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## (3*R*,6*S*,7*aS*)-3-Phenyl-6-(phenylsulfanyl)perhydropyrrolo[1,2-c]oxazol-5-one

#### Graeme J. Gainsford,\* Andreas Luxenburger and Anthony D. Woolhouse

Industrial Research Limited, PO Box 31-310, Lower Hutt, New Zealand Correspondence e-mail: g.gainsford@irl.cri.nz

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 121 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.001 Å; *R* factor = 0.033; *wR* factor = 0.087; data-to-parameter ratio = 29.9.

Molecules of the title compound [systematic name: (2R,5S,7S)-2-phenyl-7-phenylsulfanyl-1-aza-3-oxabicyclo[3.3.0]octan-8-one], C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S, form high quality crystals even though they are only packed using C-H···O(carbonyl) and weak C-H···S interactions. The dihedral angle between the aromatic rings is 85.53 (5)°. The fused rings adopt envelope and twist conformations.

#### **Related literature**

For related structures, see Nagasaka & Imai (1995); Anwar *et al.* (2003); Bailey *et al.* (2000); McCarthy *et al.* (1999). For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



#### Experimental

Crystal data  $C_{18}H_{17}NO_2S$   $M_r = 311.39$ Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$  a = 5.3884 (3) Å b = 11.2227 (7) Å

c = 25.3308 (16) Å

 $V = 1531.81 (16) \text{ Å}^3$  Z = 4Mo K $\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.22 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 121 K $0.75 \times 0.39 \times 0.30 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker–Nonius APEXII CCD areadetector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (Blessing, 1995)  $T_{min} = 0.829, T_{max} = 0.937$ 

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$   $wR(F^2) = 0.087$  S = 1.115948 reflections 199 parameters H-atom parameters constrained 45370 measured reflections 5948 independent reflections 5711 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.030$ 

 $\begin{array}{l} \Delta \rho_{max} = 0.38 \mbox{ e } \mbox{ Å}^{-3} \\ \Delta \rho_{min} = -0.20 \mbox{ e } \mbox{ Å}^{-3} \\ \mbox{ Absolute structure: Flack (1983),} \\ 2508 \mbox{ Friedel pairs} \\ \mbox{ Flack parameter: } 0.01 \mbox{ (4)} \end{array}$ 

# Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^{\circ}$ ).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$C7A - H7A \cdots O5^{i}$	1.00	2.55	3.4305 (13)	147
$C7 - H72 \cdots O5^{ii}$	0.99	2.62	3.3493 (16)	131
$C1 - H1B \cdot \cdot \cdot O5^{ii}$	0.99	2.71	3.1513 (13)	108
$C1 - H1A \cdot \cdot \cdot S1^{ii}$	0.99	3.00	3.9512 (14)	162
$C4-H4\cdots S1^{iii}$	0.95	2.98	3.7531 (13)	139

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: *SAINT* and *SADABS* (Bruker, 2006); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997), *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *PLATON*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ER2064).

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# supporting information

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## (3R,6S,7aS)-3-Phenyl-6-(phenylsulfanyl)perhydropyrrolo[1,2-c]oxazol-5-one

#### Graeme J. Gainsford, Andreas Luxenburger and Anthony D. Woolhouse

#### S1. Comment

During the course of our efforts to delineate, in detail, the conversion of the bicyclic lactam 1 into its highly prized, chiral  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated derivative 5 employing *sulfur chemistry* (Fig. 3), we were able to isolate and separate the three anticipated products (2,3 & 4) from the rapid quenching of the lithium enolate of 1 with the electrophile, PhSSPh: the two 6-(phenylthio)-mono-adducts 2 and 3 were found to be predominant in the mixture with up to 10% only of the 6,6-bis-(phenylthio)-adduct. In order to be able to unequivocally assign structures to each of the mono-adducts, we carried out an X-ray crystallographic study of the title *cis(endo-)* adduct 2 (Scheme) so that structural inferences made on the basis of nOe experiments could be corroborated (see bottom right entry in fig. 3).

The 2-(*p*-methoxyphenyl) derivative is described (molecule 21*b*) by Nagasaka & Imai (1995). Related compounds in the Cambridge Structural Database [C.S.D. Version 5.30 with November 2008 updates (Allen, 2002)] have been reported by Anwar *et al.* (2003) (IJAGUV) and Bailey *et al.* (2000) (QINMEF & QINMEJ).

