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## Structure Reports

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## 4,4'-(Hexane-1,6-diyldioxy)dianiline

Muhammad Saif Ullah Khan, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Zareen Akhter, ${ }^{\text {a }}{ }^{*}$ Michael Bolte, ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Amna Siraj ${ }^{\text {a }}$ and Humaira M. Siddiqi ${ }^{\text {a }}$

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Department of Chemistry, Quaid-i-Azam University, Islamabad 45320, Pakistan, and ${ }^{\mathbf{b}}$ Institut für Anorganische Chemie, J. W. Goethe-Universität Frankfurt, Max-von-Laue-Strasse 7, 60438 Frankfurt/Main, Germany
Correspondence e-mail: zareenakhter@yahoo.com

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=173 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.039 ; w R$ factor $=0.103$; data-to-parameter ratio $=17.0$.

The complete molecule of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$, is generated by a crystallographic inversion centre. The torsion angles in the hexamethylene chain are consistent with an antiperiplanar conformation, whereas the conformation of the $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ unit is gauche. The three-dimensional crystal packing is stabilized by $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonding.

## Related literature

For aromatic diamines as building blocks for the preparation of high-performance polymers, see: Mehdipour-Ataei (2005; Mehdipour-Ataei et al. (2007). For the use of flexible linkages, see: Shao et al. (2007); Yin et al. (1998).


## Experimental

Crystal data

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2} \\
& M_{r}=300.39 \\
& \text { Orthorhombic, Pbca } \\
& a=5.4777(6) \AA
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& b=13.6049(12) \AA \AA \\
& c=21.7278(18) \AA \\
& V=1619.2(3) \AA^{3} \\
& Z=4
\end{aligned}
$$

Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$

Data collection
Stoe IPDS-II two-circle
diffractometer
Absorption correction: none
9301 measured reflections

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.039$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.103$
$S=1.02$
1854 reflections
109 parameters
$T=173 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.33 \times 0.23 \times 0.11 \mathrm{~mm}$

1854 independent reflections 1403 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.056$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.24 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.18 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( ${ }^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.939(18)$ | $2.318(18)$ | $3.2248(11)$ | $162.1(13)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 B \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.899(16)$ | $2.318(16)$ | $3.1724(14)$ | $158.6(13)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+\frac{1}{2}, y,-z+\frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $-x+\frac{3}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2}, z$.
Data collection: $X$-AREA (Stoe \& Cie, 2001); cell refinement: $X$ $A R E A$; data reduction: $X-A R E A$; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2009) and $X P$ (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK2416).

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## supporting information

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## 4,4'-(Hexane-1,6-diyldioxy)dianiline

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## S1. Comment

Aromatic diamines are valuable building blocks for the preparation of high-performance polymers including polyamides, polyimides and polyureas (Mehdipour-Ataei, 2005). Therefore, these can be used to produce desired alterations in the chemical nature of macromolecular chains (Mehdipour-Ataei et al., 2007). Much research in recent years has focused on the design and synthesis of novel diamines in order to obtain suitable polymers. One of the popular approaches to achieve this goal is the introduction of flexible linkages such as an ether moiety (Shao et al., 2007) and/or methylene spacers (Yin et al., 1998) in the core structure of the diamines. These linkages increase the degree of freedom by reducing the segmental rotational barrier and inhibit close chain packing. The title compound, (I), in which flexible methylene spacers are present between the aryl ether moieties, is an outcome of efforts to modify the aromatic diamine monomers by flexible linkages in order to improve the processability and performance of the resulting polymers.
Molecules of (I) (Fig. 1) are located about a crystallographic centre of inversion. All torsion angles in the hexamethylene chain indicate an antiperiplanar conformation whereas the conformation of the $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ unit is gauche. The crystal packing (Table 1) is stabilized by $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds which lead to a three-dimensional network.

