

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

4-Chloro-*N'*-(*Z*)-4-(dimethylamino)-benzylidene]benzohydrazide mono-hydrate

Hoong-Kun Fun,^{a*} P. S. Patil,^b Samuel Robinson Jebas,^{a‡} K. V. Sujith^c and B. Kalluraya^c

^aX-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, ^bDepartment of Studies in Physics, Mangalore University, Mangalagangotri, Mangalore 574 199, India, and ^cDepartment of Studies in Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalagangotri, Mangalore 574 199, India
Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

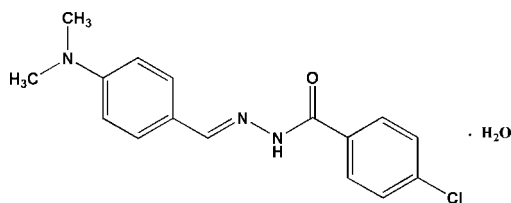
Received 17 July 2008; accepted 21 July 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.114; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.0.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the dihedral angle between the two aromatic rings is $44.58(11)^\circ$. The N atom of the dimethylamino group adopts a pyramidal configuration. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked into a two-dimensional network parallel to the (001) plane by intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds involving the water molecule and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds. In addition, $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions are observed.

Related literature

For the biological activities of hydrazones, see: Bedia *et al.* (2006); Rollas *et al.* (2002); Terzioglu & Gürsoy (2003); Duraisamy *et al.* (2008); Singh *et al.* (1992); Ergenç & Günay, (1998); Durgun *et al.* (1993). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ $M_r = 319.78$

[‡] Permanent address: Department of Physics, Karunya University, Karunya Nagar, Coimbatore 641 114, India.

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$
 $a = 6.4418(1)$ Å
 $b = 6.9344(1)$ Å
 $c = 33.8083(7)$ Å
 $V = 1510.22(4)$ Å³

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.26$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100.0(1)$ K
 $0.32 \times 0.16 \times 0.07$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.921$, $T_{\max} = 0.981$

12336 measured reflections
4311 independent reflections
3301 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.056$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.114$
 $S = 1.01$
4311 reflections
205 parameters
2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34$ e Å⁻³
Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
1724 Friedel pairs
Flack parameter: $-0.14(7)$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

*Cg*1 and *Cg*2 are the centroids of the C1–C6 and C9–C14 rings, respectively.

<i>D</i> – <i>H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> – <i>H</i>	<i>H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> – <i>H</i> ⋯ <i>A</i>
O1 <i>W</i> –H1 <i>W</i> 1⋯N3 ⁱ	0.84	2.28	3.045 (2)	152
N1–H1 <i>N</i> 1⋯O1 <i>W</i>	0.86 (1)	2.00 (1)	2.843 (3)	169 (2)
O1 <i>W</i> –H2 <i>W</i> 1⋯O1 ⁱⁱ	0.84	2.02	2.790 (2)	152
O1 <i>W</i> –H2 <i>W</i> 1⋯N2 ⁱⁱ	0.84	2.59	3.240 (3)	135
C15–H15 <i>C</i> ⋯C11 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.78	3.704 (2)	163
C1–H1⋯ <i>Cg</i> 1 ^{iv}	0.93	2.97	3.621 (2)	128
C4–H4⋯ <i>Cg</i> 1 ^v	0.93	2.89	3.565 (2)	130
C10–H10⋯ <i>Cg</i> 2 ^{vi}	0.93	2.87	3.589 (2)	135
C13–H13⋯ <i>Cg</i> 2 ^{vii}	0.93	2.81	3.497 (3)	131

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$; (iii) $-x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x - 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (v) $-x, y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (vi) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y - \frac{1}{2}, -z$; (vii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *APEX2*; data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2003).

