inorganic compounds

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Reinvestigation of trisodium dihydroxidotetraoxidoneptunate(VII) dihydrate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean σ (Np–O) = 0.001 Å; R factor = 0.010; wR factor = 0.021; data-to-parameter ratio = 33.7.

The title compound, Na₃[NpO₄(OH)₂]·2H₂O, contains distorted tetragonal–bipyramidal centrosymmetric $[NpO_4(OH)_2]^{3-}$ complex anions. The Np–O distances are 1.8975 (7) and 1.8891 (7) Å in the NpO₄ group and 2.3451 (7) Å to the OH group. Both Na atoms (one in a general position, the second in a special position on an inversion centre) have a distorted octahedral oxygen environment.

Related literature

The structure of Na₃[NpO₄(OH)₂]·2H₂O was investigated by photographic technique with visual estimation of reflection intensities by Tomilin *et al.* (1981*a*). Several other Np^{VII} compounds containing [NpO₄(OH)₂]³⁻ anions have been studied by photographic techniques, *viz.* Na₃[NpO₄(OH)₂] (Tomilin *et al.*, 1981*b*), Na₃[NpO₄(OH)₂]·4H₂O (Tomilin *et al.*, 1981*c*), K₃[NpO₄(OH)₂]·2H₂O (Tomilin *et al.*, 1983). Diffractometric structure determinations have been made for [Co(NH₃)₆][NpO₄(OH)₂]·2H₂O (Grigor'ev *et al.*, 1986), Cs₃[NpO₄(OH)₂]·3H₂O (Grigor'ev *et al.*, 1993), K₃[NpO₄-(OH)₂]·2H₂O (Charushnikova *et al.*, 2007) and Na₃[NpO₄-(OH)₂] (Grigoriev & Krot, 2007).



Experimental

Crystal data Na₃[NpO₄(OH)₂]·2H₂O $M_r = 440.02$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 7.8166 (3) Å b = 7.7703 (2) Å c = 6.8211 (2) Å $\beta = 112.9139$ (14)°

 $V = 381.60 (2) Å^{3}$ Z = 2Mo K\alpha radiation $\mu = 13.79 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 (2) K $0.12 \times 0.08 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

```
Bruker Kappa APEXII area-
detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2004)
T<sub>min</sub> = 0.522, T<sub>max</sub> = 0.770
```

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.010$	3 restraints
$wR(F^2) = 0.021$	All H-atom parameters refined
S = 1.04	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.75 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2357 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.88 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
70 parameters	

Table 1

N

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

p = O1	1.8975 (7) 1.8891 (7)	Np-O3	2.3451 (7)
01-Np-O2 01-Np-O3	91.41 (3) 90.82 (3)	O2-Np-O3	94.67 (3)

2
2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$O3-H3\cdots O1^{i}$	0.815 (15)	1.976 (16)	2.7866 (10)	173 (2)
$O4 - H4A \cdots O3$	0.856 (17)	1.799 (17)	2.6538 (12)	178 (2)
$O4-H4B\cdots O3^{ii}$	0.840 (16)	1.931 (16)	2.7612 (12)	169 (2)
	. 3 1 (4 . 4	

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) -x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997*a*); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997*a*); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL97* (Sheldrick, 1997*b*); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SG2217).

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16264 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.024$

2357 independent reflections

1920 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

supporting information

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Reinvestigation of trisodium dihydroxidotetraoxidoneptunate(VII) dihydrate

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S1. Comment

The title compound, (I) (Fig. 1), contains centrosymmetric complex anions $[NpO_4(OH)_2]^{3-}$ which are distorted tetragonal bipyramidal. The main bond lengths and angles in this anion are given in Table 1. The Np—O distances in the NpO₄ group are close to the values 1.8981 (13) and 1.9012 (12) Å found in Na₃[NpO₄(OH)₂] (Grigoriev & Krot, 2007). The Np —O distance to the OH group is a little longer than 2.3145 (11) Å in Na₃[NpO₄(OH)₂].

Principal features of structure are the same as described by Tomilin et al. (1981a).

The Na1 atom occupies a special position on an inversion centre and has a distorted octahedral oxygen environment formed by six O atoms of two $[NpO_4(OH)_2]^{3-}$ anions. The Na1 atoms and $[NpO_4(OH)_2]^{3-}$ anions form columns along the [001] direction, the layers of the columns are parallel to the (100) plane (Fig. 2). The Na2 atoms and crystallization water molecules occupy general positions between the layers. The Na2 atom has a distorted octahedral oxygen environment formed by O atoms of $[NpO_4(OH)_2]^{3-}$ anions and water molecules.

The OH group acts as proton donor in a hydrogen bond with an O atom of NpO₄ group of a neighbouring anion (Table 2). This hydrogen bond is stronger than the bond formed by OH group in $Na_3[NpO_4(OH)_2]$ [the O···O distance 3.0255 (17)]. Such a difference can be one of the reasons for the elongation of the Np—O3 bond in (I). Water molecule makes two hydrogen bonds with O atoms of OH groups.

