

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

# N-Benzyl-2-propynamide

# Mei-Mei Chen,<sup>a</sup> Yu-Xing Gao,<sup>b</sup> Hai-Yan Wang,<sup>c</sup> Da-Xiong Han<sup>a</sup>\* and Yu-Fen Zhao<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Pharmacy, Medical College of Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, People's Republic of China, <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry and the Key Laboratory for Chemical Biology of Fujian Province, College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Xiamen University, Xiamen 361005, People's Republic of China, and <sup>c</sup>The Third Institute of Oceanography, State Oceanic Administration of China, Xiamen 361005, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: daxiong@xmu.edu.cn

Received 8 March 2009; accepted 19 April 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 173 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.070; wR factor = 0.221; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.7.

Pale-yellow crystals of the title compound, C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO, have been obtained by the reaction of benzylamine and methyl propiolate. Weak intermolecular hydrogen bonding is observed between acetylenic H and carbonyl O atoms. The crystal packing is stabilized by these C−H···O and by N− H...O intermolecular hydrogen-bonding interactions.

## **Related literature**

The title compound was synthesized using a similar synthetic method to that described by Williamson et al. (1994). For the synthesis of triazole derivatives, see: Katritzky & Singh (2002). For the structure of the methyl analogue of the title compound, see: Leiserowitz & Tuval (1978). For the program ROTAX, used to investigate possible pseudo-merohedral twinning, see: Parsons & Gould (2003).



## **Experimental**

Crystal data C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO

 $M_r = 159.18$ 

| Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$            |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| a = 9.495 (2) Å                 |  |
| b = 10.703 (2) Å                |  |
| c = 8.9120 (19) Å               |  |
| $\beta = 101.637 \ (3)^{\circ}$ |  |
| V = 887.1 (3) Å <sup>3</sup>    |  |

### Data collection

| Bruker SMART APEX area-                | 5825 measured reflections              |
|--|--|
| detector diffractometer                | 1550 independent reflections           |
| Absorption correction: multi-scan      | 1510 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ |
| (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)                 | $R_{\rm int} = 0.030$                  |
| $T_{\min} = 0.848, \ T_{\max} = 1.000$ |  |
| (expected range = 0.828 - 0.977)       |  |

#### Refinement

| $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.070$ | H atoms treated by a mixture of                            |
|---------------------------------|--|
| $wR(F^2) = 0.221$               | independent and constrained                                |
| S = 1.26                        | refinement   |
| 1550 reflections                | $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.45 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$  |
| 113 parameters                  | $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ |

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

| $D - H \cdots A$  | D-H              | $H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$ | $D \cdots A$           | $D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$ |
|---|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| $\begin{array}{c} N1 - H1A \cdots O1^{i} \\ C1 - H1 \cdots O1^{ii} \end{array}$ | 0.88<br>0.93 (4) | 1.99<br>2.17 (4)        | 2.839 (3)<br>3.105 (4) | 163<br>176 (3)            |
|   | . 1 . 1          | 1                       | . 1                    |                           |

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

The authors thank the National Science Foundation of China (grant No. 40706043) and the Science Foundation of Xiamen University (grant No. Z03120) for supporting this work. We also thank Mr Z.-B. Wei for technical assistance.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZL2187).

### References

- Bruker (2001). SAINT, SMART and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). J. Appl. Cryst. 30, 565.
- Katritzky, A. R. & Singh, K. (2002). J. Org. Chem. 67, 9077-9079.

Leiserowitz, L. & Tuval, M. (1978). Acta Cryst. B34, 1230-1247.

- Parsons, S. & Gould, B. (2003). ROTAX. University of Edinburgh, Scotland. Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Williamson, B. L., Tykwinski, R. R. & Stang, P. J. (1994). J. Am. Chem. Soc. 116, 93-98.

Z = 4Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^-$ 

 $0.57 \times 0.30 \times 0.30$  mm

 $> 2\sigma(I)$ 

T = 173 K

# supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o1115 [doi:10.1107/S160053680901455X]

# N-Benzyl-2-propynamide

# Mei-Mei Chen, Yu-Xing Gao, Hai-Yan Wang, Da-Xiong Han and Yu-Fen Zhao

# S1. Comment

The title compound is a terminal alkyne, which is an intermediate in the synthesis of triazole derivatives (Katritzky *et al.*, 2002).

