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(E)-2-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-2-(phenyl-imino)acetamide

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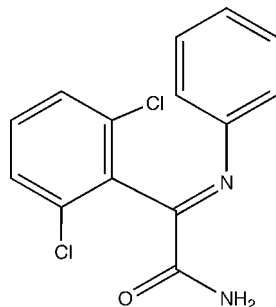
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å;
 R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}$, which is an important synthetic precursor of a human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) inhibitor, the dihedral angle between the 2,6-dichlorophenyl ring and the phenyl ring is $69.4(1)^\circ$. In the crystal structure, the molecules form centrosymmetric dimers via $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds with an $R_2^2(8)$ motif. The dimers are connected by intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For the starting material, see: Reich *et al.* (1917). For human immunodeficiency virus type 1 inhibitors, see: Pauwels *et al.* (1993). For related literature on the crystal structures of α -anilinoacetamide derivatives, see: Peeters *et al.* (1993); Garg *et al.* (1993); Opatz & Ferenc (2005). For related literature on $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, see: Taylor & Kennard (1982); Biradha *et al.* (1997); Batchelor *et al.* (2000). For related literature on $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions, see: Malone *et al.* (1997); Tomura & Yamashita (2001); Nishio (2004). For related literature, see: Allen *et al.* (1987); Bernstein *et al.* (1995); Allen (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 293.14$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.8777(2)$ Å
 $b = 9.1433(3)$ Å
 $c = 10.0217(4)$ Å
 $\alpha = 102.170(3)^\circ$
 $\beta = 91.795(3)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 102.145(2)^\circ$
 $V = 687.66(4)$ Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 4.19$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296(1)$ K
 $0.50 \times 0.40 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.229$, $T_{\max} = 0.818$
 3020 measured reflections
 2808 independent reflections
 2499 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$
 3 standard reflections
 frequency: 120 min
 intensity decay: 0.8%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.05$
 2808 reflections
 173 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	2.08	2.935 (2)	172
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.86	2.37	2.708 (2)	104
$\text{C3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.55	3.260 (2)	133
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.86	2.76	3.484 (2)	143

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (iii) $-x, -y, -z+1$. Cg1 is the centroid of the C8-C13 benzene ring.

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Enraf-Nonius, 1992); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *TEXSAN* (Rigaku/MS, 2000); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The author thanks the Instrument Center of the Institute for Molecular Science for the X-ray structure analysis.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KP2151).

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supporting information

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(E)-2-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-2-(phenylimino)acetamide**Masaaki Tomura****S1. Comment**

The title compound, (I), is an important synthetic precursor of α -anilinophenylacetamide derivatives, which are potent human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) specific reverse transcriptase inhibitors (Pauwels *et al.*, 1993). A search for α -anilinoacetamide structure in the Cambridge Structural Database (Version 5.28; Allen, 2002) revealed three examples (Peeters *et al.*, 1993; Garg *et al.*, 1993; Opatz & Ferenc, 2005) while no structure of an α -phenyliminoacetamide derivative, such as (I), was found. We report here the molecular and crystal structures of the title α -phenyliminoacetamide derivative (I) (Fig. 1).

The compound (I) was synthesized by the reaction of *N*-(2,6-dichlorobenzylidene)aniline (Reich *et al.*, 1917) with NaCN and crystallizes in the $P\bar{1}$ space group with one molecule in an asymmetric unit. The molecule has an *E*-conformation about the C7=N1 bond. The bond lengths and angles are within the normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). Two benzene rings of (I) are planar [r.m.s. deviations of 0.0047 (C1—C6) and 0.0074 (C8—C13) Å from the least-squares planes] with a dihedral angle between their least-squares planes of 69.4 (1)°. Each benzene ring is close to be orthogonal [86.5 (2) for C1—C6 and 73.9 (1)° for C8—C13] to the plane of the amide group (C14/O1/N2). In the amide group, the intramolecular hydrogen bond between atoms N1 and N2 is observed [2.708 (2) Å].