S2. Experimental

The starting solution for the synthesis of (I) was slightly acidic (pH \sim 3) 0.15 *M* ²³⁷NpO₂(NO₃)₂. The preparation of such solutions is described by Charushnikova *et al.* (2007). For the synthesis of (I), 1 ml of 0.15 *M* NpO₂(NO₃)₂ aqueous solution was taken into a bubble flask, 1 ml of 5 *M* LiOH solution was added, then ozonized oxygen (10% mass of O₃) was passed through the solution over a period of 2 h. Aliquots of 0.1 ml of the solution were put into plastic containers, 0.05, 0.1 or 0.2 ml of 16.7 *M* NaOH was added, and the containers were placed into a desiccator with granulated KOH (to absorb CO₂ and water vapour). After four days at room temperature almost all the Np^{VII} was crystallized as bulk black crystals.

S3. Refinement

The H atoms of the OH-group and crystallization water molecule were located on a difference Fourier map and refined with individual displacement parameters and O—H distances restrained to 0.82 (2) and 0.85 (2) Å, respectively.



Figure 1

A view of (I), showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are represented by circles of arbitrary size. Dashed line indicates the hydrogen-bonding interaction. [Symmetry code: (i) 1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z.]





trisodium dihydroxidotetraoxidoneptunate(VII) dihydrate

Crystal data

Na₃[NpO₄(OH)₂]·2H₂O $M_r = 440.02$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 7.8166 (3) Å b = 7.7703 (2) Å c = 6.8211 (2) Å $\beta = 112.9139$ (14)° V = 381.60 (2) Å³ Z = 2

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator ω and φ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2004) $T_{\min} = 0.522, T_{\max} = 0.770$ F(000) = 392 $D_x = 3.829 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 5517 reflections $\theta = 3.9-40.0^{\circ}$ $\mu = 13.79 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 KPlate, black $0.12 \times 0.08 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$

16264 measured reflections 2357 independent reflections 1920 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.024$ $\theta_{max} = 40.0^\circ$, $\theta_{min} = 3.9^\circ$ $h = -14 \rightarrow 14$ $k = -12 \rightarrow 14$ $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$ Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.010$	Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
$wR(F^2) = 0.021$	All H-atom parameters refined
S = 1.04	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0059P)^2 + 0.087P]$
2357 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
70 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
3 restraints	$\Delta ho_{ m max}=0.75$ e Å $^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.88 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Np	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.00406 (1)	
Na1	0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	0.00859 (9)	
Na2	0.85815 (7)	0.32123 (6)	0.90540 (8)	0.01157 (8)	
01	0.65824 (10)	0.56060 (10)	0.78208 (12)	0.00757 (11)	
O2	0.37890 (10)	0.71543 (9)	0.45784 (12)	0.00792 (11)	
03	0.72436 (10)	0.59020 (9)	0.37305 (12)	0.00862 (11)	
H3	0.715 (3)	0.693 (2)	0.349 (4)	0.031 (6)*	
04	0.97126 (12)	0.44316 (15)	0.24784 (14)	0.01657 (15)	
H4A	0.892 (4)	0.493 (2)	0.286 (5)	0.021 (6)*	
H4B	1.071 (2)	0.428 (3)	0.354 (3)	0.029 (5)*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Np	0.00487 (2)	0.00387 (2)	0.00377 (2)	0.00001 (2)	0.00205 (1)	-0.00008 (1)
Na1	0.0114 (2)	0.0080 (2)	0.0080 (2)	0.0013 (2)	0.0056 (2)	0.0006 (2)
Na2	0.01207 (18)	0.01314 (18)	0.00847 (17)	0.00321 (15)	0.00287 (14)	-0.00015 (15)
O1	0.0084 (3)	0.0080 (3)	0.0059 (3)	-0.0006(2)	0.0023 (2)	-0.0011 (2)
O2	0.0097 (3)	0.0055 (2)	0.0086 (3)	0.0015 (2)	0.0037 (2)	0.0006 (2)
O3	0.0091 (3)	0.0075 (3)	0.0102 (3)	0.0010 (2)	0.0049 (2)	0.0020 (2)
04	0.0077 (3)	0.0293 (4)	0.0106 (3)	0.0028 (3)	0.0013 (3)	-0.0068 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

