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## 3-(3-Chloroanilino)-1-(3,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)propan-1-one

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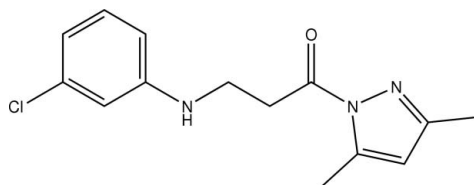
Received 29 April 2009; accepted 30 April 2009

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 173$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.031;  $wR$  factor = 0.086; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

In the molecule of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}$ , the benzene and pyrazole rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of  $3.50$  (3)°. In the crystal structure, intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains. A  $\pi-\pi$  contact between the benzene and pyrazole rings [centroid-centroid distance =  $3.820$  (3) Å] may further stabilize the structure.

## Related literature

For general background to 1,3,5-trisubstituted pyrazoles, see: Elguero & Goya (2002). The pyrazole chemotype is the structural motif of several highly potent inhibitors against coagulation factor Xa, see: Penning & Talley (1997); Eriksson & Quinlan (2006); Escolar *et al.* (2006). Pyrazole 3-carboxylates have been identified as selective antagonist subtype 1PGE2 receptors (Akarca, 2005) and pyrazole-based materials have been used as co-polymers for electroluminescent applications (Mella & Fagnoni, 1997). For the synthesis, see: Saeed & Mumtaz (2008). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}$ 
 $M_r = 277.75$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 14.5389$  (8) Å  
 $b = 7.8731$  (6) Å  
 $c = 12.1411$  (7) Å  
 $\beta = 102.566$  (5)°  
 $V = 1356.46$  (15) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.28$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 173$  K  
 $0.35 \times 0.33 \times 0.33$  mm

## Data collection

Stoe IPDS II two-circle diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (MULABS; Blessing, 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.909$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.914$

8907 measured reflections  
 2528 independent reflections  
 2192 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.086$   
 $S = 1.06$   
 2528 reflections  
 179 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.828 (18)	2.293 (19)	3.1101 (15)	169.1 (16)

 Symmetry code: (i)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ 

Data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2001); cell refinement: *X-RED* (Stoe & Cie, 2001); data reduction: *X-RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2680).

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## supporting information

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## 3-(3-Chloroanilino)-1-(3,5-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)propan-1-one

Aamer Saeed, Shahid Hussain and Michael Bolte

### S1. Comment

1,3,5-Trisubstituted pyrazoles are synthetic targets of paramount significance in the pharmacological industry, in view of the fact that such a heterocyclic moiety represents the core structure of numerous drugs including the widely prescribed Celebrex and Viagra (Elguero & Goya, 2002). Pyrazole chemotype is structural motif of several highly potent inhibitors against coagulation factor Xa (Penning & Talley, 1997) among them Rivaroxaban (Eriksson & Quinlan, 2006) and Apixaban (Escolar *et al.*, 2006) were selected for clinical development for the prevention and treatment of thrombotic diseases. Pyrazole 3-carboxylates were also identified as selective antagonist subtype 1PGE2 receptors (Akarca, 2005). The pyrazole-based materials have been used as co-polymers for electroluminescent applications (Mella & Fagnoni, 1997). We report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Rings A (C11-C16) and B (N21/N22/C23-C25) are, of course, planar, and they are oriented at a dihedral angle of A/B = 3.50 (3)°.

