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## Structure Reports

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**(E)-5,5'-(Diazene-1,2-diyl)diisophthalic acid N,N-dimethylformamide disolvate**

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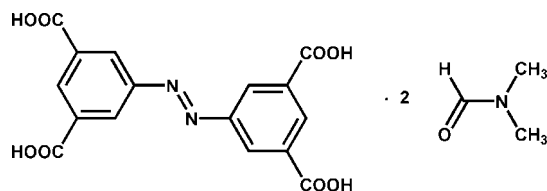
Received 15 September 2008; accepted 10 October 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  
 $R$  factor = 0.052;  $wR$  factor = 0.154; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8 \cdot 2\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}$ , was synthesized by the reductive condensation reaction of 5-nitroisophthalic acid in the presence of NaOH. The tetra-acid molecule, which has a crystallographically imposed centre of symmetry, adopts an *E* configuration with respect to the azo group. In the crystal packing, molecules are linked through intermolecular O—H...O and C—H...O hydrogen-bonding interactions, forming chains propagating in  $[2\bar{1}0]$ .

## Related literature

For general background information on the applications of azo compounds, see: Chung & Stevens (1993); Carliell *et al.* (1995).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8 \cdot 2\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}$   
 $M_r = 504.45$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
 $a = 6.2926$  (13) Å

$b = 7.2114$  (13) Å  
 $c = 13.653$  (4) Å  
 $\alpha = 80.94$  (4)°  
 $\beta = 85.30$  (4)°  
 $\gamma = 81.72$  (3)°  
 $V = 604.3$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 1$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  (2) K  
 $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$  mm

## Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.971$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.979$

5593 measured reflections  
2363 independent reflections  
1607 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.154$   
 $S = 1.04$   
2363 reflections

167 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.20$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O5}^{\text{i}}$	0.82	1.72	2.541 (2)	174
$\text{O3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.82	1.94	2.697 (2)	154
$\text{C4}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.42	3.305 (2)	159
$\text{C11}-\text{H11}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	2.58	3.240 (3)	128

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y, z + 1$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $x, y, z - 1$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *PRPKAPPA* (Ferguson, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2248).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, o2202 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808032819]

**(E)-5,5'-(Diazene-1,2-diyl)diisophthalic acid N,N-dimethylformamide disolvate****Li Zhang and Zhi-Rong Qu****S1. Comment**

Azo compounds are used as dyes in textile, paper manufacturing, pharmaceutical and food industries (Chung & Stevens, 1993; Carliell *et al.*, 1995). Herein, we report the crystal structure of the title compound, which was obtained by reductive condensation reaction of 5-nitroisophthalic acid in the presence of NaOH.

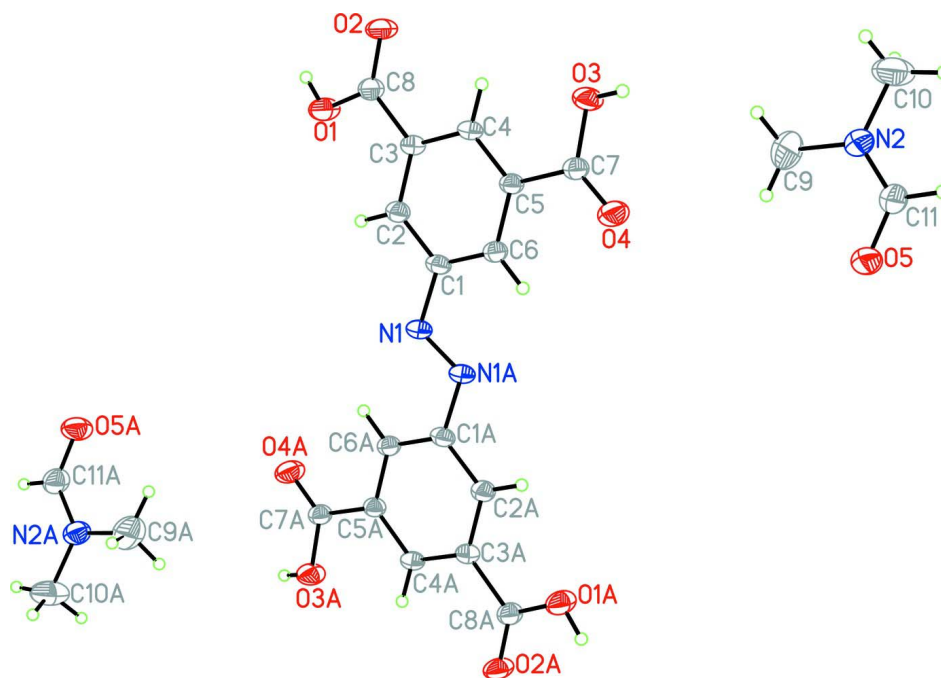
The acid molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1) has a crystallographically imposed centre of symmetry and adopts an E-configuration with respect to the azo group. The molecular conformation is stabilized by intramolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1). In the crystal packing (Fig. 2), molecules are linked into layers parallel to the (2 $\bar{1}$ 0) plane by intermolecular O—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1).

