

# (5-Hydroxy-3-methyl-5-trifluoromethyl-4,5-di-hydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)(2-hydroxyphenyl)-methanone

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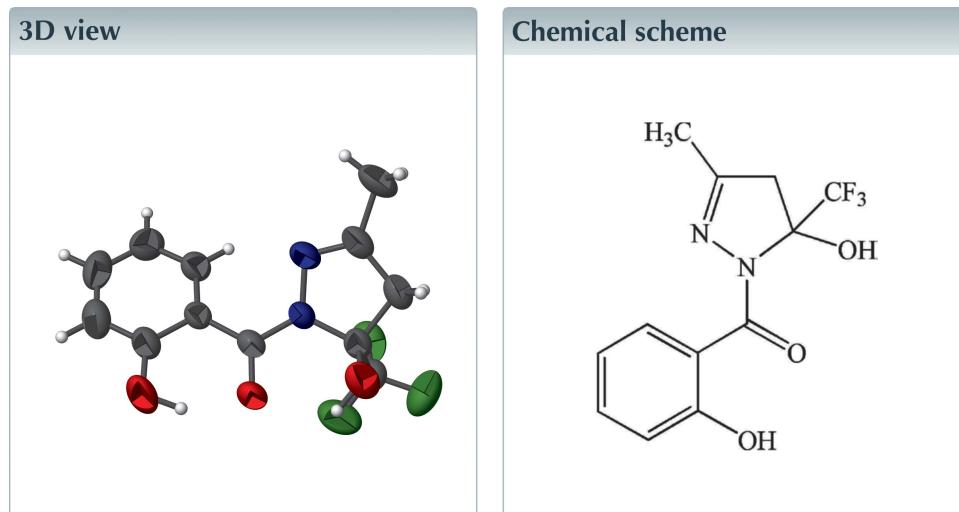
Edited by H. Stoeckli-Evans, University of Neuchâtel, Switzerland

**Keywords:** crystal structure; condensation; acylhydrazone; pyrazoline; O—H···O intramolecular hydrogen bonding.

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Structural data: full structural data are available from iucrdata.iucr.org

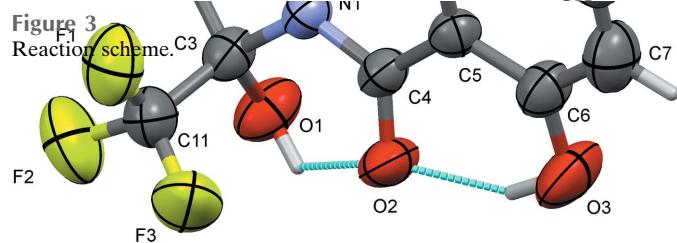
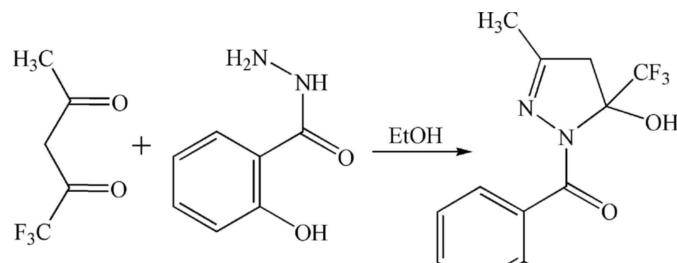
In the title compound,  $C_{12}H_{11}F_3N_2O_3$ , the hydroxyphenyl ring is twisted by  $35.42(11)^\circ$  from the plane of the pyrazoline ring. The keto O atom is involved in two intramolecular O—H···O hydrogen bonds, which generate  $S(6)$  loops. As result, a weak intramolecular C—H···N contact is formed, which generates an  $S(7)$  ring motif. In the crystal, pairs of O—H···O hydrogen bonds link molecules into inversion dimers with an  $R_2^2(16)$  motif. The dimers are linked by parallel-slipped  $\pi$ – $\pi$  interactions [intercentroid distance =  $3.8438(19)\text{ \AA}$ ], forming columns along the *c*-axis direction.



## Structure description

Multifunctional ligands occupy a special place among the wide variety of organic ligands available (Filyakova *et al.*, 2010; Chizhov *et al.*, 2010; Chopin *et al.*, 2012). It has been shown that formation of cyclic products depends on the location of the trifluoromethyl group in the intermediate, for example a hydrazone, where intramolecular cyclization is realized *via* multiple bonds near the trifluoromethyl substituent (Pakal'nis *et al.*, 2008; 2014).

