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4,4'-Bis(benzimidazol-1-yl)biphenyl

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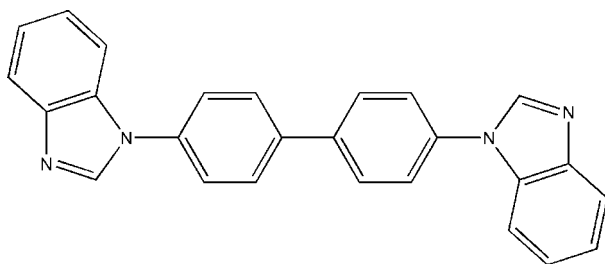
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.103; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.0.

The molecule of the title compound, $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4$, resides on a crystallographic inversion centre with a dihedral angle of $44.94(5)^\circ$ between the benzimidazole ring system and the benzene ring. The primary hydrogen bond is $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ and inversion-related pairs of these generate a chain of rings along the c -axis direction; $\pi\cdots\pi$ stacking involving the benzimidazole groups with interplanar separations of *ca* 3.4 Å complete the interactions.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Bu *et al.* (2007); Buchwald *et al.* (2001); Cristau *et al.* (2004); Su *et al.* (2003).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4$
 $M_r = 386.44$
 Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 19.628(4)$ Å

$b = 6.8964(14)$ Å
 $c = 13.760(3)$ Å
 $\beta = 90.74(3)^\circ$
 $V = 1862.4(7)$ Å³

$Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293(2)$ K
 $0.26 \times 0.22 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 1998)
 $T_{\min} = 0.904$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
 (expected range = 0.897–0.992)

9091 measured reflections
 1644 independent reflections
 1415 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.103$
 $S = 1.10$
 1644 reflections

137 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{N1}^i$	0.93	2.61	3.425(2)	147

 Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + 2, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Bruker, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GG2046).

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supporting information

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4,4'-Bis(benzimidazol-1-yl)biphenyl**Zuo-Xi Li, Yi Zuo and Tong-Liang Hu****S1. Comment**

In recent years, benzimidazole derivatives have been found a wide range of application in the area of coordination chemistry, because they exhibit a strong networking ability (Bu *et al.*, 2007; Su *et al.*, 2003). The title compound has been designed for building polymer architectures. We report here the structure and conformation, towards an understanding of the ligand coordination. As shown in Fig. 1, the title compound has *trans*-conformation and therefore a tendency to *trans*-coordination. The molecule resides on an inversion centre, and the dihedral angle between the benzimidazole ring and the phenyl ring is 40.97 (17)°. There are weak H-bonding interactions in the crystal structure of (I) (C6—H6···N1B, 3.425 (17) Å, C—H···N of 146.82 (13)°, B= $x, -y + 2, z + 1/2$) (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

The ligand 4,4'-di(benzimidazol-1-yl)biphenyl was prepared by a modified method (Buchwald *et al.*, 2001; Cristau *et al.*, 2004). A mixture of 4,4'-dibromobiphenyl (3.75 g, 12.0 mmol), benzimidazole (7.08 g, 60.0 mmol), CuI (0.47 g, 2.5 mmol), 1,10-phenanthroline (1.19 g, 6.0 mmol), and K₂CO₃ (13.27 g, 96.0 mmol) was suspended in DMF (120 ml) and refluxed for 4 days to afford (I) as light-yellow powder, yield: 30% (based on 4,4'-dibromobiphenyl). *M.p.*: 566 K. MS (ESI): *m/z*=387.45. Anal calcd for C₂₆H₁₈N₄: C, 80.81%; H, 4.69%; N, 14.50%. Found: C, 80.56%; H, 4.48%; N, 14.31%. Single crystals were obtained by recrystallizing from a mixture of CHCl₃ and CH₃OH (1:1).

S3. Refinement

C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined in the riding-model approximation, with C—H = 0.93 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$.

