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trans-Diaquabis[(*E*)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one- $\kappa^2 N^1$,O]cobalt(II) dinitrate dihydrate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 291 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; *R* factor = 0.052; *wR* factor = 0.148; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.0.

In the title compound, $[Co(C_{10}H_{12}N_2O)_2(H_2O)_2](NO_3)_2$ ·2H₂O, the Co^{II} ion, located on an inversion center, is *trans*coordinated by two *N*,*O*-bidentate chelating (*E*)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one ligands and by two water molecules in a slightly distorted octahedral geometry. Intermolecular O-H···O hydrogen bonds link the cations, anions and water molecules into layers parallel to the *ac* plane. The crystal packing also exhibits weak intermolecular C-H···O hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For the crystal structures of related complexes, see: Hu & Tian (2007); Li et al. (2005); Yan et al. (2004).



3375 measured reflections 2342 independent reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.024$

180 parameters

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.50 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^-$

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.41 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

2109 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

H-atom parameters constrained

Experimental

Crystal data

[Co(C10H12N2O)2(H2O)2]- $\beta = 101.239 \ (4)^{\circ}$ $(NO_3)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ $\gamma = 108.467 \ (4)^{\circ}$ $M_r = 607.45$ V = 679.9 (3) Å³ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ Z = 1a = 7.8220 (19) Å Mo $K\alpha$ radiation b = 8.646 (2) Å $\mu = 0.70 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ c = 11.088 (3) Å T = 291 K $\alpha = 98.439 \ (4)^{\circ}$ $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2000) $T_{min} = 0.802, T_{max} = 0.876$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$ $wR(F^2) = 0.148$ S = 1.082342 reflections

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-{\rm H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$O4-H4B\cdots O6$	0.85	2.22	2.764 (4)	121
$O4-H4C\cdots O1^{i}$	0.85	2.11	2.909 (6)	156
$O4-H4C\cdots O2^{i}$	0.85	2.42	3.173 (5)	149
$O6-H6A\cdots O3^{ii}$	0.85	2.44	3.011 (5)	125
O6−H6C···O3	0.85	2.23	2.987 (6)	148
C1−H1···O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.40	3.161 (5)	138
$C4 - H4A \cdots O6^{iv}$	0.93	2.59	3.508 (4)	168
$C9-H9C\cdots O3^{v}$	0.96	2.53	3.351 (7)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) x - 1, y, z; (ii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1; (iii) -x, -y + 1, -z; (iv) x, y + 1, z; (v) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2560).

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trans-Diaquabis[(*E*)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2-en-1-one- $\kappa^2 N^1$,*O*]cobalt(II) dinitrate dihydrate

Jian-Hong Bi

S1. Comment

The rational design and synthesis of coordinated complexes derived from 2-[3-(dimethylamino)prop-2-enoyl] pyridine have been of increasing interest recently in chemical research (Hu & Tian, 2007; Li *et al.*, 2005; Yan *et al.*, 2004). Here we report a new monomeric cobalt(II) complex, *viz*.the title compound, $[Co(C_{10}H_{12}N_2O)_2(H_2O)_2](NO_3)_2(H_2O)_2$.

The coordination geometry of the Co(II) center is shown in Fig.1. The Co(II) center adopts an octahedral coordination geomtry, where two N atoms and two O atoms from two ligands are in the equatorial plane while the apical positions are occupied by two water molecules. The asymmetric unit of the title compound contains a half of the complex, one crystalline water molecule and one nitrate counter-anion. The coordinated water molecules, crystalline water molecules and nitrate anions are involved in the hydrogen bonding interactions (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

All solvents and chemicals were of analytical grade and were used without further purification. For the synthesis of title compoud, a solution of ligand (0.2 mmol) and $Co(NO_3)_2(0.1 \text{ mmol})$ in 50 ml me thanol was refluxed for 2 h, and then cooled to room temperature and filtered. Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were grown from the methanol solution by slow evaporation at room temperature in air. Anal. Calcd.for $C_{20}H_{32}CoN_6O_{12}$: C, 39.54; H, 5.31; N, 13.84. Found: C, 39.58; H,5.33; N, 13.79.