HKF and SRJ thank the Malaysian Government and Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Science Fund grant No. 305/PFIZIK/613312. SRJ thanks Universiti Sains Malaysia for a post-doctoral research fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI2637).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–S19.
Bedia, K.-K., Elcin, O., Seda, U., Fatma, K., Nathaly, S., Sevim, R. & Dimoglo, A. (2006). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **41**, 1253–1261.
Bruker (2005). *APEX2*, *SAINT* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Duraisamy, S., Soosai, D., Subramaniyan, I., Kanakaraj, M. & Muthusamy, K. (2008). *Tetrahedron Lett.* **49**, 127–132.

- Durgun, B. B., Çapan, G., Ergenç, N. & Rollas, S. (1993). *Pharmazie*, **48**, 942–943.
- Ergenç, N. & Günay, N. S. (1998). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **33**, 143–148.
- Flack, H. D. (1983). *Acta Cryst.* **A39**, 876–881.
- Rollas, S., Gülerman, N. & Erdeniz, H. (2002). *Farmaco*, **57**, 171–174.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Singh, V., Srivastava, V. K., Palit, G. & Shanker, K. (1992). *Arzneim. Forsch. Drug Res.* **42**, 993–996.
- Spek, A. L. (2003). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **36**, 7–13.
- Terzioğlu, N. & Gürsoy, A. (2003). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **38**, 781–786.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o1594–o1595 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808022861]

4-Chloro-*N'*-[(*Z*)-4-(dimethylamino)benzylidene]benzohydrazide monohydrate**Hoong-Kun Fun, P. S. Patil, Samuel Robinson Jebas, K. V. Sujith and B. Kalluraya****S1. Comment**

Hydrazone compounds have been demonstrated to possess antimicrobial, anticonvulsant, analgesic, antiinflammatory, antiplatelet, antitubercular, anticancer and antitumoral activities (Bedia *et al.*, 2006; Rollas *et al.*, 2002; Terzioglu & Gürsoy, 2003). They are used as chromogenic receptors to show colorimetric responses and UV-Vis spectral changes in the presence of fluoride ions in organic solvents (Duraismy *et al.*, 2008). Hydrazide-hydrazone compounds are not only intermediates but they are also very effective organic compounds in their own right. When they are used as intermediates, coupling products can be synthesized by using the active hydrogen component of CONHNCH azometine group (Singh *et al.*, 1992). *N*-Alkyl hydrazides can be synthesized by reduction of hydrazones with NaBH₄ (Ergenç & Günay, 1998) and substituted 1,3,4-oxadiazolines can be synthesized when hydrazones are heated in the presence of acetic anhydride (Durgun *et al.*, 1993). Prompted by these reviews, the title compound was synthesized and its crystal structure reported.

The bond lengths and angles in the title molecule (Fig. 1) are found to have normal values (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings (C1–C6 and C9–C14) is 44.58 (11)° indicating that the molecule is non-planar. Atom N3 adopts a pyramidal configuration.

The crystal packing (Fig. 2) shows that the molecules are linked into two-dimensional networks parallel to the (001) plane by intermolecular O—H···N, O—H···O and C—H···Cl hydrogen bonds. In addition, the packing is stabilized by C—H···π interactions.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared by Schiff base condensation of 4-chlorophenyl hydrazide (0.01 mol) and 4-(dimethylamino)benzaldehyde (0.01 mol) in ethanol (30 ml) with 3 drops of concentrated H₂SO₄. Excess ethanol was removed from the reaction mixture under reduced pressure. The solid product obtained was filtered, washed with water and dried. Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained from an ethanol solution by slow evaporation (yield 64%). Analysis % for C₁₆H₁₆N₃OCl found (calculated): C 63.62 (63.68), H 5.37 (5.3), N 13.88 (13.93).

S3. Refinement

The imino H atom was located in a difference map and refined with a N-H distance restraint of 0.85 (1) Å. The water H atoms were also located in a difference map and allowed to ride on the O atom, with $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically [C-H = 0.93–0.96 %Å] and refined using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}_{\text{methyl}})$. A rotating group model was used for the methyl groups.