In the title compound, Fig. 1, the hydroxyphenyl ring (C5–C10) is twisted by  $35.42(11)^\circ$  from the almost planar (r.m.s. deviation =  $0.029\text{ \AA}$ ) pyrazoline ring (N1/N2/C1–C3). The keto-oxygen atom O2 acts as the acceptor for two intramolecular O1—H1···O2 and O3—H3···O2 hydrogen bonds (Table 1 and Fig. 1), which generate  $S(6)$  graph-set motifs. As a result, a weak intramolecular C10—H10···N2 contact is formed between atom N2 and a phenyl C—H group, which generates an  $S(7)$  graph-set motif

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom labelling. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

(Fig. 1 and Table 1). In the crystal, pairs of  $O1-H1\cdots O3^i$  and  $O3-H3\cdots O2^i$  hydrogen bonds [symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ ] link molecules into inversion dimers, with an  $R_2^2(16)$  ring motif for the former. The dimers stack along the  $c$ -

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

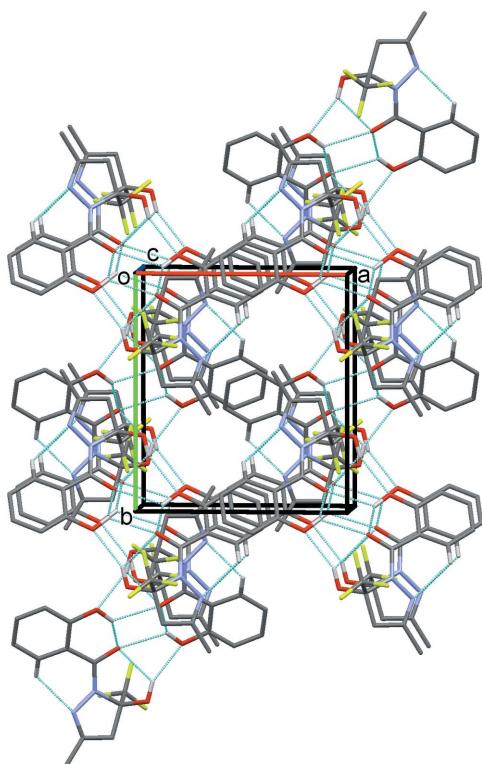
$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$O1-H1\cdots O2$	0.90 (4)	2.18 (5)	2.753 (3)	120 (4)
$O3-H3\cdots O2$	0.97 (5)	1.71 (5)	2.562 (3)	144 (4)
$C10-H10\cdots N2$	0.93	2.35	2.892 (4)	117
$O1-H1\cdots O3^i$	0.90 (4)	2.17 (5)	3.017 (3)	156 (5)
$O3-H3\cdots O2^i$	0.97 (5)	2.31 (4)	2.887 (3)	118 (3)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ .

axis direction, with parallel slipped  $\pi-\pi$  interactions [ $Cg2\cdots Cg2^1 = 3.8438 (19)$   $\text{\AA}$ ; inter-planar distance = 3.4798 (13)  $\text{\AA}$ ; slippage 1.633  $\text{\AA}$ ;  $Cg2$  is the centroid of ring C5–C10], forming columns (Fig. 2).

## Synthesis and crystallization

The synthesis of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 3. In a 100 ml flask were mixed 1,1,1-trifluoropentandione-2,4 (5 mmol) with benzoylhydrazine (5 mmol) in ethanol. The flask was connected to a return refrigerator and heated for 1 h in a water bath. The reaction progress was monitored by thin layer chromatography (Silufol UV-254 plates). On completion of the reaction, after several days, two thirds of the solvent was

**Figure 2**

A view along the  $c$  axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. The hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details). For clarity, only the H atoms involved in hydrogen bonding have been included.

**Table 2**  
Experimental details.

Crystal data	$C_{12}H_{11}F_3N_2O_3$
Chemical formula	288.23
$M_r$	Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Crystal system, space group	293
Temperature (K)	9.9339 (11), 10.6614 (9), 12.6802 (14)
$a, b, c$ ( $\text{\AA}$ )	105.863 (11) 1291.8 (2)
$\beta$ ( $^\circ$ )	4
$V$ ( $\text{\AA}^3$ )	Cu $K\alpha$
$Z$	1.19
Radiation type	0.35 $\times$ 0.25 $\times$ 0.21
$\mu$ ( $\text{mm}^{-1}$ )	Data collection
Crystal size (mm)	Diffractometer
	Absorption correction
	$T_{\min}, T_{\max}$
No. of measured, independent and observed [ $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ] reflections	0.735, 0.779
$R_{\text{int}}$	4867, 2618, 1558
$(\sin \theta/\lambda)_{\text{max}}$ ( $\text{\AA}^{-1}$ )	0.035
	Refinement
	$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$
No. of reflections	0.050, 0.145, 1.04
No. of parameters	2618
H-atom treatment	191
	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}, \Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ ( $e \text{\AA}^{-3}$ )	0.22, -0.21

