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## Structure Reports

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## 2,10-Dibromo-6,6-dimethyldibenzo[*d,f*]-[1,3]dioxepine

Hai-Quan Zhang,<sup>a\*</sup> Bao Li,<sup>b</sup> Guang-Di Yang<sup>b</sup> and Yu-Guang Ma<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>State Key Laboratory of Metastable Materials Science and Technology, Yanshan University, Qinhuangdao 066004, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>State Key Laboratory of Supramolecular Structure and Materials, Jilin University, Changchun 130012, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: hqzhang@ysu.edu.cn

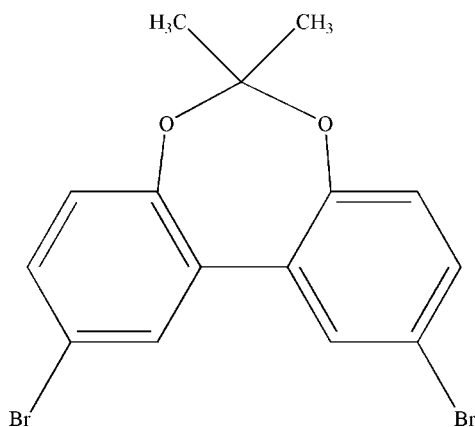
Received 8 March 2008; accepted 16 March 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 291$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.024;  $wR$  factor = 0.058; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.1.

In the crystal structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{Br}_2\text{O}_2$ , which was synthesized from 2,10-dibromo-2,2'-dihydroxybiphenyl and 2,2-dimethoxypropane, the aromatic rings are twisted by  $35(1)^\circ$ . The heterocyclic ring exhibits a twisted conformation.

### Related literature

For background literature on dibenzo[*d,f*][1,3]dioxepine derivatives, see: Dean (1963). For applications, see: He *et al.* (2003). For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Zhang *et al.* (2003).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{Br}_2\text{O}_2$   
 $M_r = 384.07$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 10.8411(6)$  Å  
 $b = 7.6902(3)$  Å  
 $c = 16.7466(8)$  Å  
 $\beta = 99.824(2)^\circ$   
 $V = 1375.70(11)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 5.89$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 291(2)$  K  
 $0.07 \times 0.06 \times 0.06$  mm

#### Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.690$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.726$   
 5409 measured reflections  
 3145 independent reflections  
 2211 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.058$   
 $S = 0.94$   
 3145 reflections  
 174 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MS, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2433).

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## supporting information

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## 2,10-Dibromo-6,6-dimethyldibenzo[d,f][1,3]dioxepine

Hai-Quan Zhang, Bao Li, Guang-Di Yang and Yu-Guang Ma

### S1. Comment

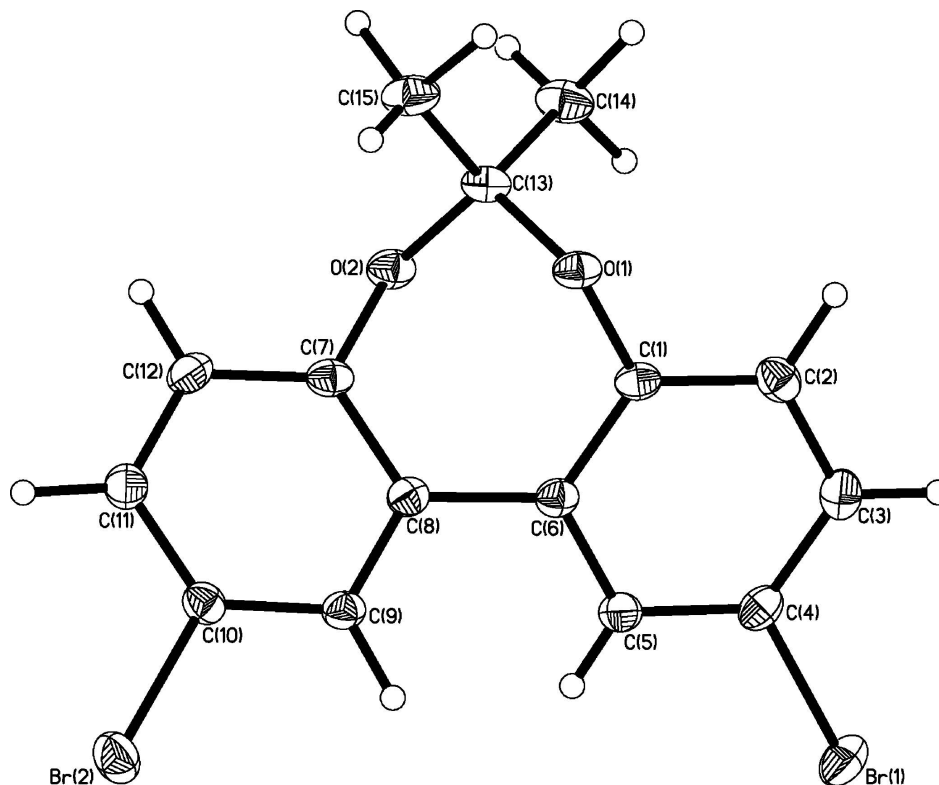
Dibenzo[d,f][1,3]dioxepine derivatives is very important in pharmaceutical applications (Dean, 1963). In fact it has been found that such a structure, which is probably related to their pharmacological activity, is present in many biologically active natural products. Introducing functional group Br on benzene ring of dibenzo[d,f][1,3] dioxepine can expand the field of their application, such as photoluminescence, electro-luminescence devices and nonlinear optics (. We have reported the synthesis of the 2,10-dibro-dimethyl- dibenzo[d,f][1,3]dioxepine (Zhang *et al.*, 2003). Herein we present the crystal structure of the title compound.