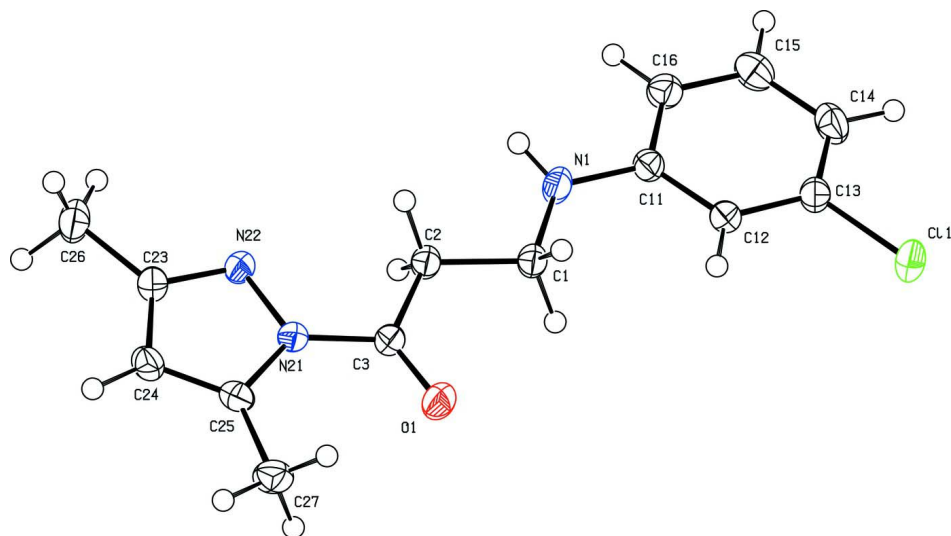
In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules into chains (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure. The  $\pi$ - $\pi$  contact between the phenyl ring and the pyrazole ring, Cg1—Cg2<sup>i</sup> [symmetry code: (i) 1 - x, 1 - y, -z, where Cg1 and Cg2 are centroids of the rings A (C11-C16) and B (N21/N22/C23-C25), respectively] may further stabilize the structure, with centroid-centroid distance of 3.820 (3) Å.

### S2. Experimental

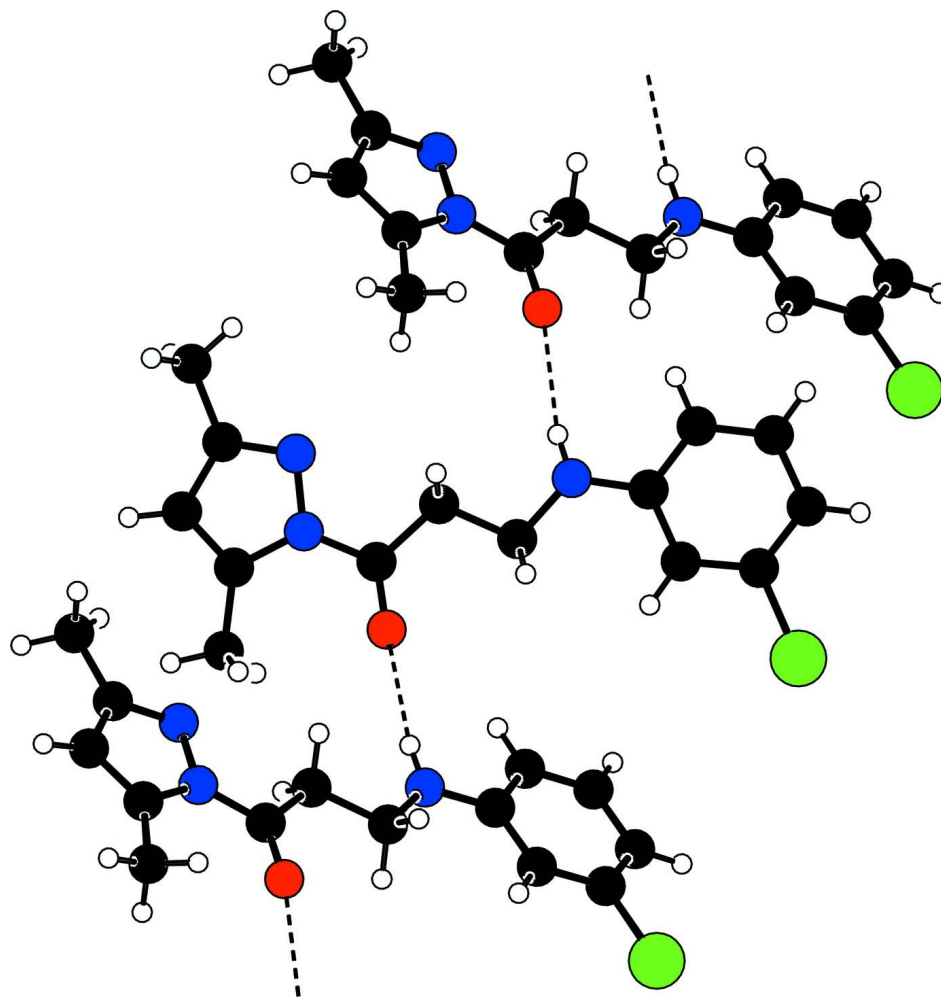
The title compound was prepared by cyclocondensation of pentane-2,4-dione with corresponding 3-(3-Chlorophenyl-amino) propionohydrazide according to a method reported earlier (Saeed & Mumtaz, 2008). Recrystallization from methanol afforded the title compound (yield; 81%). Anal. calcd. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O: C, 60.54; H, 5.81; N, 15.13%; found: C, 60.51; H, 5.83; N, 15.07%.