Computer programs: (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009), *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008), *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015), *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008), *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009).

removed at room temperature. The crystalline solid that formed were filtered off, washed with ethanol and dried in a vacuum desiccator over  $P_2O_5$  (yield 85%). The compound was further recrystallized from ethanol solution to obtain colourless block-like crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis.

## Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

## Acknowledgements

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# full crystallographic data

*IUCrData* (2016). **1**, x160316 [doi:10.1107/S2414314616003163]

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### Crystal data

$C_{12}H_{11}F_3N_2O_3$   
 $M_r = 288.23$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 9.9339$  (11) Å  
 $b = 10.6614$  (9) Å  
 $c = 12.6802$  (14) Å  
 $\beta = 105.863$  (11)°  
 $V = 1291.8$  (2) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 $F(000) = 592$

$D_x = 1.482$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
Melting point: 401 K  
Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.54184$  Å  
Cell parameters from 1180 reflections  
 $\theta = 4.1\text{--}72.2^\circ$   
 $\mu = 1.19$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
Block, colourless  
0.35 × 0.25 × 0.21 mm

### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Ruby  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: Enhance (Cu) X-ray Source  
Graphite monochromator  
Detector resolution: 10.2576 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.735$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.779$

4867 measured reflections  
2618 independent reflections  
1558 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 76.6^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.6^\circ$   
 $h = -6 \rightarrow 12$   
 $k = -13 \rightarrow 13$   
 $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.145$   
 $S = 1.04$   
2618 reflections  
191 parameters  
0 restraints  
Hydrogen site location: mixed

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0515P)^2 + 0.1383P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
Extinction correction: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick,  
2015),  $Fc^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
Extinction coefficient: 0.0061 (6)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
H1	-0.058 (5)	0.266 (4)	0.410 (4)	0.143 (18)*
H3	0.128 (5)	0.527 (4)	0.565 (4)	0.146 (18)*
C5	0.3393 (3)	0.4086 (2)	0.5730 (2)	0.0481 (6)
C4	0.2129 (3)	0.3490 (2)	0.5019 (2)	0.0487 (6)
C3	0.0914 (3)	0.1690 (2)	0.3879 (2)	0.0535 (7)
C6	0.3238 (3)	0.5213 (3)	0.6259 (2)	0.0609 (7)
C10	0.4745 (3)	0.3655 (3)	0.5839 (2)	0.0599 (7)
H10	0.4873	0.2927	0.5474	0.072*
C2	0.1335 (3)	0.0304 (2)	0.3972 (3)	0.0627 (8)
H2A	0.0640	-0.0206	0.4181	0.075*
H2B	0.1460	-0.0008	0.3287	0.075*
C1	0.2680 (3)	0.0313 (3)	0.4847 (3)	0.0608 (7)
C9	0.5902 (3)	0.4277 (3)	0.6473 (3)	0.0763 (9)
H9	0.6797	0.3971	0.6536	0.092*
C8	0.5714 (4)	0.5362 (3)	0.7015 (3)	0.0786 (10)
H8	0.6485	0.5780	0.7457	0.094*
C7	0.4395 (4)	0.5822 (3)	0.6902 (3)	0.0776 (9)
H7	0.4279	0.6555	0.7265	0.093*
C11	0.0791 (3)	0.2168 (3)	0.2723 (3)	0.0706 (8)
C12	0.3472 (4)	-0.0863 (3)	0.5260 (3)	0.0865 (11)
H12A	0.3759	-0.1255	0.4675	0.130*
H12B	0.2881	-0.1427	0.5522	0.130*
H12C	0.4282	-0.0662	0.5848	0.130*
N1	0.2131 (2)	0.22809 (18)	0.46637 (18)	0.0497 (5)
N2	0.3114 (2)	0.1391 (2)	0.52323 (19)	0.0560 (6)
O2	0.10240 (19)	0.40885 (17)	0.46969 (17)	0.0657 (6)
O1	-0.0347 (2)	0.1838 (2)	0.4140 (2)	0.0718 (6)
O3	0.1975 (3)	0.5737 (2)	0.6185 (2)	0.0906 (8)
F1	0.1990 (2)	0.20268 (19)	0.24635 (16)	0.0927 (7)
F3	0.0475 (3)	0.3363 (2)	0.25789 (17)	0.1146 (9)
F2	-0.0157 (2)	0.1509 (2)	0.19893 (18)	0.1155 (8)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C5	0.0536 (14)	0.0397 (13)	0.0509 (15)	0.0009 (11)	0.0139 (11)	0.0015 (11)
C4	0.0544 (15)	0.0393 (12)	0.0548 (15)	0.0056 (11)	0.0189 (12)	-0.0014 (11)
C3	0.0513 (14)	0.0486 (15)	0.0621 (17)	0.0001 (12)	0.0179 (12)	-0.0088 (12)
C6	0.0677 (18)	0.0484 (15)	0.0673 (19)	0.0012 (14)	0.0194 (14)	-0.0081 (14)

