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1-Acetyl-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrazoline

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 273 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.099; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.4.

In the title molecule, $C_{17}H_{14}CIFN_2O$, the mean plane of the pyrazoline ring makes dihedral angles of 18.19 (1) and 83.51 (4)° with the 4-chlorobenzene and 4-fluorobenzene rings, respectively. The two benzene rings make a dihedral angle of 76.11 (2)°. Weak intermolecular $C-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds help stabilize the crystal structure.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Dhal *et al.* (1975); Fahrni *et al.* (2003); Kimura *et al.* (1977); Lombardino & Ottemes (1981); Manna *et al.* (2002); Rawal *et al.* (1963).



Experimental

Crystal data $C_{17}H_{14}CIFN_2O$ $M_r = 316.75$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 14.5425 (19) Å

b = 11.3580 (14) A	
c = 9.6494 (13) Å	
$\beta = 108.154 \ (2)^{\circ}$	
V = 1514.5 (3) Å ³	
Z = 4	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: none 7793 measured reflections

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ $wR(F^2) = 0.098$ S = 1.032676 reflections

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $D-H\cdots A$ D-H $H\cdots A$ $D\cdots A$ $D-H\cdots A$
 $C4-H4B\cdots O1^i$ 0.97 2.57 3.425 (2)
 147

 Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}.$ $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}.$ $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}.$

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AT2570).

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Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.14 \times 0.12 \times 0.06$ mm

2676 independent reflections

2077 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

H-atom parameters constrained

T = 273 (2) K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.021$

200 parameters

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.20 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^-$

 $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.21 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

supporting information

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1-Acetyl-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrazoline

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S1. Comment

Pyrazoline and some of its derivatives demonstrate antiviral (Rawal *et al.*, 1963), antifungal (Dhal *et al.*, 1975), and immunosuppressive (Lombardino & Ottemes, 1981) activities. 1-Acetyl-3,5-diaryl-2-pyrazolines have been found to inhibit monoamine oxidases (Manna *et al.*, 2002). As part of our ongoing investigation of pyrazolines and their metal complexes, we report here the crystal structure of the title compound (I).

In (I) (Fig. 1), all bond lengths and angles are normal (Fahrni *et al.*, 2003; Kimura *et al.*, 1977). The mean plane of pyrazoline ring makes dihedral angles of 18.19 (1)° and 83.51 (4)° with 4-chlorobenzene ring and 4-fluorolbenzene ring, respectively. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 76.11 (2)°. Weak intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds help stabilize the crystal structure (Table 1). The crystal packing of (I) is shown in Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-propenyl-1-ketone (0.02 mol)and hydrazine (0.02 mol)were mixed in 99.5% acetic acid (40 ml) and stirred in refluxing for 6 h, then the mixture was poured into ice-water to afford colourless solids. The solids were filtrated and washed with water until the pH of solution is about to 7.0. Finally, the solid crystals were dry under room temperature. Single crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray measurements were obtained by recrystallization from EtOH at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H distances of 0.93–0.976 Å, and with $U_{iso}=1.2-1.5U_{eq}$ of the parent atoms.



Figure 1

The molecular structure and atom-labeling scheme for (I), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.



Figure 2

View of the crysytal packing of (I) in the unit cell.

1-Acetyl-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrazoline

Crystal data

C₁₇H₁₄ClFN₂O $M_r = 316.75$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 14.5425 (19) Å b = 11.3580 (14) Å c = 9.6494 (13) Å $\beta = 108.154$ (2)° V = 1514.5 (3) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
φ and ω scans
7793 measured reflections
2676 independent reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Hydrogen site location: inferred from Least-squares matrix: full neighbouring sites $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ H-atom parameters constrained $wR(F^2) = 0.098$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0385P)^2 + 0.4849P]$ S = 1.03where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 2676 reflections $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ 200 parameters $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.20 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.21 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008), $Fc^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$ direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier Extinction coefficient: 0.0031 (10) map

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. **Refinement**. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

F(000) = 656

 $\theta = 2.9 - 25.9^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Bar. colourless

 $0.14 \times 0.12 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.1^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^{\circ}$

2077 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

T = 273 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.021$

 $h = -17 \rightarrow 17$

 $k = -13 \rightarrow 11$

 $l = -11 \rightarrow 9$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.389 {\rm Mg m^{-3}}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 2887 reflections

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
C11	0.45884 (5)	0.34606 (6)	0.02764 (8)	0.0949 (3)

