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## 3-(Pyridin-4-ylmethoxy)phenol

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.041; wR factor = 0.091; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

In the title compound,  $C_{12}H_{11}NO_2$ , the phenolic ring is inclined at an angle of 32.70 (1)° with respect to the pyridine ring. In the crystal, intermolecular  $O-H\cdots N$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into C(11) chains along [001].

#### **Related literature**

For a related structure, see: Yumoto et al. (2008).



#### Experimental

Crystal data	
$C_{12}H_{11}NO_2$	
$M_r = 201.22$	
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	
a = 6.6551 (6) Å	

b = 9.1160 (8) Å c = 17.0039 (15) Å  $\beta = 100.501 (1)^{\circ}$  $V = 1014.31 (16) \text{ Å}^{3}$  Z = 4Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)  $T_{min} = 0.930, T_{max} = 0.980$ 

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$  $wR(F^2) = 0.091$ S = 0.891981 reflections 140 parameters

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$O1-H1A\cdots N1^{i}$	0.95 (2)	1.75 (2)	2.6991 (17)	174 (2)
Symmetry code: (i) x	$z - \frac{3}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{3}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$ .		

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL-Plus* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5062).

#### References

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# organic compounds

T = 293 K $0.28 \times 0.24 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}$ 

5411 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.098$ 

refinement

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.14 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.18 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ 

1981 independent reflections

1310 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

H atoms treated by a mixture of

independent and constrained

# supporting information

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## 3-(Pyridin-4-ylmethoxy)phenol

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#### S1. Comment

Pyridine and its derivatives represent one of the most active classes of compounds possessing a wide application of biological activities, such as stent in intestinal or biliary fields. During the past years, considerable efforts have been paid to demonstrate the efficacy of pyridine derivatives including antibacterial, antifungal, herbicidal, insecticidal and other biological activities. A new pyridine derivatives molecule is synthesized, with the aim of studying its single-crystal structure.

The title molecule (Fig. 1) consists of a phenol moiety (O1/C1—C6) and a methoxy moiety (O2/C7) attached to a pyridine ring (N1/C8—C12). The pyridine ring is inclined at an angle of  $32.70 (1)^{\circ}$  with the phenol ring. Bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges, and comparable to closely related structures (Yumoto *et al.*, 2008). In the crystal structure, the crystal packing is consolidated by intermolecular O1—H1A···N1 hydrogen bonds linking the molecules into one linear structure.

#### **S2.** Experimental

A mixture of 1,3-dihydroxybenzene (1.1 g, 10 mmol), 4-chloromethlpyridine hydrochloride (1.64 g, 10 mmol), and NaOH (1.6 g, 40 mmol) in acetonitrile (50 ml) was refluxed under nitrogen with stirring for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reactant was filtered, and the residue was washed with acetonitrile several times. The mixed filtrate was slowly evaporated and colorless crystals were obtained.

#### **S3. Refinement**

All H-atoms bound to carbon were refined using a riding model with d(C-H) = 0.93 Å,  $U_{iso} = 1.2U_{eq}$  (C) for aromatic and 0.97 Å,  $U_{iso} = 1.2U_{eq}$  (C) for CH2 atoms. H atoms bonded to O atoms were located in a difference Fourier map.



F(000) = 424

 $\theta = 1.9 - 28.3^{\circ}$ 

 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

Block, colorless

 $0.28 \times 0.24 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}$ 

T = 293 K

 $D_x = 1.318 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ 

Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 1981 reflections

#### Figure 1

A view of the molecule of (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

3-(Pyridin-4-ylmethoxy)phenol

#### Crystal data

C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>  $M_r = 201.22$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$ Hall symbol: -P 2yn a = 6.6551 (6) Å b = 9.1160 (8) Å c = 17.0039 (15) Å  $\beta = 100.501$  (1)° V = 1014.31 (16) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

#### Data collection

Bruker APEX CCD area-detector	5411 measured reflections
diffractometer	1981 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1310 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.098$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 26.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.4^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 11$
$T_{\min} = 0.930, \ T_{\max} = 0.980$	$l = -15 \rightarrow 20$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$  $wR(F^2) = 0.091$ S = 0.891981 reflections 140 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0212P)^2]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.14$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