### S3. Refinement

H atom of NH group was located in difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically with C-H = 0.95, 0.99 and 0.98 Å, for aromatic, methylene and methyl H atoms, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = xU<sub>eq</sub>(C), where x = 1.5 for methyl H and x = 1.2 for all other H atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.



**Figure 2**

A partial packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

### 3-(3-Chloroanilino)-1-(3,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)propan-1-one

#### Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{16}ClN_3O$

$M_r = 277.75$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 14.5389$  (8) Å

$b = 7.8731$  (6) Å

$c = 12.1411$  (7) Å

$\beta = 102.566$  (5)°

$V = 1356.46$  (15) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 584$

$D_x = 1.360$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 8296 reflections

$\theta = 3.5$ – $25.9$ °

$\mu = 0.28$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 173$  K

Block, orange

$0.35 \times 0.33 \times 0.33$  mm

#### Data collection

Stoe IPDS II two-circle

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

#### $\omega$ scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*MULABS*; Blessing, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.909$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.914$

8907 measured reflections  
 2528 independent reflections  
 2192 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.034$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.6^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.4^\circ$   
 $h = -17 \rightarrow 16$   
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 8$   
 $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.086$   
 $S = 1.06$   
 2528 reflections  
 179 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
 and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0525P)^2 + 0.155P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,  
 2008),  $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
 Extinction coefficient: 0.0118 (15)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.09245 (2)	0.19275 (5)	0.40578 (3)	0.03790 (14)
O1	0.56854 (7)	0.37061 (15)	0.32982 (8)	0.0338 (3)
N1	0.44533 (8)	0.16939 (17)	0.58746 (10)	0.0303 (3)
H1	0.4841 (13)	0.165 (2)	0.6485 (15)	0.035 (4)*
C1	0.47221 (8)	0.24939 (17)	0.49191 (10)	0.0230 (3)
H1A	0.4458	0.3656	0.4810	0.028*
H1B	0.4478	0.1831	0.4224	0.028*
C2	0.57897 (9)	0.25608 (17)	0.51596 (10)	0.0224 (3)
H2A	0.6019	0.3236	0.5853	0.027*
H2B	0.6041	0.1394	0.5304	0.027*
C3	0.61688 (9)	0.33260 (16)	0.42090 (10)	0.0218 (3)
C11	0.35323 (9)	0.13937 (17)	0.59318 (10)	0.0224 (3)
C12	0.27731 (9)	0.18284 (17)	0.50608 (10)	0.0232 (3)
H12	0.2873	0.2407	0.4410	0.028*
C13	0.18671 (9)	0.13994 (18)	0.51620 (11)	0.0261 (3)
C14	0.16813 (10)	0.0571 (2)	0.60922 (12)	0.0319 (3)
H14	0.1056	0.0281	0.6135	0.038*
C15	0.24443 (10)	0.01754 (19)	0.69646 (12)	0.0321 (3)
H15	0.2337	-0.0378	0.7620	0.039*