**S2. Experimental**

A solution of sodium hydroxide (35.9 g, 0.9 mol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (125 ml) was added dropwise to a suspension of 5-nitroisophthalic acid (10 g, 50.3 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (125 ml). The mixture was heated at 50°C for 18 h. After filtration, the yellow solid obtained was dissolved in H<sub>2</sub>O and acidified with HCl. Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained after 10 days by slow evaporation of a DMF solution.

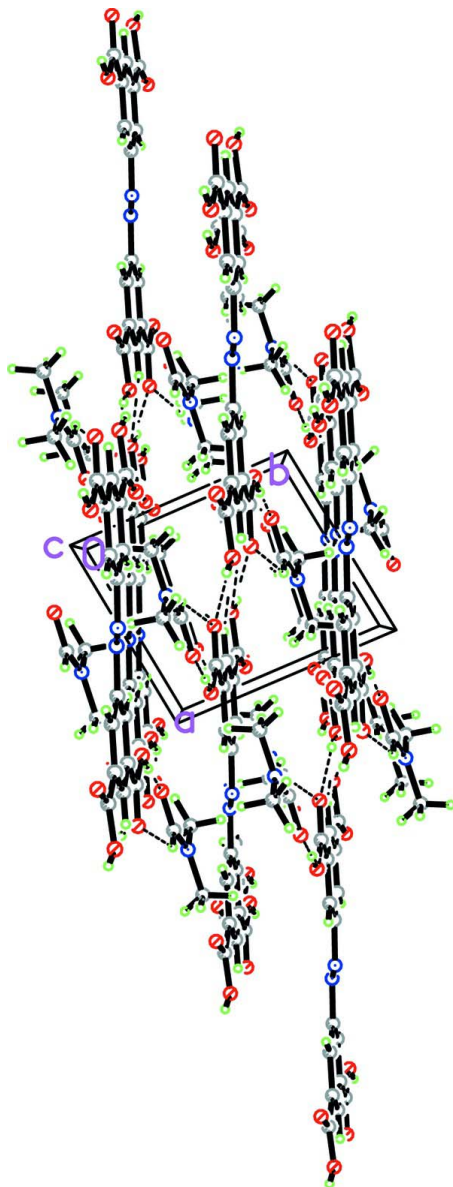
**S3. Refinement**

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and were allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å, O—H = 0.82 Å, and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$  or  $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for aromatic and aldehyde H atoms.



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids were drawn at the 30% probability level. [Symmetry code: (A)  $-x+3, -y, -z+1$ ].

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of the title compound, showing the structure along the *c* axis. Intermolecular hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

**(E)-5,5'-(Diazene-1,2-diyl)diisophthalic acid N,N-dimethylformamide disolvate***Crystal data* $C_{16}H_{10}N_2O_8 \cdot 2C_3H_7NO$  $M_r = 504.45$ Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$ Hall symbol:  $-P\ 1$  $a = 6.2926\ (13)\ \text{\AA}$  $b = 7.2114\ (13)\ \text{\AA}$  $c = 13.653\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$  $\alpha = 80.94\ (4)^\circ$  $\beta = 85.30\ (4)^\circ$  $\gamma = 81.72\ (3)^\circ$  $V = 604.3\ (3)\ \text{\AA}^3$  $Z = 1$  $F(000) = 264$  $D_x = 1.386\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$ 

