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3-(3-Aminophenylsulfonyl)aniline

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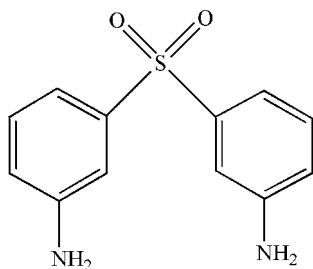
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.078; wR factor = 0.218; data-to-parameter ratio = 26.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$, the aromatic rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of $79.48(4)^\circ$. Intramolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds result in the formation of two five-membered rings with envelope conformations. In the crystal structure, intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules. $\pi-\pi$ Contacts between the benzene rings, [centroid-centroid distance = $4.211(3)$ Å] may further stabilize the structure.

Related literature

For general background, see: Block (1992); Holland (1988); McMohan *et al.* (1993). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ $M_r = 248.30$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ $a = 8.6282(17)$ Å $b = 8.8017(18)$ Å $c = 16.052(3)$ Å $\beta = 98.12(3)^\circ$ $V = 1206.8(4)$ Å³ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.26$ mm⁻¹ $T = 298(2)$ K $0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.28$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 1998)

 $T_{\min} = 0.910$, $T_{\max} = 0.933$

18754 measured reflections

4145 independent reflections

2971 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.091$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.078$ $wR(F^2) = 0.218$ $S = 1.12$

4145 reflections

154 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.64$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	2.25	3.091 (5)	166
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.86	2.29	3.069 (4)	151
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.86	2.38	3.187 (4)	156
$\text{C1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.93	2.55	2.924 (4)	104
$\text{C8}-\text{H8}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.93	2.51	2.895 (3)	105

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x, -y + 1, -z$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2599).

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3-(3-Aminophenylsulfonyl)aniline

Reza Ghazisaeidi and Mohammad Yousefi

S1. Comment

Aryl sulfones and sulfoxides are interesting functional groups possessing manifold reactivity for conversion to a variety of organosulfur compounds in the fields of drugs and pharmaceuticals (Holland, 1988; Block, 1992). In particular, aryl sulfones have received much attention as powerful anti-HIV-1 agents (McMohan *et al.*, 1993). We report herein the synthesis and crystal structure of the title compound.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Rings A (C1-C6) and B (C7-C12) are, of course, planar, and they are oriented at a dihedral angle of 79.48 (4)°. The intramolecular C-H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) result in the formations of two five-membered rings C (S1/O1/C7/C8/H8) and D (S1/O2/C1/C6/H1), having envelope conformations with atoms O1 and O2 displaced by -0.386 (4) Å and 0.300 (4) Å, respectively, from the planes of the other ring atoms.

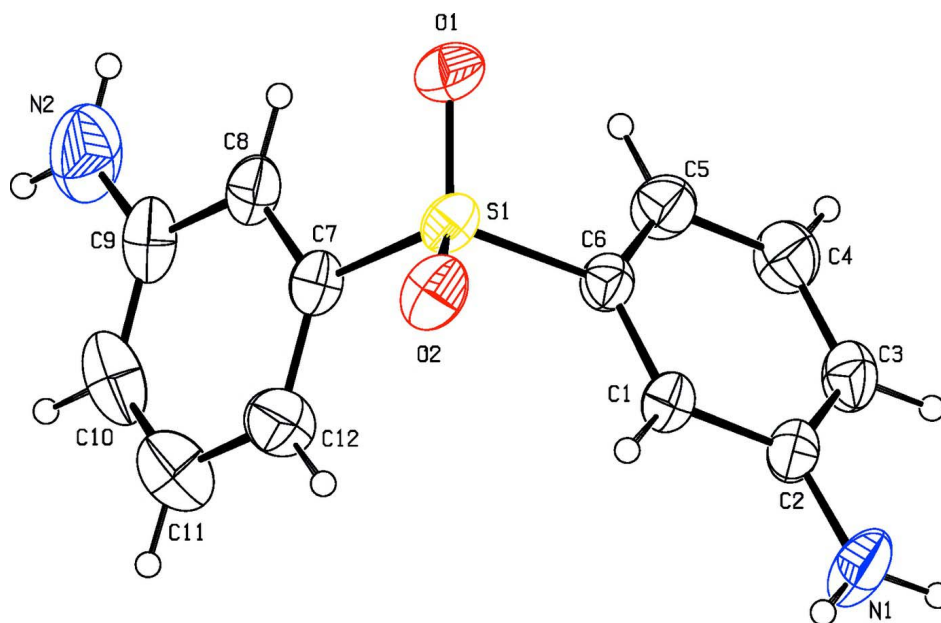
In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure. The π - π contact between the phenyl rings, Cg1—Cg1ⁱ [symmetry code: (i) 1 - x, -y, -z, where Cg1 is centroid of the ring A (C1-C6)] may further stabilize the structure, with centroid-centroid distance of 4.211 (3) Å.

