

cis-Bromidobis(1,2-diaminoethane- κ^2N,N')(ethylamine- κN)cobalt(III) dibromide

S. Manimaran,^{a*} M. Manjunathan,^b E. Govindan,^c K. Sambathkumar^d and K. Anbalagan^e

^aDepartment of Physics, Thanthai Hans Rover College, Perambalur 621 220, India, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, BWDA Arts and Science College, Tindivanam 604 304, India, ^cDepartment of Physics, Thiruvalluvar University College of Arts and Science, Thiruvannainallur 607 203, India, ^dP.G. Research Department of Physics, A.A. Govt. Arts College, Villupuram, India, and ^eDepartment of Chemistry, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry 605 014, India. *Correspondence e-mail: drmanirec@gmail.com

Received 5 March 2018

Accepted 10 June 2018

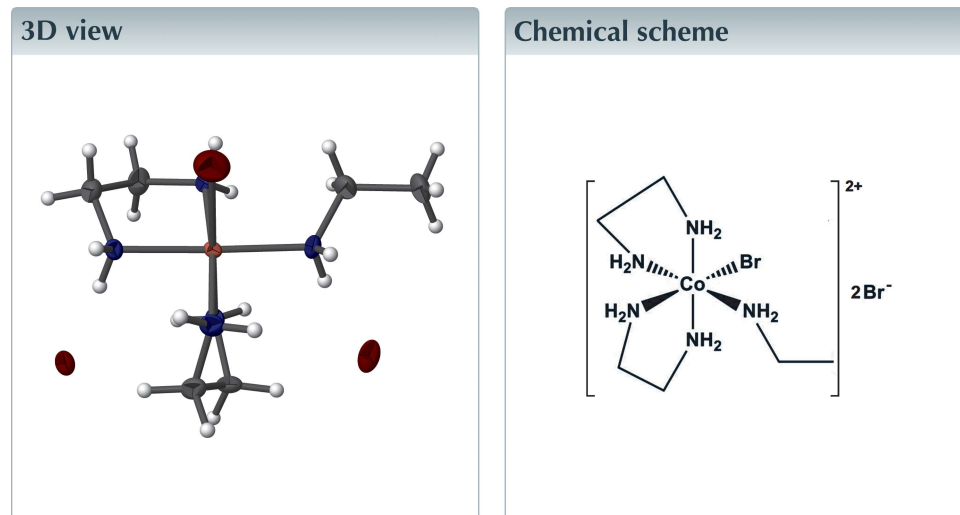
Edited by S. Bernès, Benemérita Universidad Autónoma de Puebla, México

Keywords: crystal structure; cobalt(III); diaminoethane; hydrogen bonding.

CCDC reference: 785726

Structural data: full structural data are available from iucrdata.iucr.org

In the title complex, $[\text{CoBr}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_7\text{N})(\text{C}_2\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)_2]\text{Br}_2$, the Co^{III} centre has a distorted octahedral coordination environment, and is surrounded by four N atoms in the equatorial plane, with an additional N atom and the Br atom occupying the axial positions. The complex is isostructural with the Cl compound for which the X-ray structure has also been reported [Anbalagan, Mahalakshmi & Ganeshraja (2011). *J. Mol. Struct.* **1005**, 45–52]. In the crystal, the complex cation and the two counter-anions are linked *via* $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional network.



Structure description

Mixed-ligand cobalt(III) complexes have potential applications in the fields of antitumor, antibacterial, antimicrobial, radiosensitization and cytotoxicity activities (Sayed *et al.*, 1992; Teicher *et al.*, 1990; Delehanty *et al.*, 2008). Cobalt is an essential and integral component of vitamin B₁₂ and is therefore found physiologically in most tissues. Complexes of cobalt are useful for nutritional supplementation to provide cobalt in a form which effectively increases the bioavailability, for instance, through the production of vitamin B₁₂ by microorganisms present in the gut. In addition, cobalt(III) complexes are known for electron-transfer and ligand-substitution reactions, which are of interest in some chemical and biological systems.

