organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3-(2,6-Dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-3-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2,4-dione

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Received 1 December 2008; accepted 22 January 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 200 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.108; data-to-parameter ratio = 22.7.

The title molecule, C₁₁H₁₂N₂O₄, consists of a 3-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane group containing a nearly planar cyclobutane ring (r.m.s. deviation of fitted atoms is 0.0609 Å), fused to a pyrrolidine ring, bonded to a 2,6-dioxopiperidine ring at the 3-position. The angle between the mean planes of the cyclobutane and fused pyrrolidine ring is $67.6 (6)^{\circ}$. The dihedral angles between the mean planes of the pyrrolidine and cyclobutane rings and the dioxopiperidine ring are 73.9 (2) and 62.4 (4) $^{\circ}$, respectively. The pyrrolidine and dioxopiperidine rings are twisted about the 3-yl group [torsion angles = -55.0(1) and $115.0(1)^{\circ}$ in a nearly perpendicular manner. Crystal packing is influenced by extensive intermolecular $C-H\cdots O$ and $N-H\cdots O$ interactions between all four carbonyl O atoms and H atoms from the cyclobutane and dioxopiperidine rings, as well as between the N atom and an H atom from the cyclobutane ring. In addition, weak π -ring interactions also occur between H atoms from the cyclobutane ring and the five-membered pyrrolidine ring. As a result, molecules are linked into infinite chains diagonally along the [101] plane of the unit cell in an alternate inverted pattern.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Muller & Man (2008); Yamamoto *et al.* (2008); Zeldis (2008). For related literature, see: Carson *et al.* (2004); Werbel *et al.* (1968); Cremer & Pople (1975); Schmidt & Polik (2007).



V = 1059.75 (13) Å³

 $0.57 \times 0.34 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}$

10798 measured reflections

3496 independent reflections

2193 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Mo Ka radiation

 $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 200 (2) K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.025$

Z = 4

Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{11}H_{12}N_2O_4$ $M_r = 236.23$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/a$ a = 10.7332 (7) Å b = 9.9358 (5) Å c = 11.0753 (7) Å $\beta = 116.201$ (8)°

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007) $T_{\rm min} = 0.866, T_{\rm max} = 0.975$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	154 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.108$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 0.99	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.28 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
3496 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D{\cdots}A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots \mathbf{A}$
$N2-H2B\cdots O3^{i}$	0.88	2.06	2.9426 (12)	175
$C5-H5A\cdots O4^{ii}$	1.00	2.52	3.4424 (15)	153
$C10-H10B\cdots O2^{iii}$	0.99	2.56	3.4228 (14)	146
$C11 - H11B \cdots O3^{ii}$	0.99	2.53	3.5026 (13)	167
$C11 - H11B \cdots O1^{ii}$	0.99	2.53	3.1072 (14)	117
$C3-H3A\cdots O4^{iv}$	0.99	2.52	3.2577 (15)	131

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y, -z + 1; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (iii) -x, -y + 1, -z + 1; (iv) x, y, z - 1.

Data collection: *CrysAlisPro* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: *CrysAlisPro*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

RJB acknowledges the NSF MRI program (grant No. CHE-0619278) for funds to purchase an X-ray diffractometer.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CS2103).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o394-o395 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809002839]

3-(2,6-Dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-3-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2,4-dione

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S1. Comment

The synthesis and biological evaluation of the title compound, 3-(2,6-dioxopiperidine-3-yl)-3-azabicyclo-