 $U_{\rm iso} * / U_{\rm eq}$ х Zv N1 1.01329 (9) 0.0343 (4) 0.7272(2)0.82817 (15) -0.50233 (18) 01 0.0385(3)0.67160(13) 0.65242(7)O2 0.13905 (16) 0.82363 (12) 0.78584(7)0.0357(3)H1A 0.073 (7)\* -0.601(3)0.678(2)0.6047 (13) C7 0.3149(2)0.91479 (18) 0.79342 (10) 0.0317(4)0.038\* H7A 0.2748 1.0170 0.7939 H7B 0.3829 0.8995 0.038\* 0.7482 C6 -0.1795(2)0.71613 (9) 0.0296(4)0.75328 (18) -0.17430.036\* H6 0.6758 0.7520 C5 -0.0183(2)0.85103 (18) 0.72303 (9) 0.0295 (4) C12 0.3904 (2) 0.81807 (17) 0.93485 (10) 0.0320(4) H12 0.2540 0.7921 0.9316 0.038\* C8 0.4572(2)0.87800 (17) 0.86953 (10) 0.0271(4)C11 0.5288 (3) 0.79727 (18) 0.0345 (4) 1.00500(11) H11 0.4809 1.0489 0.041\* 0.7596 C1 -0.3484(2)0.77025 (19) 0.65603 (10) 0.0305(4)C2 -0.3563(3)0.0356 (4) 0.88767 (19) 0.60343 (10) -0.47030.043\* H2 0.9013 0.5635 C9 0.6626(2)0.90938 (18) 0.87728 (10) 0.0313(4)H9 0.038\* 0.7143 0.9480 0.8344 C4 -0.0223(2)0.67026 (10) 0.0348 (4) 0.96653 (18) H4 0.042\* 0.0871 1.0313 0.6743 C3 -0.1947(2)0.98324 (19) 0.61087 (10) 0.0384(5)H3 -0.20050.046\* 1.0613 0.5753 C10 0.7902(2)0.88286(18)0.94908 (10) 0.0346(4)H10 0.9283 0.9043 0.9532 0.041\*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N1	0.0290 (8)	0.0365 (9)	0.0345 (9)	0.0046 (6)	-0.0018 (7)	-0.0058 (7)
01	0.0276 (7)	0.0540 (8)	0.0305 (7)	-0.0094 (6)	-0.0038 (6)	0.0043 (6)
O2	0.0296 (7)	0.0405 (7)	0.0315 (7)	-0.0063 (5)	-0.0091 (5)	0.0046 (5)
C7	0.0266 (9)	0.0371 (10)	0.0304 (10)	-0.0015 (8)	0.0025 (8)	-0.0030 (8)
C6	0.0292 (9)	0.0352 (10)	0.0231 (9)	0.0006 (8)	0.0014 (8)	0.0026 (8)
C5	0.0266 (9)	0.0365 (10)	0.0231 (9)	0.0017 (8)	-0.0012 (7)	-0.0033 (8)

# supporting information

C12	0.0228 (9)	0.0375 (11)	0.0345 (10)	0.0018 (7)	0.0020 (8)	-0.0024 (8)
C8	0.0237 (9)	0.0280 (9)	0.0283 (9)	0.0033 (7)	0.0012 (7)	-0.0063 (7)
C11	0.0329 (10)	0.0388 (11)	0.0315 (10)	0.0025 (8)	0.0050 (8)	-0.0018 (8)
C1	0.0252 (9)	0.0401 (11)	0.0255 (9)	-0.0006 (8)	0.0029 (7)	-0.0043 (8)
C2	0.0312 (10)	0.0406 (11)	0.0307 (10)	0.0036 (8)	-0.0061 (8)	0.0026 (8)
C9	0.0287 (10)	0.0328 (10)	0.0323 (10)	0.0001 (7)	0.0055 (8)	-0.0063 (8)
C4	0.0325 (10)	0.0324 (10)	0.0364 (11)	-0.0041 (8)	-0.0016 (8)	0.0018 (8)
C3	0.0422 (11)	0.0319 (10)	0.0367 (11)	-0.0006 (8)	-0.0046 (9)	0.0057 (8)
C10	0.0243 (9)	0.0358 (10)	0.0419 (12)	0.0003 (8)	0.0015 (8)	-0.0112 (9)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C11	1.332 (2)	С12—С8	1.382 (2)
N1—C10	1.335 (2)	C12—H12	0.9300
01—C1	1.3560 (19)	C8—C9	1.379 (2)
O1—H1A	0.95 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
O2—C5	1.3756 (17)	C1—C2	1.390 (2)
O2—C7	1.4218 (18)	C2—C3	1.372 (2)
C7—C8	1.496 (2)	C2—H2	0.9300
С7—Н7А	0.9700	C9—C10	1.375 (2)
С7—Н7В	0.9700	С9—Н9	0.9300
C6—C5	1.383 (2)	C4—C3	1.392 (2)
C6—C1	1.383 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
С6—Н6	0.9300	С3—Н3	0.9300
C5—C4	1.381 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
C12—C11	1.381 (2)		
C11—N1—C10	116.44 (15)	N1-C11-C12	123.70 (17)
C1—O1—H1A	113.5 (12)	N1-C11-H11	118.2
C5—O2—C7	117.50 (13)	C12—C11—H11	118.2
O2—C7—C8	109.17 (13)	O1—C1—C6	117.70 (16)
O2—C7—H7A	109.8	O1—C1—C2	122.82 (15)
С8—С7—Н7А	109.8	C6—C1—C2	119.46 (16)
O2—C7—H7B	109.8	C3—C2—C1	119.52 (16)
С8—С7—Н7В	109.8	C3—C2—H2	120.2
H7A—C7—H7B	108.3	C1—C2—H2	120.2
C5—C6—C1	120.27 (16)	C10—C9—C8	119.27 (16)
С5—С6—Н6	119.9	С10—С9—Н9	120.4
С1—С6—Н6	119.9	С8—С9—Н9	120.4
O2—C5—C4	124.39 (15)	C5—C4—C3	118.06 (16)
O2—C5—C6	114.70 (15)	C5—C4—H4	121.0
C4—C5—C6	120.91 (15)	C3—C4—H4	121.0
C11—C12—C8	119.11 (15)	C2—C3—C4	121.76 (17)
C11—C12—H12	120.4	С2—С3—Н3	119.1
C8—C12—H12	120.4	С4—С3—Н3	119.1
C9—C8—C12	117.64 (15)	N1—C10—C9	123.82 (16)
C9—C8—C7	119.78 (15)	N1-C10-H10	118.1
C12—C8—C7	122.54 (14)	С9—С10—Н10	118.1

### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O1—H1A····N1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95 (2)	1.75 (2)	2.6991 (17)	174 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) x-3/2, -y+3/2, z-1/2.