Our current research deals with the design and synthesis of cobalt(III) complexes with the aim of understanding the correlation between their structure and reactivity. Substituting an amino ligand such as MeNH_2 by a different amine can afford structurally

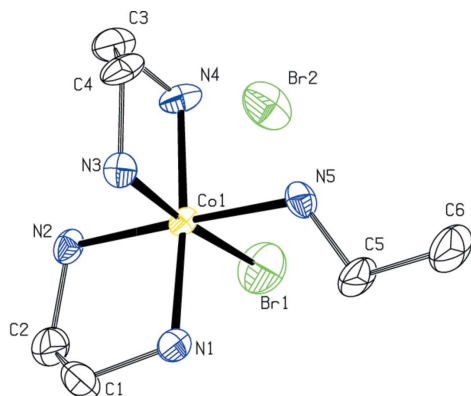


Figure 1
Molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. All H atoms omitted

related complexes with different electron-transfer rates (Anbalagan, 2011; Anbalagan *et al.*, 2009). Against this background and to ascertain the molecular conformation, the structure determination of the title compound has been carried out.

The X-ray analysis confirms the molecular structure and atom connectivity as illustrated in Fig. 1. The Co–N coordination bond lengths are in agreement with those reported in the literature for Co^{III} complexes (*e.g.* Kannan *et al.*, 2013; Lee *et al.*, 2007; Ramesh *et al.*, 2008; Anbalagan *et al.*, 2009, 2011; Ravichandran *et al.*, 2009). Both ethylenediamine (en) units behave as chelating ligands, forming five-membered metalacycles with a half-chair conformation. The packing features N–H···Br interactions, forming a three-dimensional network in the crystal (Table 1 and Fig. 2). Additionally, weak C–H···Br contacts are observed (Fig. 3).

Synthesis and crystallization

A suspension of *trans*-[Co(en)₂Br₂]Br was prepared by adding drops of water to the solid (2 g). To the solid mass, about 2 ml

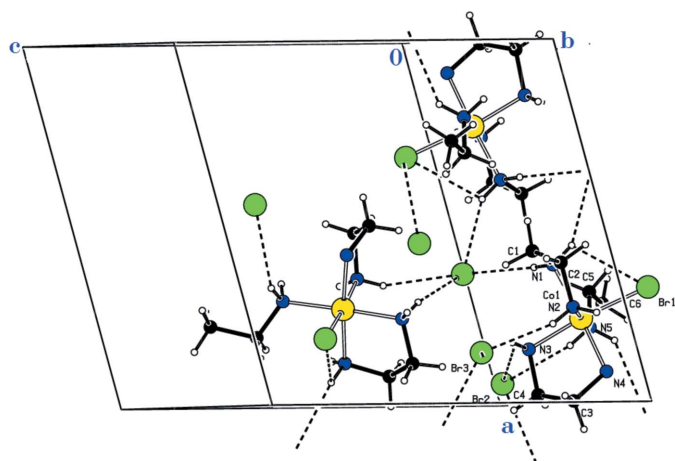


Figure 2
A packing view of the title compound approximately down the *b* axis. Intermolecular N–H···Br contacts are depicted with dashed bonds.

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> –H··· <i>A</i>
N1–H1C···Br3 ⁱ	0.89	2.77	3.574 (5)	151
N1–H1D···Br3 ⁱⁱ	0.89	2.48	3.310 (5)	155
N2–H2C···Br3	0.89	2.59	3.451 (5)	162
N2–H2D···Br2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	3.07	3.838 (5)	145
N3–H3C···Br3	0.89	2.60	3.427 (5)	155
N3–H3D···Br2	0.89	2.93	3.617 (5)	135
N4–H4C···Br2 ^{iv}	0.89	2.52	3.395 (6)	168
N4–H4D···Br2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.58	3.418 (5)	156
N5–H5C···Br2 ^{iv}	0.89	2.89	3.631 (5)	142
N5–H5D···Br2	0.89	2.78	3.651 (5)	166
C4–H4A···Br1 ^v	0.97	2.95	3.897 (7)	166
C4–H4B···Br2	0.97	2.91	3.566 (7)	126
C5–H5A···Br1	0.97	3.04	3.582 (8)	117

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iv) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z$; (v) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

of ethylamine was dropped for 20 min and mixed well. The grinding was continued until the colour turned from dull green to red. The reaction mixture was set aside until no further change was observed and the product was allowed to stand overnight. Finally, the solid was washed with ethanol. The resulting solid was dissolved in 5–10 ml of water pre-heated at 343 K and allowed to crystallize using hot acidified water, yielding 0.85 g of the complex. The pink crystals were filtered, washed with ethanol and dried under vacuum. X-ray quality crystals were obtained by repeated recrystallizations from hot acidified distilled water.