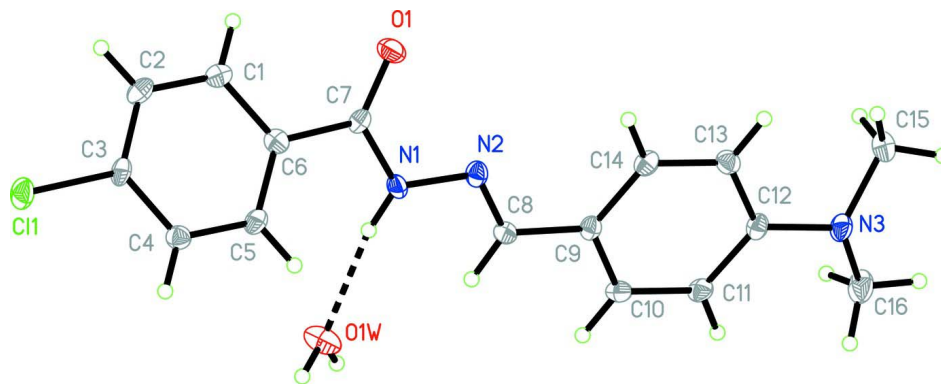


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

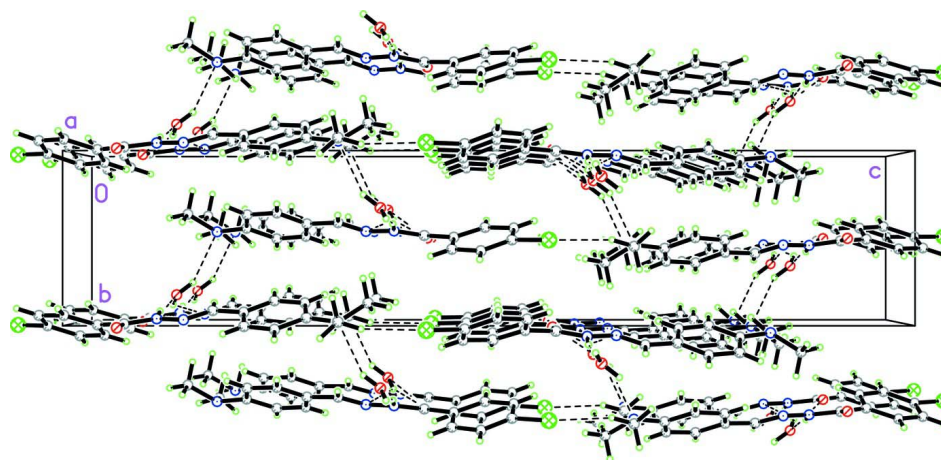


Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed along the *a* axis.

(I)

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{16}ClN_3O \cdot H_2O$

$M_r = 319.78$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$

Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab

$a = 6.4418$ (1) Å

$b = 6.9344$ (1) Å

$c = 33.8083$ (7) Å

$V = 1510.22$ (4) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 672$

$D_x = 1.406$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1906 reflections

$\theta = 2.4$ – 23.3°

$\mu = 0.26$ mm⁻¹

$T = 100$ K

Needle, colourless

$0.32 \times 0.16 \times 0.07$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.921$, $T_{\max} = 0.981$

12336 measured reflections

4311 independent reflections

3301 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.056$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.4^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 6$
 $l = -47 \rightarrow 37$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.114$
 $S = 1.01$
 4311 reflections
 205 parameters
 2 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0492P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1724 Friedel
 pairs
 Absolute structure parameter: $-0.14 (7)$