The asymmetric unit is shown in Figure 1. The 5-membered fused rings (N4,C5,C6,C7,C7a) and (C1,O2,C3,N4,C7a) are best described as having envelope (on C6) and twist (on C1—O2) conformations (Spek, 2009). The 3-phenyl (C2,C4,C9—C12) and 6-phenylthio (C13—C18) phenyl rings subtend angles of 85.53 (5)° to each other and 71.74 (5) and 39.74 (5)° respectively to the mean plane through the fused ring (octan-8-one) atoms. The corresponding three angles for the 6-benzyl closest structural relative (QINMEF) are 80.14 (7), 71.18 (6) and 36.82 (7)° while the interplanar angles found for the 3-phenyl rings in IJAGUV & QINMIJ structures are 74.1 (4) and 76.73 (7)%, respectively.

The molecular packing is provided by mainly weak C–H···O interactions (entries 1–3, Table 1, involving a bifurcated O) as partly shown in Figure 2. The weak, just significant, C—H···S interactions have been observed before contributing to dimer formation in CUQXUH with a C—H···S angles of 140° (McCarthy *et al.*, 1999).

These crystals were of superb quality, confirmed by the final agreement indices and difference density maps, which raises the issue of how many of the weak intermolecular interactions may just be fortuitous, with packing largely determined by the overall molecular shape and van der Waal's forces.

#### S2. Experimental

To a solution of the lactam 1 (19.7 g, 97.0 mmol) in dry THF (180 ml) was added dropwise LiHMDS (1 *M* solution in hexanes; 116 ml, 116 mmol) at -78 °C and the solution was stirred for further 60 min before a concentrated solution of diphenylsulfide (25.4 g, 116 mmol) in dry THF (25 ml) was added rapidly in one single portion at the same temperature. After being stirred for 3 h the reaction mixture was quenched at -78 °C with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution (50 ml) and allowed to warm to ambient temperature before being diluted with ethyl acetate (400 ml). The separated organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a crude oil, the composition of which was determined by HPLC analysis. Based on this analysis the two diastereomeric phenylthioethers 2 and 3 were formed in 40% and 49% yield, respectively. In addition, the reaction provided the bis(phenylthio)-adduct 4

in 9% as the by-product and 2% of the starting material remained unreacted. The crude product was finally fractionated by flash column chromatography (silica gel, 10% and 20% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether) to yield the three adducts 2, 3 and 4.

(2): (3R,6S,7aS)-3-Phenyl-6-(phenylthio)tetrahydropyrrolo [1,2-*c*]oxazol-5(1*H*)-one was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/petroleum ether to give colourless crystals,  $R_f = 0.44$  (30% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether); m.p. 97–98 °C,  $[\alpha]^{21}_{D}$ =+215.6 (*c* 0.545, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); FTIR (neat) 1692 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.57–7.53 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.42 (m, 2H), 7.38–7.27 (m, 6H), 6.29 (s, 1H, H3), 4.26 (t, J=9.7 Hz, 1H, H6), 4.17 (dd, J=8.2, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H1 $\alpha$ ), 4.06–3.99 (m, 1H, H7 $\alpha$ ), 3.21 (t, J=8.1 Hz, 1H, H1 $\beta$ ), 2.81 (ddd, J=13.5, 9.2, 7.3 Hz, 1H, H7 $\alpha$ ), 1.93 (ddd, J=13.5, 10.2, 6.4 Hz, 1H, H7 $\beta$ ); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  173.54, 138.18, 132.91, 132.85, 128.94, 128.55, 128.29, 127.89, 125.82, 87.18, 71.88, 55.73, 51.06, 32.03; HRMS (ES+) m/z calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>SNa<sup>+</sup> 334.0878, obsd 334.0872; Anal. calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S: C, 69.43; H, 5.50; N, 4.50. Found: C, 69.32; H, 5.63; N, 4.63.

(3): (3R,6R,7aS)-3-Phenyl-6-(phenylthio)tetrahydropyrrolo [1,2-*c*]oxazol-5(1*H*)-one, colourless crystals,  $R_f = 0.30$  (30% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether); m.p. 80 °C;  $[a]^{20}_{D} = +102.3$  (*c* 1.05, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); FTIR (neat) 1702 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.52–7.48 (m, 2H); 7.41–7.30 (m, 6H); 7.27–7.23 (m, 2H), 6.05 (s, 1H, H3); 4.22 (dd, J=9.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H, H6); 4.13 (dd, J=8.0, 6.2 Hz, 1H, H1a); 3.90–3.83 (m, 1H, H7aa); 3.47 (t, J=8.4 Hz, 1H, H1\beta); 2.56 (ddd, J=14.5, 9.2, 5.3 Hz, 1H, H7\beta); 2.28 (ddd, J=14.2, 7.5, 3.3, 1H, H7a); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  174.58, 138.57, 132.55, 131.99, 129.02, 128.49, 128.25, 127.76, 125.93, 86.47, 70.97, 57.11, 49.25, 30.66; HRMS (ES+) m/z calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>SNa<sup>+</sup> 334.0878, obsd 334.0879; Anal. calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S: C, 69.43; H, 5.50; N, 4.50. Found C, 69.39; H, 5.59; N, 4.55.