F1	0.70769 (11)	-0.14714 (11)	1.10898 (14)	0.0851 (4)
01	1.00066 (10)	-0.13914 (13)	0.72130 (15)	0.0685 (4)
N1	0.88095 (10)	-0.02205 (13)	0.59652 (15)	0.0491 (4)
N2	0.80952 (10)	0.00960 (13)	0.46876 (15)	0.0477 (4)
C1	0.93307 (15)	-0.17908 (18)	0.4668 (2)	0.0610 (5)
H1A	0.9661	-0.1361	0.4109	0.092*
H1B	0.8660	-0.1873	0.4111	0.092*
H1C	0.9617	-0.2557	0.4898	0.092*
C2	0.94144 (13)	-0.11419 (16)	0.6044 (2)	0.0494 (4)
C3	0.88134 (13)	0.05353 (16)	0.72122 (18)	0.0477 (4)
H3	0.9474	0.0797	0.7730	0.057*
C4	0.82018 (14)	0.15743 (16)	0.64155 (19)	0.0500 (5)
H4A	0.7728	0.1808	0.6881	0.060*
H4B	0.8604	0.2246	0.6373	0.060*
C5	0.77233 (12)	0.10719 (16)	0.49247 (18)	0.0454 (4)
C6	0.83785 (12)	-0.00700 (15)	0.82540 (18)	0.0446 (4)
C7	0.76197 (13)	-0.08590 (17)	0.7766 (2)	0.0530 (5)
H7	0.7404	-0.1070	0.6786	0.064*
C8	0.71794 (15)	-0.13366 (18)	0.8711 (2)	0.0593 (5)
H8	0.6671	-0.1868	0.8382	0.071*
C9	0.75105 (15)	-0.10081 (18)	1.0151 (2)	0.0574 (5)
C10	0.82613 (14)	-0.02457 (17)	1.0681 (2)	0.0537 (5)
H10	0.8474	-0.0044	1.1664	0.064*
C11	0.86977 (13)	0.02200 (16)	0.97206 (18)	0.0481 (4)
H11	0.9215	0.0737	1.0065	0.058*
C12	0.69236 (12)	0.16303 (16)	0.37998 (19)	0.0455 (4)
C13	0.63734 (14)	0.10150 (18)	0.2576 (2)	0.0557 (5)
H13	0.6499	0.0222	0.2473	0.067*
C14	0.56443 (15)	0.15720 (19)	0.1515 (2)	0.0621 (5)
H14	0.5275	0.1154	0.0703	0.075*
C15	0.54634 (13)	0.27427 (18)	0.1657 (2)	0.0588 (5)
C16	0.59780 (14)	0.33572 (18)	0.2860 (3)	0.0630 (6)
H16	0.5842	0.4147	0.2957	0.076*
C17	0.67020 (14)	0.28007 (17)	0.3936 (2)	0.0558 (5)
H17	0.7046	0.3218	0.4764	0.067*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0695 (4)	0.0900 (5)	0.1055 (5)	0.0056 (3)	-0.0012 (3)	0.0364 (4)
F1	0.1184 (11)	0.0792 (9)	0.0750 (9)	-0.0204 (8)	0.0552 (8)	0.0010 (7)
01	0.0622 (9)	0.0758 (10)	0.0578 (9)	0.0125 (7)	0.0045 (7)	0.0014 (7)
N1	0.0505 (8)	0.0581 (9)	0.0370 (8)	0.0056 (7)	0.0111 (7)	-0.0052 (7)
N2	0.0485 (8)	0.0565 (9)	0.0372 (8)	0.0015 (7)	0.0121 (6)	-0.0026 (7)
C1	0.0680 (13)	0.0577 (12)	0.0615 (12)	0.0051 (10)	0.0261 (10)	-0.0078 (10)
C2	0.0464 (10)	0.0528 (11)	0.0501 (11)	-0.0025 (9)	0.0167 (9)	0.0005 (9)
C3	0.0456 (10)	0.0571 (11)	0.0393 (9)	-0.0055 (8)	0.0115 (8)	-0.0086 (8)
C4	0.0573 (11)	0.0502 (11)	0.0437 (10)	-0.0045 (9)	0.0177 (8)	-0.0045 (8)