In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked *via* N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds [2.935 (2) Å for N2—H2A \cdots O1(-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1)] to form a centrosymmetric dimer with a graph-set motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995) of $R_2^2(8)$ (Fig. 2 and Table 1). The intermolecular C—H \cdots O [3.260 (2) Å for C3—H3 \cdots O1(-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2)] and C—H \cdots π [3.484 (2) Å for N2—H2B \cdots Cg1(-x, -y, -z + 1), Cg1 is the centroid of the benzene ring (C8—C13)] interactions are observed between the dimers (Tomura & Yamashita, 2001; Nishio, 2004). The C—H \cdots O hydrogen bond in the crystal structure of (I) is stronger than the typical C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds in other structures (Taylor & Kennard, 1982; Biradha *et al.*, 1997; Batchelor *et al.*, 2000). The C—H \cdots π interaction corresponds to a geometry of type III (Malone *et al.*, 1997).

S2. Experimental

The compound (I) was prepared as follows: a mixture of *N*-(2,6-dichlorobenzylidene)aniline (Reich *et al.*, 1917) (504 mg, 2.0 mmol) and NaCN (110 mg, 2.0 mmol) in dimethyl sulfoxide (20 ml) was stirred for 1 day at 296 K. The reaction mixture was poured into water (100 ml) and the solution was extracted with dichloromethane (100 ml \times 3). The organic layer was washed with water and dried over Na₂SO₄. After the solvent was evaporated *in vacuo*, dichloromethane (10 ml) was added to the residue. The resulting colourless precipitate was collected to give 198 mg (34% yield) of (I). Physical data for (I): m.p. 510 K; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ p.p.m.): 5.30–5.65 (br s, 1H), 6.81–7.26 (m, 8H), 7.37–7.47 (br s, 1H); MS (EI): *m/z* 294 (*M*⁺+2), 292 (*M*⁺), 248. Colourless crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray analysis were grown from a chloroform solution.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed in geometrically calculated positions and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.93 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or (N).