[3.2.0]heptane-2,4-dione and its analogues is of interest to synthetic medicinal chemists. Specifically, piperidine 2,6dione derivatives, including those of phthalimide, are important anti-angiogenic and immunomodulative agents used for the treatment of many diseases including multiple myeloma, (Muller & Man, 2008; Yamamoto *et al.*, 2008; Zeldis, 2008), Chron's disease (Carson *et al.*, 2004), and leprosy (Werbel *et al.*, 1968). The title molecule, C₁₁H₁₂N₂O₄, a piperidine 2,6dione derivative, consists of an azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane group containing a nearly planar cyclobutane ring, fused to a pyrrolidine ring, bonded to a 2,6-dioxopiperidine ring at the 3 position. The six-membered dioxopiperidine ring (N2–C8– C7–C11–C10–C9) is a slightly distorted envelope, with Cremer & Pople (1975) puckering parameters Q, θ and φ of 0.5187 (12) Å, 56.12 (13)° and 176.55 (16)°, respectively. The 5-membered pyrrolidine group (N1/C2–C6) has also a slightly distorted envelope conformation with puckering parameters Q(2) and φ (2) of 0.0940 (13) Å, 82.9 (7)° respectively. For an ideal envelope θ has a value of 0 or 180° and θ (2) has a value of 72. The angle between the mean planes of the cyclobutane and fused pyrrolidine ring is 67.6 (6)° (Fig. 1). The mean planes of the pyrrolidine and cyclobutane rings make an angle of 73.9 (2)° and 62.4 (4)° with the dihedral angle of the dioxopiperidine ring, respectively. The pyrrolidine and dioxopiperidine rings are twisted about the 3-yl group [torsion angles = -55.0 (1)° (C1—N1—C7— C8) and 115.0 (1)° (C6—N1—C7—C8)] in a nearly perpendicular manner.

Crystal packing is influenced by extensive intermolecular C–H···O hydrogen bonding between all four carbonyl oxygen atoms [O1, O2, O3, O4] and hydrogen atoms from the cyclobutane (H3A & H5A) and dioxopiperidine rings (H10B & H11B) as well as by N–H···O intermolecular interactions. As a result the molecules are linked into infinite chains diagonally along the [101] plane of the unit cell in an alternate inverted pattern (Fig. 2). In addition, weak C-H··· π -ring interactions also occur between hydrogen atoms from the cyclobutane ring [H3B] and the 5-membered pyrrolidine ring [C3–H3B···*Cg*2; H3B···*Cg*2 = 2.50 Å, C3–H3B···*Cg*2 = 64°, C3···*Cg*2–H3B = 2.2475 (13) Å, *x*,*y*,*z*, where *Cg*2 = center of gravity of the N1/C1/C2/C5/C6 ring].

After a *MOPAC* AMI calculation [Austin Model 1 approximation together with the Hartree-Fock closed-shell (restricted) wavefunction was used and minimizations were terminnated at an r.m.s. gradient of less than 0.01 kJ mol⁻¹ Å⁻¹] with *WebMO Pro* (Schmidt & Polik, 2007), the mean planes of the cyclopropane and pyrrolidine rings became completely planar in the local minimized structure and the dihedral angle between these rings became 64.3 (8)°. The angle between the mean planes of the pyrrolidine and cyclobutane rings and the dihedral angle of the dioxopiperidine ring became 73.9 (2)° and 62.4 (4)°, respectively. The twist of the pyrrolidine and dioxopiperidine rings about the 3-yl group became more perpendicuar to each other after this geometry minimization [torsion angles = -68.6 (6)° (C1—N1—C7—C8) and 100.4 (1)° (C6—N1—C7—C8)]. Thus it is apparent that the extensive hydrogen bonding and π -ring intermolecular interactions significantly influence crystal packing for this molecule.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized as follows: *cis*-1,2-cyclobutane dicarboxylic acid anhydride (0.1 g, 0.79 mmol), glutamic acid (0.12 g, 0.79 mmol), DMAP (0.02 g, 0.16 mmol), and ammonium chloride (NH₄Cl) (0.04 g, 0.916 mmol) were mixed thoroughly in a CEM-sealed vial with a magnetic stirrer. The mixture was heated for 10 min at 423 K in a CEM Discover microwave powered at 150 W. It was then cooled rapidly to 313 K and dissolved in 15 ml of (1:1) ethyl acetate: acetone. The organic layer was washed with 2x (10 ml) distilled water and dried over sodium sulfate (anhydrous). The organic layer was concentrated under vacuum and precipitated with hexanes (30 ml) affording a white solid, recrystallized from methanol, (0.10 g, 54%). mp 476–478 K; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆), δ (p.p.m.): 11.06 (s, 1 H, NH), 4.95 (dd, 1 H, 12.5, 5.5 Hz), 2.84 (m, 2 H), 2.52 (m, 4 H,), 2.02 (m, 2 H), 1.92 (m, 2 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ (p.p.m.): 179.0(C=O), 172.7(C=O), 169.4(C=O), 49.1(CH), 37.9(CH), 37.7(CH), 30.7(CH), 22.3(CH₂), 22.0(CH₂), 21.0(CH₂); MS m/z 236 (*M*+) 208, 151, 106, 112, 96, 83, 55, 41; IR (nujol) (ν_{max} , cm⁻¹): 3207.48, 1702.55, 1729.09, 1771.79 (C=O).

