

Received 5 September 2016  
Accepted 30 September 2016

Edited by J. Simpson, University of Otago, New Zealand

**Keywords:** crystal structure; 4-benzyloxy-1-oxaspiro[4.6]undec-3-en-2-one; hydrogen bonds.

CCDC reference: 1507508

Structural data: full structural data are available from iucrdata.iucr.org

## 4-Benzylxy-1-oxaspiro[4.6]undec-3-en-2-one

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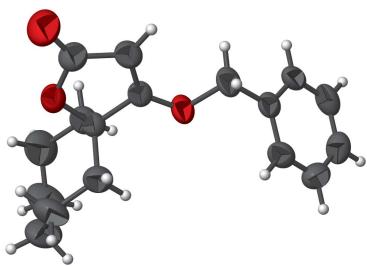
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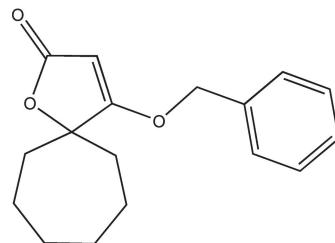
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The title compound, C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, the cycloheptane ring adopts a slightly distorted chair conformation. The planar five-membered ring is inclined at 57.13 (11)° to the phenyl ring of the benzyloxy substituent. In the crystal structure, C—H···O and C—H···π hydrogen bonds generate layers in the *ac* plane.

### 3D view



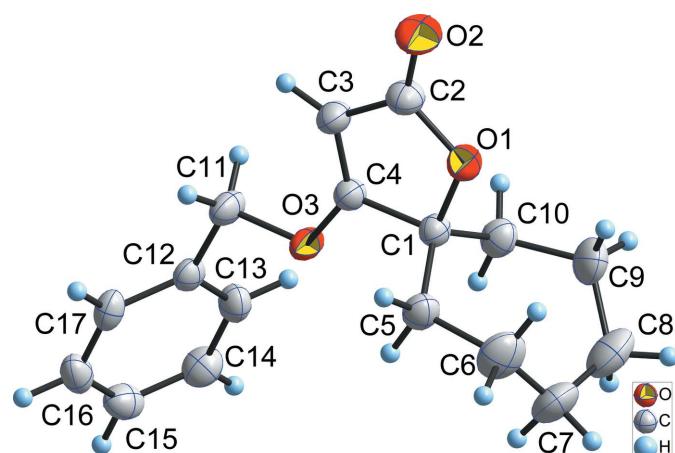
### Chemical scheme



### Structure description

The 4-hydroxyfuran-2[5*H*]-one core ( $\beta$ -tetronic acid) is present in diverse compounds isolated from natural products. These compounds have shown a variety of biological activities (Schobert & Schlenk, 2008). The synthesis and structural analysis of related derivatives continues to be of significant interest. Although several methodologies have been reported for their preparation, most of them use expensive organic starting materials as the synthesis is complex (Tejedor & García-Tellado, 2004).  $\alpha$ -Hydroxyesters and their cycloalkane derivatives can be easily prepared and then used for the direct synthesis of butenolides (furan-2[5*H*]-ones) through an addition followed by a Wittig olefination reaction using the accumulated ylide Ph<sub>3</sub>P=C=C=O; the use of cycloalkane- $\alpha$ -hydroxyesters allows the preparation of spiro systems of analogous substances with antiviral and anticancer activities among their most important properties (Schobert, 2007).

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the cycloheptane ring adopts a slightly distorted chair conformation with  $q_2 = 0.438$  (3) Å and  $\varphi = 20.8$  (4)°. The orientation of the five-membered ring (O1/C1/C4/C3/C2) with respect to the cycloheptane ring is similar to that reported by Schobert *et al.* (2001) for spiro-compounds with seven membered rings. The mean plane of the five-membered ring forms a dihedral angle of 57.13 (11)° with the phenyl ring of the benzyloxy substituent. In the molecule there is a very weak C9—H9B···O1 contact present (Table 1).