Special details

Experimental. The data was collected with the Oxford Cyrosystem Cobra low-temperature attachment.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.39865 (9)	0.50981 (9)	0.568340 (15)	0.02126 (14)
O1	-0.3268 (2)	0.4990 (2)	0.42597 (4)	0.0206 (3)
N1	-0.0370 (3)	0.4579 (3)	0.38853 (5)	0.0146 (4)
N2	-0.1527 (3)	0.4602 (3)	0.35420 (5)	0.0151 (4)
N3	-0.4409 (3)	0.4624 (3)	0.17091 (5)	0.0166 (4)
C1	-0.0827 (4)	0.4376 (3)	0.49549 (6)	0.0154 (5)
H1	-0.2199	0.3967	0.4971	0.018*
C2	0.0388 (4)	0.4421 (3)	0.52925 (6)	0.0173 (5)
H2	-0.0147	0.4008	0.5534	0.021*
C3	0.2405 (3)	0.5086 (4)	0.52666 (6)	0.0154 (4)
C4	0.3243 (4)	0.5704 (3)	0.49095 (6)	0.0157 (5)
H4	0.4595	0.6170	0.4897	0.019*
C5	0.2028 (3)	0.5613 (3)	0.45730 (7)	0.0153 (5)
H5	0.2578	0.6005	0.4332	0.018*
C6	-0.0002 (3)	0.4943 (4)	0.45901 (6)	0.0148 (4)
C7	-0.1372 (3)	0.4843 (3)	0.42347 (6)	0.0136 (4)
C8	-0.0579 (4)	0.4106 (3)	0.32251 (6)	0.0147 (5)
H8	0.0795	0.3699	0.3239	0.018*
C9	-0.1631 (4)	0.4172 (3)	0.28408 (6)	0.0135 (5)