S3. Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were geomemetrically positioned (C—H 0.93–0.97 Å, O–H 0.85 Å) and refined as riding, with U_{iso} (H)=1.2–1.5 U_{eq} of the parent atom.



Figure 1

Molecular structure of the cation of the title compound, the anions and the free water molecules are omitted for clarity, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering [symmetry code: (A) -x, 1 - y, -z.

trans-Diaguabis[(*E*)-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(2-pyridyl)prop-2- en-1-one- $\kappa^2 N^1$,*O*]cobalt(II) dinitrate dihydrate

Crystal data

 $[Co(C_{10}H_{12}N_2O)_2(H_2O)_2](NO_3)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ Z = 1 $M_r = 607.45$ F(000) = 317Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ $D_{\rm x} = 1.483 {\rm Mg m^{-3}}$ Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 7.8220 (19) Åb = 8.646 (2) Å $\theta = 2.6 - 27.1^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.70 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ c = 11.088 (3) Å $\alpha = 98.439 \ (4)^{\circ}$ T = 291 K $\beta = 101.239 (4)^{\circ}$ Block, purple $\gamma = 108.467 (4)^{\circ}$ V = 679.9 (3) Å³ Data collection SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator $R_{\rm int} = 0.024$ φ and ω scan $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2000) $k = -6 \rightarrow 10$ $T_{\rm min} = 0.802, T_{\rm max} = 0.876$ $l = -13 \rightarrow 11$ Refinement Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full direct methods

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$ $wR(F^2) = 0.148$ S = 1.082342 reflections 180 parameters 0 restraints

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 2398 reflections $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm 3375 measured reflections 2342 independent reflections 2109 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\theta_{\rm max} = 25.0^\circ, \, \theta_{\rm min} = 2.6^\circ$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1051P)^2]$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.50 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.41 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.008$	

Special details

Experimental. The structure was solved by direct methods (Bruker, 2000) and successive difference Fourier syntheses. **Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Col	0.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0.0453 (2)
O4	-0.0719 (3)	0.4009 (3)	0.1563 (2)	0.0642 (6)
H4B	-0.0433	0.3211	0.1800	0.077*
H4C	-0.1233	0.4574	0.1957	0.077*
05	0.2210 (3)	0.6910(2)	0.1225 (2)	0.0543 (5)
N2	-0.1181 (3)	0.6828 (3)	0.0345 (2)	0.0452 (5)
N3	0.6416 (3)	1.0643 (3)	0.3847 (2)	0.0521 (6)
C1	-0.2916 (4)	0.6719 (4)	-0.0148 (3)	0.0552 (7)
H1	-0.3744	0.5719	-0.0684	0.066*
C2	-0.3542 (5)	0.8023 (4)	0.0101 (3)	0.0619 (8)
H2	-0.4774	0.7901	-0.0242	0.074*
C3	-0.2303 (5)	0.9504 (4)	0.0866 (3)	0.0619 (8)
H3	-0.2676	1.0416	0.1031	0.074*
C4	-0.0494 (4)	0.9638 (4)	0.1394 (3)	0.0524 (7)
H4A	0.0356	1.0633	0.1924	0.063*
C5	0.0027 (4)	0.8274 (3)	0.1122 (2)	0.0432 (6)
C6	0.1935 (4)	0.8238 (3)	0.1623 (3)	0.0437 (6)
C7	0.3301 (4)	0.9602 (3)	0.2493 (3)	0.0491 (7)
H7	0.3076	1.0585	0.2715	0.059*
C8	0.4988 (4)	0.9492 (3)	0.3024 (3)	0.0488 (7)
H8	0.5128	0.8477	0.2765	0.059*
C9	0.6421 (6)	1.2306 (4)	0.4325 (4)	0.0769 (11)
H9A	0.6102	1.2793	0.3630	0.115*
H9B	0.7640	1.2996	0.4844	0.115*
H9C	0.5526	1.2224	0.4817	0.115*
C10	0.8112 (5)	1.0349 (5)	0.4342 (4)	0.0717 (10)
H10A	0.8014	0.9257	0.3928	0.108*
H10B	0.8292	1.0415	0.5232	0.108*
H10C	0.9153	1.1179	0.4195	0.108*
01	0.6534 (6)	0.5229 (6)	0.2379 (3)	0.1422 (16)
O2	0.8756 (5)	0.6226 (4)	0.3910 (4)	0.1396 (16)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