**Figure 1**

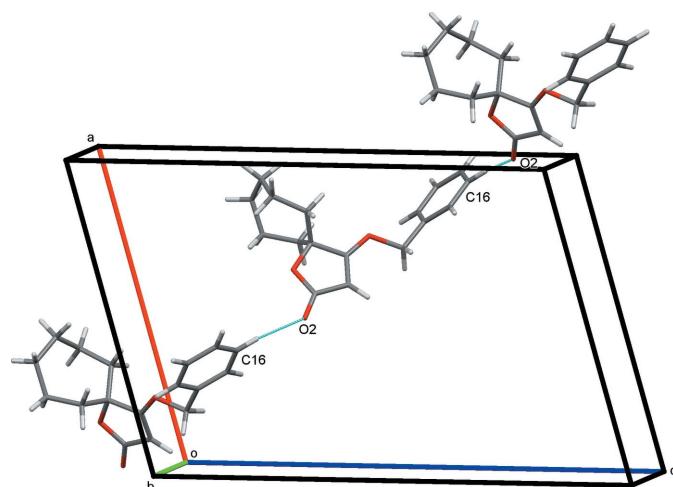
View of the title compound with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms are drawn at the 50% probability level.

In the crystal, molecules are connected by  $\text{C}16-\text{H}16\cdots\text{O}2$  contacts, generating zigzag  $\text{C}(10)$  chains parallel to the  $c$  axis (Fig. 2).  $\text{C}7-\text{H}7B\cdots\pi$  interactions form between the cycloheptane ring and the centroid  $\text{Cg}2$  of the benzene ring. These contacts link the molecules into dimers, forming inversion dimers (Fig. 3), and creating double chains of molecules approximately along  $[01\bar{1}]$ . These double chains, shown in orange and green in Fig. 4, are further arranged back-to-back forming a layer structure.

The PDF-4/Organics (ICDD, 2012) and the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD) (Groom *et al.* 2016) both confirm that this is the first report of the structure of this material.

### Synthesis and crystallization

In a 250 ml Schlenk round-bottom flask under an argon atmosphere, 2.18 g (7.21 mmol) of ketenylideneetriphenylphosphorane ( $\text{Ph}_3\text{P}=\text{C}=\text{C}=\text{O}$ ) and 150 ml of anhydrous

**Figure 2**

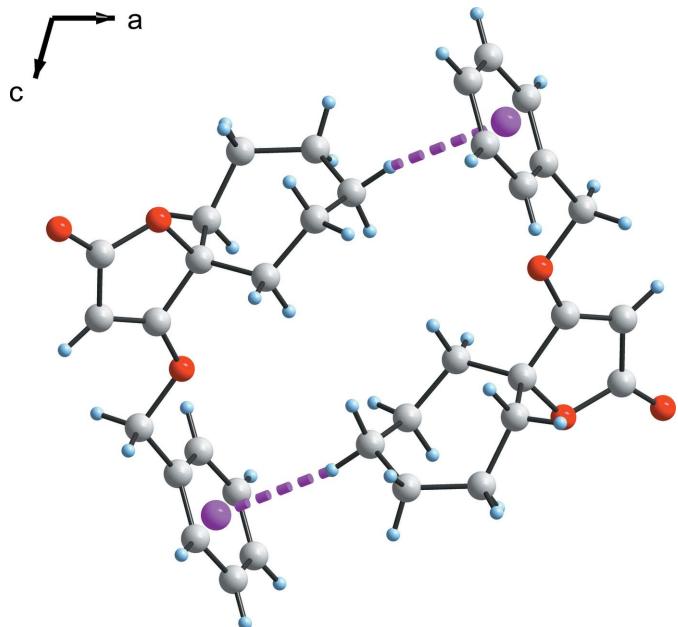
A view of the  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen-bonded chain in the crystal structure of the title compound (see Table 1).

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

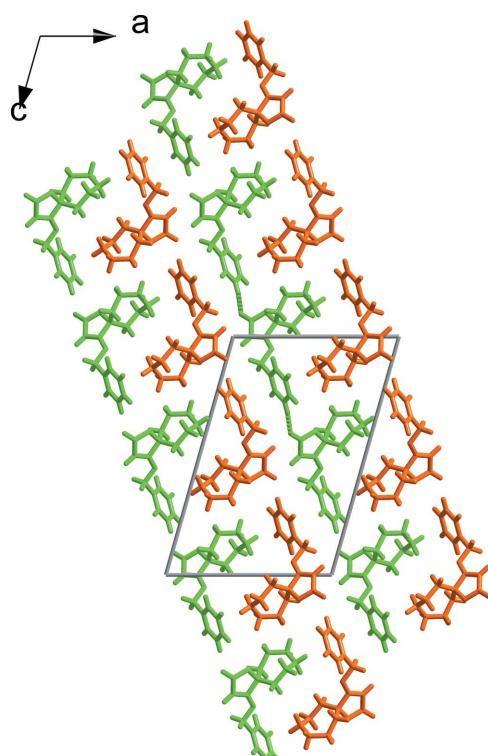
$\text{Cg}2$  is the centroid of the benzene ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$
$\text{C}9-\text{H}9\text{B}\cdots\text{O}1$	0.97	2.56	2.987 (3)	106
$\text{C}16-\text{H}16\cdots\text{O}2^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.53	3.362 (3)	149
$\text{C}7-\text{H}7\text{B}\cdots\text{Cg}2^{\text{ii}}$	0.97	2.80	3.750 (3)	165