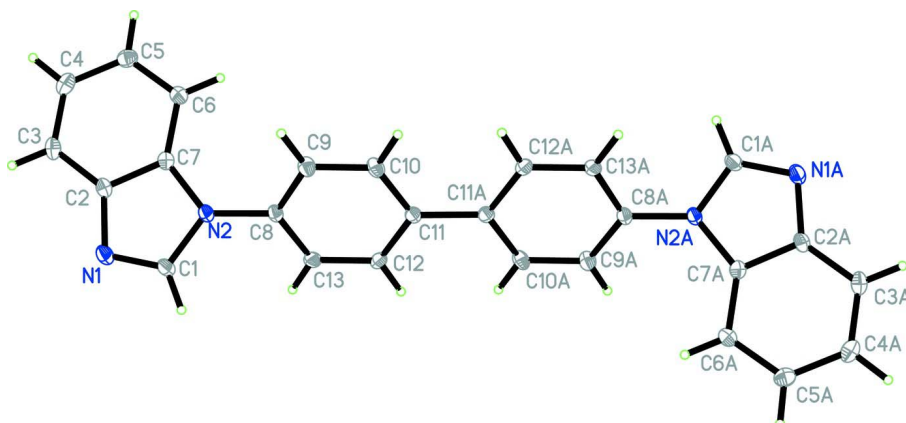


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radius [symmetry code: (A) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$].

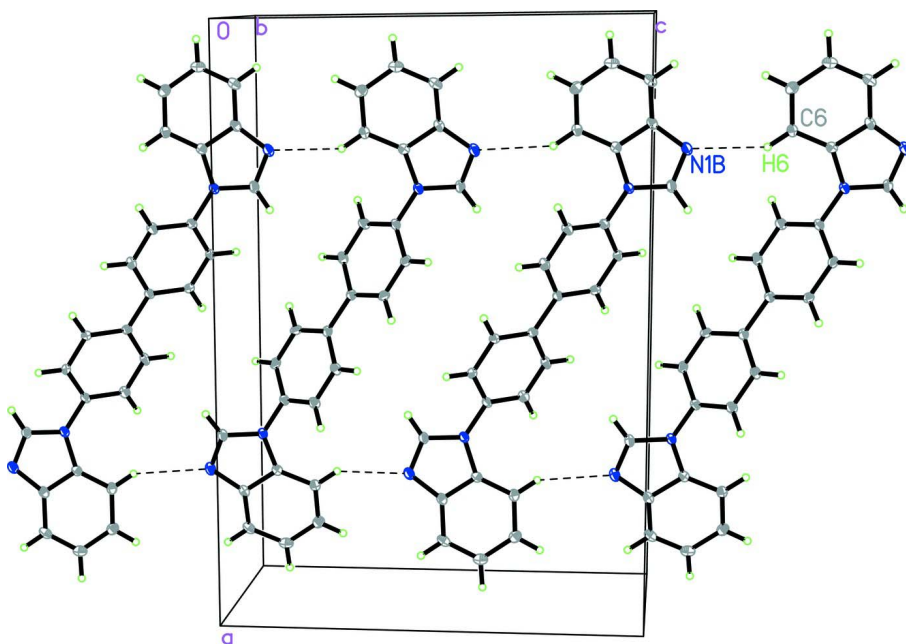


Figure 2

The crystal packing for (I) [symmetry code: (B) $x, -y + 2, z + 1/2$].

4,4'-Bis(benzimidazol-1-yl)biphenyl

Crystal data

$C_{26}H_{18}N_4$

$M_r = 386.44$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: $-c 2yc$

$a = 19.628 (4) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 6.8964 (14) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 13.760 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 90.74 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1862.4 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 808$

$D_x = 1.378 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 566 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2932 reflections

$\theta = 2.6\text{--}28.7^\circ$

$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, colorless
 $0.26 \times 0.22 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 9 pixels mm^{-1}
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 1998)
 $T_{\min} = 0.904$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