S3. Refinement

The H atoms were placed in their calculated positions and then refined using the riding model with C(N)—H = 0.88 to 1.00 Å, and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.18-1.21 U_{eq}(C,N)$.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of $C_{11}H_{12}N_2O_4$, showing the atom numbering scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.



Figure 2

The molecular packing for $C_{11}H_{12}N_2O_4$ viewed down the *b* axis. Dashed lines indicate C–H…O and N–H…O intermolecular hydrogen bonds.

3-(2,6-Dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-3-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2,4-dione

Crystal data

C₁₁H₁₂N₂O₄ $M_r = 236.23$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/a$ Hall symbol: -P 2yab a = 10.7332 (7) Å b = 9.9358 (5) Å c = 11.0753 (7) Å $\beta = 116.201$ (8)° V = 1059.75 (13) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 10.5081 pixels mm⁻¹ φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007) $T_{\min} = 0.866, T_{\max} = 0.975$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$ $wR(F^2) = 0.108$ S = 0.993496 reflections F(000) = 496 $D_x = 1.481 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4629 reflections $\theta = 4.9-32.6^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 200 KPrism, colorless $0.57 \times 0.34 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}$

10798 measured reflections 3496 independent reflections 2193 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.025$ $\theta_{max} = 32.5^\circ, \ \theta_{min} = 4.9^\circ$ $h = -14 \rightarrow 16$ $k = -14 \rightarrow 13$ $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

154 parameters0 restraintsPrimary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

II. day and site to estimate informed from	$1/[-2/(E^2)] + (0.0(07D)^2]$
Hydrogen site location: inferred from	$W = 1/[\sigma^2(P_0^2) + (0.060/P)^2]$
neighbouring sites	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
H-atom parameters constrained	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.28 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2))
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	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
01	0.32277 (8)	0.13630 (8)	0.42230 (7)	0.0271 (2)
O2	0.04309 (9)	0.50429 (9)	0.26752 (8)	0.0372 (2)
O3	0.02024 (7)	0.12103 (8)	0.39189 (7)	0.02458 (19)
O4	0.16813 (8)	0.16581 (9)	0.83857 (8)	0.0350 (2)
N1	0.18201 (8)	0.32243 (9)	0.37104 (8)	0.0196 (2)
N2	0.10433 (9)	0.14479 (9)	0.61681 (8)	0.0222 (2)
H2B	0.0683	0.0660	0.6195	0.027*
C1	0.25634 (10)	0.22276 (11)	0.34235 (10)	0.0211 (2)
C2	0.23146 (11)	0.24120 (12)	0.19918 (11)	0.0258 (3)
H2A	0.3154	0.2315	0.1827	0.031*
C3	0.09860 (12)	0.16602 (13)	0.09668 (11)	0.0340 (3)
H3A	0.1154	0.1076	0.0330	0.041*
H3B	0.0487	0.1164	0.1396	0.041*
C4	0.03228 (13)	0.30239 (14)	0.03642 (11)	0.0357 (3)
H4A	-0.0594	0.3172	0.0355	0.043*
H4B	0.0281	0.3205	-0.0532	0.043*
C5	0.15349 (12)	0.37539 (12)	0.15340 (11)	0.0278 (3)
H5A	0.2019	0.4464	0.1259	0.033*
C6	0.11702 (11)	0.41346 (11)	0.26561 (10)	0.0240 (2)
C7	0.15765 (10)	0.31947 (11)	0.49000 (10)	0.0190 (2)
H7A	0.0905	0.3931	0.4805	0.023*
C8	0.08854 (9)	0.18701 (11)	0.49330 (10)	0.0188 (2)
C9	0.17118 (10)	0.21274 (12)	0.73885 (10)	0.0234 (2)
C10	0.24295 (11)	0.34041 (11)	0.73556 (10)	0.0249 (2)
H10A	0.3260	0.3520	0.8228	0.030*
H10B	0.1799	0.4172	0.7239	0.030*
C11	0.28713 (10)	0.34228 (11)	0.62276 (10)	0.0220 (2)
H11A	0.3561	0.2704	0.6369	0.026*
H11B	0.3300	0.4300	0.6209	0.026*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U ²²	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	<i>U</i> ²³
01	0.0272 (4)	0.0236 (4)	0.0302 (4)	0.0056 (3)	0.0125 (3)	0.0028 (3)

