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N-(2,3-Dimethylphenyl)acetamide

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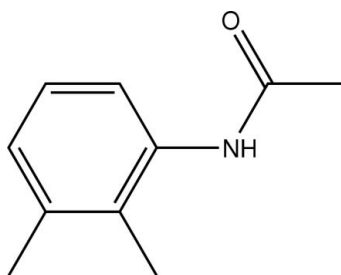
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 299$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.073; wR factor = 0.156; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.4.

The conformation of the N—H bond in the structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}$, is *syn* to both the 2- and 3-methyl substituents on the aromatic ring, and is *anti* to the $\text{C}=\text{O}$ bond. N—H...O hydrogen bonds link the molecules into supramolecular chains.

Related literature

For preparation of the compound, see: Gowda *et al.* (2006).
For related structures, see: Gowda *et al.* (2007a,b; 2008)



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}$ $M_r = 163.21$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 4.7961$ (5) Å
 $b = 12.385$ (1) Å
 $c = 15.475$ (2) Å
 $\beta = 96.23$ (1)°
 $V = 913.78$ (17) Å³

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 299$ K
 $0.45 \times 0.08 \times 0.04$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford)

Diffraction, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.967$, $T_{\max} = 0.993$
5890 measured reflections
1660 independent reflections
1121 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.073$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.156$
 $S = 1.26$
1660 reflections
115 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1N...O1 ⁱ	0.85 (3)	2.06 (3)	2.901 (3)	169 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $x + 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2004); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK2409).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o964 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809011891]

N*-(2,3-Dimethylphenyl)acetamide*B. Thimme Gowda, Sabine Foro, Hiromitsu Terao and Hartmut Fues****S1. Comment**

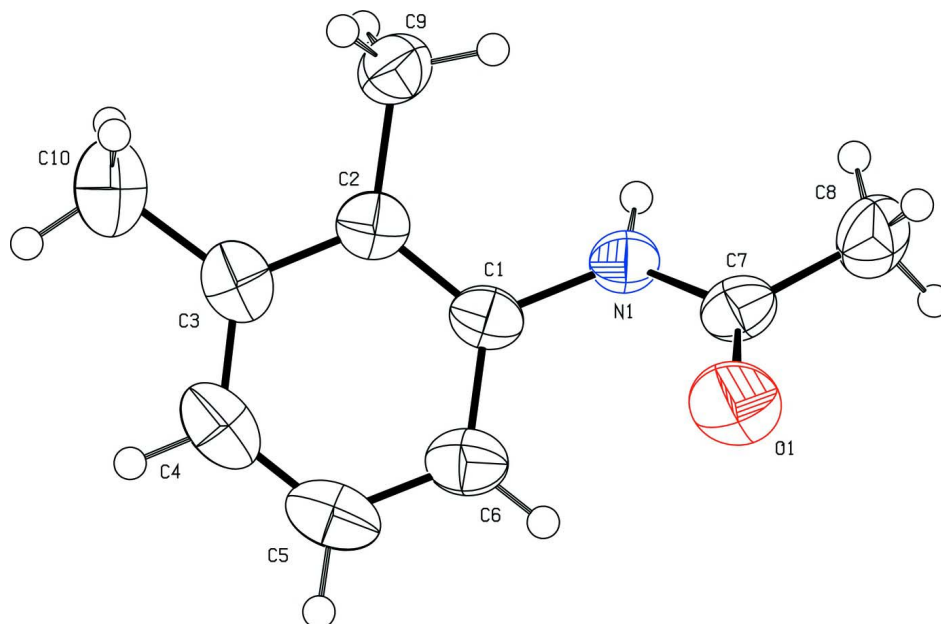
As a part of studying the ring- and side-chain substitutions on the crystal structures of chemically and biologically important class of compounds such as acetanilides (Gowda *et al.*, 2007*a,b*; 2008), we report herein the crystal structure of *N*-(2,3-dimethylphenyl)acetamide, (I). The conformation of the C=O bond is *anti* to the N—H bond, Fig. 1. The conformation of the N—H bond is *syn* to both the 2- and 3-methyl substituents in the aromatic ring, similar to that observed with respect to the 2- and 3-chloro substituents in *N*-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)acetamide (Gowda *et al.*, 2007*a*), but in contrast to the *anti* conformation observed with respect to the 2-methyl group in *N*-(2-methylphenyl)acetamide (Gowda *et al.*, 2007*b*). The molecules in (I) are linked into supramolecular chains along the *a* axis through intermolecular N1—H1···O1 hydrogen bonding (Table 1) as shown in Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