9091 measured reflections
 1644 independent reflections
 1415 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.0^\circ$
 $h = -23 \rightarrow 23$
 $k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.103$
 $S = 1.10$
 1644 reflections
 137 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0718P)^2 + 0.0391P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: SHELXL,
 $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.032 (4)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N1	0.22326 (5)	0.98108 (14)	0.82891 (7)	0.0259 (3)
N2	0.28767 (5)	0.99037 (13)	0.69471 (7)	0.0196 (3)
C1	0.28458 (6)	0.99959 (16)	0.79430 (8)	0.0233 (3)
H1	0.3229	1.0175	0.8337	0.028*
C2	0.18197 (6)	0.95587 (16)	0.74690 (8)	0.0217 (3)
C3	0.11196 (6)	0.91962 (17)	0.74020 (9)	0.0271 (3)
H3	0.0854	0.9134	0.7956	0.033*
C4	0.08336 (6)	0.89337 (17)	0.64895 (9)	0.0289 (4)
H4	0.0369	0.8694	0.6429	0.035*
C5	0.12330 (6)	0.90221 (16)	0.56532 (9)	0.0269 (3)
H5	0.1025	0.8845	0.5049	0.032*
C6	0.19250 (6)	0.93632 (16)	0.56982 (8)	0.0221 (3)

H6	0.2189	0.9410	0.5142	0.027*
C7	0.22077 (6)	0.96335 (15)	0.66211 (9)	0.0197 (3)
C8	0.34804 (6)	0.99569 (15)	0.63884 (8)	0.0191 (3)
C9	0.35123 (6)	1.10302 (16)	0.55419 (8)	0.0239 (3)
H9	0.3136	1.1741	0.5331	0.029*
C10	0.41052 (6)	1.10460 (16)	0.50080 (9)	0.0234 (3)
H10	0.4118	1.1770	0.4438	0.028*
C11	0.46851 (6)	1.00092 (15)	0.52969 (8)	0.0195 (3)
C12	0.46409 (6)	0.89818 (18)	0.61685 (8)	0.0268 (3)
H12	0.5021	0.8305	0.6396	0.032*
C13	0.40515 (6)	0.89417 (18)	0.67017 (8)	0.0256 (3)
H13	0.4037	0.8229	0.7275	0.031*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0289 (6)	0.0284 (6)	0.0204 (6)	-0.0051 (4)	0.0060 (5)	-0.0016 (4)
N2	0.0212 (6)	0.0207 (5)	0.0170 (6)	-0.0025 (4)	0.0038 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
C1	0.0271 (7)	0.0255 (6)	0.0172 (7)	-0.0033 (5)	0.0019 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C2	0.0255 (6)	0.0185 (6)	0.0211 (7)	-0.0009 (5)	0.0058 (5)	-0.0011 (5)
C3	0.0249 (7)	0.0249 (7)	0.0318 (8)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0103 (5)	-0.0007 (5)
C4	0.0213 (6)	0.0244 (7)	0.0409 (8)	-0.0001 (5)	0.0012 (6)	0.0000 (5)
C5	0.0279 (7)	0.0235 (7)	0.0292 (7)	0.0013 (5)	-0.0044 (5)	-0.0002 (5)
C6	0.0267 (6)	0.0191 (6)	0.0206 (7)	0.0014 (5)	0.0015 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C7	0.0212 (6)	0.0155 (6)	0.0226 (7)	-0.0004 (4)	0.0025 (5)	0.0011 (4)
C8	0.0203 (6)	0.0191 (6)	0.0178 (6)	-0.0045 (4)	0.0034 (5)	-0.0033 (4)
C9	0.0256 (6)	0.0217 (7)	0.0245 (7)	0.0049 (5)	0.0046 (5)	0.0031 (5)
C10	0.0298 (7)	0.0203 (6)	0.0203 (6)	0.0009 (5)	0.0059 (5)	0.0037 (5)
C11	0.0196 (7)	0.0204 (6)	0.0185 (7)	-0.0070 (4)	0.0003 (5)	-0.0025 (4)
C12	0.0166 (6)	0.0412 (8)	0.0227 (7)	-0.0021 (5)	-0.0016 (5)	0.0071 (5)
C13	0.0218 (6)	0.0369 (7)	0.0181 (7)	-0.0055 (5)	-0.0012 (5)	0.0078 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C9—C8	1.3822 (16)	C5—C6	1.3790 (17)
C9—C10	1.3842 (16)	C5—C4	1.4021 (18)
C9—H9	0.9300	C5—H5	0.9300
N2—C1	1.3740 (15)	C4—C3	1.3806 (18)
N2—C7	1.3945 (15)	C4—H4	0.9300
N2—C8	1.4212 (15)	C13—C12	1.3781 (16)
C10—C11	1.3974 (17)	C13—C8	1.3856 (17)
C10—H10	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
N1—C1	1.3063 (16)	C12—H12	0.9300
N1—C2	1.3916 (16)	C2—C3	1.3986 (17)
C11—C12	1.3967 (17)	C3—H3	0.9300
C11—C11 ⁱ	1.491 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
C7—C6	1.3918 (17)	C1—H1	0.9300
C7—C2	1.4024 (17)		