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The bond lengths and bond angles in the compound are comparable to those in the structure of the methyl analogue (Leiserowitz *et al.*, 1978). The atoms C1, C2, C3, O1, N1 and C4 of the title compound are nearly in a plane, and the r.m.s. deviation of these atoms from their mean plane is 0.007 Å. The dihedral angle between the plane of C5 and the phenyl ring and the mean plane of C1 to C4 and N1 is 76.8 (2)°. Hydrogen bonding plays a significant role in stabilizing the crystal structure; see Table 1 for geometric parameters and symmetry operations. The most prominent link occurs between the acylamide O and the N atoms, to form chains along the *b* axis. Weak intermolecular hydrogen bonding is observed between the alkyne H and the carbonyl O atoms (table 1). Molecules are connected into a double chain by C—H…O and N—H…O intermolecular hydrogen-bonding interactions (Figure 2).

# **S2. Experimental**

The title compound was synthesized using a similar synthetic method as for the preparation of 1-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)prop-2yn-1-one (Williamson *et al.*, 1994). To a solution of benzyl amine (1.07 g, 10 mmol) in methanol (4 ml) was slowly added methyl propiolate (0.84 g, 10 mmol) at 195 K with stirring. After addition of the propiolate, the stirring was continued for 10 h and then the mixture warmed to 248 K for 5 h. The reaction was quenched with a saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (12 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under vacuum and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate, 2:1) to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid in 72% yield. Single crystals of the title compound were grown in a petroleum ether/ethyl acetate solution (v/v = 5:1) by slow evaporation.

## **S3. Refinement**

All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. The acetylenic H atom was located from a difference Fourier map and both the position and isotropic thermal parameter were freely refined. The remaining H atoms were placed in ideal positions and refined *via* a riding model with N-H distances of 0.88, C-H<sub>methylene</sub> = 0.99 and C-H<sub>aromatic</sub> = 0.95 Å and U<sub>iso</sub> = 1.2 U<sub>eq</sub>(C,N). Torsion angles were refined to fit the electron density. The metric parameters suggest the possibility of pseudo-merohedral twinning by a two fold rotation around either the *a* or the *c* axis. Application of the respective twin law of (-1 0 - 0.43, 0 1 0, 0 0 1), obtained using the program Rotax (Parsons & Gould, 2003)) however indicated that the crystal at hand was not twinned.



# Figure 1

The molecular structure of the compound with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids (arbitrary spheres for H atoms).



# Figure 2

Part of the packing of the title compound. Intermolecular hydrogen bonds are represented by dashed lines.

# N-benzyl-2-propynamide

Crystal data C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO  $M_r = 159.18$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 9.495 (2) Å b = 10.703 (2) Å c = 8.9120 (19) Å  $\beta = 101.637$  (3)° V = 887.1 (3) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker APEX area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator F(000) = 336  $D_x = 1.192 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4373 reflections  $\theta = 2.2-28.3^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 173 KChunk, pale yellow  $0.57 \times 0.30 \times 0.30 \text{ mm}$ 

 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)  $T_{\min} = 0.848, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 

| $\theta_{\rm max} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.9^{\circ}$ |
|---|
| $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$  |
| $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$  |
| $l = -10 \rightarrow 10$  |
|   |

## Refinement

| Refinement on $F^2$                             | Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier        |
|---|---|
| Least-squares matrix: full                      | map   |
| $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.070$                 | Hydrogen site location: inferred from                   |
| $wR(F^2) = 0.221$                               | neighbouring sites                                      |
| S = 1.26  | H atoms treated by a mixture of independent             |
| 1550 reflections                                | and constrained refinement                              |
| 113 parameters                                  | $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0874P)^2 + 1.0844P]$       |
| 0 restraints                                    | where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$                  |
| Primary atom site location: structure-invariant | $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$                     |
| direct methods                                  | $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.45 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ |
|   | $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.23 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$   |

# Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

|      | x          | У          | Ζ          | $U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$ |  |
|------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 01   | 0.8163 (2) | 0.3454 (2) | 0.1877 (2) | 0.0356 (6)                  |  |
| N1   | 0.7947 (3) | 0.3179 (2) | 0.4330 (3) | 0.0323 (7)                  |  |
| H1A  | 0.8203     | 0.2728     | 0.5166     | 0.039*                      |  |
| C1   | 1.0048 (4) | 0.0859 (3) | 0.3289 (4) | 0.0401 (8)                  |  |
| C2   | 0.9317 (3) | 0.1756 (3) | 0.3242 (3) | 0.0317 (7)                  |  |
| C3   | 0.8422 (3) | 0.2867 (3) | 0.3095 (3) | 0.0290 (7)                  |  |
| C4   | 0.7008 (4) | 0.4254 (3) | 0.4350 (4) | 0.0365 (8)                  |  |
| H4A  | 0.7389     | 0.4971     | 0.3855     | 0.044*                      |  |
| H4B  | 0.7015     | 0.4487     | 0.5427     | 0.044*                      |  |
| C5   | 0.5485 (3) | 0.4009 (3) | 0.3545 (3) | 0.0323 (7)                  |  |
| C6   | 0.4870 (4) | 0.4688 (3) | 0.2258 (4) | 0.0413 (8)                  |  |
| H6A  | 0.5418     | 0.5309     | 0.1873     | 0.050*                      |  |
| C7   | 0.3471 (4) | 0.4469 (4) | 0.1532 (4) | 0.0483 (9)                  |  |
| H7A  | 0.3058     | 0.4943     | 0.0653     | 0.058*                      |  |
| C8   | 0.2665 (4) | 0.3569 (4) | 0.2069 (4) | 0.0466 (9)                  |  |
| H8A  | 0.1702     | 0.3415     | 0.1559     | 0.056*                      |  |
| С9   | 0.3268 (4) | 0.2895 (3) | 0.3353 (4) | 0.0464 (9)                  |  |
| H9A  | 0.2715     | 0.2277     | 0.3736     | 0.056*                      |  |
| C10  | 0.4673 (4) | 0.3113 (3) | 0.4089 (4) | 0.0411 (8)                  |  |
| H10A | 0.5081     | 0.2643     | 0.4974     | 0.049*                      |  |

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

# supporting information

| H1     | 1.061 (           | 4) 0              | .014 (4)    | 0.328 (4)    | 0.050 (11)* |              |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Atomic | displacement part | ameters ( $Å^2$ ) |             |              |             |              |
|        | $U^{11}$          | U <sup>22</sup>   | $U^{33}$    | $U^{12}$     | $U^{13}$    | $U^{23}$     |
| 01     | 0.0461 (13)       | 0.0335 (12)       | 0.0286 (12) | -0.0005 (10) | 0.0112 (9)  | 0.0028 (9)   |
| N1     | 0.0378 (14)       | 0.0352 (14)       | 0.0246 (13) | 0.0058 (11)  | 0.0076 (10) | 0.0010 (10)  |
| C1     | 0.0344 (17)       | 0.0376 (19)       | 0.049 (2)   | 0.0016 (16)  | 0.0091 (14) | -0.0036 (15) |
| C2     | 0.0313 (16)       | 0.0355 (17)       | 0.0297 (16) | -0.0050 (13) | 0.0091 (12) | -0.0018 (12) |
| C3     | 0.0285 (15)       | 0.0301 (15)       | 0.0275 (15) | -0.0076 (12) | 0.0038 (11) | -0.0021 (12) |
| C4     | 0.0432 (18)       | 0.0323 (16)       | 0.0342 (17) | 0.0031 (14)  | 0.0086 (13) | -0.0064 (13) |
| C5     | 0.0406 (17)       | 0.0284 (15)       | 0.0292 (15) | 0.0061 (13)  | 0.0104 (12) | -0.0050 (12) |
| C6     | 0.050(2)          | 0.0380 (18)       | 0.0368 (18) | 0.0070 (15)  | 0.0116 (15) | 0.0024 (14)  |
| C7     | 0.051 (2)         | 0.054 (2)         | 0.0379 (19) | 0.0174 (18)  | 0.0061 (16) | 0.0028 (16)  |
| C8     | 0.0387 (18)       | 0.053 (2)         | 0.046 (2)   | 0.0078 (16)  | 0.0040 (15) | -0.0089 (16) |
| С9     | 0.043 (2)         | 0.0391 (19)       | 0.057 (2)   | -0.0032 (15) | 0.0112 (16) | -0.0014 (16) |
| C10    | 0.0459 (19)       | 0.0358 (17)       | 0.0412 (18) | 0.0040 (14)  | 0.0080 (15) | 0.0049 (14)  |