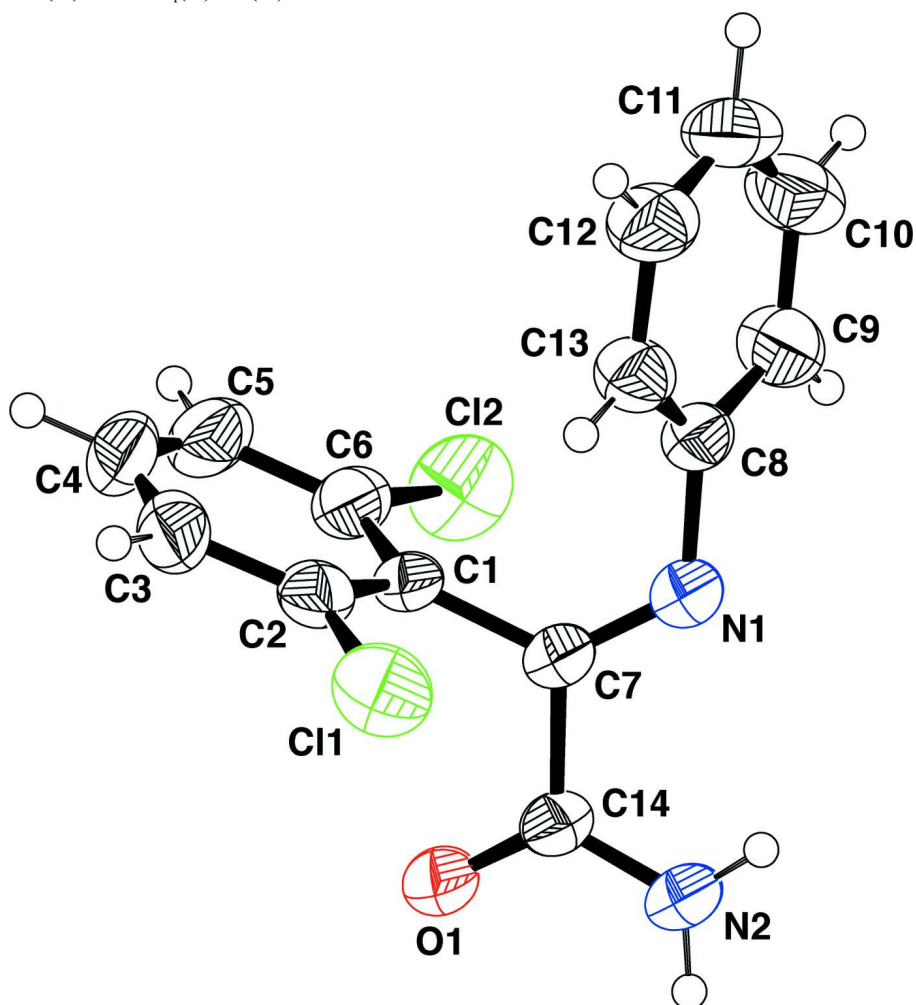


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

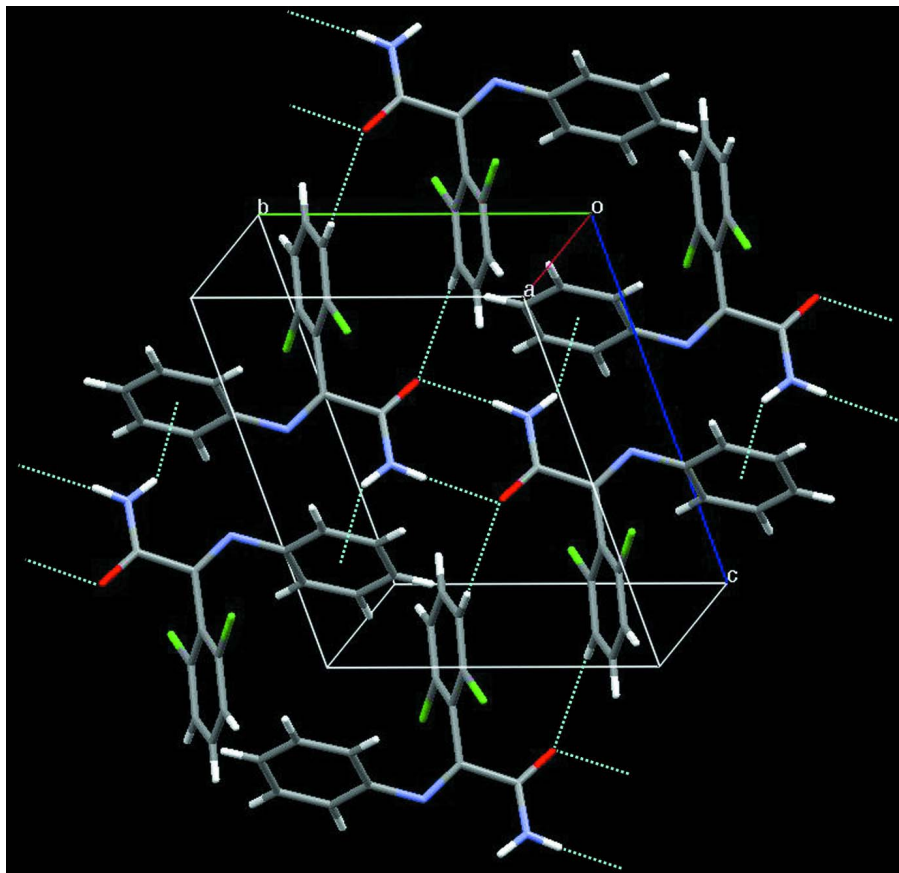


Figure 2

The packing diagram of (I). Dashed lines indicate intermolecular N—H···O, C—H···O and C—H··· π interactions.

(E)-2-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-2-(phenylimino)acetamide

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{10}Cl_2N_2O$

$M_r = 293.14$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 7.8777$ (2) Å

$b = 9.1433$ (3) Å

$c = 10.0217$ (4) Å

$\alpha = 102.170$ (3)°

$\beta = 91.795$ (3)°

$\gamma = 102.145$ (2)°

$V = 687.66$ (4) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 300$

$D_x = 1.416$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point: 510 K

Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54178$ Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 15.0$ – 42.6 °

$\mu = 4.19$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Prism, colourless

$0.50 \times 0.40 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed X-ray tube

Graphite monochromator

ω - 2θ scan

Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.229$, $T_{\max} = 0.818$

3020 measured reflections

2808 independent reflections

2499 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

$\theta_{\max} = 74.3$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 4.5$ °

$h = 0 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
 $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

