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Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 120 KMean σ (C–C) = 0.006 Å R factor = 0.052 wR factor = 0.084 Data-to-parameter ratio = 19.1

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

Ethyl 3,5-bis(allyloxy)-4-bromobenzoate

The asymmetric molecular conformation of the title compound, $C_{15}H_{17}BrO_4$, may be be influenced by an intramolecular C-H···O interaction. The molecules form π - π stacks in the crystal structure. Received 16 January 2007 Accepted 16 January 2007

Comment

The title compound, (I) (Fig. 1), was prepared as part of our studies to determine the philicity of aryl radicals by competitive cyclization reactions (Kirsop *et al.*, 2004).



Compound (I) possesses normal geometrical parameters. The dihedral angle between the mean plane of the C1–C6 benzene ring and the plane of the C7/O1/O2 group is 6.0 (5)°. The two $-O-CH_2-CH=CH_2$ side chains have very different conformations (Fig. 1), which may be attributable, at least in part, to an intramolecular C12–H12 $A\cdots$ O3 interaction (Table 1). The molecules form π - π stacks in the crystal structure (Fig. 2), with alternating centroid-to-centroid



non-H atoms. The intramolecular C-H···O interaction referred to in the

Figure 1 The molecular structure of (I), showing 50% displacement ellipsoids for

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Comment is indicated by a dashed line.





Part of a π - π stacked column of molecules (30% displacement ellipsoids and H atoms omitted). [Symmetry codes: (i) x, -y, 1 - z; (ii) x, 1 - y, 1 - z.]



Figure 3

Unit-cell contents of (I), viewed down $\left[010\right]$ (50% displacement ellipsoids and H atoms omitted).

separations between benzene rings $[Cg \cdots Cg^{i} = 3.626 (2), Cg \cdots Cg^{ii} = 3.466 (2) \text{ Å}; symmetry codes: (i) <math>x, -y, 1 - z;$ (ii) x, 1 - y, 1 - z]. The stacking interactions give rise to columns of molecules along [010] (Fig. 3).

Experimental

4-Bromo-3,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid (6.8 g, 0.03 mol) was added to 100 ml of ethanol. Concentrated H_2SO_4 (1 ml) was added and the mixture was refluxed for 14 h. After cooling, the solvent was removed at reduced pressure to give a pale yellow oil. Diethyl ether (100 ml) was added and the mixture was neutralized by careful addition of a

saturated NaHCO₃ solution (100 ml). The mixture was transferred to a separating funnel and the product extracted with diethyl ether (4 × 100 ml). The combined extracts were dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure to give 4-bromo-3,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid ethyl ester as a white powder (7.5 g, 96%). Ethyl 4-bromo-3,5-dihydroxybenzoate (3.00 g, 0.011 mol), allyl bromide (1.30 g, 0.011 mol) and K₂CO₃ (8.00 g, 0.0579 mol) were added to 100 ml of dry acetone. The mixture was stirred at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere for 14 h, then filtered and the solvent removed at reduced pressure to give a dark brown oil. Thin layer chromatography (4:1 hexane–ethyl acetate eluent) showed the title compound as a sharp spot at $R_{\rm F} = 0.52$. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography to yield a white powder (1.42 g, 38%). A sample of this powder was recrystallized from hot hexane to give translucent needles of (I) (m.p. 315–317 K).

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{17}BrO_4$	Z = 8
$M_r = 341.20$	$D_x = 1.483 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Orthorhombic, C222 ₁	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
e = 22.1421 (2) Å	$\mu = 2.70 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
p = 7.0559 (13) Å	T = 120 (2) K
r = 19.5604 (11) Å	Needle, colourless
$V = 3056.0 (6) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.22 \times 0.04 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$

10933 measured reflections 3495 independent reflections

 $\begin{aligned} R_{\rm int} &= 0.084\\ \theta_{\rm max} &= 27.5^\circ \end{aligned}$

2604 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer ω and φ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995) $T_{\min} = 0.588, T_{\max} = 0.948$

