 (3)	C5—C8—N3—C9	-179.81 (16)
N3—C9—C10—C11	-4.6 (3)	C12—C13—O1—C16	-178.8 (2)
N2—C9—C10—C11	174.80 (18)	C14—C13—O1—C16	1.8 (3)
C15—C10—C11—C12	0.1 (3)	C7—C2—O2—C1	7.2 (3)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-179.88 (19)	C3—C2—O2—C1	-173.6 (2)
C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.4 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O3—H3A...N1	0.97	1.96	2.902 (2)	164

N2—H2···O3 ⁱ	0.86	1.90	2.753 (2)	170
O3—H3B···N3 ⁱⁱ	0.96	1.97	2.885 (2)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.