(4): (3R,7aS)-3-Phenyl-6,6- bis(phenylthio)tetrahydropyrrolo[1,2-*c*]oxazol-5(1*H*)-one, colourless crystals,  $R_f = 0.54$ (30% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether); m.p. 108 °C;  $[\alpha]^{20}_D = +157.1$  (*c* 0.62, CDCl<sub>3</sub>); FTIR (neat) 1698 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.71–7.68 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.55 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.29 (m, 9H), 7.25–7.20 (m, 2H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 4.03 (dd, J=8.1, 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.69–3.63 (m, 1H), 3.09 (t, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (dd, J=14.3, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (dd, J=14.3, 6.5 Hz, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  171.71, 137.95, 136.65, 136.27, 131.18, 130.44, 129.96, 129.57, 129.01, 128.87, 128.67, 128.35, 126.02, 87.09, 71.78, 68.68, 55.00, 39.79; HRMS (ES+) m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>Na<sup>+</sup> 442.0911, obsd 442.0191; Anal. calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>: C, 68.70; H, 5.04; N, 3.34. Found C, 68.88; H, 5.29; N, 3.37.

#### S3. Refinement

A total of 9 reflections within  $2\theta$  68° were omitted from refinement as either outliers or partially screened by the backstop. All H atoms bound to carbon were constrained to their expected geometries (C—H 0.95, 0.99 & 1.00 Å). All H atoms were refined with  $U_{iso}$  1.2 times that of the  $U_{eq}$  of their parent atom.



### Figure 1

Molecular structure of the asymmetric unit (Farrugia, 1997); displacement ellipsoids are shown at the 50% probability level.



### Figure 2

Packing diagram (Mercury; Macrae *et al.*,2006) of the unit cell. Contact atoms are shown as balls; not all interactions and labels are shown for clarity (see Table 1).

# supporting information



#### Figure 3

Preparation of the title compound.

#### (2R,5S,7S)-2-phenyl-7-phenylsulfanyl-1-aza-3- oxabicyclo[3.3.0]octan-8-one

Crystal data

C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S  $M_r = 311.39$ Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$ Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab a = 5.3884 (3) Å b = 11.2227 (7) Å c = 25.3308 (16) Å V = 1531.81 (16) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 8.333 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (Blessing, 1995)  $T_{\min} = 0.829, T_{\max} = 0.937$ 

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$  $wR(F^2) = 0.087$ S = 1.115948 reflections 199 parameters F(000) = 656  $D_x = 1.350 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 \mathbf{A} Cell parameters from 9806 reflections  $\theta = 3.0-34.4^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.22 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 121 KBlock, colourless  $0.75 \times 0.39 \times 0.30 \text{ mm}$ 

45370 measured reflections 5948 independent reflections 5711 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.030$  $\theta_{max} = 34.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{min} = 3.0^\circ$  $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$  $k = -17 \rightarrow 16$  $l = -38 \rightarrow 38$ 

0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0528P)^2 + 0.1721P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.38 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 

#### Special details

 $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 2508 Friedel pairs
Absolute structure parameter: 0.01 (4)

