### metal-organic papers

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#### **Key indicators**

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 180 KMean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.004 \text{ Å}$ H-atom completeness 89% R factor = 0.040 wR factor = 0.110 Data-to-parameter ratio = 15.0

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

## Decaaquadioxobis[ $\mu_3$ -N-(phosphonomethyl)iminodiacetato]dimanganesedivanadium dihydrate

The crystal structure of the title compound,  $[Mn_2V_2(C_5H_6-NO_7P)_2O_2(H_2O)_{10}]\cdot 2H_2O$ , contains a centrosymmetric dimeric  $[V_2O_2(pmida)_2]^{4-}$  unit [where  $H_4$ pmida is *N*-(phosphonomethyl)iminodiacetic acid] connecting two neighbouring  $Mn^{2+}$  cations through the phosphonate groups. The crystal structure is characterized by the presence of an extensive network of strong and highly directional  $O-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds, involving the water molecules (coordinated and uncoordinated) and the functional groups of pmida<sup>4-</sup>.

#### Comment

Since the report by Hoskins & Robson (1990), research focused on the structural design and synthesis of novel coordination-based materials, in which the topology is extended from discrete complexes to one, two or three dimensions, has seen a great and exponential growth (for recent reviews see Cheetham et al., 2006; Kitagawa & Uemura, 2005). During the course of our ongoing research on novel multi-dimensional hybrid crystalline materials incorporating N-(phosphonomethyl)iminodiacetic acid (H<sub>4</sub>pmida) residues (Mafra et al., 2006; Almeida Paz et al., 2004; Almeida Paz, Shi, Trindade et al., 2005; Almeida Paz, Shi, Mafra et al., 2005; Almeida Paz, Rocha, Klinowski et al., 2005; Shi et al., 2005; Shi, Almeida Paz, Trindade & Rocha, 2006; Shi, Almeida Paz, Girginova, Amaral et al., 2006; Shi, Almeida Paz, Girginova, Rocha et al., 2006), we have isolated the crystalline material [Mn<sub>2</sub>V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>- $(pmida)_2(H_2O)_{10}]\cdot 2H_2O$  [where  $pmida^{4-}$  is  $(C_5H_6NO_7P)^{4-}]$ , (I), whose crystal structure at the temperature of 180 (2) K we report here.



The title compound, (I), contains two crystallographically unique metal centres, Mn1 and V1, both exhibiting octahedral coordination geometries,  $\{MnO_6\}$  and  $\{VO_5N\}$  (Fig. 1; Table 1). Mn1 is coordinated by five water molecules plus one O atom

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#### Figure 1

The structure of the tetranuclear centrosymmetric  $[Mn_2V_2O_2(pmi-da)_2(H_2O)_{10}]$  complex, showing the labelling scheme for all non-H atoms belonging to the asymmetric unit. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres. The water molecule of crystallization, O6W, was omitted for clarity. Symmetry transformation used to generate non-labelled atoms: 2 - x, -y, -z.

from the  $\mu_3$ -bridging phosphonate group of pmida<sup>4-</sup> (Fig. 1), with a coordination geometry resembling a quasi-regular octahedron [Mn-O bond lengths ranging from 2.092 (2) to 2.236 (2) Å; *cis* and *trans* O-Mn-O angles found in the 86.85 (10)-93.21 (11)° and 175.14 (10)-178.21 (9)° ranges, respectively; see Table 1]. The intermetallic Mn1···Mn1<sup>i</sup> distance between *exo*-coordinated manganese(II) centres (and across the unit depicted in Fig. 1) is of 10.175 (3) Å, while the shortest Mn1···V1<sup>i</sup> distance within the tetranuclear unit is 5.368 (1) Å [symmetry code: (i) 2 - x, -y, -z].