Refinement

1 F

Refinement on F^2	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0143P)^2]$
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$vR(F^2) = 0.084$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
S = 1.01	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.47 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
495 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.53 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
83 parameters	Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
I-atom parameters constrained	1500 Friedel pairs
	Flack parameter: 0.106 (13)

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	<i>D</i> -H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
C12-H12A···O3	0.95	2.39	2.715 (6)	100

H atoms were placed in idealized locations (C-H = 0.95–0.99 Å) and refined as riding atoms, with $U_{\rm iso}({\rm H}) = 1.2U_{\rm eq}({\rm C})$ or $1.5U_{\rm eq}({\rm methyl C})$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 1998); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *SCALEPACK* and *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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supporting information

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Crystal data

C₁₅H₁₇BrO₄ $M_r = 341.20$ Orthorhombic, C222₁ Hall symbol: C 2c 2 a = 22.1421 (2) Å b = 7.0559 (13) Å c = 19.5604 (11) Å V = 3056.0 (6) Å³ Z = 8

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator ω and φ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SORTAV; Blessing, 1995) $T_{\min} = 0.588, T_{\max} = 0.948$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$ $wR(F^2) = 0.084$ S = 1.013495 reflections 183 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map F(000) = 1392 $D_x = 1.483 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 \mathbf{A} Cell parameters from 1957 reflections $\theta = 2.9-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 2.70 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 120 KNeedle, colourless $0.22 \times 0.04 \times 0.02 \text{ mm}$

10933 measured reflections 3495 independent reflections 2604 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.084$ $\theta_{max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 3.0^{\circ}$ $h = -20 \rightarrow 28$ $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $l = -24 \rightarrow 25$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0143P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.47$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.53$ e Å⁻³ Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1500 Friedel pairs Absolute structure parameter: 0.106 (13)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
C1	0.4754 (2)	0.3097 (5)	0.4289 (2)	0.0184 (11)
C2	0.5137 (2)	0.2603 (5)	0.4827 (2)	0.0185 (10)
C3	0.4891 (2)	0.2071 (5)	0.5457 (2)	0.0173 (10)
Н3	0.5145	0.1745	0.5829	0.021*
C4	0.4267 (2)	0.2030 (6)	0.5526 (2)	0.0159 (10)
C5	0.3893 (2)	0.2505 (6)	0.4987 (2)	0.0171 (10)
Н5	0.3467	0.2467	0.5046	0.021*
C6	0.4132 (2)	0.3035 (6)	0.4364 (2)	0.0184 (11)
C7	0.3970 (2)	0.1440 (6)	0.6178 (2)	0.0215 (11)
C8	0.4125 (2)	0.0183 (7)	0.7297 (2)	0.0278 (12)
H8A	0.4379	-0.0848	0.7484	0.033*
H8B	0.3713	-0.0323	0.7227	0.033*
C9	0.4103 (2)	0.1796 (7)	0.7799 (2)	0.0360 (14)
H9A	0.3918	0.1362	0.8226	0.054*
H9B	0.3863	0.2835	0.7607	0.054*
H9C	0.4514	0.2244	0.7891	0.054*
C10	0.6157 (2)	0.2438 (7)	0.5223 (2)	0.0246 (12)
H10A	0.6095	0.1206	0.5454	0.030*
H10B	0.6102	0.3462	0.5563	0.030*
C11	0.6776 (2)	0.2528 (7)	0.4924 (3)	0.0313 (12)
H11	0.7105	0.2476	0.5236	0.038*
C12	0.6911 (2)	0.2671 (7)	0.4278 (3)	0.0360 (13)
H12A	0.6598	0.2728	0.3946	0.043*
H12B	0.7321	0.2719	0.4138	0.043*
C13	0.3152 (2)	0.3480 (7)	0.3880 (2)	0.0235 (11)
H13A	0.3021	0.4327	0.4255	0.028*
H13B	0.3020	0.2174	0.3988	0.028*
C14	0.2884 (2)	0.4107 (6)	0.3224 (2)	0.0274 (12)
H14	0.2995	0.5312	0.3048	0.033*
C15	0.2503 (2)	0.3082 (7)	0.2876 (3)	0.0383 (15)
H15A	0.2385	0.1871	0.3042	0.046*
H15B	0.2343	0.3545	0.2458	0.046*
01	0.34357 (14)	0.1487 (5)	0.62781 (15)	0.0253 (8)
O2	0.43720 (12)	0.0814 (4)	0.66439 (15)	0.0216 (7)
O3	0.57368 (14)	0.2653 (4)	0.46792 (16)	0.0251 (8)
O4	0.37974 (13)	0.3545 (4)	0.38091 (14)	0.0220 (7)
Br1	0.509124 (19)	0.38018 (6)	0.34421 (2)	0.02348 (13)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