Cell parameters from 1381 reflections

 $\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.4^\circ$  $\mu = 0.11\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293$  K  $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$  mm  
 Cuboid, colourless

*Data collection*

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer	5593 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2363 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	1607 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: $13.6612$ pixels $\text{mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.029$
$\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>CrystalClear</i> ; Rigaku, 2005)	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.971$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.979$	$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

*Refinement*

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.154$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0869P)^2 + 0.0094P]$
$S = 1.04$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2363 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
167 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	1.2504 (3)	0.1247 (3)	0.53879 (14)	0.0368 (5)
C2	1.1485 (3)	0.1486 (3)	0.63147 (14)	0.0388 (5)
H2	1.2213	0.1037	0.6889	0.047*
C3	0.9387 (3)	0.2393 (3)	0.63829 (14)	0.0362 (4)
C4	0.8321 (3)	0.3072 (3)	0.55177 (14)	0.0361 (5)
H4	0.6909	0.3664	0.5558	0.043*
C5	0.9357 (3)	0.2870 (2)	0.45901 (13)	0.0340 (4)
C6	1.1450 (3)	0.1962 (2)	0.45217 (14)	0.0360 (4)
H6	1.2144	0.1830	0.3903	0.043*
C7	0.8248 (3)	0.3644 (3)	0.36581 (14)	0.0393 (5)
C8	0.8253 (3)	0.2634 (3)	0.73691 (14)	0.0429 (5)
C9	0.5021 (5)	0.1873 (5)	0.1616 (2)	0.0951 (10)
H9A	0.6554	0.1852	0.1536	0.143*
H9B	0.4689	0.0633	0.1894	0.143*

H9C	0.4427	0.2763	0.2052	0.143*
C10	0.1791 (4)	0.2888 (5)	0.0659 (2)	0.0897 (10)
H10A	0.1367	0.3194	-0.0013	0.135*
H10B	0.1337	0.3953	0.1003	0.135*
H10C	0.1133	0.1817	0.0988	0.135*
C11	0.5328 (4)	0.2465 (4)	-0.01670 (17)	0.0583 (6)
H11	0.4662	0.2823	-0.0764	0.070*
N1	1.4637 (2)	0.0230 (2)	0.54104 (12)	0.0396 (4)
N2	0.4107 (3)	0.2433 (3)	0.06578 (13)	0.0560 (5)
O1	0.9368 (2)	0.1852 (3)	0.81263 (10)	0.0609 (5)
H1	0.8628	0.1957	0.8643	0.091*
O2	0.6425 (2)	0.3456 (2)	0.74637 (11)	0.0587 (5)
O3	0.6225 (2)	0.4372 (2)	0.38429 (11)	0.0559 (5)
H3	0.5702	0.4880	0.3321	0.084*
O4	0.9084 (2)	0.3631 (3)	0.28388 (11)	0.0658 (5)
O5	0.7304 (3)	0.2054 (3)	-0.02061 (11)	0.0725 (6)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0248 (10)	0.0368 (10)	0.0480 (12)	-0.0002 (7)	0.0004 (8)	-0.0085 (9)
C2	0.0308 (10)	0.0441 (11)	0.0393 (10)	0.0020 (8)	-0.0022 (8)	-0.0062 (9)
C3	0.0287 (10)	0.0376 (10)	0.0404 (11)	0.0008 (7)	0.0016 (8)	-0.0067 (8)
C4	0.0256 (10)	0.0376 (10)	0.0428 (11)	0.0035 (7)	0.0003 (8)	-0.0074 (8)
C5	0.0280 (10)	0.0340 (9)	0.0390 (10)	0.0004 (7)	0.0000 (7)	-0.0077 (8)
C6	0.0313 (10)	0.0375 (10)	0.0383 (10)	-0.0012 (8)	0.0023 (8)	-0.0083 (8)
C7	0.0334 (11)	0.0427 (11)	0.0401 (11)	0.0018 (8)	0.0006 (8)	-0.0084 (8)
C8	0.0368 (11)	0.0525 (12)	0.0356 (11)	0.0035 (9)	-0.0004 (8)	-0.0042 (9)
C9	0.097 (2)	0.142 (3)	0.0424 (15)	-0.011 (2)	-0.0023 (14)	-0.0094 (17)
C10	0.0544 (18)	0.110 (2)	0.093 (2)	0.0092 (15)	0.0136 (15)	-0.0082 (19)
C11	0.0547 (15)	0.0755 (16)	0.0417 (12)	0.0016 (12)	-0.0043 (10)	-0.0081 (11)
N1	0.0257 (9)	0.0437 (9)	0.0473 (9)	0.0046 (7)	0.0009 (7)	-0.0097 (8)
N2	0.0496 (12)	0.0716 (13)	0.0446 (10)	-0.0024 (9)	0.0042 (8)	-0.0110 (9)
O1	0.0468 (9)	0.0897 (12)	0.0349 (8)	0.0200 (8)	-0.0010 (7)	-0.0018 (8)
O2	0.0395 (9)	0.0859 (11)	0.0401 (8)	0.0211 (8)	0.0030 (6)	-0.0069 (8)
O3	0.0372 (9)	0.0786 (11)	0.0427 (8)	0.0188 (7)	-0.0053 (6)	-0.0032 (8)
O4	0.0494 (10)	0.1019 (13)	0.0383 (9)	0.0144 (8)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0113 (9)
O5	0.0458 (10)	0.1218 (16)	0.0445 (10)	0.0002 (9)	0.0043 (7)	-0.0103 (10)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C1—C6	1.394 (3)	C8—O1	1.304 (2)
C1—C2	1.395 (3)	C9—N2	1.447 (3)
C1—N1	1.434 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.389 (2)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C2—H2	0.9300	C9—H9C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.392 (3)	C10—N2	1.447 (3)
C3—C8	1.494 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9600