The core of the neutral tetranuclear  $[Mn_2V_2O_2(pmida)_2-(H_2O)_{10}]$  molecule is composed of the anionic centrosym-

metric  $[V_2O_2(pmida)_2]^{4-}$  dimeric unit, first described by Crans et al. (1998). The geometrical aspects of this unit, in particular the highly distorted octahedral coordination mode of V1 (Table 1) plus the coordination fashion of the pmida<sup>4-</sup> ligand (which forms with V1 three five-membered chelate rings; see Fig. 1), are typical and in good agreement with those described in detail in our previous reports (Almeida Paz et al., 2004; Almeida Paz, Shi, Trindade et al., 2005; Almeida Paz, Shi, Mafra et al., 2005; Almeida Paz, Rocha, Klinowski et al., 2005; Shi et al., 2005; Shi, Almeida Paz, Trindade & Rocha, 2006; Shi, Almeida Paz, Girginova, Amaral et al., 2006; Shi, Almeida Paz, Girginova, Rocha et al., 2006).

In the extended solid-state  $[Mn_2V_2O_2(pmida)_2(H_2O)_{10}]$ molecular units pack closely in a typical brick-wall-like fashion along the crystallographic [010] direction (Fig. 2*a*), mediated by an extensive network of strong and highly directional O—  $H \cdots O$  hydrogen-bonding interactions, which also involve the water molecule of crystallization (Fig. 2 and Table 3).

#### **Experimental**

Chemicals were readily available from commercial sources and were used as received without further purification: *N*-(phosphonomethyl)iminodiacetic acid hydrate (H<sub>4</sub>pmida,  $C_5H_{10}NO_7P$ , 97% Fluka), vanadium(IV) oxide sulfate pentahydrate (VOSO<sub>4</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O, 99% Sigma–Aldrich), manganese(II) acetate tetrahydrate (MnC<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>4</sub>·-4H<sub>2</sub>O, 99.0% Fluka), 4,4'-trimethylenedipyridine (TMD,  $C_{13}H_{14}N_2$ , 98%, Aldrich).

Synthesis was typically carried out in a PTFE-lined stainless steel reaction vessel (ca 40 ml), under autogeneous pressure and static conditions in a preheated oven at 393 K. The reaction took place over a period of 3 d, after which the vessel was removed from the oven and left to cool to ambient temperature before opening. The title compound proved to be air- and light-stable.

The title compound was synthesized from a mixture containing 0.40 g of VOSO<sub>4</sub>·5H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.61 g of MnC<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>4</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>O, and 0.40 g of



#### Figure 2

Perspective views of the crystal packing of the title compound, viewed along the (a) [100] and (b) [001] directions of the unit cell. Hydrogen bonds are represented as light-blue dashed lines. H atoms have been omitted for clarity. For details on the hydrogen-bonding geometry see Table 2.

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 $H_4$ pmida, and 0.24 g of TMD in *ca* 15 g of distilled water. The mixture was stirred thoroughly at ambient temperature for 30 minutes, yielding a suspension with a molar composition of 1.4:1.4:1.0:0.7:473, which was transferred to the reaction vessel. After reacting, a small quantity of green/blue single crystals of the title compound were isolated as a pure phase by vacuum filtering, washed with copious amounts of distilled water (*ca* 3 × 50 ml), and then air-dried at ambient temperature. The same material can also be isolated as large single crystals by slow evaporation (in the open air) of the autoclave mother liquor over a period of one month. It is of considerable interest to note that similar reactions where TMD was not included in the starting reactive mixture failed to lead to the isolation of the title material.

17432 measured reflections

 $\begin{aligned} R_{\rm int} &= 0.059 \\ \theta_{\rm max} &= 27.5^\circ \end{aligned}$ 

3502 independent reflections

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0517P)^2]$ 

where  $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 

+ 3.2528P]

 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.05 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.95 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

2880 reflections with  $L > 2\sigma(I)$ 

#### Crystal data

$[Mn_2V_2(C_5H_6NO_7P)_2O_2-$	V = 1531.8 (6) Å <sup>3</sup>
$(H_2O)_{10}]\cdot 2H_2O$	Z = 2
$M_r = 906.11$	$D_x = 1.965 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
a = 10.096 (2) Å	$\mu = 1.61 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
b = 14.934 (3) Å	T = 180 (2)  K
c = 10.848 (2)  Å	Prism, brown
$\beta = 110.52 \ (3)^{\circ}$	$0.15 \times 0.10 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer Thin–slice  $\omega$  and  $\varphi$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995)  $T_{\min} = 0.794, T_{\max} = 0.869$ 