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. **Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
S1	0.53402 (5)	0.52168 (2)	0.147539 (9)	0.02284 (6)	
O2	0.63842 (15)	0.59460 (6)	0.36457 (3)	0.02259 (14)	
O5	0.76332 (18)	0.36178 (6)	0.23809 (3)	0.02532 (15)	
N4	0.80755 (16)	0.53105 (7)	0.28760 (3)	0.01873 (14)	
C1	0.5697 (2)	0.67901 (8)	0.32437 (4)	0.02362 (18)	
H1A	0.5735	0.7616	0.3381	0.028*	
H1B	0.4020	0.6619	0.3103	0.028*	
C2	0.88109 (18)	0.41716 (8)	0.37229 (3)	0.01718 (15)	
C3	0.70664 (17)	0.48760 (8)	0.33825 (3)	0.01756 (15)	
H3	0.5543	0.4392	0.3313	0.021*	
C4	0.8234 (2)	0.29955 (8)	0.38433 (4)	0.02221 (17)	
H4	0.6793	0.2640	0.3695	0.027*	
C5	0.77799 (18)	0.46990 (8)	0.24169 (3)	0.01866 (15)	
C6	0.7641 (2)	0.56099 (8)	0.19659 (4)	0.02006 (16)	
H6	0.9305	0.5691	0.1795	0.024*	
C7	0.6940 (3)	0.67833 (8)	0.22432 (4)	0.0274 (2)	
H71	0.7857	0.7462	0.2087	0.033*	
H72	0.5138	0.6938	0.2212	0.033*	
C7A	0.7678 (2)	0.66023 (8)	0.28236 (4)	0.02122 (17)	
H7A	0.9223	0.7055	0.2911	0.025*	
C9	0.9747 (2)	0.23345 (9)	0.41785 (5)	0.02726 (19)	
H9	0.9343	0.1531	0.4259	0.033*	
C10	1.1843 (2)	0.28528 (10)	0.43943 (4)	0.0288 (2)	
H10	1.2878	0.2406	0.4624	0.035*	
C11	1.2439 (2)	0.40310 (10)	0.42745 (5)	0.0274 (2)	
H11	1.3877	0.4386	0.4424	0.033*	
C12	1.09340 (18)	0.46886 (9)	0.39371 (4)	0.02237 (17)	
H12	1.1353	0.5489	0.3853	0.027*	
C13	0.71008 (18)	0.45302 (7)	0.09728 (4)	0.01856 (15)	
C14	0.9116 (2)	0.37876 (9)	0.10770 (4)	0.02280 (18)	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

H14	0.9565	0.3611	0.1431	0.027*
C15	1.0467 (2)	0.33070 (10)	0.06609 (4)	0.02566 (19)
H15	1.1859	0.2813	0.0732	0.031*
C16	0.9801 (2)	0.35426 (9)	0.01414 (4)	0.02609 (19)
H16	1.0746	0.3221	-0.0142	0.031*
C17	0.7743 (2)	0.42516 (9)	0.00390 (4)	0.02471 (18)
H17	0.7254	0.4397	-0.0316	0.030*
C18	0.63983 (19)	0.47488 (9)	0.04504 (4)	0.02167 (16)
H18	0.5001	0.5238	0.0377	0.026*
H17 C18 H18	0.7254 0.63983 (19) 0.5001	0.4397 0.47488 (9) 0.5238	-0.0316 0.04504 (4) 0.0377	0.030* 0.02167 (16) 0.026*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
<b>S</b> 1	0.02433 (10)	0.02516 (10)	0.01902 (10)	0.00568 (8)	-0.00096 (8)	-0.00069 (8)
O2	0.0304 (3)	0.0205 (3)	0.0169 (3)	0.0075 (3)	0.0009 (3)	-0.0014 (2)
05	0.0404 (4)	0.0151 (3)	0.0205 (3)	0.0020 (3)	-0.0005 (3)	-0.0027 (2)
N4	0.0270 (4)	0.0144 (3)	0.0148 (3)	0.0010 (3)	0.0016 (3)	-0.0007(2)
C1	0.0323 (5)	0.0203 (4)	0.0183 (4)	0.0070 (3)	-0.0006 (3)	-0.0002 (3)
C2	0.0203 (4)	0.0172 (3)	0.0141 (3)	0.0012 (3)	0.0009 (3)	-0.0011 (2)
C3	0.0218 (4)	0.0166 (3)	0.0143 (3)	0.0006 (3)	0.0007 (3)	-0.0006 (2)
C4	0.0250 (4)	0.0179 (3)	0.0236 (4)	-0.0004 (3)	-0.0009 (3)	-0.0001 (3)
C5	0.0243 (4)	0.0167 (3)	0.0150 (3)	0.0018 (3)	0.0006 (3)	-0.0009 (3)
C6	0.0282 (4)	0.0173 (3)	0.0147 (4)	0.0012 (3)	0.0007 (3)	0.0002 (3)
C7	0.0481 (6)	0.0161 (3)	0.0180 (4)	0.0049 (4)	0.0023 (4)	0.0002 (3)
C7A	0.0305 (5)	0.0140 (3)	0.0191 (4)	-0.0005 (3)	0.0014 (3)	-0.0016 (3)
C9	0.0311 (5)	0.0220 (4)	0.0287 (5)	0.0036 (4)	0.0001 (4)	0.0047 (3)
C10	0.0285 (5)	0.0328 (5)	0.0251 (5)	0.0093 (4)	-0.0033 (4)	0.0021 (4)
C11	0.0213 (4)	0.0334 (5)	0.0276 (5)	0.0029 (4)	-0.0047 (4)	-0.0034 (4)
C12	0.0197 (4)	0.0229 (4)	0.0245 (4)	-0.0016 (3)	0.0002 (3)	-0.0016 (3)
C13	0.0228 (4)	0.0169 (3)	0.0160 (3)	-0.0008 (3)	-0.0019 (3)	0.0000 (3)
C14	0.0280 (5)	0.0238 (4)	0.0167 (4)	0.0053 (3)	-0.0025 (3)	0.0008 (3)
C15	0.0268 (4)	0.0281 (4)	0.0222 (4)	0.0062 (4)	-0.0019 (4)	-0.0027 (3)
C16	0.0301 (5)	0.0293 (4)	0.0189 (4)	0.0002 (4)	0.0015 (4)	-0.0029 (3)
C17	0.0311 (5)	0.0272 (4)	0.0158 (4)	-0.0028 (4)	-0.0047 (4)	0.0004 (3)
C18	0.0251 (4)	0.0216 (4)	0.0183 (4)	-0.0007 (3)	-0.0053 (3)	0.0022 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C13	1.7648 (10)	C7—H71	0.9900
S1—C6	1.8098 (10)	С7—Н72	0.9900
O2—C3	1.4217 (11)	C7A—H7A	1.0000
O2—C1	1.4393 (12)	C9—C10	1.3831 (17)
O5—C5	1.2194 (11)	С9—Н9	0.9500
N4—C5	1.3598 (11)	C10—C11	1.3940 (17)
N4—C7A	1.4716 (11)	C10—H10	0.9500
N4—C3	1.4762 (11)	C11—C12	1.3901 (15)
C1—C7A	1.5218 (15)	C11—H11	0.9500
C1—H1A	0.9900	C12—H12	0.9500