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+\frac{1}{2}, -y+\frac{3}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$ .



**Figure 3**  
Inversion dimers formed by  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$  interactions.



**Figure 4**  
A view along the  $b$  axis showing the separate zigzag chains.

**Table 2**  
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>20</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
M <sub>r</sub>	272.33
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P2 <sub>1</sub> /n
Temperature (K)	298
a, b, c (Å)	13.1661 (9), 5.9457 (4), 19.6730 (13)
β (°)	105.774 (3)
V (Å <sup>3</sup> )	1482.04 (17)
Z	4
Radiation type	Cu Kα
μ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.66
Crystal size (mm)	0.26 × 0.17 × 0.08
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Rigaku Pilatus 200K
Absorption correction	Analytical (Alcock, 1974)
T <sub>min</sub> , T <sub>max</sub>	0.653, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed [I > 2σ(I)] reflections	10788, 2663, 1961
R <sub>int</sub>	0.028
(sin θ/λ) <sub>max</sub> (Å <sup>-1</sup> )	0.601
Refinement	
R[F <sup>2</sup> > 2σ(F <sup>2</sup> )], wR(F <sup>2</sup> ), S	0.047, 0.159, 1.12
No. of reflections	2663
No. of parameters	182
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
Δρ <sub>max</sub> , Δρ <sub>min</sub> (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.43, -0.19

Computer programs: *CrystalClear-SM Expert* (Rigaku, 2015), *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a), *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

toluene (freshly distilled over sodium) were added and stirred magnetically. 0.87 g (3.50 mmol) of benzyl-1-hydroxycycloheptanecarboxylate, previously dried under vacuum for 1 h, were then added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 72 h (completion of the reaction was monitored by thin-layer chromatography). Toluene was removed by rotary evaporation. Triphenylphosphine oxide (TPPO) formed during the reaction was removed by dissolving the reaction residue in methylene chloride and then filtering it through a small column of silica gel (60 to 120 mesh). The methylene

chloride was removed by rotary evaporation and the residual crude product was purified by column chromatography using silica gel (60 to 120 mesh) and hexane–ethyl acetate (5:1) as eluents to afford the pure title compound (yield 70%). R<sub>f</sub> = 0.4 (SiO<sub>2</sub>, hexane:ethyl acetate, 5:2). Colourless plate-shaped crystals were grown by slow evaporation in air at room temperature from a 1:1 ethyl acetate:ethanol solution [61% yield, m.p. 368 K].

## Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

## Acknowledgements

The authors acknowledge the support of the Vicerrectoría de Investigación y Extensión, Universidad Industrial de Santander (UIS) and the Parque Tecnológico Guatiguará, UIS, Piedecuesta, Santander, Colombia, Laboratorio de Difracción de Rayos-X, for recording X-ray diffraction data.

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# full crystallographic data

*IUCrData* (2016). **1**, x161538 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2414314616015388]

## 4-Benzylxyloxy-1-oxaspiro[4.6]undec-3-en-2-one

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### 4-Benzylxyloxy-1-oxaspiro[4.6]undec-3-en-2-one

#### Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{20}O_3$   
 $M_r = 272.33$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
Hall symbol: -P 2yn  
 $a = 13.1661 (9)$  Å  
 $b = 5.9457 (4)$  Å  
 $c = 19.6730 (13)$  Å  
 $\beta = 105.774 (3)^\circ$   
 $V = 1482.04 (17)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 584$   
 $D_x = 1.220$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.54187$  Å  
Cell parameters from 75 reflections  
 $\theta = 6.6\text{--}68.3^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.66$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
Plate, colorless  
 $0.26 \times 0.17 \times 0.08$  mm