3 standard reflections every 120 min
 intensity decay: 0.8%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.05$
 2808 reflections
 173 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0796P)^2 + 0.1897P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: *SHELXL*,
 $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001x\text{Fc}^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.0156 (17)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.15690 (8)	0.38587 (7)	0.87469 (7)	0.0713 (2)
C12	0.62681 (8)	0.04600 (8)	0.72009 (7)	0.0791 (2)
O1	0.5291 (2)	0.42558 (17)	0.65152 (14)	0.0632 (4)
N1	0.2306 (2)	0.07483 (17)	0.59095 (15)	0.0472 (4)
N2	0.3232 (2)	0.3200 (2)	0.47621 (16)	0.0598 (5)
H2A	0.3588	0.3906	0.4323	0.072*
H2B	0.2355	0.2462	0.4425	0.072*
C1	0.3973 (2)	0.21737 (18)	0.81031 (16)	0.0413 (4)
C2	0.3294 (2)	0.3076 (2)	0.91479 (18)	0.0476 (4)
C3	0.3924 (3)	0.3366 (3)	1.0501 (2)	0.0611 (6)
H3	0.3451	0.3986	1.1180	0.073*
C4	0.5255 (3)	0.2723 (3)	1.0823 (2)	0.0720 (7)
H4	0.5683	0.2902	1.1732	0.086*
C5	0.5971 (3)	0.1818 (3)	0.9828 (2)	0.0690 (6)
H5	0.6872	0.1382	1.0061	0.083*
C6	0.5340 (3)	0.1557 (2)	0.8470 (2)	0.0515 (4)
C7	0.3324 (2)	0.19374 (19)	0.66374 (16)	0.0412 (4)
C8	0.1608 (2)	-0.0528 (2)	0.64758 (18)	0.0471 (4)
C9	0.1897 (3)	-0.1957 (2)	0.5867 (2)	0.0622 (5)
H9	0.2556	-0.2065	0.5113	0.075*
C10	0.1197 (3)	-0.3220 (3)	0.6390 (3)	0.0724 (7)

H10	0.1420	-0.4171	0.6000	0.087*
C11	0.0181 (3)	-0.3085 (3)	0.7476 (3)	0.0695 (6)
H11	-0.0290	-0.3942	0.7815	0.083*
C12	-0.0139 (3)	-0.1682 (3)	0.8058 (3)	0.0649 (6)
H12	-0.0836	-0.1594	0.8790	0.078*
C13	0.0564 (3)	-0.0396 (2)	0.7570 (2)	0.0541 (5)
H13	0.0340	0.0551	0.7971	0.065*
C14	0.4032 (2)	0.3250 (2)	0.59550 (17)	0.0449 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0733 (4)	0.0624 (4)	0.0828 (4)	0.0283 (3)	0.0142 (3)	0.0118 (3)
C12	0.0702 (4)	0.0934 (5)	0.0848 (4)	0.0427 (3)	0.0105 (3)	0.0191 (3)
O1	0.0780 (10)	0.0577 (8)	0.0474 (7)	-0.0110 (7)	-0.0061 (6)	0.0245 (6)
N1	0.0523 (8)	0.0469 (8)	0.0428 (7)	0.0070 (6)	0.0000 (6)	0.0155 (6)
N2	0.0740 (11)	0.0567 (9)	0.0480 (9)	-0.0007 (8)	-0.0090 (8)	0.0272 (7)
C1	0.0463 (9)	0.0404 (8)	0.0378 (8)	0.0021 (7)	0.0029 (6)	0.0173 (6)
C2	0.0520 (10)	0.0424 (9)	0.0467 (9)	0.0018 (7)	0.0090 (7)	0.0140 (7)
C3	0.0704 (13)	0.0610 (12)	0.0400 (9)	-0.0096 (10)	0.0083 (9)	0.0088 (8)
C4	0.0816 (16)	0.0808 (15)	0.0419 (10)	-0.0152 (12)	-0.0111 (10)	0.0235 (10)
C5	0.0646 (13)	0.0763 (14)	0.0678 (14)	0.0035 (11)	-0.0171 (11)	0.0352 (12)
C6	0.0499 (10)	0.0551 (10)	0.0519 (10)	0.0081 (8)	0.0004 (8)	0.0212 (8)
C7	0.0460 (9)	0.0432 (8)	0.0376 (8)	0.0105 (7)	0.0041 (6)	0.0153 (6)
C8	0.0473 (9)	0.0468 (9)	0.0468 (9)	0.0041 (7)	-0.0047 (7)	0.0173 (7)
C9	0.0667 (13)	0.0526 (11)	0.0663 (12)	0.0107 (9)	0.0070 (10)	0.0136 (9)
C10	0.0703 (14)	0.0477 (11)	0.1013 (19)	0.0132 (10)	-0.0044 (13)	0.0231 (11)
C11	0.0565 (12)	0.0630 (13)	0.0950 (17)	0.0009 (10)	-0.0058 (11)	0.0445 (12)
C12	0.0530 (11)	0.0709 (14)	0.0712 (13)	-0.0013 (10)	0.0054 (10)	0.0318 (11)
C13	0.0493 (10)	0.0518 (10)	0.0596 (11)	0.0028 (8)	0.0025 (8)	0.0175 (8)
C14	0.0550 (10)	0.0440 (9)	0.0380 (8)	0.0095 (7)	0.0051 (7)	0.0154 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C2	1.737 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
C12—C6	1.728 (2)	C5—C6	1.388 (3)
O1—C14	1.228 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
N1—C7	1.273 (2)	C7—C14	1.519 (2)
N1—C8	1.420 (2)	C8—C13	1.391 (3)
N2—C14	1.322 (2)	C8—C9	1.389 (3)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C9—C10	1.385 (3)
N2—H2B	0.8600	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—C2	1.385 (2)	C10—C11	1.371 (4)
C1—C6	1.389 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—C7	1.496 (2)	C11—C12	1.371 (4)
C2—C3	1.381 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—C4	1.367 (4)	C12—C13	1.384 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C12—H12	0.9300

