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(E)-3-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)acrylohydrazide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 150 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.007 Å; R factor = 0.111; wR factor = 0.274; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.4.

In the title compound, $C_{11}H_{14}N_2O_3$, the planar hydrazide group is oriented with respect to the benzene ring at a dihedral angle of 48.00 (3)°. In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H···O hydrogen bonds link the molecules.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Zheng *et al.* (2003); Al-Talib *et al.* (1990); Yousif *et al.* (1986); Ahmad *et al.* (2001); Al-Soud *et al.* (2004); El-Emam *et al.* (2004); Furniss *et al.* (1978). For bondlength data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{11}H_{14}N_2O_3\\ M_r = 222.24\\ Monoclinic, P2_1/c\\ a = 4.8910 \ (19) \ \text{\AA}\\ b = 30.358 \ (11) \ \text{\AA}\\ c = 8.3440 \ (14) \ \text{\AA}\\ \beta = 113.02 \ (3)^\circ \end{array}$

$V = 1140.4 (7) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4Mo K\alpha radiation $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 150 (1) K $0.90 \times 0.17 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker–Nonius KappaCCD areadetector diffractometer Absorption correction: gaussian (Coppens, 1970) $T_{\rm min} = 0.961, T_{\rm max} = 0.993$ 7864 measured reflections 2522 independent reflections 1547 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.139$ Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.111$ $wR(F^2) = 0.274$ S = 1.132522 reflections

 $\begin{array}{l} 145 \text{ parameters} \\ \text{H-atom parameters constrained} \\ \Delta \rho_{max} = 0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ \Delta \rho_{min} = -0.41 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{array}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °). $D-H\cdots A$ D-H $H\cdots A$ $D\cdots A$ $D-H\cdots A$ $N1-H1\cdots O1^{i}$ 0.86 2.02 2.870 (3) 168 Summatry code: (i) x = 1, y, z

Symmetry code: (i) x - 1, y, z.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Hooft, 1998) and *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); cell refinement: *DIRAX/LSQ* (Duisenberg, 1992); data reduction: *EvalCCD* (Duisenberg, 1992); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2530).

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supporting information

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(E)-3-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)acrylohydrazide

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S1. Comment

Aromatic hydrazides are important intermediates in heterocyclic chemistry and have been used for the synthesis of various biologically active five-membered heterocycles such as 2,5-disubstituted-1,3,4-oxadiazoles (Zheng *et al.*, 2003; Al-Talib *et al.*, 1990) and 5-substituted-2-mercapto-1,3,4-oxadiazoles (Yousif *et al.*, 1986; Ahmad *et al.*, 2001; Al-Soud *et al.*, 2004; El-Emam *et al.*, 2004). In view of the versatility of these compounds, we have synthesized the title compound, and report herein its crystal structure.

In the molecule of the title compound, (Fig. 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are generally within normal ranges. The benzene ring (C4-C9) is oriented with respect to the planar hydrazide group (O1/N1/N2/C1) at a dihedral angle of $48.00 (3)^{\circ}$.

In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by the reaction of methyl ester of (E)-3 -(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)acrylic acid with hdyrazine hydrate according to the literature method (Furniss *et al.*, 1978). For the preparation of the title compound, a mixture of (E)-methyl 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)acrylate (2.22 g, 10 mmol) and hydrazine hydrate (15 ml, 80%) in absolute ethanol (50 ml) was refluxed for 5 h at 413-423 K. The excess solvent was removed by distillation. The solid residue was filtered off, washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol (30%) to give the title compound (yield; 1.55 g, 70%, m.p. 401-402 K). Colorless single crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with N-H = 0.86 Å (for NH and NH₂) and C-H = 0.93 and 0.96 Å for aromatic and methyl H, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C,N)$.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title molecule with the atom-numbering scheme.



Figure 2

A packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.



Figure 3

Reaction scheme.