C1—H1B	0.9900	C13—C14	1.3942 (13)
C2—C4	1.3900 (12)	C13—C18	1.3981 (12)
C2—C12	1.3927 (13)	C14—C15	1.3899 (14)
C2—C3	1.5007 (13)	C14—H14	0.9500
С3—Н3	1.0000	C15—C16	1.3896 (14)
C4—C9	1 3913 (15)	C15—H15	0.9500
C4—H4	0.9500	$C_{16}$	1 3892 (16)
C5	1 5348 (13)	C16H16	0.9500
C6_C7	1.5346(13) 1.5305(13)	$C_{10}$ $C$	1 3866 (15)
C6 H6	1.0000	C17_H17	0.0500
	1.0000	$C_1/-I_1/$	0.9500
C/C/A	1.3303 (14)	С18—н18	0.9300
C13—S1—C6	103.50 (5)	H71—C7—H72	108.8
C3—O2—C1	106.90 (7)	N4—C7A—C1	100.10 (8)
C5—N4—C7A	113.75 (8)	N4—C7A—C7	104.74 (7)
C5—N4—C3	122.24 (8)	C1—C7A—C7	118.00 (10)
C7A - N4 - C3	11050(7)	N4—C7A—H7A	111 1
$02-C1-C7\Delta$	102.90(8)	C1 - C7A - H7A	111.1
$O_2 = C_1 = C_1 M$	102.90 (0)	$C_{1}^{-}$ $C_{1$	111.1
$C_{2}$	111.2	$C_1 = C_1 = C_1 = C_1$	111.1 110.71(10)
C/A = CI = HIA	111.2	$C_{10} = C_{9} = C_{4}$	119.71 (10)
	111.2	$C_{10} - C_{9} - H_{9}$	120.1
C/A—CI—HIB	111.2	C4—C9—H9	120.1
HIA—CI—HIB	109.1		120.05 (10)
C4—C2—C12	119.60 (9)	С9—С10—Н10	120.0
C4—C2—C3	119.09 (9)	C11—C10—H10	120.0
C12—C2—C3	121.26 (8)	C12—C11—C10	120.22 (10)
O2—C3—N4	102.93 (7)	C12—C11—H11	119.9
O2—C3—C2	109.72 (7)	C10-C11-H11	119.9
N4—C3—C2	116.27 (8)	C11—C12—C2	119.82 (9)
O2—C3—H3	109.2	C11—C12—H12	120.1
N4—C3—H3	109.2	C2—C12—H12	120.1
С2—С3—Н3	109.2	C14—C13—C18	119.67 (9)
C2—C4—C9	120.59 (10)	C14—C13—S1	122.90 (7)
C2—C4—H4	119.7	C18—C13—S1	117.43 (7)
C9-C4-H4	119.7	C15 - C14 - C13	119 76 (9)
05	125.01.(9)	C15 - C14 - H14	120.1
05 - 05 - 06	127.15(8)	$C_{13}$ $C_{14}$ $H_{14}$	120.1
N4 C5 C6	127.13(0) 107.84(7)	$C_{15} = C_{14} = I_{14}$	120.1
$C_{5} = C_{6} = C_{7}$	107.04(7)	$C_{10} = C_{15} = C_{14}$	120.00 (10)
$C_{5} = C_{6} = C_{7}$	104.01(7)	C14 C15 H15	119.7
$C_{3}$	112.40(0)	C17_C1(_C15	119.7
	110.72 (8)		119.47 (10)
	109.8	$U_1/-U_10-H_10$	120.3
	109.8	C15—C16—H16	120.3
S1—C6—H6	109.8	C18—C17—C16	120.49 (9)
C/A—C7—C6	105.07 (8)	C18—C17—H17	119.8
С7А—С7—Н71	110.7	C16—C17—H17	119.8
C6—C7—H71	110.7	C17—C18—C13	119.95 (9)
С7А—С7—Н72	110.7	C17—C18—H18	120.0