C16	0.33520 (10)	0.05718 (18)	0.68943 (11)	0.0270 (3)
H16	0.3862	0.0289	0.7500	0.032*
N21	0.71440 (8)	0.35624 (14)	0.44523 (8)	0.0211 (2)
N22	0.76632 (8)	0.30431 (14)	0.54929 (9)	0.0234 (2)
C23	0.85436 (9)	0.33838 (17)	0.54618 (11)	0.0252 (3)
C24	0.86089 (9)	0.41270 (18)	0.44162 (11)	0.0261 (3)
H24	0.9170	0.4479	0.4201	0.031*
C25	0.77205 (9)	0.42387 (16)	0.37845 (10)	0.0228 (3)
C26	0.93179 (10)	0.3031 (2)	0.64623 (13)	0.0374 (4)
H26A	0.9551	0.4104	0.6828	0.056*
H26B	0.9833	0.2441	0.6219	0.056*
H26C	0.9078	0.2315	0.6998	0.056*
C27	0.73737 (10)	0.49322 (19)	0.26314 (11)	0.0310 (3)
H27A	0.7888	0.5528	0.2390	0.046*
H27B	0.6855	0.5726	0.2636	0.046*
H27C	0.7149	0.3999	0.2107	0.046*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.01956 (19)	0.0532 (3)	0.0377 (2)	0.00375 (15)	-0.00099 (14)	-0.00656 (16)
O1	0.0241 (5)	0.0519 (7)	0.0233 (5)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0006 (4)	0.0057 (4)
N1	0.0177 (6)	0.0487 (8)	0.0228 (6)	-0.0042 (5)	0.0009 (5)	0.0071 (5)
C1	0.0182 (6)	0.0276 (7)	0.0228 (6)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0033 (5)	0.0014 (5)
C2	0.0181 (6)	0.0255 (7)	0.0227 (6)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0029 (5)	0.0007 (5)
C3	0.0197 (6)	0.0242 (7)	0.0209 (6)	0.0003 (5)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0023 (5)
C11	0.0203 (6)	0.0229 (6)	0.0243 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0056 (5)	-0.0041 (5)
C12	0.0211 (6)	0.0259 (7)	0.0229 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0055 (5)	-0.0026 (5)
C13	0.0194 (6)	0.0290 (7)	0.0292 (6)	0.0005 (5)	0.0038 (5)	-0.0078 (5)
C14	0.0234 (7)	0.0352 (8)	0.0401 (8)	-0.0051 (6)	0.0135 (6)	-0.0043 (6)
C15	0.0331 (8)	0.0337 (8)	0.0328 (7)	-0.0028 (6)	0.0145 (6)	0.0030 (6)
C16	0.0274 (7)	0.0286 (7)	0.0250 (6)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0058 (5)	0.0015 (5)
N21	0.0197 (5)	0.0255 (6)	0.0183 (5)	-0.0011 (4)	0.0044 (4)	0.0000 (4)
N22	0.0195 (5)	0.0299 (6)	0.0199 (5)	0.0003 (5)	0.0021 (4)	0.0019 (4)
C23	0.0193 (6)	0.0296 (7)	0.0263 (6)	0.0005 (5)	0.0042 (5)	-0.0025 (5)
C24	0.0222 (6)	0.0303 (7)	0.0279 (7)	-0.0047 (6)	0.0102 (5)	-0.0028 (5)
C25	0.0261 (6)	0.0215 (6)	0.0231 (6)	-0.0031 (5)	0.0104 (5)	-0.0032 (5)
C26	0.0199 (7)	0.0555 (10)	0.0345 (8)	0.0007 (7)	0.0012 (6)	0.0059 (7)
C27	0.0347 (7)	0.0370 (8)	0.0226 (6)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0090 (6)	0.0028 (6)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C11—C13	1.7461 (14)	C14—H14	0.9500
O1—C3	1.2116 (16)	C15—C16	1.3767 (19)
N1—C11	1.3762 (17)	C15—H15	0.9500
N1—C1	1.4466 (16)	C16—H16	0.9500
N1—H1	0.828 (18)	N21—N22	1.3850 (15)
C1—C2	1.5165 (17)	N21—C25	1.3925 (16)