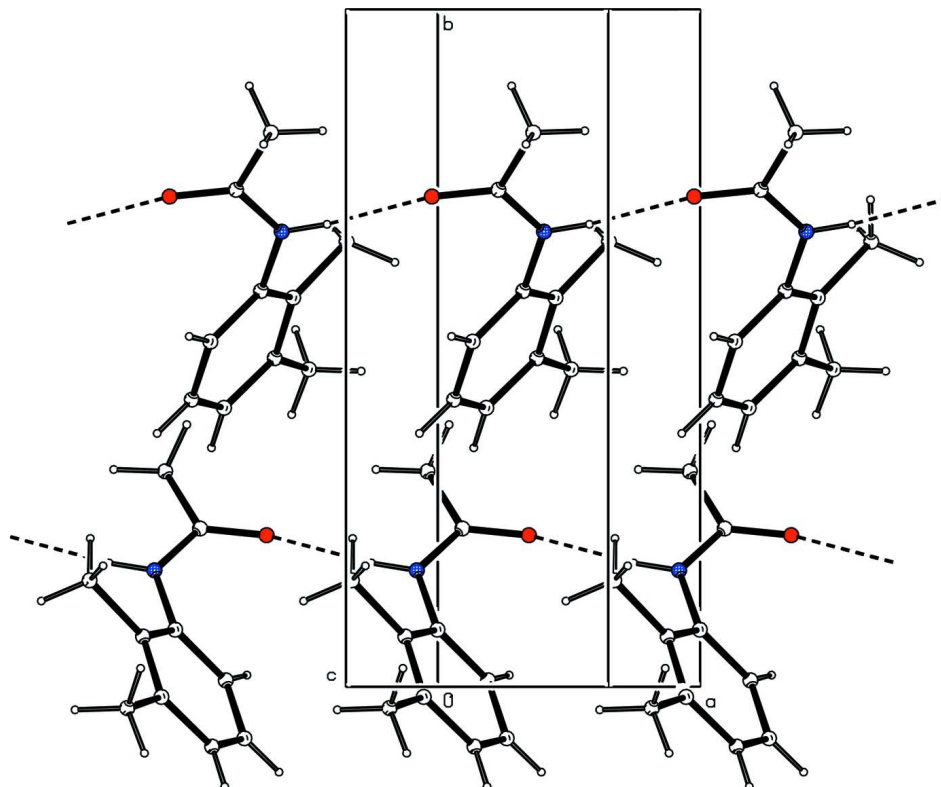
Compound (I) was prepared according to the literature method (Gowda *et al.*, 2006) and crystals were obtained from its ethanol solution held at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The N-bound H atom was located in difference map, and refined with N—H = 0.85 (3) Å. The remaining H atoms were positioned with in their idealized geometry using a riding model with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$ set to 1.2 $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of (I), showing the atom labeling scheme and displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Molecular packing of (I) with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

N*-(2,3-Dimethylphenyl)acetamideCrystal data*C₁₀H₁₃NO $M_r = 163.21$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

 $a = 4.7961$ (5) Å $b = 12.385$ (1) Å $c = 15.475$ (2) Å $\beta = 96.23$ (1)° $V = 913.78$ (17) Å³ $Z = 4$ $F(000) = 352$ $D_x = 1.186$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2448 reflections

 $\theta = 2.6$ – 27.6 ° $\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹ $T = 299$ K

Needle, colourless

 $0.45 \times 0.08 \times 0.04$ mm*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur

diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Rotation method data acquisition using ω and ϕ scans.

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)

 $T_{\min} = 0.967$, $T_{\max} = 0.993$

5890 measured reflections

1660 independent reflections

1121 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.3$ °, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.7$ ° $h = -3 \rightarrow 5$ $k = -14 \rightarrow 13$ $l = -18 \rightarrow 18$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.073$ $wR(F^2) = 0.156$ $S = 1.26$

1660 reflections

115 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sitesH atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0286P)^2 + 0.8009P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18$ e Å⁻³*Special details***Experimental.** Absorption correction details: CrysAlis RED, Oxford Diffraction Ltd., 2007 Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.**Refinement.** Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)*

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	-0.0442 (6)	0.9157 (3)	0.87038 (19)	0.0414 (8)