C10	0.0573 (16)	0.0495 (15)	0.0723 (19)	0.0000 (13)	0.0166 (14)	-0.0001 (14)
C2	0.0694 (19)	0.0455 (15)	0.078 (2)	-0.0038 (13)	0.0273 (16)	-0.0105 (14)
C1	0.0650 (17)	0.0432 (14)	0.081 (2)	0.0036 (13)	0.0322 (15)	-0.0041 (14)
C9	0.0606 (19)	0.071 (2)	0.093 (2)	-0.0063 (16)	0.0129 (17)	0.0089 (19)
C8	0.081 (2)	0.076 (2)	0.071 (2)	-0.0271 (19)	0.0084 (17)	-0.0070 (18)
C7	0.092 (2)	0.0642 (19)	0.076 (2)	-0.0145 (19)	0.0220 (18)	-0.0174 (17)
C11	0.074 (2)	0.069 (2)	0.0622 (19)	0.0048 (17)	0.0065 (16)	-0.0126 (16)
C12	0.085 (2)	0.0457 (16)	0.131 (3)	0.0165 (16)	0.033 (2)	0.0042 (19)
N1	0.0540 (12)	0.0382 (10)	0.0545 (13)	0.0043 (9)	0.0107 (10)	-0.0043 (9)
N2	0.0562 (13)	0.0427 (12)	0.0690 (15)	0.0088 (10)	0.0167 (11)	0.0015 (11)
O2	0.0573 (11)	0.0486 (11)	0.0844 (14)	0.0132 (9)	0.0078 (10)	-0.0103 (10)
O1	0.0564 (12)	0.0602 (13)	0.1058 (17)	-0.0032 (10)	0.0342 (11)	-0.0122 (12)
O3	0.0792 (16)	0.0614 (14)	0.130 (2)	0.0081 (12)	0.0259 (15)	-0.0378 (14)
F1	0.1130 (16)	0.0994 (15)	0.0793 (14)	-0.0102 (13)	0.0490 (12)	-0.0106 (11)
F3	0.175 (2)	0.0846 (15)	0.0776 (14)	0.0470 (15)	0.0225 (14)	0.0188 (11)
F2	0.1112 (17)	0.142 (2)	0.0742 (13)	-0.0210 (15)	-0.0062 (12)	-0.0247 (14)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $\text{^{\circ}}$ )*

C5—C4	1.475 (4)	C1—C12	1.497 (4)
C5—C6	1.405 (3)	C1—N2	1.277 (3)
C5—C10	1.390 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C4—N1	1.365 (3)	C9—C8	1.384 (4)
C4—O2	1.239 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
C3—C2	1.532 (4)	C8—C7	1.370 (4)
C3—C11	1.525 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
C3—N1	1.480 (3)	C11—F1	1.328 (4)
C3—O1	1.389 (3)	C11—F3	1.312 (4)
C6—C7	1.377 (4)	C11—F2	1.330 (3)
C6—O3	1.353 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9600
C10—H10	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9600
C10—C9	1.379 (4)	C12—H12C	0.9600
C2—H2A	0.9700	N1—N2	1.411 (3)
C2—H2B	0.9700	O1—H1	0.90 (4)
C2—C1	1.486 (4)	O3—H3	0.97 (5)
C6—C5—C4	118.3 (2)	C10—C9—H9	120.4
C10—C5—C4	123.8 (2)	C10—C9—C8	119.2 (3)
C10—C5—C6	117.7 (3)	C8—C9—H9	120.4
N1—C4—C5	122.1 (2)	C9—C8—H8	119.9
O2—C4—C5	120.6 (2)	C7—C8—C9	120.2 (3)
O2—C4—N1	117.3 (2)	C7—C8—H8	119.9
C11—C3—C2	110.1 (2)	C6—C7—H7	119.6
N1—C3—C2	101.7 (2)	C8—C7—C6	120.9 (3)
N1—C3—C11	109.9 (2)	C8—C7—H7	119.6
O1—C3—C2	109.7 (2)	F1—C11—C3	111.0 (3)
O1—C3—C11	110.5 (2)	F1—C11—F2	106.2 (3)
O1—C3—N1	114.6 (2)	F3—C11—C3	114.3 (2)