### S2. Experimental

The 2,10-dibro-dimethyl-dibenzo[d,f][1,3]dioxepine was dissolved in ethanol. The solution was allowed to stand at room temperature for several day, white block-shaped crystal was obtained with slow volatile solvent.

### S3. Refinement

C-bound H atoms were geometrically positioned with C—H = 0.97 Å,  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methyl and C—H = 0.93 Å,  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for other carbon atoms.

**Figure 1**

The structure of the title compound, with the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level of arbitrary radii.

### 2,10-Dibromo-6,6-dimethyldibenzo[*d,f*][1,3]dioxepine

#### Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{12}Br_2O_2$   
 $M_r = 384.07$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1/n$   
 $a = 10.8411(6)\ \text{\AA}$   
 $b = 7.6902(3)\ \text{\AA}$   
 $c = 16.7466(8)\ \text{\AA}$   
 $\beta = 99.824(2)^\circ$   
 $V = 1375.70(11)\ \text{\AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 752$   
 $D_x = 1.854\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$   
 Cell parameters from 8634 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.5\text{--}54.9^\circ$   
 $\mu = 5.89\ \text{mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 291\ \text{K}$   
 Block, colorless  
 $0.07 \times 0.06 \times 0.06\ \text{mm}$

#### Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.690$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.726$

5409 measured reflections  
 3145 independent reflections  
 2211 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.1^\circ$   
 $h = -14 \rightarrow 14$   
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$   
 $l = -21 \rightarrow 21$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.058$   
 $S = 0.94$   
 3145 reflections  
 174 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0241P)^2]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.86808 (3)	1.13273 (4)	0.551106 (16)	0.03688 (10)
Br2	1.02801 (3)	0.90894 (4)	0.113685 (17)	0.03706 (10)
C1	0.5935 (2)	0.8979 (3)	0.33413 (15)	0.0231 (6)
C2	0.5678 (3)	0.8810 (4)	0.41168 (15)	0.0275 (6)
H2	0.4948	0.8261	0.4202	0.033*
C3	0.6512 (3)	0.9460 (4)	0.47671 (16)	0.0282 (7)
H3	0.6350	0.9342	0.5292	0.034*
C4	0.7584 (3)	1.0285 (4)	0.46290 (15)	0.0255 (6)
C5	0.7875 (3)	1.0420 (4)	0.38539 (14)	0.0256 (6)
H5	0.8616	1.0949	0.3773	0.031*
C6	0.7041 (3)	0.9752 (4)	0.31986 (14)	0.0224 (6)
C7	0.6336 (3)	1.0283 (4)	0.17277 (15)	0.0237 (6)
C8	0.7306 (3)	0.9841 (4)	0.23570 (15)	0.0216 (6)
C9	0.8488 (3)	0.9485 (3)	0.21775 (15)	0.0242 (6)
H9	0.9145	0.9188	0.2588	0.029*
C10	0.8673 (3)	0.9578 (4)	0.13799 (15)	0.0247 (6)
C11	0.7722 (3)	1.0031 (4)	0.07585 (15)	0.0282 (7)
H11	0.7869	1.0095	0.0228	0.034*
C12	0.6549 (3)	1.0388 (4)	0.09347 (15)	0.0286 (7)
H12	0.5901	1.0699	0.0521	0.034*
C13	0.4400 (3)	0.9391 (4)	0.21344 (16)	0.0263 (7)
C14	0.3410 (3)	1.0282 (4)	0.25113 (17)	0.0345 (7)
H14A	0.2855	0.9428	0.2672	0.052*
H14B	0.2944	1.1061	0.2125	0.052*
H14C	0.3797	1.0927	0.2978	0.052*