C5	0.0474 (10)	0.0504 (11)	0.0413 (9)	-0.0051 (8)	0.0180 (8)	-0.0026 (8)
C6	0.0431 (9)	0.0497 (10)	0.0381 (9)	0.0034 (8)	0.0084 (7)	-0.0024 (8)
C7	0.0529 (11)	0.0613 (12)	0.0416 (10)	-0.0062 (9)	0.0098 (8)	-0.0067 (9)
C8	0.0599 (12)	0.0570 (12)	0.0623 (13)	-0.0115 (10)	0.0209 (10)	-0.0044 (10)
C9	0.0710 (13)	0.0546 (12)	0.0542 (12)	0.0017 (10)	0.0302 (10)	0.0049 (9)
C10	0.0666 (12)	0.0541 (11)	0.0388 (10)	0.0037 (10)	0.0142 (9)	-0.0018 (8)
C11	0.0487 (10)	0.0498 (10)	0.0416 (10)	0.0001 (8)	0.0078 (8)	-0.0043 (8)
C12	0.0452 (10)	0.0504 (11)	0.0441 (10)	-0.0035 (8)	0.0188 (8)	0.0003 (8)
C13	0.0609 (12)	0.0519 (11)	0.0513 (11)	-0.0008 (9)	0.0131 (9)	-0.0012 (9)
C14	0.0592 (12)	0.0677 (14)	0.0526 (12)	-0.0076 (10)	0.0075 (10)	0.0003 (10)
C15	0.0450 (11)	0.0608 (13)	0.0685 (13)	-0.0036 (9)	0.0144 (9)	0.0141 (10)
C16	0.0534 (12)	0.0488 (11)	0.0880 (16)	0.0000 (9)	0.0238 (11)	0.0063 (11)
C17	0.0511 (11)	0.0532 (12)	0.0636 (12)	-0.0058 (9)	0.0183 (10)	-0.0062 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C15	1.733 (2)	C6—C7	1.385 (2)
F1—C9	1.361 (2)	C7—C8	1.378 (3)
O1—C2	1.220 (2)	С7—Н7	0.9300
N1-C2	1.354 (2)	C8—C9	1.373 (3)
N1—N2	1.3893 (19)	C8—H8	0.9300
N1—C3	1.477 (2)	C9—C10	1.362 (3)
N2—C5	1.285 (2)	C10—C11	1.381 (3)
C1—C2	1.490 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9600	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—H1B	0.9600	C12—C17	1.384 (3)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C12—C13	1.391 (3)
С3—С6	1.510(2)	C13—C14	1.377 (3)
C3—C4	1.533 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
С3—Н3	0.9800	C14—C15	1.371 (3)
C4—C5	1.502 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C4—H4A	0.9700	C15—C16	1.362 (3)
C4—H4B	0.9700	C16—C17	1.380 (3)
C5—C12	1.465 (2)	C16—H16	0.9300
C6—C11	1.385 (2)	С17—Н17	0.9300
	100.07 (14)		110.5
C2-N1-N2	122.87 (14)	C8—C/—H/	119.5
C2-NI-C3	124.48 (15)	C_{0} C_{0} C_{1}	119.5
$N_2 - N_1 - C_3$	112.62 (14)	C9 = C8 = C7	118.28 (18)
C5-N2-N1	107.76 (14)	C9—C8—H8	120.9
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C7—C8—H8	120.9
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	F1—C9—C10	118.61 (18)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	F1—C9—C8	118.66 (19)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C10—C9—C8	122.73 (18)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C9—C10—C11	118.23 (17)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C9—C10—H10	120.9
01—C2—N1	119.36 (17)	C11—C10—H10	120.9
O1—C2—C1	123.17 (18)	C10—C11—C6	121.12 (17)

N1-C2-C1	117.46 (17)	C10—C11—H11	119.4
N1—C3—C6	112.45 (15)	C6-C11-H11	119.4
N1—C3—C4	100.64 (13)	C17—C12—C13	118.28 (18)
C6—C3—C4	112.75 (14)	C17—C12—C5	120.02 (17)
N1—C3—H3	110.2	C13—C12—C5	121.70 (17)
С6—С3—Н3	110.2	C14—C13—C12	120.43 (19)
С4—С3—Н3	110.2	C14—C13—H13	119.8
C5—C4—C3	102.19 (14)	С12—С13—Н13	119.8
С5—С4—Н4А	111.3	C15—C14—C13	119.92 (19)
C3—C4—H4A	111.3	C15—C14—H14	120.0
C5—C4—H4B	111.3	C13—C14—H14	120.0
C3—C4—H4B	111.3	C16—C15—C14	120.72 (19)
H4A—C4—H4B	109.2	C16—C15—Cl1	119.42 (17)
N2-C5-C12	121.50 (16)	C14—C15—Cl1	119.84 (17)
N2-C5-C4	113.79 (16)	C15—C16—C17	119.62 (19)
C12—C5—C4	124.69 (16)	C15—C16—H16	120.2
C11—C6—C7	118.63 (17)	C17—C16—H16	120.2
C11—C6—C3	119.71 (16)	C16—C17—C12	120.97 (19)
C7—C6—C3	121.53 (15)	С16—С17—Н17	119.5
C8—C7—C6	120.99 (17)	С12—С17—Н17	119.5

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C4— $H4B$ ···O1 ⁱ	0.97	2.57	3.425 (2)	147

Symmetry code: (i) -x+2, y+1/2, -z+3/2.