#### Data collection

Rigaku Pilatus 200K  
diffractometer  
Confocal monochromator  
Detector resolution: 5.8140 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
profile data from  $\omega$ -scans  
Absorption correction: analytical  
(Alcock, 1974)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.653$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$

10788 measured reflections  
2663 independent reflections  
1961 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 68.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 7.0^\circ$   
 $h = -15 \rightarrow 14$   
 $k = -7 \rightarrow 6$   
 $l = -23 \rightarrow 23$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.159$   
 $S = 1.12$   
2663 reflections  
182 parameters  
0 restraints  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained  
 $W = 1/[\Sigma^2(FO^2) + (0.0944P)^2 + 0.0383P]$   
WHERE  $P = (FO^2 + 2FC^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.43$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
Extinction correction: shelxl-2014/7 (Sheldrick  
2015a,  $FC^* = KFC[1 + 0.001XFC^2\Lambda^3/\text{SIN}(2\Theta)]^{-1/4}$   
Extinction coefficient: 0.0055 (12)

#### Special details

**Geometry.** Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement.** Refinement on  $F^2$  for ALL reflections except those flagged by the user for potential systematic errors. Weighted R-factors wR and all goodnesses of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The observed criterion of  $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$  is used only for calculating -R-factor-obs etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.65557 (10)	0.7811 (2)	0.39735 (6)	0.0587 (4)
O2	0.51051 (14)	0.9560 (3)	0.40696 (9)	0.0926 (7)
O3	0.75329 (9)	0.4593 (2)	0.55237 (6)	0.0586 (4)
C1	0.73395 (13)	0.6282 (3)	0.43863 (9)	0.0466 (5)
C2	0.58293 (15)	0.8307 (3)	0.43300 (11)	0.0616 (7)
C3	0.60803 (14)	0.7127 (3)	0.49933 (10)	0.0572 (6)
C4	0.69565 (13)	0.5954 (3)	0.50349 (9)	0.0483 (5)
C5	0.84009 (14)	0.7456 (4)	0.45714 (10)	0.0615 (7)
C6	0.8889 (2)	0.7882 (5)	0.39683 (17)	0.0958 (11)
C7	0.9329 (2)	0.5925 (6)	0.36911 (17)	0.1085 (13)
C8	0.8603 (3)	0.4293 (5)	0.32391 (18)	0.1036 (12)
C9	0.7490 (2)	0.4241 (5)	0.32610 (13)	0.0845 (9)
C10	0.72762 (17)	0.4081 (3)	0.39760 (11)	0.0616 (7)
C11	0.71428 (15)	0.4155 (4)	0.61342 (10)	0.0626 (7)
C12	0.79198 (13)	0.2632 (3)	0.66139 (9)	0.0481 (5)
C13	0.81346 (15)	0.0543 (3)	0.63809 (10)	0.0573 (6)
C14	0.88756 (17)	-0.0856 (3)	0.68052 (12)	0.0673 (7)
C15	0.94012 (16)	-0.0186 (4)	0.74684 (12)	0.0668 (7)
C16	0.91935 (16)	0.1878 (4)	0.77136 (10)	0.0647 (7)
C17	0.84535 (15)	0.3281 (3)	0.72885 (9)	0.0555 (6)
H3	0.57020	0.71750	0.53290	0.0690*
H5A	0.88920	0.65620	0.49250	0.0740*
H5B	0.83240	0.88920	0.47860	0.0740*
H6A	0.83550	0.85530	0.35820	0.1150*
H6B	0.94480	0.89810	0.41250	0.1150*
H7A	0.97630	0.51050	0.40920	0.1300*
H7B	0.97960	0.64850	0.34240	0.1300*
H8A	0.88950	0.28020	0.33610	0.1240*
H8B	0.86070	0.45740	0.27540	0.1240*
H9A	0.71510	0.29710	0.29810	0.1010*
H9B	0.71490	0.55910	0.30310	0.1010*
H10A	0.77770	0.30310	0.42630	0.0740*
H10B	0.65770	0.34520	0.39110	0.0740*
H11A	0.64540	0.34440	0.59890	0.0750*
H11B	0.70780	0.55500	0.63740	0.0750*
H13	0.77730	0.00710	0.59290	0.0690*
H14	0.90160	-0.22540	0.66390	0.0810*
H15	0.99020	-0.11260	0.77560	0.0800*
H16	0.95530	0.23310	0.81680	0.0780*