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O2	0.0488 (5)	0.0302 (5)	0.0331 (4)	0.0158 (4)	0.0185 (4)	0.0085 (4)
O3	0.0235 (4)	0.0233 (4)	0.0256 (4)	-0.0044 (3)	0.0096 (3)	-0.0028 (3)
O4	0.0448 (5)	0.0383 (5)	0.0276 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	0.0211 (4)	0.0041 (4)
N1	0.0226 (4)	0.0176 (5)	0.0209 (4)	0.0009 (3)	0.0117 (3)	0.0022 (4)
N2	0.0252 (4)	0.0186 (5)	0.0252 (4)	-0.0048 (3)	0.0134 (4)	0.0012 (4)
C1	0.0196 (5)	0.0198 (5)	0.0263 (5)	-0.0028 (4)	0.0124 (4)	-0.0009(4)
C2	0.0295 (6)	0.0251 (6)	0.0279 (5)	-0.0016 (4)	0.0174 (5)	-0.0016 (5)
C3	0.0441 (7)	0.0330 (7)	0.0254 (6)	-0.0064(5)	0.0158 (5)	-0.0041 (5)
C4	0.0385 (7)	0.0436 (8)	0.0218 (5)	0.0015 (6)	0.0103 (5)	0.0005 (5)
C5	0.0347 (6)	0.0256 (6)	0.0255 (5)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0155 (5)	0.0034 (5)
C6	0.0265 (5)	0.0203 (6)	0.0238 (5)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0098 (4)	0.0032 (4)
C7	0.0203 (5)	0.0170 (5)	0.0217 (5)	0.0004 (4)	0.0110 (4)	0.0008 (4)
C8	0.0156 (4)	0.0195 (5)	0.0224 (5)	0.0016 (4)	0.0093 (4)	0.0013 (4)
C9	0.0226 (5)	0.0247 (6)	0.0248 (5)	0.0025 (4)	0.0122 (4)	0.0012 (5)
C10	0.0294 (5)	0.0217 (6)	0.0225 (5)	-0.0019 (4)	0.0105 (4)	-0.0023 (4)
C11	0.0215 (5)	0.0193 (5)	0.0248 (5)	-0.0030 (4)	0.0099 (4)	-0.0014 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C1	1.2136 (13)	С3—Н3В	0.9900
O2—C6	1.2080 (13)	C4—C5	1.5520 (16)
O3—C8	1.2253 (12)	C4—H4A	0.9900
O4—C9	1.2125 (13)	C4—H4B	0.9900
N1—C1	1.3936 (14)	C5—C6	1.5069 (16)
N1-C6	1.3959 (13)	С5—Н5А	1.0000
N1C7	1.4523 (13)	С7—С8	1.5191 (15)
N2—C8	1.3679 (13)	C7—C11	1.5298 (13)
N2—C9	1.3933 (13)	С7—Н7А	1.0000
N2—H2B	0.8800	C9—C10	1.4929 (16)
C1—C2	1.4984 (15)	C10—C11	1.5195 (15)
С2—С5	1.5364 (17)	C10—H10A	0.9900
С2—С3	1.5654 (15)	C10—H10B	0.9900
C2—H2A	1.0000	C11—H11A	0.9900
C3—C4	1.5390 (18)	C11—H11B	0.9900
С3—НЗА	0.9900		
C1—N1—C6	113.25 (9)	С6—С5—Н5А	115.6
C1—N1—C7	122.88 (8)	С2—С5—Н5А	115.6
C6—N1—C7	123.25 (9)	C4—C5—H5A	115.6
C8—N2—C9	127.22 (9)	O2—C6—N1	123.98 (10)
C8—N2—H2B	116.4	O2—C6—C5	127.86 (10)
C9—N2—H2B	116.4	N1—C6—C5	108.14 (9)
01—C1—N1	123.21 (9)	N1—C7—C8	108.95 (8)
01—C1—C2	129.16 (10)	N1—C7—C11	114.71 (8)
N1-C1-C2	107.57 (9)	C8—C7—C11	110.57 (8)
C1—C2—C5	105.78 (9)	N1—C7—H7A	107.4
C1—C2—C3	112.87 (9)	C8—C7—H7A	107.4
С5—С2—С3	89.18 (8)	С11—С7—Н7А	107.4