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

| 01—C3      | 1.235 (4) | C5—C6       | 1.384 (5) |  |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
| N1—C3      | 1.314 (4) | C6—C7       | 1.376 (5) |  |
| N1C4       | 1.458 (4) | C6—H6A      | 0.9500    |  |
| N1—H1A     | 0.8800    | C7—C8       | 1.374 (6) |  |
| C1—C2      | 1.180 (5) | C7—H7A      | 0.9500    |  |
| C1—H1      | 0.93 (4)  | C8—C9       | 1.376 (5) |  |
| C2—C3      | 1.453 (4) | C8—H8A      | 0.9500    |  |
| C4—C5      | 1.502 (5) | C9—C10      | 1.383 (5) |  |
| C4—H4A     | 0.9900    | С9—Н9А      | 0.9500    |  |
| C4—H4B     | 0.9900    | C10—H10A    | 0.9500    |  |
| C5—C10     | 1.378 (5) |             |           |  |
| C3—N1—C4   | 121.7 (3) | C6—C5—C4    | 120.6 (3) |  |
| C3—N1—H1A  | 119.2     | C7—C6—C5    | 120.4 (3) |  |
| C4—N1—H1A  | 119.2     | С7—С6—Н6А   | 119.8     |  |
| C2—C1—H1   | 178 (2)   | С5—С6—Н6А   | 119.8     |  |
| C1—C2—C3   | 176.9 (3) | C8—C7—C6    | 120.6 (3) |  |
| O1—C3—N1   | 124.5 (3) | С8—С7—Н7А   | 119.7     |  |
| O1—C3—C2   | 120.3 (3) | С6—С7—Н7А   | 119.7     |  |
| N1—C3—C2   | 115.2 (3) | C7—C8—C9    | 119.3 (3) |  |
| N1-C4-C5   | 112.8 (2) | C7—C8—H8A   | 120.4     |  |
| N1—C4—H4A  | 109.0     | C9—C8—H8A   | 120.4     |  |
| C5—C4—H4A  | 109.0     | C8—C9—C10   | 120.4 (3) |  |
| N1—C4—H4B  | 109.0     | С8—С9—Н9А   | 119.8     |  |
| C5—C4—H4B  | 109.0     | С10—С9—Н9А  | 119.8     |  |
| H4A—C4—H4B | 107.8     | C5—C10—C9   | 120.4 (3) |  |
| C10—C5—C6  | 119.0 (3) | C5-C10-H10A | 119.8     |  |
| C10—C5—C4  | 120.4 (3) | C9—C10—H10A | 119.8     |  |
|            |           |             |           |  |

| C4—N1—C3—O1  | 2.1 (5)    | C5—C6—C7—C8  | -0.3 (5)  |
|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| C4—N1—C3—C2  | -178.4 (3) | C6—C7—C8—C9  | 0.6 (5)   |
| C3—N1—C4—C5  | 76.0 (4)   | C7—C8—C9—C10 | -0.5 (5)  |
| N1-C4-C5-C10 | 63.6 (4)   | C6—C5—C10—C9 | 0.3 (5)   |
| N1-C4-C5-C6  | -117.3 (3) | C4—C5—C10—C9 | 179.4 (3) |
| C10—C5—C6—C7 | -0.2 (5)   | C8—C9—C10—C5 | 0.0 (5)   |
| C4—C5—C6—C7  | -179.3 (3) |              |           |

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

| D—H···A                  | D—H      | H···A    | D····A    | <i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i> |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|
| N1—H1A···O1 <sup>i</sup> | 0.88     | 1.99     | 2.839 (3) | 163                     |
| C1—H1···O1 <sup>ii</sup> | 0.93 (4) | 2.17 (4) | 3.105 (4) | 176 (3)                 |

Symmetry codes: (i) x, -y+1/2, z+1/2; (ii) -x+2, y-1/2, -z+1/2.