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$   $wR(F^2) = 0.110$  S = 1.05 3502 reflections 233 parameters H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

#### Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

Mn1-O1	2.092 (2)	V1-O2 <sup>i</sup>	1.991 (2)
Mn1 - O1W	2.164 (2)	V1-O3	1.988 (2)
Mn1 - O2W	2.212 (2)	V1-O4	2.030 (2)
Mn1-O3W	2.152 (2)	V1-O6	2.028 (2)
Mn1 - O4W	2.236 (2)	V1-O8	1.598 (2)
Mn1-O5W	2.187 (2)	V1-N1	2.370 (3)
$\Omega_1 - Mn_1 - \Omega_1 W$	88 63 (9)	$\Omega^{2i} - V1 - \Omega4$	163 79 (9)
O1-Mn1-O2W	90.18 (9)	$O2^{i}-V1-O6$	86.89 (9)
O1-Mn1-O3W	175.14 (10)	$O2^{i}-V1-N1$	88.32 (9)
O1-Mn1-O4W	92.29 (8)	$O3-V1-O2^{i}$	90.96 (9)
O1-Mn1-O5W	93.12 (9)	O3-V1-O4	87.04 (9)
O1W-Mn1-O2W	93.21 (11)	O3-V1-O6	154.03 (9)
O1W-Mn1-O4W	89.40 (9)	O3-V1-N1	79.41 (9)
O1W-Mn1-O5W	178.21 (9)	O4-V1-N1	75.50 (9)
O2W-Mn1-O4W	176.45 (9)	O6-V1-O4	87.90 (9)
O3W-Mn1-O1W	87.68 (10)	O6-V1-N1	74.66 (9)
O3W-Mn1-O2W	86.85 (10)	$O8-V1-O2^{i}$	101.24 (11)
O3W-Mn1-O4W	90.85 (9)	O8-V1-O3	103.95 (11)
O3W-Mn1-O5W	90.58 (9)	O8-V1-O4	94.85 (11)
O5W-Mn1-O2W	87.12 (10)	O8-V1-O6	101.86 (11)
O5W-Mn1-O4W	90.21 (9)	O8-V1-N1	169.72 (10)

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 2, -y, -z.

#### Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å,  $^\circ).$ 

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$O1W-H1C\cdots O4W^{ii}$	0.845 (10)	1.982 (12)	2.813 (3)	167 (4)
O1W-H1 $D$ ···O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.84 (3)	1.92 (3)	2.759 (3)	171 (3)
$O2W - H2C \cdot \cdot \cdot O2$	0.83 (4)	2.15 (3)	2.847 (3)	142 (4)
$O2W - H2D \cdots O6W^{iii}$	0.84 (4)	1.880 (17)	2.675 (6)	160 (4)
O3W−H3A···O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.84 (3)	1.920 (16)	2.735 (3)	163 (4)
$O3W-H3B\cdots O6^{iv}$	0.84 (3)	1.93 (3)	2.745 (3)	166 (4)
$O4W-H4C\cdots O7^{v}$	0.844 (10)	1.856 (11)	2.698 (3)	175 (3)
$O4W - H4D \cdots O3^{ii}$	0.85 (3)	1.94 (3)	2.778 (3)	173 (4)
$O5W-H5A\cdots O5^{vi}$	0.84 (3)	1.996 (15)	2.803 (3)	161 (4)
$O5W - H5B \cdots O7^{iv}$	0.841 (10)	1.989 (12)	2.823 (3)	171 (3)

Symmetry codes: (ii) -x + 1, -y, -z; (iii) x, y, z - 1; (iv) x - 1, y, z - 1; (v)  $x - 1, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (vi)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

H atoms bound to carbon were placed in idealized positions and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with  $U_{iso}$  fixed at 1.2 times  $U_{eq}(C)$  (C-H = 0.99 Å). H atoms associated with the five crystallographically unique coordinated water molecules were markedly visible in difference Fourier maps, and were included in subsequent least-squares refinement cycles with the O-H and H···H distances restrained to 0.84 (1) and 1.37 (1) Å, respectively, to ensure a chemically reasonable geometry of water molecules. These H atoms were also allowed to ride on their parent atoms with  $U_{iso}$  fixed at 1.5 times  $U_{eq}(O)$ .