C2	0.0495 (6)	0.9258 (3)	0.7884 (2)	0.0424 (8)
C3	-0.0385 (6)	1.0149 (3)	0.7370 (2)	0.0502 (9)
C4	-0.2211 (7)	1.0883 (3)	0.7678 (3)	0.0620 (10)
H4	-0.2811	1.1473	0.7335	0.074*
C5	-0.3162 (7)	1.0761 (3)	0.8479 (3)	0.0639 (11)
H5	-0.4413	1.1260	0.8668	0.077*
C6	-0.2269 (6)	0.9905 (3)	0.9001 (2)	0.0521 (9)
H6	-0.2881	0.9828	0.9548	0.063*
C7	-0.1038 (6)	0.7664 (3)	0.9715 (2)	0.0468 (8)
C8	0.0486 (7)	0.6820 (3)	1.0266 (2)	0.0606 (10)
H8A	0.0383	0.6984	1.0868	0.073*
H8B	0.2414	0.6803	1.0153	0.073*
H8C	-0.0357	0.6128	1.0132	0.073*
C9	0.2419 (7)	0.8429 (3)	0.7556 (2)	0.0523 (9)
H9A	0.2524	0.7811	0.7932	0.063*
H9B	0.4256	0.8734	0.7548	0.063*
H9C	0.1703	0.8214	0.6978	0.063*
C10	0.0608 (8)	1.0314 (3)	0.6489 (2)	0.0690 (11)
H10A	-0.0029	0.9726	0.6114	0.083*
H10B	0.2620	1.0341	0.6547	0.083*
H10C	-0.0134	1.0980	0.6244	0.083*
N1	0.0539 (5)	0.8282 (2)	0.92501 (16)	0.0432 (7)
H1N	0.230 (7)	0.818 (3)	0.931 (2)	0.052*
O1	-0.3582 (4)	0.7763 (2)	0.96925 (18)	0.0722 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0283 (15)	0.045 (2)	0.0503 (19)	0.0009 (14)	-0.0004 (13)	-0.0039 (15)
C2	0.0317 (16)	0.045 (2)	0.0497 (19)	-0.0051 (14)	0.0012 (13)	-0.0040 (15)
C3	0.0429 (18)	0.047 (2)	0.058 (2)	-0.0068 (16)	-0.0060 (15)	0.0043 (17)
C4	0.054 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.082 (3)	0.0039 (18)	-0.010 (2)	0.008 (2)
C5	0.050 (2)	0.057 (3)	0.083 (3)	0.0135 (18)	-0.0006 (19)	-0.012 (2)
C6	0.0428 (18)	0.057 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.0048 (17)	0.0034 (15)	-0.0088 (18)
C7	0.0351 (18)	0.056 (2)	0.0500 (19)	-0.0013 (16)	0.0092 (14)	-0.0032 (17)
C8	0.048 (2)	0.071 (3)	0.065 (2)	-0.0048 (18)	0.0144 (17)	0.015 (2)
C9	0.0497 (19)	0.059 (2)	0.0499 (19)	0.0009 (17)	0.0121 (15)	0.0004 (17)
C10	0.074 (3)	0.071 (3)	0.060 (2)	-0.009 (2)	-0.0039 (19)	0.014 (2)
N1	0.0272 (13)	0.0530 (17)	0.0504 (15)	0.0043 (13)	0.0084 (12)	0.0046 (14)
O1	0.0289 (12)	0.085 (2)	0.104 (2)	0.0005 (12)	0.0148 (12)	0.0147 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C6	1.388 (4)	C7—N1	1.339 (4)
C1—C2	1.396 (4)	C7—C8	1.490 (5)
C1—N1	1.423 (4)	C8—H8A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.399 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9600
C2—C9	1.504 (4)	C8—H8C	0.9600

C3—C4	1.382 (5)	C9—H9A	0.9600
C3—C10	1.506 (5)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.374 (5)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C10—H10A	0.9600
C5—C6	1.373 (5)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C10—H10C	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	N1—H1N	0.85 (3)
C7—O1	1.223 (3)		
C6—C1—C2	121.2 (3)	C7—C8—H8A	109.5
C6—C1—N1	119.5 (3)	C7—C8—H8B	109.5
C2—C1—N1	119.3 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C1—C2—C3	118.7 (3)	C7—C8—H8C	109.5
C1—C2—C9	121.0 (3)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C3—C2—C9	120.3 (3)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	119.1 (3)	C2—C9—H9A	109.5
C4—C3—C10	119.8 (3)	C2—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C3—C10	121.1 (3)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	121.6 (3)	C2—C9—H9C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.2	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	119.2	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.2 (3)	C3—C10—H10A	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.9	C3—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.9	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.3 (3)	C3—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.4	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—C6—H6	120.4	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
O1—C7—N1	123.2 (3)	C7—N1—C1	125.8 (3)
O1—C7—C8	120.9 (3)	C7—N1—H1N	117 (2)
N1—C7—C8	116.0 (3)	C1—N1—H1N	117 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.7 (4)	C10—C3—C4—C5	-179.9 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-177.1 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C6	1.0 (5)
C6—C1—C2—C9	-178.5 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.2 (5)
N1—C1—C2—C9	2.8 (4)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.2 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.8 (4)	N1—C1—C6—C5	178.6 (3)
C9—C2—C3—C4	178.3 (3)	O1—C7—N1—C1	3.0 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C10	178.6 (3)	C8—C7—N1—C1	-177.8 (3)
C9—C2—C3—C10	-1.2 (5)	C6—C1—N1—C7	45.2 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (5)	C2—C1—N1—C7	-136.0 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1N \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.85 (3)	2.06 (3)	2.901 (3)	169 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $x+1, y, z$.