S2. Experimental

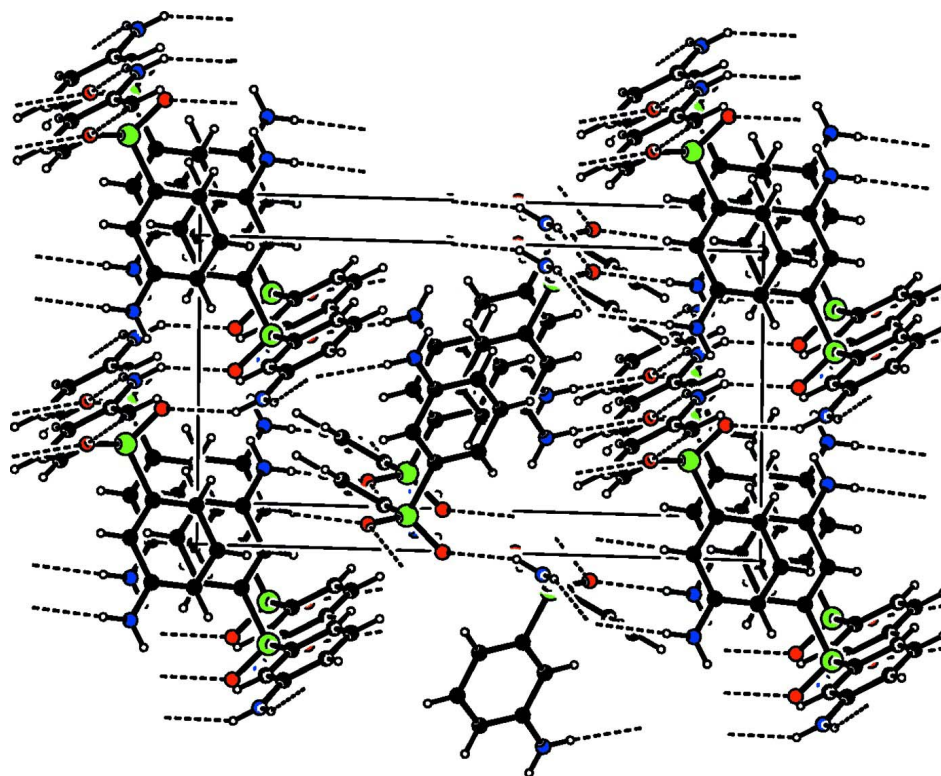
For the preparation of the title compound, a solution of 3,3'-diaminodiphenyl sulfone (0.52 g, 2.0 mmol) in methanol (10 ml) was added to a solution of pyrazinecarboxylic acid (0.51 g, 4.0 mmol) in methanol (20 ml), and the resulting yellow solution was stirred for 40 min at 313 K. It was left to evaporate slowly at room temperature. After one week, yellow prismatic crystals of the title compound were isolated (yield; 0.45 g, 86.5%).

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with N-H = 0.86 Å (for NH₂) and C-H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A partial packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

3-(3-Aminophenylsulfonyl)aniline

Crystal data

C₁₂H₁₂N₂O₂S $M_r = 248.30$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

 $a = 8.6282$ (17) Å $b = 8.8017$ (18) Å $c = 16.052$ (3) Å $\beta = 98.12$ (3)° $V = 1206.8$ (4) Å³ $Z = 4$ $F(000) = 520$ $D_x = 1.367$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1532 reflections

 $\theta = 2.4$ – 32.0 ° $\mu = 0.26$ mm⁻¹ $T = 298$ K

Colorless, yellow

 $0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.28$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 φ and ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 1998) $T_{\min} = 0.910$, $T_{\max} = 0.933$

18754 measured reflections

4145 independent reflections

2971 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.091$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 32.0$ °, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.4$ ° $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$ $k = -12 \rightarrow 13$ $l = -23 \rightarrow 23$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.078$ $wR(F^2) = 0.218$ $S = 1.12$