The crystallographically unique water molecule of crystallization was found to be severely affected by disorder, which prevented a sensible refinement using anisotropic displacement parameters. In fact, both the highest peak and deepest hole from the final difference Fourier synthesis were found close to this (0.01 and 0.64 Å, respectively). Therefore, the O atom from this molecule was refined assuming an isotropic displacement parameter. H atoms associated with this water molecule could not be located in difference Fourier maps, and attempts to place them in calculated positions did not lead to a reasonable model for the geometrical aspects of the resulting hydrogen-bonding interactions. Therefore, these H atoms were omitted from the present structural model but were included in the chemical formula of the compound.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius 1998); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *SCALEPACK* and *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL* (Bruker 2001); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Decaaquadioxobis[µ<sub>3</sub>-*N*-(phosphonomethyl)iminodiacetato]dimanganesedivanadium dihydrate

### Luís Cunha-Silva, Fa-Nian Shi, Jacek Klinowski, Tito Trindade, João Rocha and Filipe A. Almeida Paz

 $\label{eq:linear} decaaquadioxobis [\mu_3-N-(phosphonomethyl) iminodiacetato] dimanganese divanadium dihydrate, \\ [Mn_2V_2(C_5H_6NO_7P)_2O_2(H_2O)_{10}]\cdot 2H_2O$ 

#### Crystal data

 $[Mn_{2}V_{2}(C_{5}H_{6}NO_{7}P)_{2}O_{2}(H_{2}O)_{10}]\cdot 2H_{2}O$   $M_{r} = 906.11$ Monoclinic,  $P2_{1}/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 10.096 (2) Å b = 14.934 (3) Å c = 10.848 (2) Å  $\beta = 110.52$  (3)° V = 1531.8 (6) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 2

#### Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Thin–slice  $\omega$  and  $\varphi$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995)  $T_{\min} = 0.794, T_{\max} = 0.869$ 17432 measured reflections

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$  $wR(F^2) = 0.110$ S = 1.053502 reflections 233 parameters 15 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods F(000) = 920  $D_x = 1.965 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 9712 reflections  $\theta = 1.0-27.5^{\circ}$   $\mu = 1.61 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 180 KPrism, brown  $0.15 \times 0.10 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$ 

3502 independent reflections 2880 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.059$  $\theta_{max} = 27.5^\circ, \ \theta_{min} = 3.6^\circ$  $h = -12 \rightarrow 13$  $k = -19 \rightarrow 19$  $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$ 