C4—C5	1.395 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C10—H10C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.387 (2)	C11—O5	1.235 (3)
C5—C7	1.492 (3)	C11—N2	1.309 (3)
C6—H6	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C7—O4	1.197 (2)	N1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	1.251 (3)
C7—O3	1.325 (2)	O1—H1	0.8200
C8—O2	1.222 (2)	O3—H3	0.8200
C6—C1—C2	120.34 (17)	O1—C8—C3	114.04 (17)
C6—C1—N1	124.35 (17)	N2—C9—H9A	109.5
C2—C1—N1	115.31 (17)	N2—C9—H9B	109.5
C3—C2—C1	120.22 (18)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C3—C2—H2	119.9	N2—C9—H9C	109.5
C1—C2—H2	119.9	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
C2—C3—C4	119.34 (17)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
C2—C3—C8	121.08 (18)	N2—C10—H10A	109.5
C4—C3—C8	119.57 (17)	N2—C10—H10B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	120.42 (17)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	119.8	N2—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.8	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.25 (17)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C5—C7	118.99 (17)	O5—C11—N2	124.4 (2)
C4—C5—C7	120.75 (16)	O5—C11—H11	117.8
C5—C6—C1	119.40 (18)	N2—C11—H11	117.8
C5—C6—H6	120.3	N1 <sup>i</sup> —N1—C1	113.5 (2)
C1—C6—H6	120.3	C11—N2—C10	122.1 (2)
O4—C7—O3	123.70 (19)	C11—N2—C9	121.0 (2)
O4—C7—C5	124.31 (18)	C10—N2—C9	116.8 (2)
O3—C7—C5	111.99 (17)	C8—O1—H1	109.5
O2—C8—O1	122.62 (18)	C7—O3—H3	109.5
O2—C8—C3	123.32 (18)		

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+3, -y, -z+1$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C4—H4 $\cdots$ O3	0.93	2.38	2.704 (3)	100
C9—H9A $\cdots$ O5	0.96	2.37	2.763 (3)	104
O1—H1 $\cdots$ O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	1.72	2.541 (2)	174
O3—H3 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.82	1.94	2.697 (2)	154
C4—H4 $\cdots$ O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.42	3.305 (2)	159
C11—H11 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.58	3.240 (3)	128

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $x, y, z+1$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (iv)  $x, y, z-1$ .