4145 reflections

154 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0789P)^2 + 0.6213P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.003$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.64$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.25722 (7)	0.35241 (8)	0.12847 (4)	0.0538 (2)
O1	0.2448 (2)	0.4691 (2)	0.06463 (15)	0.0705 (6)
O2	0.3825 (2)	0.3662 (3)	0.19740 (15)	0.0734 (6)
N1	0.4728 (5)	-0.1878 (5)	0.1176 (3)	0.1187 (14)

H1A	0.4757	-0.2745	0.0933	0.142*
H1B	0.5288	-0.1722	0.1656	0.142*
N2	-0.3243 (3)	0.4789 (4)	0.1136 (2)	0.0844 (9)
H2B	-0.4113	0.4778	0.1340	0.101*
H2A	-0.3183	0.5252	0.0670	0.101*
C1	0.3714 (3)	0.0656 (3)	0.11930 (19)	0.0633 (7)
H1	0.4308	0.0854	0.1711	0.076*
C2	0.3800 (4)	-0.0758 (4)	0.0805 (2)	0.0765 (9)
C3	0.2912 (6)	-0.1002 (5)	0.0046 (3)	0.0977 (13)
H3	0.2966	-0.1946	-0.0208	0.117*
C4	0.1948 (6)	0.0077 (5)	-0.0357 (3)	0.0979 (13)
H4	0.1368	-0.0127	-0.0879	0.117*
C5	0.1844 (5)	0.1493 (4)	0.0026 (2)	0.0785 (9)
H5	0.1187	0.2244	-0.0234	0.094*
C6	0.2733 (3)	0.1754 (3)	0.07936 (18)	0.0558 (6)
C7	0.0781 (3)	0.3441 (3)	0.16923 (16)	0.0498 (5)
C8	-0.0511 (3)	0.4117 (3)	0.12433 (16)	0.0513 (5)
H8	-0.0433	0.4605	0.0737	0.062*
C9	-0.1947 (3)	0.4063 (3)	0.15552 (18)	0.0545 (6)
C10	-0.2009 (4)	0.3306 (4)	0.2309 (2)	0.0645 (7)
H10	-0.2956	0.3251	0.2522	0.077*
C11	-0.0704 (4)	0.2637 (4)	0.2746 (2)	0.0735 (8)
H11	-0.0780	0.2140	0.3250	0.088*
C12	0.0725 (4)	0.2692 (4)	0.24466 (19)	0.0660 (7)
H12	0.1613	0.2242	0.2741	0.079*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0398 (3)	0.0559 (4)	0.0663 (4)	-0.0023 (2)	0.0092 (2)	0.0031 (3)
O1	0.0610 (12)	0.0647 (12)	0.0897 (15)	-0.0026 (9)	0.0239 (11)	0.0198 (11)
O2	0.0473 (10)	0.0876 (15)	0.0821 (14)	-0.0077 (10)	-0.0019 (10)	-0.0096 (12)
N1	0.136 (3)	0.095 (2)	0.130 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.036 (3)	-0.002 (2)
N2	0.0493 (13)	0.108 (2)	0.101 (2)	0.0197 (14)	0.0271 (14)	0.0260 (18)
C1	0.0570 (15)	0.0685 (17)	0.0684 (17)	0.0104 (12)	0.0225 (13)	0.0047 (14)
C2	0.084 (2)	0.0656 (18)	0.088 (2)	0.0161 (16)	0.0439 (19)	0.0042 (16)
C3	0.135 (4)	0.079 (2)	0.089 (3)	-0.002 (2)	0.050 (3)	-0.020 (2)
C4	0.124 (4)	0.091 (3)	0.079 (2)	-0.004 (3)	0.018 (2)	-0.013 (2)
C5	0.083 (2)	0.082 (2)	0.0693 (19)	0.0001 (18)	0.0068 (17)	-0.0018 (17)
C6	0.0501 (12)	0.0577 (14)	0.0627 (15)	0.0024 (10)	0.0182 (11)	0.0013 (11)
C7	0.0449 (11)	0.0504 (12)	0.0552 (13)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0105 (10)	-0.0026 (10)
C8	0.0450 (11)	0.0535 (13)	0.0572 (13)	0.0022 (10)	0.0131 (10)	0.0021 (11)
C9	0.0466 (12)	0.0540 (13)	0.0652 (15)	0.0025 (10)	0.0155 (11)	-0.0061 (11)
C10	0.0601 (15)	0.0708 (18)	0.0678 (17)	-0.0050 (13)	0.0272 (13)	-0.0045 (13)
C11	0.0748 (19)	0.087 (2)	0.0623 (17)	-0.0027 (16)	0.0236 (15)	0.0147 (16)
C12	0.0609 (16)	0.0750 (19)	0.0623 (16)	0.0042 (14)	0.0097 (13)	0.0128 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—S1	1.444 (2)	C5—C6	1.376 (5)
O2—S1	1.439 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
N1—H1A	0.8600	C6—S1	1.760 (3)
N1—H1B	0.8600	C7—C8	1.375 (4)
N2—H2B	0.8600	C7—C12	1.386 (4)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C7—S1	1.763 (2)
C1—C6	1.382 (4)	C8—C9	1.401 (3)
C1—C2	1.398 (4)	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—H1	0.9300	C9—N2	1.378 (4)
C2—N1	1.353 (5)	C9—C10	1.390 (4)
C2—C3	1.361 (6)	C10—C11	1.372 (5)
C3—C4	1.365 (6)	C10—H10	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C11—C12	1.386 (4)
C4—C5	1.398 (5)	C11—H11	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C12—H12	0.9300
O1—S1—C6	108.32 (13)	C6—C5—C4	118.7 (4)
O1—S1—C7	108.16 (12)	C6—C5—H5	120.6
O2—S1—O1	117.27 (14)	C4—C5—H5	120.6
O2—S1—C6	108.72 (14)	C5—C6—C1	121.7 (3)
O2—S1—C7	108.72 (13)	C5—C6—S1	118.7 (2)
C6—S1—C7	104.97 (12)	C1—C6—S1	119.6 (2)
C2—N1—H1A	120.0	C8—C7—C12	122.6 (2)
C2—N1—H1B	120.0	C8—C7—S1	118.43 (19)
H1A—N1—H1B	120.0	C12—C7—S1	119.0 (2)
C9—N2—H2A	120.0	C7—C8—C9	119.4 (2)
C9—N2—H2B	120.0	C7—C8—H8	120.3
H2B—N2—H2A	120.0	C9—C8—H8	120.3
C6—C1—C2	119.0 (3)	N2—C9—C10	121.3 (2)
C6—C1—H1	120.5	N2—C9—C8	120.5 (3)
C2—C1—H1	120.5	C10—C9—C8	118.2 (3)
N1—C2—C3	120.1 (4)	C11—C10—C9	121.4 (3)
N1—C2—C1	121.2 (4)	C11—C10—H10	119.3
C3—C2—C1	118.7 (3)	C9—C10—H10	119.3
C2—C3—C4	122.9 (4)	C10—C11—C12	120.9 (3)
C2—C3—H3	118.5	C10—C11—H11	119.5
C4—C3—H3	118.5	C12—C11—H11	119.5
C3—C4—C5	119.0 (4)	C7—C12—C11	117.5 (3)
C3—C4—H4	120.5	C7—C12—H12	121.2
C5—C4—H4	120.5	C11—C12—H12	121.2
C6—C1—C2—N1	-179.1 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.2 (5)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (4)	C8—C7—C12—C11	0.0 (5)
N1—C2—C3—C4	179.6 (4)	S1—C7—C12—C11	-179.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (6)	C10—C11—C12—C7	-0.1 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.8 (7)	C5—C6—S1—O2	-167.8 (2)