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0517P)^2 + 3.2528P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 1.05$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.95$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Mn1	0.47798 (5)	0.06629 (3)	-0.23812 (4)	0.01467 (14)	
O1W	0.5014 (3)	-0.07031 (16)	-0.1672 (2)	0.0285 (6)	
H1C	0.531 (4)	-0.082 (3)	-0.0859 (12)	0.043*	
H1D	0.438 (3)	-0.108 (2)	-0.205 (3)	0.043*	
O2W	0.5853 (3)	0.0392 (2)	-0.3804 (2)	0.0316 (6)	
H2C	0.657 (3)	0.009 (3)	-0.343 (4)	0.047*	
H2D	0.599 (4)	0.074 (2)	-0.435 (4)	0.047*	
O3W	0.2854 (2)	0.02509 (18)	-0.3901 (2)	0.0255 (5)	
H3A	0.239 (3)	-0.017 (2)	-0.374 (4)	0.038*	
H3B	0.235 (3)	0.052 (2)	-0.458 (3)	0.038*	
O4W	0.3596 (2)	0.09866 (15)	-0.1040 (2)	0.0180 (5)	
H4C	0.339 (3)	0.1530 (8)	-0.098 (4)	0.027*	
H4D	0.291 (3)	0.0673 (17)	-0.101 (4)	0.027*	
O5W	0.4474 (2)	0.20346 (16)	-0.3136 (2)	0.0222 (5)	
H5A	0.525 (2)	0.227 (3)	-0.308 (3)	0.033*	
H5B	0.391 (3)	0.209 (3)	-0.3914 (16)	0.033*	
V1	1.00944 (5)	0.02657 (3)	0.24106 (5)	0.01255 (14)	
N1	0.9881 (2)	0.16751 (18)	0.1354 (2)	0.0144 (5)	
P1	0.82006 (8)	0.05841 (5)	-0.05527 (7)	0.01277 (18)	
01	0.6728 (2)	0.09610 (15)	-0.0929 (2)	0.0169 (4)	
O2	0.8417 (2)	0.00520 (15)	-0.1674 (2)	0.0171 (5)	
O3	0.8583 (2)	-0.00015 (14)	0.0697 (2)	0.0158 (4)	
04	0.8598 (2)	0.09240 (15)	0.2912 (2)	0.0190 (5)	
05	0.7024 (2)	0.20093 (16)	0.2621 (2)	0.0236 (5)	
O6	1.1562 (2)	0.10601 (15)	0.3703 (2)	0.0173 (4)	
07	1.2826 (3)	0.23093 (16)	0.4190 (2)	0.0264 (5)	
08	1.0113 (2)	-0.05963 (15)	0.3290 (2)	0.0222 (5)	
C1	0.9495 (3)	0.1494 (2)	-0.0073 (3)	0.0150 (6)	
H1A	1.0349	0.1325	-0.0267	0.018*	
H1B	0.9088	0.2040	-0.0582	0.018*	
C2	0.8752 (3)	0.2192 (2)	0.1622 (3)	0.0184 (6)	
H2A	0.8017	0.2360	0.0774	0.022*	
H2B	0.9164	0.2752	0.2089	0.022*	
C3	0.8069 (3)	0.1677 (2)	0.2439 (3)	0.0162 (6)	
C4	1.1288 (3)	0.2098 (2)	0.1951 (3)	0.0187 (6)	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