C10	-0.0582 (4)	0.3550 (3)	0.25039 (7)	0.0158 (5)
H10	0.0757	0.3062	0.2527	0.019*
C11	-0.1513 (4)	0.3651 (3)	0.21331 (6)	0.0156 (5)
H11	-0.0797	0.3200	0.1913	0.019*
C12	-0.3506 (4)	0.4420 (3)	0.20852 (6)	0.0152 (5)
C13	-0.4564 (3)	0.5034 (4)	0.24292 (6)	0.0160 (4)
H13	-0.5897	0.5538	0.2408	0.019*
C14	-0.3643 (3)	0.4893 (3)	0.27960 (6)	0.0151 (4)
H14	-0.4376	0.5286	0.3019	0.018*
C15	-0.6672 (4)	0.4541 (4)	0.16837 (7)	0.0205 (5)
H15A	-0.7266	0.5409	0.1874	0.031*
H15B	-0.7132	0.3251	0.1738	0.031*
H15C	-0.7105	0.4907	0.1423	0.031*
C16	-0.3386 (4)	0.3595 (4)	0.13815 (7)	0.0245 (6)
H16A	-0.1993	0.4065	0.1352	0.037*
H16B	-0.4144	0.3811	0.1141	0.037*
H16C	-0.3354	0.2239	0.1438	0.037*
H1N1	0.0892 (19)	0.419 (3)	0.3882 (7)	0.028 (7)*
O1W	0.3779 (3)	0.3316 (2)	0.37632 (5)	0.0259 (4)
H1W1	0.4093	0.2594	0.3573	0.039*
H2W1	0.4830	0.3923	0.3837	0.039*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0253 (3)	0.0248 (3)	0.0137 (3)	-0.0021 (3)	-0.0051 (2)	0.0007 (3)
O1	0.0130 (7)	0.0297 (9)	0.0192 (8)	0.0003 (7)	-0.0006 (6)	-0.0030 (8)
N1	0.0122 (9)	0.0197 (11)	0.0120 (9)	0.0011 (8)	-0.0031 (7)	-0.0003 (8)
N2	0.0170 (9)	0.0155 (10)	0.0127 (9)	-0.0013 (7)	-0.0028 (7)	-0.0004 (7)
N3	0.0203 (10)	0.0189 (11)	0.0107 (9)	0.0014 (8)	-0.0012 (7)	-0.0007 (8)
C1	0.0170 (11)	0.0118 (11)	0.0174 (11)	0.0005 (8)	0.0039 (9)	-0.0007 (8)
C2	0.0236 (12)	0.0168 (12)	0.0117 (11)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0041 (9)	-0.0012 (9)
C3	0.0221 (11)	0.0160 (11)	0.0081 (10)	0.0016 (10)	-0.0016 (8)	-0.0010 (10)
C4	0.0149 (11)	0.0166 (12)	0.0155 (12)	-0.0004 (8)	0.0005 (9)	-0.0013 (9)
C5	0.0193 (12)	0.0157 (12)	0.0110 (11)	0.0009 (8)	0.0017 (9)	-0.0003 (9)
C6	0.0151 (10)	0.0148 (11)	0.0144 (10)	0.0012 (9)	-0.0001 (8)	-0.0042 (10)
C7	0.0170 (10)	0.0132 (11)	0.0108 (10)	-0.0012 (9)	0.0007 (8)	0.0003 (9)
C8	0.0124 (10)	0.0162 (11)	0.0155 (12)	-0.0015 (9)	-0.0007 (9)	0.0006 (9)
C9	0.0157 (11)	0.0128 (11)	0.0121 (11)	-0.0013 (8)	-0.0013 (9)	0.0004 (8)
C10	0.0131 (11)	0.0179 (12)	0.0164 (12)	-0.0009 (9)	0.0025 (9)	-0.0008 (9)
C11	0.0166 (11)	0.0191 (12)	0.0111 (11)	-0.0002 (9)	0.0025 (9)	-0.0030 (9)
C12	0.0192 (11)	0.0127 (11)	0.0136 (11)	-0.0016 (9)	-0.0013 (9)	0.0021 (8)
C13	0.0145 (10)	0.0169 (11)	0.0167 (11)	0.0024 (10)	0.0000 (8)	-0.0003 (10)
C14	0.0196 (10)	0.0142 (11)	0.0116 (10)	0.0002 (10)	0.0022 (8)	-0.0025 (9)
C15	0.0207 (12)	0.0222 (14)	0.0186 (12)	0.0021 (10)	-0.0054 (9)	0.0008 (10)
C16	0.0297 (14)	0.0304 (15)	0.0134 (12)	0.0070 (11)	-0.0010 (10)	-0.0015 (10)
O1W	0.0162 (9)	0.0304 (10)	0.0310 (10)	0.0004 (7)	-0.0004 (8)	-0.0137 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C3	1.739 (2)	C8—C9	1.466 (3)
O1—C7	1.229 (2)	C8—H8	0.93
N1—C7	1.358 (3)	C9—C10	1.393 (3)
N1—N2	1.379 (2)	C9—C14	1.397 (3)
N1—H1N1	0.857 (10)	C10—C11	1.391 (3)
N2—C8	1.280 (3)	C10—H10	0.93
N3—C12	1.405 (3)	C11—C12	1.400 (3)
N3—C15	1.461 (3)	C11—H11	0.93
N3—C16	1.473 (3)	C12—C13	1.414 (3)
C1—C2	1.384 (3)	C13—C14	1.378 (3)
C1—C6	1.399 (3)	C13—H13	0.93
C1—H1	0.93	C14—H14	0.93
C2—C3	1.382 (3)	C15—H15A	0.96
C2—H2	0.93	C15—H15B	0.96
C3—C4	1.390 (3)	C15—H15C	0.96
C4—C5	1.382 (3)	C16—H16A	0.96
C4—H4	0.93	C16—H16B	0.96
C5—C6	1.389 (3)	C16—H16C	0.96
C5—H5	0.93	O1W—H1W1	0.84
C6—C7	1.493 (3)	O1W—H2W1	0.83
C7—N1—N2	118.25 (17)	C10—C9—C14	118.2 (2)
C7—N1—H1N1	120.4 (17)	C10—C9—C8	119.4 (2)
N2—N1—H1N1	120.3 (17)	C14—C9—C8	122.4 (2)
C8—N2—N1	116.33 (19)	C11—C10—C9	120.8 (2)
C12—N3—C15	117.51 (19)	C11—C10—H10	119.6
C12—N3—C16	116.49 (19)	C9—C10—H10	119.6
C15—N3—C16	112.54 (19)	C10—C11—C12	121.3 (2)
C2—C1—C6	120.4 (2)	C10—C11—H11	119.4
C2—C1—H1	119.8	C12—C11—H11	119.4
C6—C1—H1	119.8	C11—C12—N3	121.5 (2)
C3—C2—C1	119.1 (2)	C11—C12—C13	117.5 (2)
C3—C2—H2	120.4	N3—C12—C13	121.0 (2)
C1—C2—H2	120.4	C14—C13—C12	120.8 (2)
C2—C3—C4	121.5 (2)	C14—C13—H13	119.6
C2—C3—C11	120.08 (17)	C12—C13—H13	119.6
C4—C3—C11	118.36 (17)	C13—C14—C9	121.5 (2)
C5—C4—C3	118.8 (2)	C13—C14—H14	119.3
C5—C4—H4	120.6	C9—C14—H14	119.3
C3—C4—H4	120.6	N3—C15—H15A	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.9 (2)	N3—C15—H15B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.5	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.5	N3—C15—H15C	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.2 (2)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	122.61 (19)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C6—C7	118.15 (19)	N3—C16—H16A	109.5