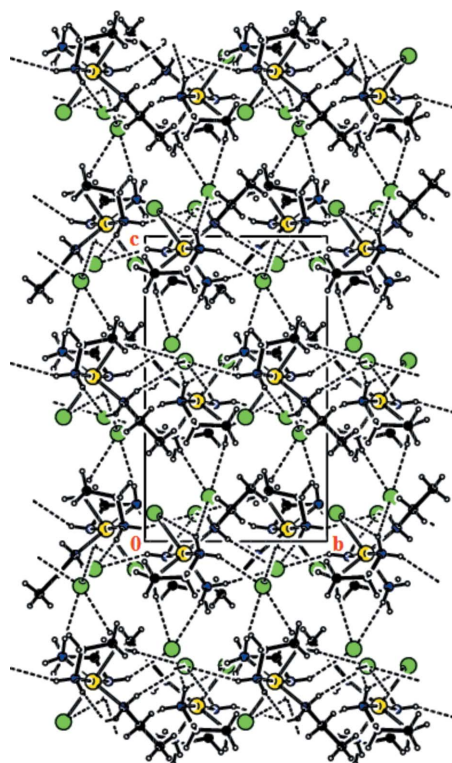


Figure 3
A packing view of the title compound down the *a* axis. Intermolecular contacts involving the Br ions are represented with dashed bonds.

Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

Acknowledgements

The authors thank the Department of Chemistry, Pondicherry University, for the data collection.

Funding information

S. Manimaran gratefully acknowledges the DST–SERB for young scientist start-up research grant (YSS/2014/000561) and DST–FIST for providing NMR facilities to the department.

References

- Anbalagan, K. (2011). *J. Phys. Chem. C*, **115**, 3821–3832.
- Anbalagan, K., Mahalakshmi, C. M. & Ganeshraja, A. S. (2011). *J. Mol. Struct.* **1005**, 45–52.
- Anbalagan, K., Tamilselvan, M., Nirmala, S. & Sudha, L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, m836–m837.
- Bruker (2008). *APEX2*, *SAINT* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Delehanty, J. B., Bongard, J. E., Thach, D. C., Knight, D. A., Hickey, T. E. & Chang, E. L. (2008). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **16**, 830–837.
- Kannan, P. S., Ganeshraja, A. S., Anbalagan, K., Govindan, E. & SubbiahPandi, A. (2013). *Acta Cryst.* **E69**, m374–m375.
- Lee, D. N., Lee, E. Y., Kim, C., Kim, S.-J. & Kim, Y. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, m1949–m1950.
- Ramesh, P., SubbiahPandi, A., Jothi, P., Revathi, C. & Dayalan, A. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **E64**, m300–m301.
- Ravichandran, K., Ramesh, P., Tamilselvan, M., Anbalagan, K. & Ponnuswamy, M. N. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, m1174–m1175.
- Sayed, G. H., Shiba, S. A., Radwan, A., Mohamed, S. M. & Khalil, M. (1992). *Chin. J. Chem.* **10**, 475–480.

Table 2

Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	[CoBr(C ₂ H ₇ N)(C ₂ H ₈ N ₂) ₂] ₂ Br ₂
<i>M_r</i>	463.95
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, <i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>n</i>
Temperature (K)	300
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	12.2323 (4), 8.4841 (2), 14.8964 (4)
β (°)	107.266 (3)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	1476.28 (8)
<i>Z</i>	4
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α
μ (mm ⁻¹)	9.26
Crystal size (mm)	0.23 × 0.17 × 0.11
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker SMART APEXII
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2008)
<i>T</i> _{min} , <i>T</i> _{max}	0.165, 0.361
No. of measured, independent and observed [<i>I</i> > 2 σ (<i>I</i>)] reflections	6551, 3425, 2273
<i>R</i> _{int}	0.027
(<i>sin</i> θ / λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.689
Refinement	
<i>R</i> [<i>F</i> ² > 2 σ (<i>F</i> ²)], <i>wR</i> (<i>F</i> ²), <i>S</i>	0.047, 0.148, 1.07
No. of reflections	3425
No. of parameters	137
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$, $\Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e Å ⁻³)	1.20, -2.10

Computer programs: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008), *SHELXS97* and *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *SHELXL2018* (Sheldrick, 2015).

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2015). *Acta Cryst.* **C71**, 3–8.

Teicher, B. A., Abrams, M. J., Rosbe, K. W. & Herman, T. S. (1990). *Cancer Res.* **50**, 6971–6975.

full crystallographic data

IUCrData (2018). 3, x180855 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2414314618008556]

***cis*-Bromidobis(1,2-diaminoethane- κ^2N,N')(ethylamine- κN)cobalt(III) dibromide**

S. Manimaran, M. Manjunathan, E. Govindan, K. Sambathkumar and K. Anbalagan

cis-Bromidobis(1,2-diaminoethane- κ^2N,N')(ethylamine- κN)cobalt(III) dibromide

Crystal data

[CoBr(C₂H₇N)(C₂H₈N₂)₂]₂Br₂

$M_r = 463.95$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

$a = 12.2323$ (4) Å

$b = 8.4841$ (2) Å

$c = 14.8964$ (4) Å

$\beta = 107.266$ (3)°

$V = 1476.28$ (8) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 904$

$D_x = 2.087$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1908 reflections

$\theta = 25.0$ – 2.9 °

$\mu = 9.26$ mm⁻¹

$T = 300$ K

Block, pink

$0.23 \times 0.17 \times 0.11$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

ω and ϕ scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2008)

$T_{\min} = 0.165$, $T_{\max} = 0.361$

6551 measured reflections

3425 independent reflections

2273 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

$\theta_{\max} = 29.3$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.8$ °

$h = -16 \rightarrow 12$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -18 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$

$wR(F^2) = 0.148$

$S = 1.07$

3425 reflections

137 parameters

0 restraints

0 constraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0841P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.20$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -2.10$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Refinement. All H atoms were placed in calculated positions, and refined as riding to their carrier C/N atom, with isotropic displacement parameters.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Co1	0.76749 (7)	0.78619 (9)	0.04025 (6)	0.0137 (2)
Br1	0.68504 (7)	0.94805 (10)	-0.09241 (6)	0.0444 (3)
Br2	0.94231 (7)	0.27863 (8)	0.09070 (7)	0.0378 (2)
Br3	0.86031 (6)	0.85295 (8)	0.35349 (5)	0.0289 (2)
C1	0.5816 (6)	0.7765 (8)	0.1167 (6)	0.0302 (17)
H1A	0.618177	0.726722	0.176719	0.036*
H1B	0.499275	0.767240	0.103596	0.036*
C2	0.6156 (6)	0.9471 (8)	0.1194 (6)	0.0323 (18)
H2A	0.567841	1.001747	0.064538	0.039*
H2B	0.606217	0.997424	0.175153	0.039*
C3	0.9958 (6)	0.8476 (8)	0.1437 (5)	0.0278 (16)
H3A	0.981692	0.916951	0.190802	0.033*
H3B	1.074018	0.862937	0.142641	0.033*
C4	0.9771 (6)	0.6795 (8)	0.1657 (5)	0.0278 (17)
H4A	1.018388	0.655680	0.230595	0.033*
H4B	1.003559	0.609172	0.125234	0.033*
C5	0.6932 (6)	0.5267 (10)	-0.1040 (6)	0.039 (2)
H5A	0.635993	0.601290	-0.138414	0.047*
H5B	0.659449	0.464764	-0.064303	0.047*
C6	0.7241 (7)	0.4183 (10)	-0.1731 (6)	0.046 (2)
H6A	0.755801	0.479010	-0.213785	0.069*
H6B	0.656666	0.364526	-0.210005	0.069*
H6C	0.779496	0.342498	-0.139563	0.069*
N1	0.6189 (5)	0.6999 (6)	0.0412 (4)	0.0203 (12)
H1C	0.567171	0.716897	-0.014243	0.024*
H1D	0.624865	0.596314	0.050886	0.024*
N2	0.7377 (4)	0.9537 (6)	0.1208 (4)	0.0179 (11)
H2C	0.782957	0.941210	0.179387	0.021*
H2D	0.752782	1.047235	0.100142	0.021*
N3	0.8510 (4)	0.6605 (6)	0.1491 (4)	0.0186 (12)
H3C	0.832419	0.691869	0.199691	0.022*
H3D	0.831895	0.559464	0.138880	0.022*
N4	0.9159 (4)	0.8816 (6)	0.0516 (4)	0.0218 (12)
H4C	0.943442	0.843791	0.006895	0.026*
H4D	0.907846	0.985398	0.043793	0.026*
N5	0.7925 (4)	0.6151 (6)	-0.0435 (4)	0.0205 (12)
H5C	0.829306	0.657399	-0.080921	0.025*
H5D	0.839717	0.545146	-0.007231	0.025*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Co1	0.0142 (4)	0.0110 (4)	0.0138 (4)	-0.0004 (3)	0.0007 (3)	0.0001 (4)
Br1	0.0470 (5)	0.0451 (5)	0.0356 (5)	0.0050 (4)	0.0039 (4)	0.0083 (4)
Br2	0.0446 (5)	0.0205 (4)	0.0558 (6)	0.0005 (3)	0.0264 (4)	-0.0051 (4)

Br3	0.0349 (4)	0.0243 (4)	0.0244 (4)	0.0043 (3)	0.0040 (3)	-0.0060 (3)
C1	0.029 (4)	0.033 (4)	0.036 (4)	-0.004 (3)	0.021 (3)	-0.006 (4)
C2	0.027 (4)	0.031 (4)	0.036 (4)	0.006 (3)	0.005 (3)	-0.012 (4)
C3	0.018 (3)	0.024 (3)	0.038 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.003 (3)	-0.006 (4)
C4	0.017 (3)	0.028 (4)	0.031 (4)	0.003 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C5	0.025 (4)	0.040 (4)	0.046 (5)	-0.002 (3)	0.002 (4)	-0.024 (4)
C6	0.041 (5)	0.044 (5)	0.047 (5)	0.000 (4)	0.004 (4)	-0.031 (4)
N1	0.020 (3)	0.017 (3)	0.022 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.003 (2)	-0.002 (2)
N2	0.022 (3)	0.014 (2)	0.016 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.003 (2)	-0.001 (2)
N3	0.023 (3)	0.012 (2)	0.019 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.000 (2)
N4	0.018 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.027 (3)	-0.004 (2)	0.004 (2)	-0.001 (3)
N5	0.023 (3)	0.018 (3)	0.022 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.004 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Co1—N4	1.949 (5)	C4—H4B	0.9700
Co1—N3	1.956 (5)	C5—N5	1.483 (8)
Co1—N2	1.963 (5)	C5—C6	1.510 (11)
Co1—N1	1.963 (5)	C5—H5A	0.9700
Co1—N5	1.996 (5)	C5—H5B	0.9700
Co1—Br1	2.3717 (11)	C6—H6A	0.9600
C1—N1	1.484 (9)	C6—H6B	0.9600
C1—C2	1.503 (10)	C6—H6C	0.9600
C1—H1A	0.9700	N1—H1C	0.8900
C1—H1B	0.9700	N1—H1D	0.8900
C2—N2	1.489 (8)	N2—H2C	0.8900
C2—H2A	0.9700	N2—H2D	0.8900
C2—H2B	0.9700	N3—H3C	0.8900
C3—N4	1.458 (9)	N3—H3D	0.8900
C3—C4	1.496 (10)	N4—H4C	0.8900
C3—H3A	0.9700	N4—H4D	0.8900
C3—H3B	0.9700	N5—H5C	0.8900
C4—N3	1.496 (8)	N5—H5D	0.8900
C4—H4A	0.9700		
N4—Co1—N3	84.9 (2)	C6—C5—H5A	108.9
N4—Co1—N2	89.1 (2)	N5—C5—H5B	108.9
N3—Co1—N2	91.9 (2)	C6—C5—H5B	108.9
N4—Co1—N1	174.2 (2)	H5A—C5—H5B	107.7
N3—Co1—N1	92.7 (2)	C5—C6—H6A	109.5
N2—Co1—N1	85.7 (2)	C5—C6—H6B	109.5
N4—Co1—N5	92.5 (2)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
N3—Co1—N5	89.0 (2)	C5—C6—H6C	109.5
N2—Co1—N5	178.2 (2)	H6A—C6—H6C	109.5
N1—Co1—N5	92.7 (2)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
N4—Co1—Br1	89.22 (16)	C1—N1—Co1	109.6 (4)
N3—Co1—Br1	174.03 (16)	C1—N1—H1C	109.8
N2—Co1—Br1	88.86 (15)	Co1—N1—H1C	109.8