supporting information

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.023 (3)	0.017 (2)	0.015 (2)	-0.0058 (18)	0.001 (2)	0.0005 (18)
C2	0.017 (3)	0.014 (2)	0.025 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.001 (2)	-0.0052 (17)
C3	0.024 (3)	0.0149 (19)	0.013 (2)	0.0015 (19)	-0.004 (2)	-0.0008 (16)
C4	0.017 (3)	0.016 (2)	0.014 (3)	0.0011 (18)	0.001 (2)	-0.0034 (18)
C5	0.016 (3)	0.018 (2)	0.017 (3)	0.0009 (19)	-0.001 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C6	0.021 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.016 (3)	-0.0008 (18)	0.003 (2)	-0.0041 (19)
C7	0.027 (3)	0.015 (2)	0.023 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.002 (2)	-0.006(2)
C8	0.032 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.014 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.005 (2)
C9	0.036 (3)	0.052 (4)	0.021 (3)	0.000 (2)	-0.003 (3)	-0.009(2)
C10	0.023 (3)	0.029 (3)	0.022 (3)	0.003 (2)	-0.003 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C11	0.023 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.005 (2)	-0.002 (3)	0.002 (3)
C12	0.020 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.046 (4)	0.001 (2)	0.008 (3)	0.001 (3)
C13	0.019 (3)	0.025 (3)	0.026 (3)	0.004 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.001 (2)
C14	0.023 (3)	0.024 (3)	0.035 (3)	-0.004 (2)	-0.010 (2)	0.002 (2)
C15	0.038 (4)	0.038 (3)	0.040 (4)	0.002 (2)	-0.015 (3)	0.002 (3)
01	0.0175 (19)	0.033 (2)	0.0253 (18)	0.0034 (16)	0.0019 (14)	0.0034 (16)
O2	0.0218 (17)	0.0273 (17)	0.0157 (17)	0.0050 (12)	-0.0004 (14)	0.0030 (15)
O3	0.019 (2)	0.0346 (19)	0.0217 (19)	-0.0019 (14)	-0.0013 (17)	-0.0002 (16)
O4	0.0168 (18)	0.0308 (18)	0.0184 (17)	0.0035 (16)	-0.0010 (13)	0.0049 (15)
Br1	0.0254 (2)	0.0274 (2)	0.0176 (2)	-0.0024 (2)	0.0027 (2)	0.0011 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C6	1.386 (6)	С9—Н9В	0.980
C1—C2	1.395 (6)	С9—Н9С	0.980
C1—Br1	1.884 (4)	C10—O3	1.421 (5)
C2—O3	1.361 (5)	C10—C11	1.492 (6)
С2—С3	1.397 (6)	C10—H10A	0.990
C3—C4	1.389 (6)	C10—H10B	0.990
С3—Н3	0.950	C11—C12	1.303 (6)
C4—C5	1.381 (6)	C11—H11	0.950
C4—C7	1.494 (6)	C12—H12A	0.950
С5—С6	1.381 (6)	C12—H12B	0.950
С5—Н5	0.950	C13—O4	1.436 (5)
C6—O4	1.363 (5)	C13—C14	1.481 (6)
C7—O1	1.200 (5)	C13—H13A	0.990
С7—О2	1.348 (5)	C13—H13B	0.990
C8—O2	1.459 (5)	C14—C15	1.303 (6)
С8—С9	1.504 (6)	C14—H14	0.950
C8—H8A	0.990	C15—H15A	0.950
C8—H8B	0.990	C15—H15B	0.950
С9—Н9А	0.980		
C6—C1—C2	121.0 (4)	С8—С9—Н9С	109.5
C6C1Br1	119.7 (3)	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5