supporting information

O3	0.6145 (7)	0.6168 (4)	0.4090 (4)	0.1368 (17)
N1	0.7140 (4)	0.5912 (3)	0.3458 (3)	0.0624 (7)
O6	0.2256 (4)	0.3681 (3)	0.3177 (3)	0.0876 (8)
H6A	0.1895	0.3279	0.3778	0.131*
H6C	0.3108	0.4638	0.3475	0.131*

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Col	0.0425 (3)	0.0399 (3)	0.0469 (4)	0.0153 (2)	0.0049 (2)	-0.0024 (2)
04	0.0786 (16)	0.0592 (13)	0.0621 (13)	0.0304 (12)	0.0249 (12)	0.0131 (11)
05	0.0452 (11)	0.0460 (11)	0.0613 (12)	0.0195 (9)	-0.0002 (9)	-0.0080 (9)
N2	0.0417 (12)	0.0468 (12)	0.0447 (12)	0.0182 (10)	0.0061 (10)	0.0046 (10)
N3	0.0490 (14)	0.0405 (12)	0.0561 (15)	0.0129 (11)	0.0024 (11)	-0.0001 (11)
C1	0.0455 (16)	0.0598 (18)	0.0550 (17)	0.0183 (14)	0.0059 (13)	0.0070 (14)
C2	0.0496 (17)	0.071 (2)	0.067 (2)	0.0300 (16)	0.0088 (15)	0.0117 (17)
C3	0.064 (2)	0.065 (2)	0.070 (2)	0.0393 (17)	0.0205 (17)	0.0140 (16)
C4	0.0554 (17)	0.0525 (17)	0.0516 (17)	0.0249 (14)	0.0138 (14)	0.0053 (13)
C5	0.0461 (15)	0.0428 (14)	0.0396 (14)	0.0164 (12)	0.0111 (12)	0.0045 (11)
C6	0.0444 (15)	0.0428 (14)	0.0432 (14)	0.0166 (12)	0.0101 (12)	0.0063 (11)
C7	0.0504 (16)	0.0414 (14)	0.0525 (16)	0.0187 (12)	0.0079 (13)	0.0033 (12)
C8	0.0504 (16)	0.0395 (14)	0.0503 (16)	0.0127 (12)	0.0089 (13)	0.0043 (12)
C9	0.074 (2)	0.0486 (18)	0.087 (3)	0.0204 (17)	-0.005 (2)	-0.0101 (17)
C10	0.0522 (19)	0.065 (2)	0.081 (2)	0.0204 (16)	-0.0068 (17)	-0.0009 (18)
01	0.121 (3)	0.212 (5)	0.060 (2)	0.042 (3)	-0.0073 (19)	0.011 (2)
O2	0.076 (2)	0.084 (2)	0.202 (4)	0.0161 (17)	-0.033 (2)	-0.020 (2)
O3	0.198 (4)	0.101 (2)	0.179 (4)	0.083 (3)	0.135 (4)	0.050 (2)
N1	0.0638 (18)	0.0571 (16)	0.0681 (18)	0.0249 (14)	0.0141 (15)	0.0154 (13)
06	0.094 (2)	0.0814 (17)	0.0736 (17)	0.0298 (15)	0.0022 (15)	0.0041 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Co1-05	2.0443 (19)	С3—Н3	0.9300
Co1—O5 ⁱ	2.0443 (19)	C4—C5	1.377 (4)
Co1—N2 ⁱ	2.093 (2)	C4—H4A	0.9300
Co1—N2	2.093 (2)	C5—C6	1.499 (4)
Co1—O4 ⁱ	2.136 (2)	C6—C7	1.389 (4)
Co1—O4	2.136 (2)	С7—С8	1.374 (4)
O4—H4B	0.8499	С7—Н7	0.9300
O4—H4C	0.8500	C8—H8	0.9300
O5—C6	1.266 (3)	С9—Н9А	0.9600
N2-C1	1.328 (4)	С9—Н9В	0.9600
N2—C5	1.348 (3)	С9—Н9С	0.9600
N3—C8	1.305 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9600
N3—C10	1.448 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9600
N3—C9	1.456 (4)	C10—H10C	0.9600
C1—C2	1.378 (5)	O1—N1	1.183 (4)
C1—H1	0.9300	O2—N1	1.191 (4)