C8—C9—C10	119.93 (11)	C12—C13—C8	120.37 (11)
C8—C9—H9	120.0	C12—C13—H13	119.8
C10—C9—H9	120.0	C8—C13—H13	119.8
C1—N2—C7	105.87 (10)	C13—C12—C11	121.94 (11)
C1—N2—C8	125.89 (11)	C13—C12—H12	119.0
C7—N2—C8	128.14 (10)	C11—C12—H12	119.0
C9—C10—C11	122.16 (11)	N1—C2—C3	129.57 (11)
C9—C10—H10	118.9	N1—C2—C7	110.69 (10)
C11—C10—H10	118.9	C3—C2—C7	119.70 (11)
C1—N1—C2	104.25 (10)	C4—C3—C2	118.10 (12)
C12—C11—C10	116.39 (11)	C4—C3—H3	120.9
C12—C11—C11 ⁱ	121.83 (13)	C2—C3—H3	120.9
C10—C11—C11 ⁱ	121.78 (13)	C9—C8—C13	119.18 (11)
C6—C7—N2	132.38 (11)	C9—C8—N2	121.11 (10)
C6—C7—C2	122.66 (11)	C13—C8—N2	119.70 (11)
N2—C7—C2	104.86 (10)	C5—C6—C7	116.40 (11)
C6—C5—C4	122.10 (12)	C5—C6—H6	121.8
C6—C5—H5	118.9	C7—C6—H6	121.8
C4—C5—H5	118.9	N1—C1—N2	114.33 (12)
C3—C4—C5	121.03 (11)	N1—C1—H1	122.8
C3—C4—H4	119.5	N2—C1—H1	122.8
C5—C4—H4	119.5		
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.30 (18)	C5—C4—C3—C2	0.17 (17)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.33 (17)	N1—C2—C3—C4	-177.73 (11)
C9—C10—C11—C11 ⁱ	178.27 (12)	C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.38 (16)
C1—N2—C7—C6	-177.15 (12)	C10—C9—C8—C13	1.41 (16)
C8—N2—C7—C6	-0.74 (18)	C10—C9—C8—N2	-179.55 (10)
C1—N2—C7—C2	-0.74 (11)	C12—C13—C8—C9	-0.85 (17)
C8—N2—C7—C2	175.68 (10)	C12—C13—C8—N2	-179.90 (10)
C6—C5—C4—C3	0.30 (18)	C1—N2—C8—C9	-138.05 (12)
C8—C13—C12—C11	-0.85 (18)	C7—N2—C8—C9	46.20 (15)
C10—C11—C12—C13	1.90 (17)	C1—N2—C8—C13	40.98 (16)
C11 ⁱ —C11—C12—C13	-177.70 (12)	C7—N2—C8—C13	-134.76 (12)
C1—N1—C2—C3	176.54 (12)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.53 (17)
C1—N1—C2—C7	-1.00 (12)	N2—C7—C6—C5	176.21 (11)
C6—C7—C2—N1	177.95 (10)	C2—C7—C6—C5	0.32 (16)
N2—C7—C2—N1	1.09 (12)	C2—N1—C1—N2	0.52 (13)
C6—C7—C2—C3	0.13 (17)	C7—N2—C1—N1	0.14 (13)
N2—C7—C2—C3	-176.73 (10)	C8—N2—C1—N1	-176.38 (9)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
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C6—H6···N1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.61	3.425 (2)	147
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Symmetry code: (ii) $x, -y+2, z+1/2$.