C7—C6—C5	120.2 (3)	F3—C11—F1	105.8 (3)
O3—C6—C5	122.7 (3)	F3—C11—F2	108.6 (3)
O3—C6—C7	117.0 (3)	F2—C11—C3	110.6 (3)
C5—C10—H10	119.1	C1—C12—H12A	109.5
C9—C10—C5	121.8 (3)	C1—C12—H12B	109.5
C9—C10—H10	119.1	C1—C12—H12C	109.5
C3—C2—H2A	111.2	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C3—C2—H2B	111.2	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
H2A—C2—H2B	109.1	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C1—C2—C3	102.8 (2)	C4—N1—C3	123.3 (2)
C1—C2—H2A	111.2	C4—N1—N2	122.0 (2)
C1—C2—H2B	111.2	N2—N1—C3	112.44 (19)
C2—C1—C12	122.3 (3)	C1—N2—N1	107.2 (2)
N2—C1—C2	115.6 (3)	C3—O1—H1	109 (3)
N2—C1—C12	122.0 (3)	C6—O3—H3	108 (3)
C5—C4—N1—C3	-174.9 (2)	C2—C3—N1—C4	-167.4 (2)
C5—C4—N1—N2	23.6 (3)	C2—C3—N1—N2	-4.4 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	1.7 (5)	C2—C1—N2—N1	-0.7 (3)
C5—C10—C9—C8	-0.2 (5)	C9—C8—C7—C6	0.5 (5)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-177.9 (3)	C11—C3—C2—C1	120.1 (3)
C4—C5—C6—O3	3.4 (4)	C11—C3—N1—C4	75.9 (3)
C4—C5—C10—C9	176.8 (3)	C11—C3—N1—N2	-121.1 (2)
C4—N1—N2—C1	166.7 (2)	C12—C1—N2—N1	179.9 (3)
C3—C2—C1—C12	177.4 (3)	N1—C3—C2—C1	3.6 (3)
C3—C2—C1—N2	-2.0 (3)	N1—C3—C11—F1	52.8 (3)
C3—N1—N2—C1	3.4 (3)	N1—C3—C11—F3	-66.8 (3)
C6—C5—C4—N1	-165.8 (2)	N1—C3—C11—F2	170.4 (2)
C6—C5—C4—O2	16.0 (4)	O2—C4—N1—C3	3.3 (4)
C6—C5—C10—C9	2.3 (4)	O2—C4—N1—N2	-158.2 (2)
C10—C5—C4—N1	19.8 (4)	O1—C3—C2—C1	-118.1 (3)
C10—C5—C4—O2	-158.4 (3)	O1—C3—C11—F1	-179.8 (2)
C10—C5—C6—C7	-3.1 (4)	O1—C3—C11—F3	60.7 (3)
C10—C5—C6—O3	178.1 (3)	O1—C3—C11—F2	-62.2 (3)
C10—C9—C8—C7	-1.3 (5)	O1—C3—N1—C4	-49.2 (3)
C2—C3—C11—F1	-58.4 (3)	O1—C3—N1—N2	113.8 (2)
C2—C3—C11—F3	-178.0 (3)	O3—C6—C7—C8	-179.4 (3)
C2—C3—C11—F2	59.1 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 $\cdots$ O2	0.90 (4)	2.18 (5)	2.753 (3)	120 (4)
O3—H3 $\cdots$ O2	0.97 (5)	1.71 (5)	2.562 (3)	144 (4)
C10—H10 $\cdots$ N2	0.93	2.35	2.892 (4)	117

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O1—H1···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.90 (4)	2.17 (5)	3.017 (3)	156 (5)
O3—H3···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.97 (5)	2.31 (4)	2.887 (3)	118 (3)

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Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ .