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## Andrew D. Burrows,

Ross W. Harrington* $\ddagger$ and Mary F. Mahon

Department of Chemistry, University of Bath, Claverton Down, Bath BA1 7AY, England
\# Current address: School of Natural Sciences, Bedson Building, University of Newcastle, Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 7RU, England.

Correspondence e-mail:
r.w.harrington@ncl.ac.uk

## Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study
$T=170 \mathrm{~K}$
Mean $\sigma(\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{N})=0.002 \AA$
$R$ factor $=0.022$
$w R$ factor $=0.056$
Data-to-parameter ratio $=16.1$

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.
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## Diaquabis(1,1,4-trimethylthiosemicarbazide)nickel(II) dinitrate

The determination of the crystal structure of the title compound, $\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\right)_{2}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$, reveals a distorted octahedral geometry around the Ni centre, which lies on an inversion centre, with water molecules occupying the axial positions. Hydrogen bonding is observed between the 1,1,4trimethylthiosemicarbazide NH groups and the nitrate anions, and also between the coordinated water molecules and the anions.

## Comment

The title compound, (I), was formed as part of our investigations into the crystal engineering of nickel bis(thiosemicarbazide) dicarboxylates, in which the Ni-containing cations and dicarboxylate anions are linked through chargeaugmented hydrogen bonds (Allen et al., 1999; Burrows et al., 2000, 2004).

(I)

The asymmetric unit in (I) consists of a nickel(II) centre, to which is co-ordinated one 1,1,4-trimethylthiosemicarbazide ligand, via the S and dimethylamine N atoms, and one water molecule. A nitrate anion completes the asymmetric unit. The remainder of the molecular unit is generated by transformation through a crystallographic inversion centre, on which the metal is located. The structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1.

The geometry around the Ni centre is distorted octahedral, with bond angles ranging from 82.95 (3) to 97.05 (3) ${ }^{\circ}$. Each nitrate anion forms hydrogen bonds to three separate $\mathrm{Ni}^{\mathrm{II}}$ species. The presence of parallel $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ donors $(D)$ on the 1,1,4-trimethylthiosemicarbazide ligand and parallel O acceptors $(A)$ on the nitrates facilitates the formation of $D D: A A$ interactions, graph set $R_{2}^{2}(8)$ (Etter, 1990), which link the cations and anions. Each of the remaining $A A$ faces of the

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Figure 1
A view of the molecule of (I), showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $30 \%$ probability level and H atoms are represented by small spheres. [Symmetry code: (i) $x+1, y+1, z$ +1 .]
nitrates is involved in a single $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interaction with coordinated water molecules

The combination of the $D D: A A$ hydrogen bonds with one such $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interaction results in the formation of 'slipped' hydrogen-bonded chains along the crystallographic $a$ axis, as illustrated in Fig. 2. Within the chains are hydrogenbonded rings of graph set $R_{4}^{2}(16)$. The 'slipped' description of these chains is relative to chains observed in networks formed from reactions with linear dicarboxylates, such as fumarate or terephthalate, where the cations are linked solely via $D D: A A$ interactions to the anion carboxylate groups (Allen et al., 1999; Burrows et al., 2004). The formation of the three-dimensional structure is faciliated by the second $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interaction, graph set $R_{6}^{5}(23)$, illustrated in Fig. 3. Thus all of the hydrogenbond donors are satisfied. By contrast, not all of the hydrogenbond acceptors available to the O atoms of the nitrate anion are utilized, O 2 being the only atom to form two interactions, with atoms H 3 and $\mathrm{H} 4 B$. In the cases of atoms O1 and O3, only one hydrogen bond is formed. Details of the hydrogen bonding are given in Table 1.

## Experimental

Equimolar aqueous solutions of bis(1,1,4-trimethylthiosemicarbazide)nickel(II) nitrate (Burrows et al, 2004) and the sodium salt of either succinic or itaconic acid were allowed to evaporate slowly over a period of two weeks. In both cases, the formation of green crystals of (I) resulted. Analysis by single-crystal X-ray diffraction revealed the identity of the products and confirmed that the dicarboxylate was not incorporated into the crystalline material in either case.


Figure 2
Interactions (dashed lines) forming hydrogen-bonded chains in (I).


Figure 3
Hydrogen-bond interactions (dashed lines) in the formation of the $R_{6}^{5}(23)$ graph set.

## Crystal data

$\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\right)_{2}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
$M_{r}=485.20$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
$a=9.464(2) \AA$
$b=12.358(2) \AA$
$c=9.775(2) \AA$
$\beta=117.7671(13)^{\circ}$
$V=1011.60(4) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$

## Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan (Blessing, 1995)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.697, T_{\text {max }}=0.697$
15566 measured reflections

## Refinement

[^0]$D_{x}=1.593 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
Cell parameters from 1024
$\quad$ reflections
$\theta=4.1-27.5^{\circ}$
$\mu=1.22 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=170(2) \mathrm{K}$
Block, green
$0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.30 \mathrm{~mm}$
$D_{x}=1.593 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
Cell parameters from 1024
$\quad$ reflections
$\theta=4.1-27.5^{\circ}$
$\mu=1.22 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=170(2) \mathrm{K}$
Block, green
$0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.30 \mathrm{~mm}$

2317 independent reflections
2203 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.025$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=27.5^{\circ}$
$h=-12 \rightarrow 12$
$k=-15 \rightarrow 16$
$l=-12 \rightarrow 12$
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.0213 P)^{2}\right.$
$+0.4059 P]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.26 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.26 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
Extinction correction: SHELXL97
(Sheldrick, 1997)
Extinction coefficient: 0.0133 (16)

## metal-organic papers

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\AA^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}\right)$.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O4-H4A $\cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.862(15)$ | $1.913(15)$ | $2.7703(14)$ | $173(2)$ |
| O4-H4B $\cdots \mathrm{O} 2$ | $0.847(15)$ | $1.875(16)$ | $2.7074(14)$ | $167(2)$ |
| N2-H2 $\cdots \mathrm{O} \mathrm{O}^{\text {ii }}$ | $0.866(13)$ | $2.103(14)$ | $2.5655(16)$ | $168.6(15)$ |
| N3-H3 $\cdots \mathrm{O}^{\text {ii }}$ | $0.867(13)$ | $1.990(14)$ | $2.8551(15)$ | $175.6(15)$ |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x,-y+\frac{1}{2}, z-\frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x,-y+1,-z+1$.
The positions of the water, amino and amido H atoms were located in a difference map and refined isotropically, subject to a distance restraint of 0.89 (2) $\AA$. H atoms on all C atoms were included in calculated positions, constrained to an ideal geometry with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ distances of $0.98 \AA$ and with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.5 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$. Each group was allowed to rotate freely about its $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}$ bond.

Data collection: COLLECT (Hooft, 1998); cell refinement: DENZO and SCALEPACK (Otwinowski \& Minor, 1997); data reduction: DENZO and SCALEPACK; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1990); program(s) used to refine
structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL (Bruker, 2001), printCIF and local programs.

The EPSRC is thanked for funding.

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## supporting information

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$M_{r}=485.20$
Monoclinic, $P 2{ }_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=9.4640$ (2) Å
$b=12.3580(2) \AA$
$c=9.7750(2) \AA$
$\beta=117.7671(13)^{\circ}$
$V=1011.60(4) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$

## Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector diffractometer
Radiation source: sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
from symmetry-related measurements
(Blessing, 1995)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.697, T_{\text {max }}=0.697$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.022$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.056$
$S=1.06$
2317 reflections
144 parameters
4 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$F(000)=508$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.593 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71070 \AA$
Cell parameters from 1024 reflections
$\theta=4.1-27.5^{\circ}$
$\mu=1.22 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=170 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, green
$0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.30 \mathrm{~mm}$

15566 measured reflections
2317 independent reflections
2203 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.025$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=27.5^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=4.1^{\circ}$
$h=-12 \rightarrow 12$
$k=-15 \rightarrow 16$
$l=-12 \rightarrow 12$

Hydrogen site location: geom \& difmap
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.0213 P)^{2}+0.4059 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{0}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.26 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.26$ e $\AA^{-3}$
Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997), $\mathrm{Fc}^{*}=\mathrm{kFc}\left[1+0.001 \mathrm{xFc}^{2} \lambda^{3} / \sin (2 \theta)\right]^{-1 / 4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0133 (16)

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\mathrm{iso}} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ni1 | 0.5000 | 0.5000 | 0.5000 | $0.01900(9)$ |
| S1 | $0.45094(4)$ | $0.47524(3)$ | $0.71566(4)$ | $0.02431(10)$ |
| O1 | $0.01934(13)$ | $0.22074(10)$ | $0.58796(14)$ | $0.0439(3)$ |
| O2 | $0.09424(12)$ | $0.32177(9)$ | $0.45410(13)$ | $0.0415(3)$ |
| O3 | $0.24872(12)$ | $0.19351(9)$ | $0.59396(12)$ | $0.0354(2)$ |
| O4 | $0.30050(12)$ | $0.40960(8)$ | $0.36503(12)$ | $0.0301(2)$ |
| H4A | $0.280(2)$ | $0.3818(16)$ | $0.2767(19)$ | $0.056(6)^{*}$ |
| H4B | $0.246(2)$ | $0.3740(16)$ | $0.398(2)$ | $0.061(6)^{*}$ |
| N1 | $0.33577(12)$ | $0.63500(9)$ | $0.45151(12)$ | $0.0229(2)$ |
| N2 | $0.23053(14)$ | $0.61040(10)$ | $0.51535(13)$ | $0.0275(2)$ |
| H2 | $0.1510(17)$ | $0.6543(13)$ | $0.4910(19)$ | $0.032(4)^{*}$ |
| N3 | $0.18327(14)$ | $0.54724(10)$ | $0.70802(13)$ | $0.0276(2)$ |
| H3 | $0.0975(17)$ | $0.5861(13)$ | $0.6625(18)$ | $0.031(4)^{*}$ |
| N4 | $0.12171(13)$ | $0.24468(9)$ | $0.54663(12)$ | $0.0265(2)$ |
| C1 | $0.27924(15)$ | $0.54831(10)$ | $0.64284(14)$ | $0.0224(2)$ |
| C2 | $0.20559(18)$ | $0.47758(13)$ | $0.83646(17)$ | $0.0328(3)$ |
| H2A | 0.1880 | 0.4021 | 0.8019 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| H2B | 0.1292 | 0.4978 | 0.8735 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| H2C | 0.3146 | 0.4860 | 0.9205 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.41701(18)$ | $0.73925(11)$ | $0.51787(18)$ | $0.0325(3)$ |
| H3A | 0.3370 | 0.7965 | 0.4923 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| H3B | 0.4889 | 0.7575 | 0.4746 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| H3C | 0.4788 | 0.7325 | 0.6305 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.23263(17)$ | $0.64895(12)$ | $0.28301(16)$ | $0.0315(3)$ |
| H4C | 0.1528 | 0.7051 | 0.2653 | $0.047^{*}$ |
| H4D | 0.1786 | 0.5805 | 0.2381 | $0.047^{*}$ |
| H4E | 0.2983 | 0.6705 | 0.2343 | $0.047^{*}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\hat{A}^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ni1 | $0.01794(13)$ | $0.01924(14)$ | $0.01906(13)$ | $-0.00020(7)$ | $0.00798(10)$ | $-0.00053(7)$ |
| S1 | $0.02300(17)$ | $0.02794(18)$ | $0.02205(17)$ | $0.00512(12)$ | $0.01056(13)$ | $0.00483(12)$ |
| O1 | $0.0389(6)$ | $0.0526(7)$ | $0.0514(7)$ | $0.0139(5)$ | $0.0305(5)$ | $0.0202(5)$ |
| O2 | $0.0262(5)$ | $0.0448(6)$ | $0.0486(7)$ | $0.0051(4)$ | $0.0132(5)$ | $0.0236(5)$ |
| O3 | $0.0315(5)$ | $0.0403(6)$ | $0.0359(5)$ | $0.0147(4)$ | $0.0169(4)$ | $0.0088(4)$ |


| O4 | $0.0284(5)$ | $0.0326(5)$ | $0.0300(5)$ | $-0.0108(4)$ | $0.0143(4)$ | $-0.0081(4)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0239(5)$ | $0.0238(5)$ | $0.0234(5)$ | $0.0027(4)$ | $0.0130(4)$ | $0.0038(4)$ |
| N2 | $0.0248(5)$ | $0.0316(6)$ | $0.0307(6)$ | $0.0097(5)$ | $0.0168(5)$ | $0.0096(5)$ |
| N3 | $0.0261(6)$ | $0.0310(6)$ | $0.0291(6)$ | $0.0056(5)$ | $0.0157(5)$ | $0.0059(5)$ |
| N4 | $0.0259(5)$ | $0.0287(6)$ | $0.0225(5)$ | $0.0022(4)$ | $0.0093(4)$ | $-0.0002(4)$ |
| C1 | $0.0229(6)$ | $0.0216(6)$ | $0.0223(6)$ | $-0.0006(5)$ | $0.0102(5)$ | $-0.0008(5)$ |
| C2 | $0.0353(8)$ | $0.0380(8)$ | $0.0308(7)$ | $-0.0002(6)$ | $0.0203(6)$ | $0.0055(6)$ |
| C3 | $0.0374(7)$ | $0.0209(7)$ | $0.0404(8)$ | $0.0020(5)$ | $0.0193(6)$ | $0.0005(5)$ |
| C4 | $0.0314(7)$ | $0.0369(8)$ | $0.0255(7)$ | $0.0107(6)$ | $0.0127(6)$ | $0.0099(6)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| Ni1-S1 | 2.3802 (3) | N2-H2 | 0.866 (13) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nil-S1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.3802 (3) | N2-C1 | 1.3487 (16) |
| Ni1-O4 | 2.0573 (10) | N3-H3 | 0.867 (13) |
| Nil-O4 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.0573 (10) | N3-C1 | 1.3305 (16) |
| Ni1-N1 | 2.1765 (10) | N3-C2 | 1.4543 (18) |
| Ni1-N1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.1765 (10) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9800 |
| S1-C1 | 1.6985 (13) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.9800 |
| O1-N4 | 1.2467 (15) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 4$ | 1.2547 (15) | C3-H3A | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | 1.2412 (14) | C3-H3B | 0.9800 |
| O4-H4A | 0.862 (15) | C3-H3C | 0.9800 |
| O4-H4B | 0.847 (15) | C4-H4C | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 1.4328 (14) | C4-H4D | 0.9800 |
| N1-C3 | 1.4857 (17) | C4-H4E | 0.9800 |
| N1-C4 | 1.4823 (17) |  |  |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{Ni} 1-\mathrm{S} 1^{\text {i }}$ | 180.0 | H3-N3-C1 | 115.7 (11) |
| S1-Ni1-O4 | 89.93 (3) | H3-N3-C2 | 119.7 (11) |
| S1- ${ }^{\text {i }}$ Ni1-O4 | 90.07 (3) | C1-N3-C2 | 124.22 (12) |
| S1- ${ }^{\text {i }}$ Ni1- ${ }^{\text {O }} 4^{\text {i }}$ | 89.93 (3) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 118.85 (11) |
| S1-Ni1-O4 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 90.07 (3) | O1-N4-O3 | 121.48 (11) |
| S1-Ni1-N1 | 82.95 (3) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{O} 3$ | 119.67 (11) |
| S1- ${ }^{\text {i }}$ Ni1- $\mathrm{N}^{\text {i }}{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 82.95 (3) | $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 122.56 (9) |
| S1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$-Ni1-N1 | 97.05 (3) | $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 3$ | 121.82 (10) |
| S1-Ni1-N1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 97.05 (3) | N2-C1-N3 | 115.62 (11) |
| $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{Ni} 1-\mathrm{O} 4{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 180.00 (5) | N3-C2-H2A | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{Ni} 1$ - N 1 | 85.85 (4) | N3-C2-H2B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{Ni} 1-\mathrm{N} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 94.15 (4) | N3-C2-H2C | 109.5 |
|  | 85.85 (4) | $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{O} 4{ }^{\text {i }}$ - $\mathrm{Ni} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 94.15 (4) | $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{Ni} 1-\mathrm{N} 1^{\text {i }}$ | 180.0 | $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| Ni1-S1-C1 | 95.96 (4) | N1-C3-H3A | 109.5 |
| Ni1-O4-H4A | 124.9 (14) | N1-C3-H3B | 109.5 |
| Ni1-O4-H4B | 125.0 (15) | N1-C3-H3C | 109.5 |
| H4A-O4-H4B | 106 (2) | H3A-C3-H3B | 109.5 |
| Ni1-N1-N2 | 108.26 (7) | H3A-C3-H3C | 109.5 |


| $\mathrm{Ni} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $113.44(8)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{N} 11-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $111.40(8)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $108.49(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $106.09(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $108.85(11)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | $116.0(11)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $121.02(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{H} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $119.3(11)$ |


| H3B-C3-H3C | 109.5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| N1-C4-H4C | 109.5 |
| N1-C4-H4D | 109.5 |
| N1-C4-H4E | 109.5 |
| H4C-C4-H4D | 109.5 |
| H4C-C4-H4E | 109.5 |
| H4D-C4-H4E | 109.5 |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 4 — \mathrm{H} 4 A \cdots \mathrm{O} 3^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $0.86(2)$ | $1.91(2)$ | $2.7703(14)$ | $173(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 4 — \mathrm{H} 4 B \cdots \mathrm{O} 2$ | $0.85(2)$ | $1.88(2)$ | $2.7074(14)$ | $167(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\text {iii }}$ | $0.87(1)$ | $2.10(1)$ | $2.9565(16)$ | $169(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 3 — \mathrm{H} 3 \cdots 2^{\text {iii }}$ | $0.87(1)$ | $1.99(1)$ | $2.8551(15)$ | $176(2)$ |

Symmetry codes: (ii) $x,-y+1 / 2, z-1 / 2$; (iii) $-x,-y+1,-z+1$.


[^0]:    Refinement on $F^{2}$
    $R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.022$
    $w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.056$
    $S=1.06$
    2317 reflections
    144 parameters
    H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