H17	0.83140	0.46740	0.74580	0.0670*
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*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0626 (8)	0.0623 (8)	0.0523 (7)	0.0119 (6)	0.0175 (6)	0.0119 (6)
O2	0.0841 (11)	0.1050 (13)	0.0885 (11)	0.0474 (10)	0.0234 (9)	0.0288 (10)
O3	0.0541 (7)	0.0765 (9)	0.0513 (7)	0.0182 (6)	0.0248 (6)	0.0183 (6)
C1	0.0483 (9)	0.0480 (10)	0.0446 (9)	0.0035 (7)	0.0146 (7)	0.0037 (7)
C2	0.0574 (11)	0.0630 (12)	0.0641 (12)	0.0134 (10)	0.0159 (9)	0.0070 (10)
C3	0.0516 (10)	0.0673 (13)	0.0567 (10)	0.0096 (9)	0.0215 (8)	0.0037 (9)
C4	0.0460 (9)	0.0526 (10)	0.0478 (9)	0.0035 (7)	0.0154 (7)	0.0037 (8)
C5	0.0572 (11)	0.0668 (12)	0.0639 (11)	-0.0080 (9)	0.0223 (9)	-0.0029 (10)
C6	0.0947 (18)	0.0952 (19)	0.112 (2)	-0.0267 (15)	0.0528 (16)	0.0020 (16)
C7	0.0777 (16)	0.158 (3)	0.108 (2)	0.0046 (18)	0.0564 (16)	-0.013 (2)
C8	0.113 (2)	0.102 (2)	0.120 (2)	0.0209 (18)	0.0730 (19)	-0.0032 (18)
C9	0.0960 (17)	0.0951 (17)	0.0661 (14)	0.0017 (14)	0.0285 (12)	-0.0249 (12)
C10	0.0660 (12)	0.0567 (12)	0.0653 (12)	-0.0034 (9)	0.0233 (9)	-0.0069 (9)
C11	0.0586 (11)	0.0801 (14)	0.0582 (11)	0.0134 (10)	0.0316 (9)	0.0172 (10)
C12	0.0488 (9)	0.0545 (10)	0.0464 (9)	-0.0010 (8)	0.0223 (7)	0.0063 (8)
C13	0.0629 (11)	0.0596 (12)	0.0493 (10)	-0.0065 (9)	0.0152 (8)	-0.0085 (9)
C14	0.0763 (13)	0.0526 (11)	0.0777 (14)	0.0053 (10)	0.0291 (11)	0.0011 (10)
C15	0.0568 (11)	0.0761 (14)	0.0664 (13)	0.0054 (10)	0.0150 (10)	0.0205 (11)
C16	0.0640 (12)	0.0853 (15)	0.0430 (9)	-0.0158 (11)	0.0115 (8)	0.0021 (10)
C17	0.0721 (12)	0.0531 (10)	0.0494 (10)	-0.0067 (9)	0.0303 (9)	-0.0041 (8)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

O1—C1	1.448 (2)	C16—C17	1.379 (3)
O1—C2	1.363 (2)	C3—H3	0.9300
O2—C2	1.209 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9700
O3—C4	1.326 (2)	C5—H5B	0.9700
O3—C11	1.452 (2)	C6—H6A	0.9700
C1—C4	1.507 (2)	C6—H6B	0.9700
C1—C5	1.515 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9700
C1—C10	1.528 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.439 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9700
C3—C4	1.331 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9700
C5—C6	1.516 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9700
C6—C7	1.469 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9700
C7—C8	1.478 (5)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C8—C9	1.478 (5)	C10—H10B	0.9700
C9—C10	1.511 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9700
C11—C12	1.494 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C12—C13	1.380 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C12—C17	1.377 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C13—C14	1.378 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300
C14—C15	1.360 (3)	C16—H16	0.9300