## S2. Experimental

The title compound (I) was synthesized in two steps. In the first step, bis(4-nitrophenoxy)hexane was prepared by Williamson's reaction. A three-neck round bottom flask equipped with Dean-Stark trap, thermometer, magnetic stirrer and nitrogen inlet was charged with a suspension of 1,6-hexane diol ( $2.25 \mathrm{~g} ; 19.1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and anhydrous potassium carbonate $(5.3 \mathrm{~g} ; 38.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ in a mixture of $\mathrm{N}, N^{\prime}$-dimethyl formamide (DMF) ( 60 ml ) and toluene ( 20 ml ), and refluxed (at 403408 K ) for 2 h for azeotropic removal of water. After cooling to $343-343 \mathrm{~K}$, 1-fluoro-4-nitro benzene ( 4.05 ml ; 38.2 mmol ) was added and the mixture was again refluxed for 6 h . Subsequently, some toluene was distilled off and the resulting mixture was poured into 500 ml of chilled water after cooling to room temperature. The crude product was filtered as yellow solid, washed thoroughly with water and recrystallized from ethanol to afford bis(4-nitrophenoxy)hexane. In the second step, a two-neck flask was charged with 1,6-bis(4-nitrophenoxy)hexane ( $2.5 \mathrm{~g} ; 6.94 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), hydrazine monohydrate ( 10 ml ), ethanol $(80 \mathrm{ml})$ and 0.1 g of $5 \%$ palladium on carbon $(\mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C})$. The mixture was refluxed for 18 h and then filtered to remove the $\mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C}$. The filtrate was concentrated on rotary evaporator to remove the solvent and the resulting crude solid was recrystallized from ethanol to afford colourless crystals suitable for X-ray analysis, which were stored in air-tight glass bottles for further studies. Yield $72 \%$; m.p. 414 K. Elemental analysis. Found C, 72.03, H, 7.90, N, 9.25. Calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : C, 71.97, H, 8.05, N, 9.33; IR (KBr pellet) in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}: 3395,3311\left(\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right)$, 1632 ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ bending), 1385 (C-N stretching), 1233 (C-O-C), 2935 ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ aliphatic), 3219 ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ aromatic). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta: 3.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 6.40(\mathrm{~d}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}), 6.70(\mathrm{~d}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J}=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}), 3.88(\mathrm{t}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.78(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.51(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H})$ p.p.m. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta: 147.52(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 4), 139.83(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 1), 116.42\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 2,2^{\prime}\right), 115.67\left(4 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 3,3^{\prime}\right), 68.54(2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C} 5)$,
29.38 (2 C, C6), 25.91 (2 C, C7) p.p.m.

## S3. Refinement

H atoms bonded to C were geometrically positioned and refined using a riding model with with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ (aromatic) $=0.95 \AA$ and $C-H($ methylene $)=0.99 \AA$, and with $\mathrm{U}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$. The H atoms bonded to N were freely refined, see Table 1 for distances.


## Figure 1

Perspective view of (I) showing the atom labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the $50 \%$ probability level. H atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radii. Unlabelled atoms are related by the symmetry operator $1-x,-y, 1-z$.

## 4,4'-(Hexane-1,6-diyldioxy)dianiline

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
$M_{r}=300.39$
Orthorhombic, Pbca
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab
$a=5.4777$ (6) $\AA$
$b=13.6049$ (12) $\AA$
$c=21.7278$ (18) $\AA$
$V=1619.2(3) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F(000)=648$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.232 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 6791 reflections
$\theta=3.6-27.7^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.08 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=173 \mathrm{~K}$
Plate, colourless
$0.33 \times 0.23 \times 0.11 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Stoe IPDS-II two-circle
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\omega$ scans
9301 measured reflections
1854 independent reflections

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.039$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.103$
$S=1.02$
1854 reflections
109 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

1403 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.056$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=27.6^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=3.5^{\circ}$
$h=-7 \rightarrow 5$
$k=-17 \rightarrow 17$
$l=-24 \rightarrow 28$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.0626 P)^{2}\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{0}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.24 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.18$ e $\AA^{-3}$
Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008), $\mathrm{Fc}^{*}=\mathrm{kFc}\left[1+0.001 \mathrm{xFc}^{2} \lambda^{3} / \sin (2 \theta)\right]^{-1 / 4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.016 (2)