N1—Co1—Br1	93.21 (17)	C1—N1—H1D	109.8
N5—Co1—Br1	90.38 (17)	Co1—N1—H1D	109.8
N1—C1—C2	107.3 (6)	H1C—N1—H1D	108.2
N1—C1—H1A	110.3	C2—N2—Co1	109.4 (4)
C2—C1—H1A	110.3	C2—N2—H2C	109.8
N1—C1—H1B	110.3	Co1—N2—H2C	109.8
C2—C1—H1B	110.3	C2—N2—H2D	109.8
H1A—C1—H1B	108.5	Co1—N2—H2D	109.8
N2—C2—C1	107.8 (6)	H2C—N2—H2D	108.2
N2—C2—H2A	110.2	C4—N3—Co1	109.7 (4)
C1—C2—H2A	110.2	C4—N3—H3C	109.7
N2—C2—H2B	110.2	Co1—N3—H3C	109.7
C1—C2—H2B	110.2	C4—N3—H3D	109.7
H2A—C2—H2B	108.5	Co1—N3—H3D	109.7
N4—C3—C4	106.9 (5)	H3C—N3—H3D	108.2
N4—C3—H3A	110.3	C3—N4—Co1	110.3 (4)
C4—C3—H3A	110.3	C3—N4—H4C	109.6
N4—C3—H3B	110.3	Co1—N4—H4C	109.6
C4—C3—H3B	110.3	C3—N4—H4D	109.6
H3A—C3—H3B	108.6	Co1—N4—H4D	109.6
C3—C4—N3	106.5 (5)	H4C—N4—H4D	108.1
C3—C4—H4A	110.4	C5—N5—Co1	119.9 (4)
N3—C4—H4A	110.4	C5—N5—H5C	107.4
C3—C4—H4B	110.4	Co1—N5—H5C	107.4
N3—C4—H4B	110.4	C5—N5—H5D	107.4
H4A—C4—H4B	108.6	Co1—N5—H5D	107.4
N5—C5—C6	113.4 (6)	H5C—N5—H5D	106.9
N5—C5—H5A	108.9		
N1—C1—C2—N2	-49.0 (8)	C3—C4—N3—Co1	37.0 (6)
N4—C3—C4—N3	-50.2 (7)	C4—C3—N4—Co1	41.0 (6)
C2—C1—N1—Co1	38.1 (7)	C6—C5—N5—Co1	171.6 (6)
C1—C2—N2—Co1	37.3 (7)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1C \cdots Br3 ⁱ	0.89	2.77	3.574 (5)	151
N1—H1D \cdots Br3 ⁱⁱ	0.89	2.48	3.310 (5)	155
N2—H2C \cdots Br3	0.89	2.59	3.451 (5)	162
N2—H2D \cdots Br2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	3.07	3.838 (5)	145
N2—H2D \cdots Br3 ^{iv}	0.89	3.11	3.651 (5)	121
N3—H3C \cdots Br3	0.89	2.60	3.427 (5)	155
N3—H3D \cdots Br2	0.89	2.93	3.617 (5)	135
N3—H3D \cdots Br3 ⁱⁱ	0.89	2.96	3.665 (5)	137
N4—H4C \cdots Br2 ^v	0.89	2.52	3.395 (6)	168
N4—H4D \cdots Br2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.58	3.418 (5)	156
N5—H5C \cdots Br2 ^v	0.89	2.89	3.631 (5)	142

N5—H5D···Br2	0.89	2.78	3.651 (5)	166
C4—H4A···Br1 ^{vi}	0.97	2.95	3.897 (7)	166
C4—H4B···Br2	0.97	2.91	3.566 (7)	126
C5—H5A···Br1	0.97	3.04	3.582 (8)	117

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1/2, -y+3/2, z-1/2$; (ii) $-x+3/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $x, y+1, z$; (iv) $-x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (v) $-x+2, -y+1, -z$; (vi) $x+1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2$.