C1—C2—H2A	115.3	O3—C8—N2	120.82 (10)
C5—C2—H2A	115.3	O3—C8—C7	122.84 (9)
C3—C2—H2A	115.3	N2—C8—C7	116.33 (9)
C4—C3—C2	89.61 (9)	O4—C9—N2	119.20 (10)
C4—C3—H3A	113.7	O4—C9—C10	124.80 (10)
С2—С3—НЗА	113.7	N2—C9—C10	116.00 (9)
C4—C3—H3B	113.7	C9—C10—C11	112.47 (9)
С2—С3—Н3В	113.7	C9-C10-H10A	109.1
НЗА—СЗ—НЗВ	111.0	C11—C10—H10A	109.1
C3—C4—C5	89.58 (8)	C9-C10-H10B	109.1
C3—C4—H4A	113.7	C11—C10—H10B	109.1
C5—C4—H4A	113.7	H10A—C10—H10B	107.8
C3—C4—H4B	113.7	C10—C11—C7	107.91 (9)
C5—C4—H4B	113.7	C10-C11-H11A	110.1
H4A—C4—H4B	111.0	C7—C11—H11A	110.1
C6—C5—C2	104.34 (9)	C10-C11-H11B	110.1
C6—C5—C4	112.24 (10)	C7—C11—H11B	110.1
C2—C5—C4	90.21 (9)	H11A—C11—H11B	108.4
C6—N1—C1—O1	178.13 (10)	C2—C5—C6—O2	-171.68 (11)
C7—N1—C1—O1	-10.65 (15)	C4—C5—C6—O2	-75.45 (15)
C6—N1—C1—C2	-4.49 (11)	C2—C5—C6—N1	7.10(11)
C7—N1—C1—C2	166.72 (9)	C4—C5—C6—N1	103.32 (11)
O1—C1—C2—C5	-174.12 (11)	C1—N1—C7—C8	-55.34 (12)
N1—C1—C2—C5	8.72 (11)	C6—N1—C7—C8	115.01 (10)
O1—C1—C2—C3	89.96 (14)	C1—N1—C7—C11	69.19 (12)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-87.20 (11)	C6—N1—C7—C11	-120.47 (10)
C1—C2—C3—C4	115.83 (10)	C9—N2—C8—O3	-175.72 (9)
C5—C2—C3—C4	9.02 (9)	C9—N2—C8—C7	3.25 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-8.93 (9)	N1—C7—C8—O3	-24.63 (13)
C1—C2—C5—C6	-9.47 (11)	C11—C7—C8—O3	-151.56 (9)
C3—C2—C5—C6	104.11 (9)	N1—C7—C8—N2	156.42 (9)
C1—C2—C5—C4	-122.52(9)	C11—C7—C8—N2	29.49 (12)
C3—C2—C5—C4	-8.94 (9)	C8—N2—C9—O4	174.97 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-96.51 (11)	C8—N2—C9—C10	-5.28 (15)
C3—C4—C5—C2	9.10 (9)	O4—C9—C10—C11	153.52 (11)
C1—N1—C6—O2	177.01 (10)	N2-C9-C10-C11	-26.21 (13)
C7—N1—C6—O2	5.83 (16)	C9—C10—C11—C7	56.95 (12)
C1—N1—C6—C5	-1.83 (11)	N1—C7—C11—C10	178.27 (9)
C7—N1—C6—C5	-173.01 (9)	C8—C7—C11—C10	-58.05 (11)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N2—H2 <i>B</i> ···O3 ⁱ	0.88	2.06	2.9426 (12)	175
C5—H5A···O4 ⁱⁱ	1.00	2.52	3.4424 (15)	153
C10—H10 <i>B</i> ···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.56	3.4228 (14)	146
C11—H11 <i>B</i> ···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.53	3.5026 (13)	167

			supporting information		
C11—H11 <i>B</i> ···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.53	3.1072 (14)	117	
C3—H3 <i>A</i> ···O4 ^{iv}	0.99	2.52	3.2577 (15)	131	

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y, -z+1; (ii) -x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1; (iii) -x, -y+1, -z+1; (iv) x, y, z-1.