C15—C16	1.373 (3)	C17—H17	0.9300
C1—O1—C2	109.88 (13)	C7—C6—H6A	108.00
C4—O3—C11	116.60 (14)	C7—C6—H6B	108.00
O1—C1—C4	101.81 (14)	H6A—C6—H6B	107.00
O1—C1—C5	108.41 (15)	C6—C7—H7A	108.00
O1—C1—C10	108.26 (14)	C6—C7—H7B	108.00
C4—C1—C5	110.81 (15)	C8—C7—H7A	108.00
C4—C1—C10	110.72 (15)	C8—C7—H7B	108.00
C5—C1—C10	115.84 (16)	H7A—C7—H7B	107.00
O1—C2—O2	119.88 (19)	C7—C8—H8A	108.00
O1—C2—C3	109.93 (16)	C7—C8—H8B	108.00
O2—C2—C3	130.2 (2)	C9—C8—H8A	108.00
C2—C3—C4	107.02 (17)	C9—C8—H8B	108.00
O3—C4—C1	115.83 (15)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.00
O3—C4—C3	132.82 (17)	C8—C9—H9A	108.00
C1—C4—C3	111.35 (16)	C8—C9—H9B	108.00
C1—C5—C6	116.63 (18)	C10—C9—H9A	108.00
C5—C6—C7	116.9 (3)	C10—C9—H9B	108.00
C6—C7—C8	119.2 (3)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.00
C7—C8—C9	118.7 (3)	C1—C10—H10A	108.00
C8—C9—C10	117.8 (2)	C1—C10—H10B	108.00
C1—C10—C9	116.15 (18)	C9—C10—H10A	108.00
O3—C11—C12	107.20 (15)	C9—C10—H10B	108.00
C11—C12—C13	120.19 (16)	H10A—C10—H10B	107.00
C11—C12—C17	121.41 (17)	O3—C11—H11A	110.00
C13—C12—C17	118.39 (17)	O3—C11—H11B	110.00
C12—C13—C14	121.18 (18)	C12—C11—H11A	110.00
C13—C14—C15	119.76 (19)	C12—C11—H11B	110.00
C14—C15—C16	120.1 (2)	H11A—C11—H11B	108.00
C15—C16—C17	120.20 (18)	C12—C13—H13	119.00
C12—C17—C16	120.41 (17)	C14—C13—H13	119.00
C2—C3—H3	126.00	C13—C14—H14	120.00
C4—C3—H3	127.00	C15—C14—H14	120.00
C1—C5—H5A	108.00	C14—C15—H15	120.00
C1—C5—H5B	108.00	C16—C15—H15	120.00
C6—C5—H5A	108.00	C15—C16—H16	120.00
C6—C5—H5B	108.00	C17—C16—H16	120.00
H5A—C5—H5B	107.00	C12—C17—H17	120.00
C5—C6—H6A	108.00	C16—C17—H17	120.00
C5—C6—H6B	108.00		
C2—O1—C1—C4	0.28 (18)	O1—C2—C3—C4	0.6 (2)
C2—O1—C1—C5	-116.60 (16)	O2—C2—C3—C4	179.7 (2)
C2—O1—C1—C10	117.00 (16)	C2—C3—C4—O3	179.77 (19)
C1—O1—C2—O2	-179.77 (18)	C2—C3—C4—C1	-0.4 (2)
C1—O1—C2—C3	-0.6 (2)	C1—C5—C6—C7	-73.6 (3)
C11—O3—C4—C1	-176.58 (15)	C5—C6—C7—C8	75.0 (4)

C11—O3—C4—C3	3.2 (3)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-19.3 (4)
C4—O3—C11—C12	-179.01 (15)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-51.0 (4)
O1—C1—C4—O3	179.95 (15)	C8—C9—C10—C1	81.3 (3)
O1—C1—C4—C3	0.11 (19)	O3—C11—C12—C13	-60.0 (2)
C5—C1—C4—O3	-64.9 (2)	O3—C11—C12—C17	118.58 (19)
C5—C1—C4—C3	115.24 (18)	C11—C12—C13—C14	177.65 (19)
C10—C1—C4—O3	65.0 (2)	C17—C12—C13—C14	-1.0 (3)
C10—C1—C4—C3	-114.81 (18)	C11—C12—C17—C16	-177.78 (19)
O1—C1—C5—C6	-69.6 (2)	C13—C12—C17—C16	0.9 (3)
C4—C1—C5—C6	179.51 (19)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.6 (3)
C10—C1—C5—C6	52.3 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.0 (3)
O1—C1—C10—C9	60.9 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-0.1 (3)
C4—C1—C10—C9	171.67 (18)	C15—C16—C17—C12	-0.3 (3)
C5—C1—C10—C9	-61.1 (2)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

Cg2 is the centroid of the benzene ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C9—H9B···O1	0.97	2.56	2.987 (3)	106
C16—H16···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.53	3.362 (3)	149
C7—H7B···Cg2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.80	3.750 (3)	165

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$ .