H4A	1.1192	0.2757	0.1890	0.022*
H4B	1.1912	0.1910	0.1469	0.022*
C5	1.1943 (3)	0.1818 (2)	0.3395 (3)	0.0159 (6)
O6W	0.5865 (6)	0.1765 (4)	0.4618 (6)	0.1092 (17)*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Mn1	0.0117 (2)	0.0175 (3)	0.0126 (2)	-0.00012 (17)	0.00141 (18)	0.00099 (17)
O1W	0.0293 (14)	0.0205 (13)	0.0254 (13)	-0.0045 (10)	-0.0033 (11)	0.0034 (10)
O2W	0.0214 (12)	0.0543 (19)	0.0194 (13)	0.0064 (12)	0.0074 (10)	-0.0002 (11)
O3W	0.0173 (11)	0.0351 (15)	0.0179 (12)	-0.0091 (10)	-0.0015 (9)	0.0096 (10)
O4W	0.0173 (11)	0.0169 (11)	0.0210 (11)	-0.0006 (9)	0.0080 (9)	-0.0001 (9)
O5W	0.0189 (11)	0.0219 (12)	0.0221 (12)	-0.0027 (9)	0.0025 (10)	0.0047 (10)
V1	0.0118 (2)	0.0132 (3)	0.0118 (2)	-0.00010 (18)	0.00294 (19)	0.00108 (19)
N1	0.0120 (11)	0.0189 (13)	0.0108 (12)	-0.0015 (10)	0.0022 (10)	-0.0006 (10)
P1	0.0093 (3)	0.0163 (4)	0.0110 (4)	-0.0002 (3)	0.0015 (3)	-0.0009 (3)
01	0.0106 (10)	0.0207 (12)	0.0172 (10)	0.0016 (8)	0.0022 (8)	-0.0026 (9)
O2	0.0109 (10)	0.0234 (12)	0.0154 (10)	-0.0003 (9)	0.0025 (8)	-0.0049 (9)
03	0.0139 (10)	0.0179 (11)	0.0136 (10)	-0.0022 (8)	0.0021 (8)	-0.0001 (8)
O4	0.0199 (11)	0.0193 (12)	0.0221 (11)	0.0022 (9)	0.0125 (9)	0.0026 (9)
05	0.0194 (11)	0.0220 (12)	0.0328 (13)	0.0016 (9)	0.0132 (10)	-0.0030 (10)
06	0.0192 (11)	0.0168 (11)	0.0135 (10)	-0.0029 (9)	0.0026 (9)	0.0021 (8)
07	0.0284 (13)	0.0232 (13)	0.0179 (11)	-0.0110 (10)	-0.0039 (10)	0.0012 (10)
08	0.0244 (12)	0.0191 (12)	0.0237 (12)	0.0017 (9)	0.0091 (10)	0.0047 (9)
C1	0.0142 (13)	0.0177 (16)	0.0121 (14)	0.0006 (11)	0.0032 (11)	0.0003 (11)
C2	0.0220 (16)	0.0165 (16)	0.0181 (15)	0.0028 (12)	0.0088 (13)	0.0001 (12)
C3	0.0159 (14)	0.0154 (15)	0.0164 (15)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0043 (12)	-0.0047 (12)
C4	0.0160 (14)	0.0206 (16)	0.0160 (15)	-0.0064 (12)	0.0014 (12)	0.0034 (12)
C5	0.0121 (13)	0.0188 (16)	0.0153 (14)	0.0001 (11)	0.0029 (12)	0.0009 (12)

### Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Mn1—O1	2.092 (2)	V1—N1	2.370 (3)	
Mn1—O1W	2.164 (2)	N1—C4	1.480 (4)	
Mn1—O2W	2.212 (2)	N1—C1	1.482 (4)	
Mn1—O3W	2.152 (2)	N1—C2	1.488 (4)	
Mn1—O4W	2.236 (2)	P1—O1	1.506 (2)	
Mn1—O5W	2.187 (2)	P1—O2	1.531 (2)	
O1W—H1C	0.845 (10)	P1—O3	1.544 (2)	
O1W—H1D	0.84 (3)	P1—C1	1.830 (3)	
O2W—H2C	0.83 (4)	O2—V1 <sup>i</sup>	1.991 (2)	
O2W—H2D	0.84 (4)	O4—C3	1.273 (4)	
O3W—H3A	0.84 (3)	O5—C3	1.243 (4)	
O3W—H3B	0.84 (3)	O6—C5	1.277 (4)	
O4W—H4C	0.844 (10)	O7—C5	1.240 (4)	
O4W—H4D	0.85 (3)	C1—H1A	0.9900	
O5W—H5A	0.84 (3)	C1—H1B	0.9900	

O5W—H5B	0.841 (10)	С2—С3	1.512 (4)
V1-02 <sup>i</sup>	1.991 (2)	C2—H2A	0.9900
V1—O3	1.988 (2)	C2—H2B	0.9900
V1—O4	2.030 (2)	C4—C5	1.529 (4)
V1—O6	2.028 (2)	C4—H4A	0.9900
V1—08	1.598 (2)	C4—H4B	0.9900
O1—Mn1—O1W	88.63 (9)	08—V1—06	101.86 (11)
O1—Mn1—O2W	90.18 (9)	O8—V1—N1	169.72 (10)
O1—Mn1—O3W	175.14 (10)	C4—N1—C1	113.3 (2)
O1—Mn1—O4W	92.29 (8)	C4—N1—C2	112.1 (2)
O1—Mn1—O5W	93.12 (9)	C1—N1—C2	111.1 (2)
O1W—Mn1—O2W	93.21 (11)	C4—N1—V1	104.84 (18)
O1W—Mn1— $O4W$	89.40 (9)	C1—N1—V1	106.81 (18)
O1W—Mn1— $O5W$	178.21 (9)	C2—N1—V1	108.21 (17)
02W—Mn1— $04W$	176 45 (9)	01 - P1 - 02	112.38(12)
0.3W Mn <sup>1</sup> $0.1W$	87.68 (10)	01 - P1 - 03	112.56(12) 111.64(12)
$O_3W$ Mm1 $O_2W$	86.85 (10)	$O_2 P_1 O_3$	111.04(12) 110.01(12)
$O_3W = Wm1 = O_2W$	90.85(10)	$O_2 - 1 - O_3$	110.01(12) 100.77(14)
$O_2^{W}$ Mp1 $O_2^{W}$	90.85 (9)	$O_1 = 1 = C_1$	109.77(14) 108.06(13)
05W Mp1 $02W$	90.38 (9) 97.12 (10)	$O_2$ $P_1$ $C_1$	108.90(13) 103.71(13)
$O_5W = W_{m1} = O_2W$	87.12(10)	03-FI-CI	103.71(13)
$M_{\rm m1} = 01W$ $H1C$	90.21 (9)	PI-OI-MII	134.00 (13)
MINI-OIW-HIC	121 (3)	PI = 02 = VI	141.30 (13)
MnI—OIW—HID	119 (3)		125.51 (13)
H1C—O1W—H1D	108 (4)	C3—O4—V1	124.53 (19)
Mn1—O2W—H2C	109 (3)	C5—O6—V1	123.48 (19)
Mn1—O2W—H2D	128 (3)	N1—C1—P1	109.4 (2)
H2C—O2W—H2D	111 (4)	N1—C1—H1A	109.8
Mn1—O3W—H3A	118 (2)	P1—C1—H1A	109.8
Mn1—O3W—H3B	130 (2)	N1—C1—H1B	109.8
H3A—O3W—H3B	109.7 (17)	P1—C1—H1B	109.8
Mn1—O4W—H4C	117 (2)	H1A—C1—H1B	108.2
Mn1—O4W—H4D	123 (2)	N1—C2—C3	112.9 (3)
H4C—O4W—H4D	108.0 (16)	N1—C2—H2A	109.0
Mn1—O5W—H5A	112 (3)	C3—C2—H2A	109.0
Mn1—O5W—H5B	115 (3)	N1—C2—H2B	109.0
H5A—O5W—H5B	108.4 (16)	C3—C2—H2B	109.0
O2 <sup>i</sup> —V1—O4	163.79 (9)	H2A—C2—H2B	107.8
O2 <sup>i</sup> —V1—O6	86.89 (9)	O5—C3—O4	123.3 (3)
O2 <sup>i</sup> —V1—N1	88.32 (9)	O5—C3—C2	118.5 (3)
O3—V1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	90.96 (9)	O4—C3—C2	118.2 (3)
O3—V1—O4	87.04 (9)	N1—C4—C5	109.6 (2)
03—V1—06	154.03 (9)	N1—C4—H4A	109.7
03—V1—N1	79.41 (9)	C5—C4—H4A	109.7
04—V1—N1	75.50 (9)	N1—C4—H4B	109.7
06—V1—04	87.90 (9)	C5—C4—H4B	109.7
06—V1—N1	74.66 (9)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.2
$08 - V1 - O2^{i}$	101.24 (11)	07	123.4 (3)
	· ··- · ()		