1.8975 (7)	Na2—O2 ⁱ	2.4655 (9)
1.8891 (7)	Na2—O2 ^{vii}	2.5150 (9)
1.8891 (7)	Na2—O4 ^{viii}	2.6263 (13)
1.8975 (7)	Na2—O4 ^{ix}	2.7033 (12)
2.3451 (7)	O1—Na1 ^{vi}	2.3223 (7)
2.3451 (7)	O2—Na1 ^x	2.3783 (7)
2.3223 (7)	O2—Na2 ⁱ	2.4655 (9)
2.3223 (7)	O2—Na2 ^{xi}	2.5150 (9)
2.3783 (7)	O3—H3	0.815 (15)
2.3783 (7)	O4—Na2 ⁱⁱ	2.3510 (10)
2.5626 (8)	O4—Na2 ^{xii}	2.6263 (13)
2.5626 (8)	O4—Na2 ^{ix}	2.7033 (12)
2.3510 (10)	O4—H4A	0.856 (17)
2.3633 (9)	O4—H4B	0.840 (16)
91.41 (3)	O2 ^m —Na1—O3	87.25 (2)
90.82 (3)	02 ¹ / ₁ -Na1-03	92.75 (2)
94.67 (3)	$O1^{n}$ —Na1—O3 ^v	75.46 (2)
180.0	$O1^{i}$ —Na1— $O3^{v}$	104.54 (2)
88.59 (3)	$O2^{m}$ —Na1—O3 ^v	92.75 (2)
91.41 (3)	O2 ^{iv} —Na1—O3 ^v	87.25 (2)
88.59 (3)	O3—Na1—O3 ^v	180.00 (3)
180.0	O4 ^{vi} —Na2—O1	88.70 (4)
85.33 (3)	O4 ^{vi} —Na2—O2 ⁱ	152.85 (4)
89.18 (3)	$O1$ — $Na2$ — $O2^{i}$	66.37 (3)
94.67 (3)	O4 ^{vi} —Na2—O2 ^{vii}	79.02 (3)
85.33 (3)	O1—Na2—O2 ^{vii}	84.77 (3)
89.18 (3)	O2 ⁱ —Na2—O2 ^{vii}	87.77 (3)
90.82 (3)	O4 ^{vi} —Na2—O4 ^{viii}	131.72 (4)
180.0	O1—Na2—O4 ^{viii}	138.70 (3)
180.00 (2)	O2 ⁱ —Na2—O4 ^{viii}	74.89 (3)
91.16 (3)	O2 ^{vii} —Na2—O4 ^{viii}	108.07 (3)
88.84 (3)	O4 ^{vi} —Na2—O4 ^{ix}	93.44 (4)
88.84 (3)	O1—Na2—O4 ^{ix}	71.74 (3)
91.16 (3)	$O2^{i}$ —Na2—O4 ^{ix}	88.88 (3)
180.0	O2 ^{vii} —Na2—O4 ^{ix}	155.55 (3)
104.54 (2)	O4 ^{viii} —Na2—O4 ^{ix}	94.370 (16)
75.46 (2)	H4A—O4—H4B	110 (3)
	$\begin{array}{c} 1.8975 \ (7) \\ 1.8891 \ (7) \\ 1.8891 \ (7) \\ 1.8975 \ (7) \\ 2.3451 \ (7) \\ 2.3451 \ (7) \\ 2.3223 \ (7) \\ 2.3223 \ (7) \\ 2.3783 \ (7) \\ 2.3783 \ (7) \\ 2.3783 \ (7) \\ 2.3783 \ (7) \\ 2.3783 \ (7) \\ 2.3626 \ (8) \\ 2.5626 \ (8) \\ 2.5626 \ (8) \\ 2.3510 \ (10) \\ 2.3633 \ (9) \\ \end{array}$	1.8975 (7) Na2—O2 ⁱ 1.8891 (7) Na2—O2 ^{vii} 1.8891 (7) Na2—O4 ^{viii} 1.8975 (7) Na2—O4 ^{ix} 2.3451 (7) O1—Na1 ^{vi} 2.3451 (7) O2—Na1 ^x 2.3223 (7) O2—Na2 ⁱⁱ 2.3223 (7) O2—Na2 ^{xii} 2.3783 (7) O4—Na2 ^{xii} 2.3783 (7) O4—Na2 ^{xii} 2.5626 (8) O4—Na2 ^{xii} 2.5626 (8) O4—Na2 ^{xii} 2.3510 (10) O4—H4A 2.3633 (9) O4—H4B 91.41 (3) O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O3 94.67 (3) O1 ⁱⁱ —Na1—O3 ^v 88.59 (3) O2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O3 ^v 88.59 (3) O3—Na1—O3 ^v 88.59 (3) O3—Na1—O3 ^v 88.59 (3) O3—Na1—O3 ^v 91.41 (3) O2 ^{iv} —Na2—O2 ⁱⁱ 94.67 (3) O4 ^{vi} —Na2—O2 ^{vii} 80.0 O4 ^{vi} —Na2—O2 ⁱⁱ 91.83 (3) O1—Na2—O2 ^{vii} 90.82 (3) O4 ^{vi} —Na2—O2 ^{vii}

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1; (ii) x, y, z-1; (iii) x, -y+3/2, z-1/2; (iv) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (v) -x+1, -y+1, -z; (vi) x, y, z+1; (vii) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2; (viii) x, -y+1/2, z+1/2; (ix) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) x, -y+1/2, z-1/2.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O3—H3…O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (2)	1.98 (2)	2.7866 (10)	173 (2)

O4—H4A···O3 0.86 (2) 1.80 (2) 2.6538 (12) 178 (2) O4—H4B···O3^{ix} 0.84 (2) 1.93 (2) 2.7612 (12) 169 (2)

Symmetry codes: (iii) x, -y+3/2, z-1/2; (ix) -x+2, -y+1, -z+1.