C1—H1A	0.9900	N22—C23	1.3164 (17)
C1—H1B	0.9900	C23—C24	1.4197 (18)
C2—C3	1.5085 (17)	C23—C26	1.4916 (19)
C2—H2A	0.9900	C24—C25	1.3540 (19)
C2—H2B	0.9900	C24—H24	0.9500
C3—N21	1.3964 (17)	C25—C27	1.4850 (18)
C11—C12	1.3950 (18)	C26—H26A	0.9800
C11—C16	1.4093 (18)	C26—H26B	0.9800
C12—C13	1.3909 (19)	C26—H26C	0.9800
C12—H12	0.9500	C27—H27A	0.9800
C13—C14	1.381 (2)	C27—H27B	0.9800
C14—C15	1.392 (2)	C27—H27C	0.9800
C11—N1—C1	123.43 (12)	C16—C15—H15	119.4
C11—N1—H1	115.4 (12)	C14—C15—H15	119.4
C1—N1—H1	119.0 (12)	C15—C16—C11	120.61 (13)
N1—C1—C2	107.73 (10)	C15—C16—H16	119.7
N1—C1—H1A	110.2	C11—C16—H16	119.7
C2—C1—H1A	110.2	N22—N21—C25	111.49 (10)
N1—C1—H1B	110.2	N22—N21—C3	118.72 (10)
C2—C1—H1B	110.2	C25—N21—C3	129.78 (11)
H1A—C1—H1B	108.5	C23—N22—N21	104.72 (10)
C3—C2—C1	113.30 (10)	N22—C23—C24	111.36 (11)
C3—C2—H2A	108.9	N22—C23—C26	120.32 (12)
C1—C2—H2A	108.9	C24—C23—C26	128.29 (12)
C3—C2—H2B	108.9	C25—C24—C23	106.98 (11)
C1—C2—H2B	108.9	C25—C24—H24	126.5
H2A—C2—H2B	107.7	C23—C24—H24	126.5
O1—C3—N21	121.39 (11)	C24—C25—N21	105.44 (11)
O1—C3—C2	124.12 (12)	C24—C25—C27	130.10 (12)
N21—C3—C2	114.49 (10)	N21—C25—C27	124.45 (12)
N1—C11—C12	122.53 (12)	C23—C26—H26A	109.5
N1—C11—C16	118.64 (12)	C23—C26—H26B	109.5
C12—C11—C16	118.81 (12)	H26A—C26—H26B	109.5
C13—C12—C11	118.80 (12)	C23—C26—H26C	109.5
C13—C12—H12	120.6	H26A—C26—H26C	109.5
C11—C12—H12	120.6	H26B—C26—H26C	109.5
C14—C13—C12	122.99 (13)	C25—C27—H27A	109.5
C14—C13—C11	118.68 (11)	C25—C27—H27B	109.5
C12—C13—C11	118.33 (11)	H27A—C27—H27B	109.5
C13—C14—C15	117.55 (13)	C25—C27—H27C	109.5
C13—C14—H14	121.2	H27A—C27—H27C	109.5
C15—C14—H14	121.2	H27B—C27—H27C	109.5
C16—C15—C14	121.21 (13)		
C11—N1—C1—C2	-178.65 (12)	O1—C3—N21—N22	-177.55 (12)
N1—C1—C2—C3	178.34 (11)	C2—C3—N21—N22	1.99 (16)
C1—C2—C3—O1	-6.68 (19)	O1—C3—N21—C25	1.0 (2)

C1—C2—C3—N21	173.80 (11)	C2—C3—N21—C25	-179.47 (12)
C1—N1—C11—C12	0.5 (2)	C25—N21—N22—C23	-0.40 (14)
C1—N1—C11—C16	178.65 (13)	C3—N21—N22—C23	178.39 (11)
N1—C11—C12—C13	176.66 (12)	N21—N22—C23—C24	0.26 (15)
C16—C11—C12—C13	-1.49 (19)	N21—N22—C23—C26	178.52 (12)
C11—C12—C13—C14	0.5 (2)	N22—C23—C24—C25	-0.02 (16)
C11—C12—C13—C11	-179.22 (10)	C26—C23—C24—C25	-178.12 (14)
C12—C13—C14—C15	0.7 (2)	C23—C24—C25—N21	-0.22 (14)
C11—C13—C14—C15	-179.52 (11)	C23—C24—C25—C27	179.06 (13)
C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.0 (2)	N22—N21—C25—C24	0.39 (14)
C14—C15—C16—C11	0.0 (2)	C3—N21—C25—C24	-178.23 (12)
N1—C11—C16—C15	-176.98 (13)	N22—N21—C25—C27	-178.94 (12)
C12—C11—C16—C15	1.2 (2)	C3—N21—C25—C27	2.4 (2)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
N1—H1 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.828 (18)	2.293 (19)	3.1101 (15)	169.1 (16)

Symmetry code: (i) *x*, -*y*+1/2, *z*+1/2.