O8—V1—O3	103.95 (11)	O7—C5—C4	119.9 (3)
O8—V1—O4	94.85 (11)	O6—C5—C4	116.6 (3)
O8—V1—N1—C4	97.0 (6)	N1—V1—O3—P1	14.95 (15)
O3—V1—N1—C4	-152.95 (19)	O8—V1—O4—C3	-176.3 (2)
$O2^{i}$ —V1—N1—C4	-61.66 (18)	O3—V1—O4—C3	-72.6 (2)
O6—V1—N1—C4	25.58 (18)	O2 <sup>i</sup> —V1—O4—C3	10.7 (5)
O4—V1—N1—C4	117.39 (19)	O6—V1—O4—C3	81.9 (2)
O8—V1—N1—C1	-142.5 (6)	N1—V1—O4—C3	7.2 (2)
O3—V1—N1—C1	-32.42 (17)	O8—V1—O6—C5	176.7 (2)
$O2^{i}$ V1 N1 C1	58.87 (18)	O3—V1—O6—C5	-9.9 (4)
O6-V1-N1-C1	146.11 (18)	O2 <sup>i</sup> -V1-O6-C5	75.9 (2)
O4—V1—N1—C1	-122.08 (18)	O4—V1—O6—C5	-88.7 (2)
O8—V1—N1—C2	-22.8 (7)	N1-V1-06-C5	-13.2 (2)
O3—V1—N1—C2	87.24 (19)	C4—N1—C1—P1	155.7 (2)
O2 <sup>i</sup> —V1—N1—C2	178.53 (19)	C2—N1—C1—P1	-77.0 (3)
O6-V1-N1-C2	-94.24 (19)	V1—N1—C1—P1	40.8 (2)
O4—V1—N1—C2	-2.42 (18)	O1—P1—C1—N1	88.4 (2)
O2—P1—O1—Mn1	20.0 (2)	O2—P1—C1—N1	-148.10 (19)
O3—P1—O1—Mn1	-104.11 (19)	O3—P1—C1—N1	-31.0 (2)
C1—P1—O1—Mn1	141.47 (18)	C4—N1—C2—C3	-116.4 (3)
O1W—Mn1—O1—P1	55.1 (2)	C1—N1—C2—C3	115.7 (3)
O5W—Mn1—O1—P1	-125.19 (19)	V1—N1—C2—C3	-1.3 (3)
O2W—Mn1—O1—P1	-38.1 (2)	V1	169.9 (2)
O4W—Mn1—O1—P1	144.48 (19)	V1	-10.5 (4)
$O1$ — $P1$ — $O2$ — $V1^{i}$	149.0 (2)	N1-C2-C3-O5	-173.4 (3)
O3—P1—O2—V1 <sup>i</sup>	-86.0 (2)	N1-C2-C3-O4	6.9 (4)
$C1$ — $P1$ — $O2$ — $V1^i$	27.1 (3)	C1—N1—C4—C5	-149.8 (3)
O1—P1—O3—V1	-115.47 (16)	C2—N1—C4—C5	83.5 (3)
O2—P1—O3—V1	119.05 (15)	V1—N1—C4—C5	-33.7 (3)
C1—P1—O3—V1	2.65 (18)	V1	179.0 (2)
O8—V1—O3—P1	-175.00 (15)	V1	-3.1 (4)
O2 <sup>i</sup> —V1—O3—P1	-73.17 (16)	N1-C4-C5-07	-154.2 (3)
O6—V1—O3—P1	11.7 (3)	N1-C4-C5-O6	27.8 (4)
O4—V1—O3—P1	90.74 (16)		

Symmetry code: (i) -x+2, -y, -z.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· $A$
$\overline{O1W}$ —H1C····O4 $W^{ii}$	0.85 (1)	1.98 (1)	2.813 (3)	167 (4)
O1 <i>W</i> —H1 <i>D</i> ···O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.84 (3)	1.92 (3)	2.759 (3)	171 (3)
O2 <i>W</i> —H2 <i>C</i> ···O2	0.83 (4)	2.15 (3)	2.847 (3)	142 (4)
O2 <i>W</i> —H2 <i>D</i> ···O6 <i>W</i> <sup>iii</sup>	0.84 (4)	1.88 (2)	2.675 (6)	160 (4)
O3W— $H3A$ ···O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.84 (3)	1.92 (2)	2.735 (3)	163 (4)
O3 <i>W</i> —H3 <i>B</i> ···O6 <sup>iv</sup>	0.84 (3)	1.93 (3)	2.745 (3)	166 (4)
O4 <i>W</i> —H4 <i>C</i> ···O7 <sup>v</sup>	0.84 (1)	1.86 (1)	2.698 (3)	175 (3)

O4 <i>W</i> —H4 <i>D</i> ···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85 (3)	1.94 (3)	2.778 (3)	173 (4)
O5 <i>W</i> —H5 <i>A</i> ···O5 <sup>vi</sup>	0.84 (3)	2.00 (2)	2.803 (3)	161 (4)
$O5W$ — $H5B$ ···· $O7^{iv}$	0.84 (1)	1.99 (1)	2.823 (3)	171 (3)

Symmetry codes: (ii) -*x*+1, -*y*, -*z*; (iii) *x*, *y*, *z*-1; (iv) *x*-1, *y*, *z*-1; (v) *x*-1, -*y*+1/2, *z*-1/2; (vi) *x*, -*y*+1/2, *z*-1/2.