(E)-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)acrylohydrazide

Crystal data

C₁₁H₁₄N₂O₃ $M_r = 222.24$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 4.8910 (19) Å b = 30.358 (11) Å c = 8.3440 (14) Å $\beta = 113.02 (3)^{\circ}$ $V = 1140.4 (7) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker-Nonius KappaCCD area-detector 7864 measured reflections diffractometer 2522 independent reflections 1547 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator $R_{\rm int} = 0.139$ $\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 3.0^{\circ}$ Detector resolution: 9.091 pixels mm⁻¹ $h = -5 \rightarrow 6$ φ and ω scans $k = -39 \rightarrow 35$ Absorption correction: gaussian (Coppens, 1970) $l = -10 \rightarrow 9$ $T_{\rm min} = 0.961, T_{\rm max} = 0.993$ Refinement Refinement on F^2 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier Least-squares matrix: full

map $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.111$ Hydrogen site location: inferred from $wR(F^2) = 0.274$ neighbouring sites *S* = 1.13 H-atom parameters constrained 2522 reflections $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0574P)^2 + 2.6221P]$ 145 parameters where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 0 restraints $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.33 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.41 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. **Refinement**. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

F(000) = 472

 $\theta = 1 - 27.5^{\circ}$

T = 150 K

 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Needle, colorless

 $0.90 \times 0.17 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.294 {\rm Mg m^{-3}}$

Melting point: 401(1) K

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 7914 reflections

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.5287 (7)	0.28398 (13)	0.5987 (6)	0.0682 (12)	
O2	-0.4491 (7)	0.08832 (12)	0.3236 (4)	0.0538 (9)	
O3	0.3626 (7)	0.04751 (12)	0.8379 (5)	0.0544 (10)	