C15	0.3877 (3)	0.8282 (4)	0.14128 (16)	0.0339 (7)
H15A	0.4553	0.7807	0.1179	0.051*
H15B	0.3354	0.8981	0.1017	0.051*
H15C	0.3392	0.7352	0.1583	0.051*
O1	0.51386 (17)	0.8227 (2)	0.26952 (10)	0.0258 (4)
O2	0.51830 (17)	1.0765 (2)	0.19107 (10)	0.0261 (4)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Br1	0.0428 (2)	0.0392 (2)	0.02494 (13)	-0.00242 (16)	-0.00487 (12)	-0.00039 (14)
Br2	0.03242 (18)	0.0427 (2)	0.03910 (17)	0.00823 (16)	0.01491 (13)	0.00811 (15)
C1	0.0206 (14)	0.0192 (16)	0.0281 (13)	0.0013 (13)	0.0004 (11)	-0.0015 (12)
C2	0.0244 (15)	0.0257 (17)	0.0341 (14)	0.0030 (13)	0.0099 (12)	0.0030 (13)
C3	0.0309 (17)	0.0292 (18)	0.0255 (13)	0.0066 (14)	0.0072 (12)	0.0028 (12)
C4	0.0297 (17)	0.0210 (16)	0.0236 (13)	0.0043 (13)	-0.0017 (12)	-0.0003 (12)
C5	0.0206 (15)	0.0269 (17)	0.0289 (14)	-0.0012 (13)	0.0027 (12)	0.0015 (12)
C6	0.0222 (16)	0.0193 (16)	0.0247 (13)	0.0027 (12)	0.0014 (11)	0.0019 (11)
C7	0.0223 (16)	0.0178 (16)	0.0296 (14)	-0.0020 (12)	0.0004 (12)	-0.0009 (12)
C8	0.0218 (15)	0.0167 (15)	0.0254 (13)	-0.0026 (12)	0.0016 (11)	0.0016 (11)
C9	0.0212 (16)	0.0236 (17)	0.0261 (13)	-0.0033 (12)	-0.0002 (11)	0.0032 (11)
C10	0.0225 (16)	0.0225 (17)	0.0296 (14)	-0.0011 (13)	0.0058 (12)	-0.0002 (12)
C11	0.0302 (18)	0.0300 (18)	0.0242 (13)	-0.0056 (14)	0.0043 (13)	-0.0008 (13)
C12	0.0265 (17)	0.0311 (18)	0.0251 (14)	-0.0027 (14)	-0.0045 (12)	0.0028 (12)
C13	0.0190 (16)	0.0256 (18)	0.0325 (14)	-0.0018 (13)	-0.0009 (12)	-0.0018 (12)
C14	0.0241 (17)	0.035 (2)	0.0433 (17)	0.0016 (14)	0.0042 (14)	-0.0088 (15)
C15	0.0248 (17)	0.037 (2)	0.0376 (15)	-0.0035 (14)	-0.0011 (13)	-0.0103 (15)
O1	0.0213 (11)	0.0220 (11)	0.0323 (9)	-0.0027 (9)	-0.0002 (8)	-0.0019 (9)
O2	0.0209 (11)	0.0225 (12)	0.0337 (10)	0.0032 (9)	0.0007 (8)	0.0023 (9)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Br1—C4	1.908 (3)	C9—C10	1.386 (3)
Br2—C10	1.893 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—C2	1.380 (3)	C10—C11	1.379 (4)
C1—O1	1.390 (3)	C11—C12	1.381 (4)
C1—C6	1.395 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C3	1.385 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C13—O1	1.438 (3)
C3—C4	1.378 (4)	C13—O2	1.444 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—C14	1.501 (4)
C4—C5	1.391 (3)	C13—C15	1.508 (4)
C5—C6	1.396 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C14—H14B	0.9600
C6—C8	1.487 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C7—O2	1.387 (3)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C7—C12	1.389 (3)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C7—C8	1.398 (3)	C15—H15C	0.9600

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C8—C9	1.393 (4)		
C2—C1—O1	119.7 (2)	C11—C10—Br2	119.0 (2)
C2—C1—C6	121.2 (3)	C9—C10—Br2	119.1 (2)
O1—C1—C6	118.8 (2)	C10—C11—C12	119.1 (2)
C1—C2—C3	119.8 (3)	C10—C11—H11	120.5
C1—C2—H2	120.1	C12—C11—H11	120.5
C3—C2—H2	120.1	C11—C12—C7	120.2 (3)
C4—C3—C2	119.4 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.9
C4—C3—H3	120.3	C7—C12—H12	119.9
C2—C3—H3	120.3	O1—C13—O2	109.8 (2)
C3—C4—C5	121.6 (3)	O1—C13—C14	111.6 (2)
C3—C4—Br1	119.7 (2)	O2—C13—C14	105.6 (2)
C5—C4—Br1	118.7 (2)	O1—C13—C15	105.2 (2)
C4—C5—C6	119.1 (3)	O2—C13—C15	111.3 (2)
C4—C5—H5	120.5	C14—C13—C15	113.4 (2)
C6—C5—H5	120.5	C13—C14—H14A	109.5
C1—C6—C5	118.9 (2)	C13—C14—H14B	109.5
C1—C6—C8	119.5 (2)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C6—C8	121.6 (2)	C13—C14—H14C	109.5
O2—C7—C12	119.9 (2)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
O2—C7—C8	119.3 (2)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C12—C7—C8	120.5 (3)	C13—C15—H15A	109.5
C9—C8—C7	119.1 (2)	C13—C15—H15B	109.5
C9—C8—C6	122.0 (2)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C7—C8—C6	118.9 (2)	C13—C15—H15C	109.5
C10—C9—C8	119.2 (3)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C10—C9—H9	120.4	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C8—C9—H9	120.4	C1—O1—C13	116.9 (2)
C11—C10—C9	121.9 (3)	C7—O2—C13	116.9 (2)

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