O1—C7—N1	122.92 (19)	N3—C16—H16B	109.5
O1—C7—C6	121.92 (18)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
N1—C7—C6	115.16 (18)	N3—C16—H16C	109.5
N2—C8—C9	120.9 (2)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
N2—C8—H8	119.6	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C9—C8—H8	119.6	H1W1—O1W—H2W1	109.6
C7—N1—N2—C8	-171.4 (2)	N1—N2—C8—C9	-176.96 (18)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.9 (3)	N2—C8—C9—C10	-177.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.2 (4)	N2—C8—C9—C14	4.5 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C11	-178.32 (17)	C14—C9—C10—C11	0.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.1 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-177.9 (2)
C11—C3—C4—C5	176.95 (17)	C9—C10—C11—C12	1.5 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.9 (3)	C10—C11—C12—N3	176.4 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.7 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-1.9 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.3 (2)	C15—N3—C12—C11	151.7 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-2.2 (3)	C16—N3—C12—C11	13.7 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.2 (2)	C15—N3—C12—C13	-30.0 (3)
N2—N1—C7—O1	4.3 (3)	C16—N3—C12—C13	-168.0 (2)
N2—N1—C7—C6	-175.69 (19)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.7 (3)
C5—C6—C7—O1	-151.1 (2)	N3—C12—C13—C14	-177.7 (2)
C1—C6—C7—O1	27.4 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C9	1.0 (4)
C5—C6—C7—N1	28.8 (3)	C10—C9—C14—C13	-1.5 (3)
C1—C6—C7—N1	-152.6 (2)	C8—C9—C14—C13	176.6 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1W—H1W1 \cdots N3 ⁱ	0.84	2.28	3.045 (2)	152
N1—H1N1 \cdots O1W	0.86 (1)	2.00 (1)	2.843 (3)	169 (2)
O1W—H2W1 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.84	2.02	2.790 (2)	152
O1W—H2W1 \cdots N2 ⁱⁱ	0.84	2.59	3.240 (3)	135
C15—H15C \cdots C11 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.78	3.704 (2)	163
C1—H1 \cdots Cg1 ^{iv}	0.93	2.97	3.621 (2)	128
C4—H4 \cdots Cg1 ^v	0.93	2.89	3.565 (2)	130
C10—H10 \cdots Cg2 ^{vi}	0.93	2.87	3.589 (2)	135
C13—H13 \cdots Cg2 ^{vii}	0.93	2.81	3.497 (3)	131

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $-x-1/2, -y+1, z-1/2$; (iv) $-x-1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (v) $-x, y+3/2, -z+3/2$; (vi) $x+1/2, -y-1/2, -z$; (vii) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z$.