# supporting information

С6—С7—Н72	110.7	C13—C18—H18	120.0
C3—O2—C1—C7A	-42.19 (10)	C5—N4—C7A—C1	124.87 (9)
C1—O2—C3—N4	30.62 (10)	C3—N4—C7A—C1	-17.02 (10)
C1—O2—C3—C2	155.00 (8)	C5—N4—C7A—C7	2.19 (12)
C5—N4—C3—O2	-145.28 (9)	C3—N4—C7A—C7	-139.70 (9)
C7A—N4—C3—O2	-7.18 (10)	O2—C1—C7A—N4	34.70 (9)
C5—N4—C3—C2	94.76 (11)	O2—C1—C7A—C7	147.49 (8)
C7A—N4—C3—C2	-127.14 (9)	C6—C7—C7A—N4	-14.67 (12)
C4—C2—C3—O2	125.46 (9)	C6—C7—C7A—C1	-124.87 (9)
C12—C2—C3—O2	-51.84 (11)	C2-C4-C9-C10	0.09 (16)
C4—C2—C3—N4	-118.31 (9)	C4-C9-C10-C11	-0.26 (17)
C12—C2—C3—N4	64.39 (11)	C9-C10-C11-C12	-0.13 (17)
C12—C2—C4—C9	0.47 (15)	C10-C11-C12-C2	0.70 (16)
C3—C2—C4—C9	-176.88 (9)	C4—C2—C12—C11	-0.86 (14)
C7A—N4—C5—O5	-167.92 (11)	C3—C2—C12—C11	176.43 (9)
C3—N4—C5—O5	-31.03 (16)	C6—S1—C13—C14	37.85 (9)
C7A—N4—C5—C6	11.47 (12)	C6—S1—C13—C18	-142.53 (7)
C3—N4—C5—C6	148.36 (8)	C18—C13—C14—C15	2.42 (15)
O5—C5—C6—C7	159.26 (12)	S1—C13—C14—C15	-177.97 (8)
N4—C5—C6—C7	-20.11 (11)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.15 (17)
O5—C5—C6—S1	39.41 (14)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-0.94 (17)
N4—C5—C6—S1	-139.96 (7)	C15—C16—C17—C18	1.75 (16)
C13—S1—C6—C5	-98.36 (7)	C16—C17—C18—C13	-0.48 (15)
C13—S1—C6—C7	145.76 (7)	C14—C13—C18—C17	-1.62 (14)
С5—С6—С7—С7А	20.79 (12)	S1—C13—C18—C17	178.75 (8)
S1—C6—C7—C7A	141.81 (8)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	Н…А	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C7A—H7A····O5 <sup>i</sup>	1.00	2.55	3.4305 (13)	147
C7—H72…O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.62	3.3493 (16)	131
C1—H1 <i>B</i> ···O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.71	3.1513 (13)	108
C1—H1A···S1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	3.00	3.9512 (14)	162
C4—H4…S1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.98	3.7531 (13)	139

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+2, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (iii) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2.