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\mathrm{iso}}{ }^{*} / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.9705(2)$ | $0.55262(7)$ | $0.71082(5)$ | $0.0289(3)$ |
| H1A | $1.131(3)$ | $0.5464(11)$ | $0.7257(7)$ | $0.045(4)^{*}$ |
| H1B | $0.956(3)$ | $0.6080(11)$ | $0.6885(7)$ | $0.044(4)^{*}$ |
| O1 | $0.60683(17)$ | $0.20721(5)$ | $0.60327(4)$ | $0.0303(2)$ |
| C1 | $0.8839(2)$ | $0.46681(8)$ | $0.68123(5)$ | $0.0235(3)$ |
| C2 | $0.6800(2)$ | $0.47129(8)$ | $0.64298(5)$ | $0.0258(3)$ |
| H2 | 0.6060 | 0.5332 | 0.6351 | $0.031^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.5818(2)$ | $0.38691(8)$ | $0.61598(5)$ | $0.0255(3)$ |
| H3 | 0.4432 | 0.3917 | 0.5899 | $0.031^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.6879(2)$ | $0.29578(8)$ | $0.62748(5)$ | $0.0237(3)$ |
| C5 | $0.8897(2)$ | $0.29005(8)$ | $0.66663(5)$ | $0.0262(3)$ |
| H5 | 0.9604 | 0.2279 | 0.6755 | $0.031^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.9879(2)$ | $0.37456(8)$ | $0.69278(5)$ | $0.0259(3)$ |
| H6 | 1.1270 | 0.3697 | 0.7187 | $0.031^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.3984(2)$ | $0.20972(8)$ | $0.56312(5)$ | $0.0269(3)$ |
| H7A | 0.4363 | 0.2478 | 0.5255 | $0.032^{*}$ |
| H7B | 0.2582 | 0.2410 | 0.5841 | $0.032^{*}$ |
| C8 | $0.3376(2)$ | $0.10382(8)$ | $0.54656(5)$ | $0.0267(3)$ |
| H8A | 0.1770 | 0.1024 | 0.5257 | $0.032^{*}$ |
| H8B | 0.3227 | 0.0652 | 0.5850 | $0.032^{*}$ |
| C9 | $0.5262(2)$ | $0.05471(7)$ | $0.50505(5)$ | $0.0248(3)$ |
| H9A | 0.6900 | 0.0621 | 0.5237 | $0.030^{*}$ |
| H9B | 0.5282 | 0.0885 | $0.030^{*}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0355(7)$ | $0.0239(5)$ | $0.0274(5)$ | $-0.0043(4)$ | $-0.0043(5)$ | $-0.0005(4)$ |
| O1 | $0.0369(6)$ | $0.0204(4)$ | $0.0336(5)$ | $-0.0005(3)$ | $-0.0102(4)$ | $-0.0031(3)$ |
| C1 | $0.0284(6)$ | $0.0230(5)$ | $0.0192(5)$ | $-0.0030(4)$ | $0.0032(5)$ | $-0.0002(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.0311(7)$ | $0.0213(5)$ | $0.0251(6)$ | $0.0025(5)$ | $-0.0006(5)$ | $0.0002(4)$ |
| C3 | $0.0271(6)$ | $0.0256(6)$ | $0.0238(5)$ | $0.0003(4)$ | $-0.0023(5)$ | $0.0001(4)$ |
| C4 | $0.0277(7)$ | $0.0209(5)$ | $0.0226(5)$ | $-0.0018(4)$ | $0.0012(5)$ | $-0.0021(4)$ |
| C5 | $0.0295(7)$ | $0.0222(5)$ | $0.0269(6)$ | $0.0036(4)$ | $0.0000(5)$ | $0.0001(4)$ |
| C6 | $0.0249(6)$ | $0.0287(6)$ | $0.0241(5)$ | $0.0004(5)$ | $-0.0025(5)$ | $0.0000(4)$ |
| C7 | $0.0283(7)$ | $0.0248(6)$ | $0.0275(6)$ | $0.0012(5)$ | $-0.0018(5)$ | $-0.0031(4)$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C8 | $0.0277(7)$ | $0.0253(6)$ | $0.0271(6)$ | $-0.0030(4)$ | $0.0004(5)$ | $-0.0025(4)$ |
| C9 | $0.0259(6)$ | $0.0234(6)$ | $0.0250(5)$ | $-0.0041(4)$ | $-0.0005(5)$ | $-0.0015(4)$ |