C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (6)	C1—C6—S1—O2	13.6 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.2 (5)	C5—C6—S1—O1	-39.4 (3)
C4—C5—C6—S1	-178.7 (3)	C1—C6—S1—O1	142.1 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.1 (4)	C5—C6—S1—C7	76.0 (3)
C2—C1—C6—S1	178.4 (2)	C1—C6—S1—C7	-102.6 (2)
C12—C7—C8—C9	0.4 (4)	C8—C7—S1—O2	144.7 (2)
S1—C7—C8—C9	179.9 (2)	C12—C7—S1—O2	-35.7 (3)
C7—C8—C9—N2	177.2 (3)	C8—C7—S1—O1	16.4 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.7 (4)	C12—C7—S1—O1	-164.1 (2)
N2—C9—C10—C11	-177.2 (3)	C8—C7—S1—C6	-99.1 (2)
C8—C9—C10—C11	0.6 (5)	C12—C7—S1—C6	80.4 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
N1—H1 <i>B</i> ...O2 ⁱ	0.86	2.25	3.091 (5)	166
N2—H2 <i>A</i> ...O1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.29	3.069 (4)	151
N2—H2 <i>B</i> ...O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.38	3.187 (4)	156
C1—H1...O2	0.93	2.55	2.924 (4)	104
C8—H8...O1	0.93	2.51	2.895 (3)	105

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $-x, -y+1, -z$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$.