N1	0.0720 (8)	0.30545 (13)	0.5611 (6)	0.0468 (10)
H1	-0.0993	0.2975	0.5571	0.056*
N2	0.1165 (9)	0.34981 (14)	0.5371 (6)	0.0548 (11)
H2A	0.2856	0.3587	0.5404	0.066*
H2B	-0.0256	0.3683	0.5186	0.066*
C1	0.2785 (10)	0.27498 (16)	0.5905 (7)	0.0469 (12)
C2	0.1853 (14)	0.22916 (18)	0.6146 (10)	0.074 (2)
H2	0.0374	0.2236	0.6559	0.089*
C3	0.3475 (11)	0.19327 (16)	0.5674 (7)	0.0516 (13)
H3	0.5095	0.1979	0.5373	0.062*
C4	0.2192 (10)	0.14822 (15)	0.5752 (6)	0.0437 (11)
C5	-0.0544 (10)	0.13674 (16)	0.4480 (6)	0.0451 (11)
Н5	-0.1530	0.1561	0.3573	0.054*
C6	-0.1797 (9)	0.09645 (15)	0.4560 (6)	0.0408 (10)
C7	-0.0380 (9)	0.06710 (16)	0.5864 (6)	0.0417 (10)
H7	-0.1233	0.0400	0.5912	0.050*
C8	0.2389 (10)	0.07918 (15)	0.7127 (6)	0.0404 (10)
C9	0.3672 (9)	0.11891 (15)	0.7090 (6)	0.0391 (10)
Н9	0.5512	0.1261	0.7945	0.047*
C10	-0.5868 (11)	0.0472 (2)	0.3233 (7)	0.0605 (15)
H10A	-0.4515	0.0237	0.3308	0.073*
H10B	-0.7611	0.0443	0.2179	0.073*
H10C	-0.6420	0.0461	0.4217	0.073*
C11	0.6609 (10)	0.05504 (18)	0.9613 (7)	0.0547 (13)
H11A	0.7879	0.0602	0.8999	0.066*
H11B	0.7292	0.0296	1.0344	0.066*
H11C	0.6652	0.0802	1.0318	0.066*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0387 (18)	0.061 (2)	0.117 (4)	-0.0048 (17)	0.043 (2)	0.001 (2)
O2	0.0457 (18)	0.065 (2)	0.0394 (19)	-0.0032 (17)	0.0038 (15)	-0.0008 (16)
O3	0.0441 (18)	0.056 (2)	0.049 (2)	-0.0058 (16)	0.0027 (15)	0.0103 (16)
N1	0.0296 (18)	0.050(2)	0.062 (3)	-0.0042 (17)	0.0198 (18)	-0.005 (2)
N2	0.043 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.072 (3)	0.0035 (19)	0.022 (2)	0.009 (2)
C1	0.040 (2)	0.050(3)	0.056 (3)	-0.005 (2)	0.024 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C2	0.076 (4)	0.048 (3)	0.134 (6)	-0.010 (3)	0.080 (4)	-0.008 (3)
C3	0.048 (3)	0.046 (3)	0.069 (4)	0.000 (2)	0.032 (3)	0.006 (2)
C4	0.043 (2)	0.047 (3)	0.049 (3)	-0.003 (2)	0.026 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C5	0.048 (3)	0.051 (3)	0.035 (2)	0.008 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.008 (2)
C6	0.038 (2)	0.049 (3)	0.037 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.0157 (19)	-0.006 (2)
C7	0.040 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.043 (3)	-0.005 (2)	0.017 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C8	0.042 (2)	0.045 (3)	0.035 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.0155 (19)	0.0017 (19)
C9	0.033 (2)	0.045 (3)	0.038 (2)	-0.0019 (19)	0.0119 (18)	-0.0043 (19)
C10	0.043 (3)	0.078 (4)	0.049 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.006 (2)	-0.009 (3)
C11	0.046 (3)	0.064 (3)	0.045 (3)	-0.003 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.006 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C1	1.230 (5)	C4—C5	1.389 (7)
O2—C6	1.371 (5)	С5—Н5	0.9301
O2—C10	1.416 (6)	C6—C5	1.381 (7)
O3—C8	1.374 (5)	C6—C7	1.367 (7)
O3—C11	1.438 (6)	С7—Н7	0.9298
N1—N2	1.391 (6)	C8—C7	1.402 (6)
N1—C1	1.320 (6)	C8—C9	1.365 (6)
N1—H1	0.8600	C9—C4	1.389 (7)
N2—H2A	0.8601	С9—Н9	0.9300
N2—H2B	0.8600	C10—H10A	0.9598
C1—C2	1.502 (7)	C10—H10B	0.9600
С2—Н2	0.9300	C10—H10C	0.9600
C3—C2	1.489 (7)	C11—H11A	0.9601
C3—C4	1.517 (7)	C11—H11B	0.9600
С3—Н3	0.9300	C11—H11C	0.9600
N2N1H1	118.2	C7C6C5	121 3 (4)
$N_2 - N_1 - M_1$	110.2	0^{2} C6 C5	121.3(4) 115.2(4)
C1 - N1 - H1	118.2	$C_{2} = C_{0} = C_{3}$	117.2(4)
N1 N2 H2A	110.2	C6_C7_H7	117.9 (4)
N1 N2 H2R	110.0	C_{0} C_{7} H_{7}	120.9
H_{2} H_{2	119.9	$C_{0} = C_{1} = C_{1}$	121.1 124.4(4)
$C_{12} = C_{12} = C$	120.0 117.8(4)	$C_9 = C_8 = C_7$	124.4(4) 122.1(4)
$C_{0} = 02 = C_{10}$	117.0(4) 117.1(4)	$C_{3} = C_{3} = C_{7}$	122.1 (4) 113 A (A)
$C_{8} = C_{1} = C_{1}$	117.1(4) 121.8(5)	C_{3}	113.4(4)
01 - 01 - 02	121.0(5)	C_{8} C_{9} H_{9}	119.0 (4)
$V_1 = C_1 = C_2$	123.1(3) 115.1(4)	C_{0} C_{0} H_{0}	120.4
$N_1 = C_1 = C_2$	113.1 (4)	$C_{4} C_{5} C_{10} H_{10A}$	120.0
$C_1 = C_2 = H_2$	122.0	$O_2 = C_{10} = H_{10} P_{10}$	109.9
$C_3 = C_2 = C_1$	114.9 (4)	O_2 C_{10} $H_{10}C$	109.0
$C_3 = C_2 = C_4$	122.3	$H_{10A} = C_{10} = H_{10P}$	100.5
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	112.1 (4)	H10A = C10 = H10B	109.5
$C_2 = C_3 = H_3$	124.0	H10A - C10 - H10C	109.5
$C_4 - C_3 - H_3$	123.9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	109.3
$C_{5} = C_{4} = C_{5}$	119.0 (4)		109.3
$C_3 = C_4 = C_9$	119.8 (4)		109.3
C_{9}	121.2 (4)		109.8
C4—C5—H5	120.1		109.5
	119.9 (4)		109.5
	120.0	HIIB—CII—HIIC	109.5
C/—C6—O2	123.6 (4)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1···O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.02	2.870 (3)	168

Symmetry code: (i) x-1, y, z.