C2—C1—Br1	119.2 (3)	Н9В—С9—Н9С	109.5
O3—C2—C1	115.2 (4)	O3—C10—C11	107.7 (4)
O3—C2—C3	125.1 (4)	O3—C10—H10A	110.2
C1—C2—C3	119.7 (4)	C11—C10—H10A	110.2
C4—C3—C2	118.6 (4)	O3—C10—H10B	110.2
С4—С3—Н3	120.7	C11—C10—H10B	110.2
С2—С3—Н3	120.7	H10A—C10—H10B	108.5
C5—C4—C3	121.1 (4)	C12—C11—C10	126.3 (5)
C5—C4—C7	117.1 (4)	C12—C11—H11	116.8
C3—C4—C7	121.7 (4)	C10—C11—H11	116.8
C4—C5—C6	120.6 (4)	C11—C12—H12A	120.0
С4—С5—Н5	119.7	C11—C12—H12B	120.0
С6—С5—Н5	119.7	H12A—C12—H12B	120.0
O4—C6—C5	124.5 (4)	O4—C13—C14	107.8 (4)
O4—C6—C1	116.6 (4)	O4—C13—H13A	110.1
C5—C6—C1	118.9 (4)	C14—C13—H13A	110.1
O1—C7—O2	123.4 (4)	O4—C13—H13B	110.1
O1—C7—C4	124.4 (4)	C14—C13—H13B	110.1
O2—C7—C4	112.3 (4)	H13A—C13—H13B	108.5
O2—C8—C9	110.6 (4)	C15—C14—C13	123.1 (5)
O2—C8—H8A	109.5	C15—C14—H14	118.5
С9—С8—Н8А	109.5	C13—C14—H14	118.5
O2—C8—H8B	109.5	C14—C15—H15A	120.0
С9—С8—Н8В	109.5	C14—C15—H15B	120.0
H8A—C8—H8B	108.1	H15A—C15—H15B	120.0
С8—С9—Н9А	109.5	C7—O2—C8	116.4 (3)
С8—С9—Н9В	109.5	C2—O3—C10	118.5 (3)
H9A—C9—H9B	109.5	C6—O4—C13	117.1 (3)
C6—C1—C2—O3	177.6 (3)	C5—C4—C7—O1	-5.7 (6)
Br1—C1—C2—O3	-1.0 (5)	C3—C4—C7—O1	175.3 (4)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-1.2 (6)	C5—C4—C7—O2	173.3 (4)
Br1—C1—C2—C3	-179.7 (3)	C3—C4—C7—O2	-5.6 (6)
O3—C2—C3—C4	-177.9 (3)	O3—C10—C11—C12	-3.5 (7)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.7 (5)	O4—C13—C14—C15	123.9 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.1 (6)	O1—C7—O2—C8	-0.3 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C7	178.8 (4)	C4—C7—O2—C8	-179.3 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.0 (7)	C9—C8—O2—C7	-91.1 (5)
C7—C4—C5—C6	-179.0 (4)	C1—C2—O3—C10	171.0 (4)
C4—C5—C6—O4	-179.3 (4)	C3—C2—O3—C10	-10.3 (6)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.5 (6)	C11—C10—O3—C2	179.5 (3)
C2—C1—C6—O4	180.0 (4)	C5—C6—O4—C13	-1.4 (6)
Br1-C1-C6-O4	-1.5 (5)	C1—C6—O4—C13	179.8 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.1 (6)	C14—C13—O4—C6	179.3 (3)
Br1—C1—C6—C5	179.6 (3)		

supporting information

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
С12—Н12А…ОЗ	0.95	2.39	2.715 (6)	100