C4—C5	1.372 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
C7—N1—C8	120.81 (14)	N1—C7—C14	117.73 (14)
C14—N2—H2A	120.0	C1—C7—C14	115.27 (14)
C14—N2—H2B	120.0	C13—C8—C9	119.52 (18)
H2A—N2—H2B	120.0	C13—C8—N1	121.59 (17)
C2—C1—C6	117.04 (16)	C9—C8—N1	118.78 (18)
C2—C1—C7	121.51 (16)	C10—C9—C8	119.5 (2)
C6—C1—C7	121.38 (16)	C10—C9—H9	120.2
C3—C2—C1	122.56 (19)	C8—C9—H9	120.2
C3—C2—C11	118.54 (17)	C11—C10—C9	120.8 (2)
C1—C2—C11	118.89 (14)	C11—C10—H10	119.6
C4—C3—C2	118.6 (2)	C9—C10—H10	119.6
C4—C3—H3	120.7	C12—C11—C10	119.7 (2)
C2—C3—H3	120.7	C12—C11—H11	120.2
C5—C4—C3	121.14 (19)	C10—C11—H11	120.2
C5—C4—H4	119.4	C11—C12—C13	120.8 (2)
C3—C4—H4	119.4	C11—C12—H12	119.6
C4—C5—C6	119.4 (2)	C13—C12—H12	119.6
C4—C5—H5	120.3	C12—C13—C8	119.6 (2)
C6—C5—H5	120.3	C12—C13—H13	120.2
C1—C6—C5	121.2 (2)	C8—C13—H13	120.2
C1—C6—C12	118.90 (14)	O1—C14—N2	124.57 (16)
C5—C6—C12	119.94 (18)	O1—C14—C7	119.44 (15)
N1—C7—C1	126.95 (15)	N2—C14—C7	115.98 (16)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.1 (3)	C6—C1—C7—N1	79.6 (2)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-177.07 (16)	C2—C1—C7—C14	79.1 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C11	-179.37 (13)	C6—C1—C7—C14	-97.79 (19)
C7—C1—C2—C11	3.6 (2)	C7—N1—C8—C13	60.6 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.7 (3)	C7—N1—C8—C9	-123.2 (2)
C11—C2—C3—C4	178.54 (15)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-2.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.6 (3)	N1—C8—C9—C10	-178.79 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.4 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	2.0 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.1 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.5 (4)
C7—C1—C6—C5	178.08 (17)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.5 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C12	-178.50 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.0 (3)
C7—C1—C6—C12	-1.5 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	1.5 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.3 (3)	N1—C8—C13—C12	177.73 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C12	178.32 (17)	N1—C7—C14—O1	-164.09 (18)
C8—N1—C7—C1	2.0 (3)	C1—C7—C14—O1	13.6 (3)
C8—N1—C7—C14	179.41 (16)	N1—C7—C14—N2	15.0 (3)
C2—C1—C7—N1	-103.5 (2)	C1—C7—C14—N2	-167.32 (17)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H2A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.86	2.08	2.935 (2)	172

N2—H2B···N1	0.86	2.37	2.708 (2)	104
C3—H3···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.55	3.260 (2)	133
N2—H2B···Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.76	3.484 (2)	143

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (iii) $-x, -y, -z+1$.