Geometric parameters $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| N1-C1 | 1.4147 (14) | C5-C6 | 1.3908 (16) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-H1A | 0.939 (18) | C5-H5 | 0.9500 |
| N1-H1B | 0.899 (16) | C6-H6 | 0.9500 |
| O1-C4 | 1.3879 (13) | C7-C8 | 1.5218 (15) |
| O1-C7 | 1.4372 (15) | C7-H7A | 0.9900 |
| C1-C2 | 1.3937 (17) | C7-H7B | 0.9900 |
| C1-C6 | 1.4011 (15) | C8-C9 | 1.5258 (16) |
| C2-C3 | 1.3968 (15) | C8-H8A | 0.9900 |
| C2-H2 | 0.9500 | C8-H8B | 0.9900 |
| C3-C4 | 1.3919 (16) | C9-C9 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.532 (2) |
| C3-H3 | 0.9500 | C9-H9A | 0.9900 |
| C4-C5 | 1.3966 (17) | C9-H9B | 0.9900 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 113.3 (10) | C5-C6-H6 | 119.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B}$ | 114.7 (10) | C1-C6-H6 | 119.7 |
| H1A-N1-H1B | 110.0 (14) | O1-C7-C8 | 107.15 (9) |
| C4-O1-C7 | 117.63 (8) | O1-C7-H7A | 110.3 |
| C2-C1-C6 | 118.16 (10) | C8-C7-H7A | 110.3 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 120.25 (10) | O1-C7-H7B | 110.3 |
| C6-C1-N1 | 121.43 (11) | C8-C7-H7B | 110.3 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 121.54 (10) | H7A-C7-H7B | 108.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.2 | C7-C8-C9 | 113.96 (10) |
| C3-C2-H2 | 119.2 | C7-C8-H8A | 108.8 |
| C4-C3-C2 | 119.72 (11) | C9-C8-H8A | 108.8 |
| C4-C3-H3 | 120.1 | C7-C8-H8B | 108.8 |
| C2-C3-H3 | 120.1 | C9-C8-H8B | 108.8 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 124.86 (11) | H8A-C8-H8B | 107.7 |
| O1-C4-C5 | 115.83 (9) | C8-C9-C9 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 112.53 (12) |
| C3-C4-C5 | 119.31 (10) | C8-C9-H9A | 109.1 |
| C6-C5-C4 | 120.58 (10) | C9--C9-H9A | 109.1 |
| C6-C5-H5 | 119.7 | C8-C9-H9B | 109.1 |
| C4-C5-H5 | 119.7 | C9 - $\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{H} 9 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.1 |
| C5-C6-C1 | 120.67 (11) | H9A-C9-H9B | 107.8 |
| C6- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -0.75 (17) | C3-C4-C5-C6 | -1.58(18) |
| N1-C1-C2-C3 | -176.24 (11) | C4-C5-C6-C1 | 1.14 (18) |
| C1-C2-C3-C4 | 0.31 (18) | C2-C1-C6-C5 | 0.03 (17) |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 0.28 (17) | N1-C1-C6-C5 | 175.46 (10) |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 179.52 (10) | C4-O1-C7-C8 | -176.37 (9) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 1$ | -179.93 (11) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 9$ | -69.25 (12) |

# supporting information 

| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $0.85(17)$ | $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 9^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $173.85(12)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $179.13(10)$ |  |  |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1,-y,-z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | $0.939(18)$ | $2.318(18)$ | $3.2248(11)$ | $162.1(13)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 B \cdots 1^{\text {iii }}$ | $0.899(16)$ | $2.318(16)$ | $3.1724(14)$ | $158.6(13)$ |

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x+1 / 2, y,-z+3 / 2$; (iii) $-x+3 / 2, y+1 / 2, z$.