С2—С3	1.369 (5)	O3—N1	1.192 (4)
С2—Н2	0.9300	O6—H6A	0.8500
C3—C4	1.382 (4)	О6—Н6С	0.8500
O5—Co1—O5 ⁱ	180.0	C4—C3—H3	120.1
O5—Co1—N2 ⁱ	101.59 (8)	C5—C4—C3	118.9 (3)
O5 ⁱ —Co1—N2 ⁱ	78.41 (8)	C5—C4—H4A	120.5
O5—Co1—N2	78.41 (8)	C3—C4—H4A	120.5
O5 ⁱ —Co1—N2	101.59 (8)	N2-C5-C4	121.4 (3)
N2 ⁱ —Co1—N2	180.00 (13)	N2-C5-C6	113.8 (2)
O5—Co1—O4 ⁱ	90.60 (9)	C4—C5—C6	124.8 (2)
O5 ⁱ —Co1—O4 ⁱ	89.40 (9)	O5—C6—C7	122.7 (3)
N2 ⁱ —Co1—O4 ⁱ	91.84 (9)	O5—C6—C5	116.7 (2)
N2—Co1—O4 ⁱ	88.16 (9)	C7—C6—C5	120.6 (2)
O5—Co1—O4	89.40 (9)	C8—C7—C6	119.7 (2)
O5 ⁱ —Co1—O4	90.60 (9)	С8—С7—Н7	120.1
N2 ⁱ —Co1—O4	88.16 (9)	С6—С7—Н7	120.1
N2—Co1—O4	91.84 (9)	N3—C8—C7	127.8 (3)
O4 ⁱ —Co1—O4	180.0	N3—C8—H8	116.1
Co1—O4—H4B	124.2	С7—С8—Н8	116.1
Co1—O4—H4C	111.2	N3—C9—H9A	109.5
H4B—O4—H4C	124.4	N3—C9—H9B	109.5
C6—O5—Co1	117.12 (18)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C1—N2—C5	118.9 (2)	N3—C9—H9C	109.5
C1—N2—Co1	127.2 (2)	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5
C5—N2—Co1	113.84 (17)	Н9В—С9—Н9С	109.5
C8—N3—C10	122.0 (3)	N3—C10—H10A	109.5
C8—N3—C9	122.6 (3)	N3—C10—H10B	109.5
C10—N3—C9	115.5 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
N2—C1—C2	122.9 (3)	N3—C10—H10C	109.5
N2—C1—H1	118.6	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C2—C1—H1	118.6	H10B-C10-H10C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	118.2 (3)	O1—N1—O2	117.4 (4)
С3—С2—Н2	120.9	O1—N1—O3	121.2 (4)
C1—C2—H2	120.9	O2—N1—O3	121.2 (4)
C2—C3—C4	119.7 (3)	Н6А—О6—Н6С	109.5
С2—С3—Н3	120.1		

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y+1, -z.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
04—H4 <i>B</i> …O6	0.85	2.22	2.764 (4)	121
O4—H4C···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.11	2.909 (6)	156
O4—H4C···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.42	3.173 (5)	149
O6—H6A···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85	2.44	3.011 (5)	125
O6—H6 <i>C</i> ···O3	0.85	2.23	2.987 (6)	148

supporting information

C1—H1···O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.40	3.161 (5)	138	
C4—H4A····O6 ^{iv}	0.93	2.59	3.508 (4)	168	
С9—Н9 <i>С</i> …О3 ^v	0.96	2.53	3.351 (7)	144	

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y+1, -z; (ii) x-1, y, z; (iii) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1; (iv) x, y+1, z; (v) -x+1, -y+2, -z+1.